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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR | OCTOBER 1979 | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(September Data)

THE GOLD RUSH AND RISING INTEREST RATES

This month, there is a great deal of commotion among market speculators, investors, and general laymen concerning two economic determinants--the price of gold and the interest rate. Gold, a market commodity and a monetary base for industrialized nations, and the interest rate, the Federal Reserve's leverage to control investment spending, are both reaching record highs in an economy typified by an inflationary recession, a lack of faith in paper currency, and rising oil prices.

The price of gold has increased more than 60 percent since the beginning of the year and by as much as 26 percent between September 5 and October 10 to $413.00 for a troy ounce. The reasons for this price jump are three-fold. First, publicity of bullion sales by the U.S. Treasury and the International Monetary Fund has resulted in gold-awareness and encouraged gold investment, particularly by foreign investors. Second, investors and speculators alike are buying gold (and silver) as a hedge against inflation, especially since the stability of paper currency is in question. Finally, as gold demand has risen, the suppliers have been unable to meet that demand; therefore, this lack of supply has escalated the price still more.

It is interesting to note that silver is being bought for the same reasons as gold. The vast difference in price (by the first of October, silver had reached $15.75 an ounce) can be explained as simply a matter of supply. The supply of gold is tight, the supply of silver is not.

The increase in the price of gold and the rise in interest rates are not mutually exclusive; that is, higher gold prices are one result of the rise in interest rates. This is evident in the U.S. and Eurodollar bond markets dealing with investments in multinational corporations. These bond markets have been on the decline ever since interest rates started climbing sharply. Investors are trading dollar assets for gold and silver--a logical step since investors get between 12.5 and 13 percent returns on Eurodollar investments, while anyone investing in gold six months ago would have made over 50 percent on the initial investment (*Business Week*, October 1, 1979). Even with the prediction of a drop in gold prices, investors feel confident that prices will level off at a higher plane before rising to a greater amount.

Why the jump in interest rates? The Federal Reserve is using interest rates as a tool to curb inflation and consumer-debt. According to *Business Week* (October 15, 1979), total debt is up about 10 percent, and short term debt now accounts for almost 6 percent of the total invested capital in an average large company, compared with 5.5 percent a year ago. Also, since the beginning of the year, housing activity has been on the upswing. With credit available, people have been buying houses as a hedge against future inflation.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

In an effort to slow inflation and to curb speculation in the market place, the Federal Reserve has increased the discount interest rate (the interest rate charged for loans to member banks) to 12 percent. This move has caused banks to raise the prime interest rate (the interest rate charged for loans to large, credit-worthy corporations) to 14.5 percent in mid-October and 15 percent in the last week, with the likelihood of rate increases to as much as 16 percent in the very near future. The predicted effects of this policy are: (1) a lessening of inflation, (2) a cutback in borrowing by both consumers and small businesses, (3) a deepening of the recession, and (4) a rise in unemployment, particularly in the Northeast. A fifth prediction as stated by the president of the National Association of Home Builders, Vondal S. Gravlee, is a drop in housing starts from the two million level of 1978 to 990,000 units in 1980.

SEASONAL CHANGES, STRIKES, AND LAYOFFS AFFECT GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT

Georgia nonagricultural employment rose 6,500 in September to a total of 2,022,100. The increments and decrements were due to seasonal factors and changes brought on by layoffs and strikes.

Motor vehicle manufacturing reflected the largest gain of 5,100 when laid off employees returned to work. They had been laid off for model change retooling. Also, employees in electric and electronic equipment manufacturing returned to work after the settlement of their strike. The employment in this sector rose 1,100. The seasonal gains were in nonmanufacturing. Government rose 1,900 because of seasonal upturns in elementary and secondary education, while transportation gained 1,000 due to the seasonal increase in farm product warehousing and storage. There were additional business increases in trucking, marine cargo handling, and electric services.

Decreases attributed to seasonal slowdowns, particularly in canning and preserving, were noted in food and kindred products which declined 1,300. At the same time, services dropped 1,900 due to less business in hotels and motels, legal services, and a seasonal downturn in amusement parks.

Without these seasonal changes, the employment figure would have been far worse. In the coming months, it will be interesting to observe how the Federal Reserve's inflation-fighting tactics affect employment, both on the national and local scales, since, traditionally, if inflation goes down then unemployment rises.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

LACK OF CETA FUNDS CAUSING EMPLOYMENT CUTBACKS

About 1,300 CETA employees in the Atlanta area have been told to seek other employment because federal funding for their jobs has run out. The majority of these employees are unskilled, blue-collar workers. Wynn Montgomery, deputy director of Atlanta's CETA program, stated that, "no more than 25 percent of those cut are going to find jobs."

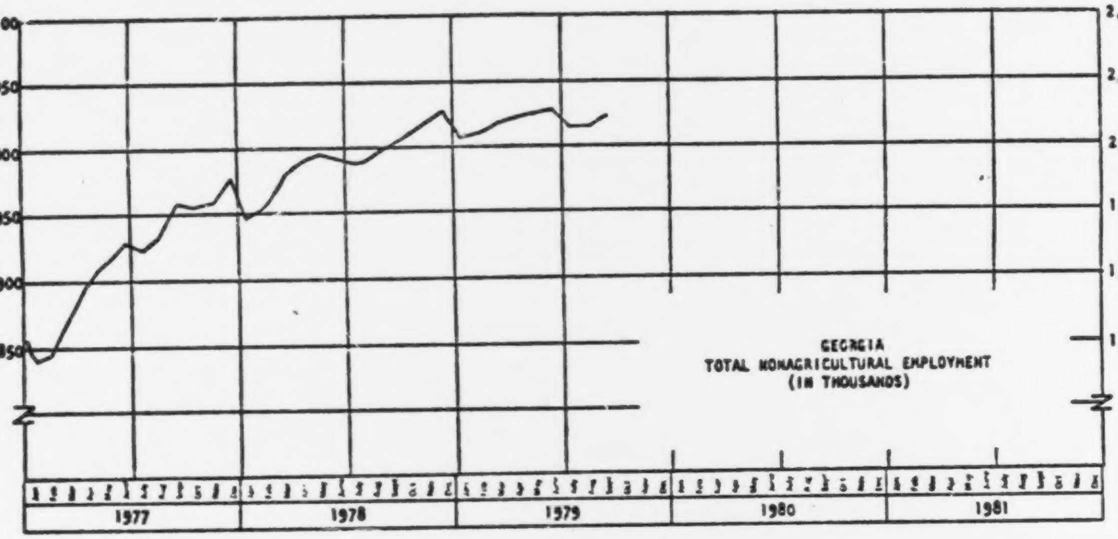
GEORGIA TECH PLANS EXPANSION

Three new buildings are planned for the Georgia Institute of Technology in Atlanta. The $9 million project is scheduled for completion by the end of 1982. The College of Industrial Management and Systems Engineering College will be housed in two of the buildings. The third structure will be a laboratory which will be shared by the two schools. Construction employment in the Atlanta area will be boosted during the period of expansion.

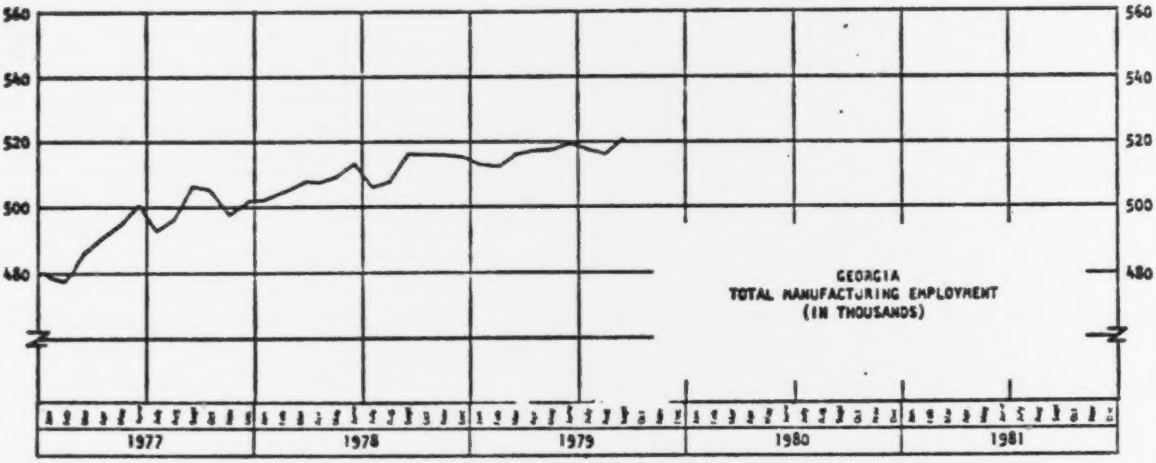
UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA EXPANDING

The University of Georgia in Athens is planning to construct three buildings at an estimated cost of $10 million. The buildings include a new classroom building, an addition to the law library, and a new student center. Construction is slated to begin in the fall quarter of 1979. They will be designed to comply with the energy efficiency standards set by the State Board of Regents.

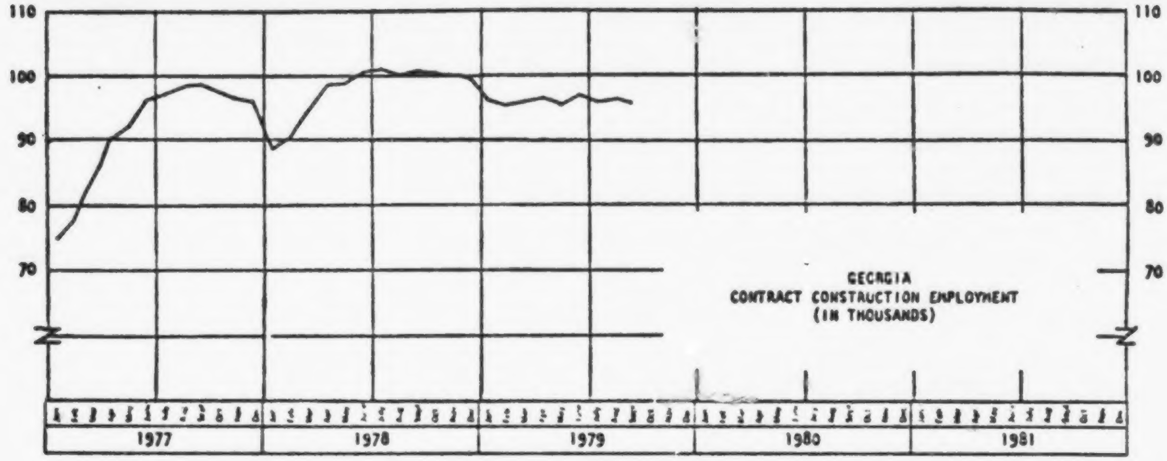
Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.



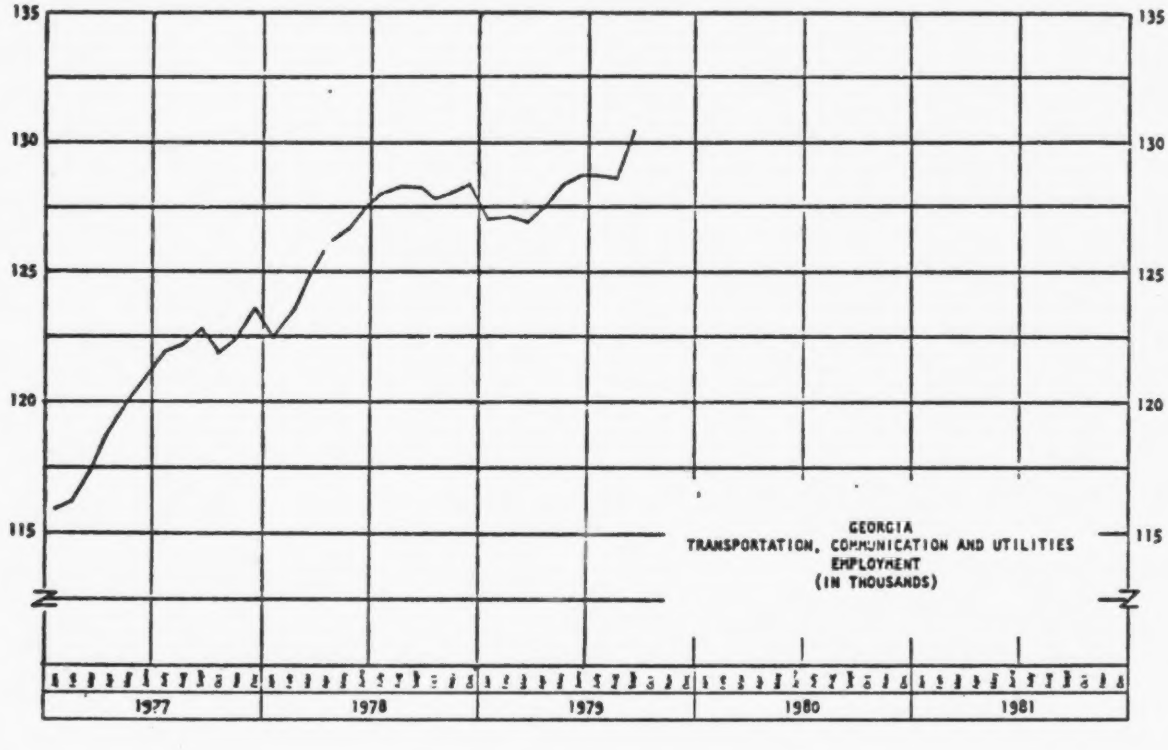
GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



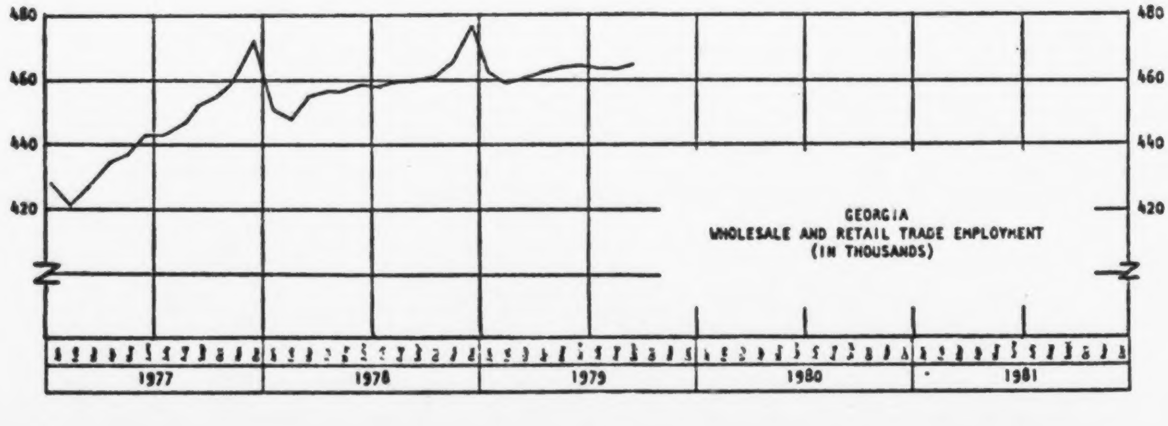
GEORGIA
TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



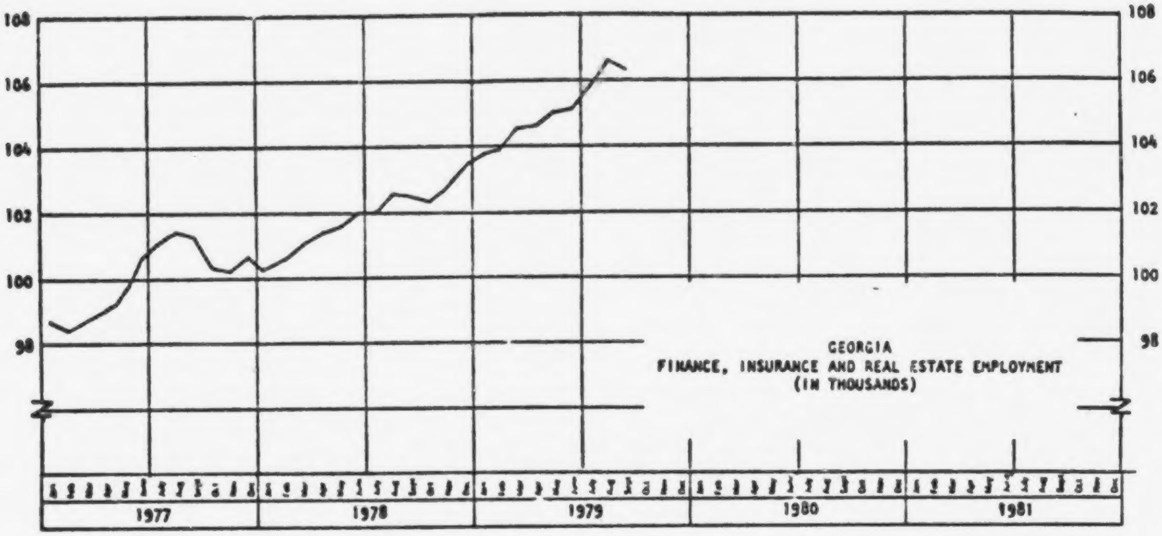
GEORGIA
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

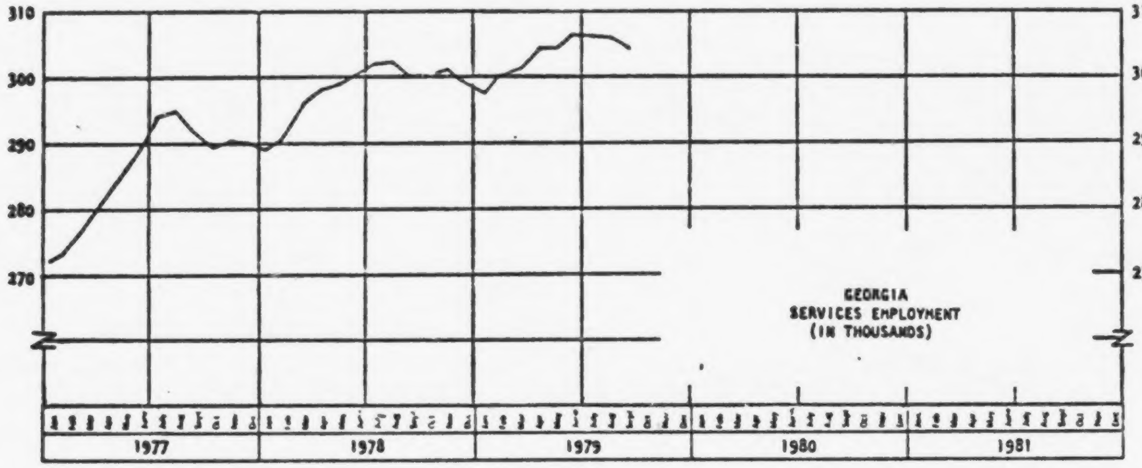


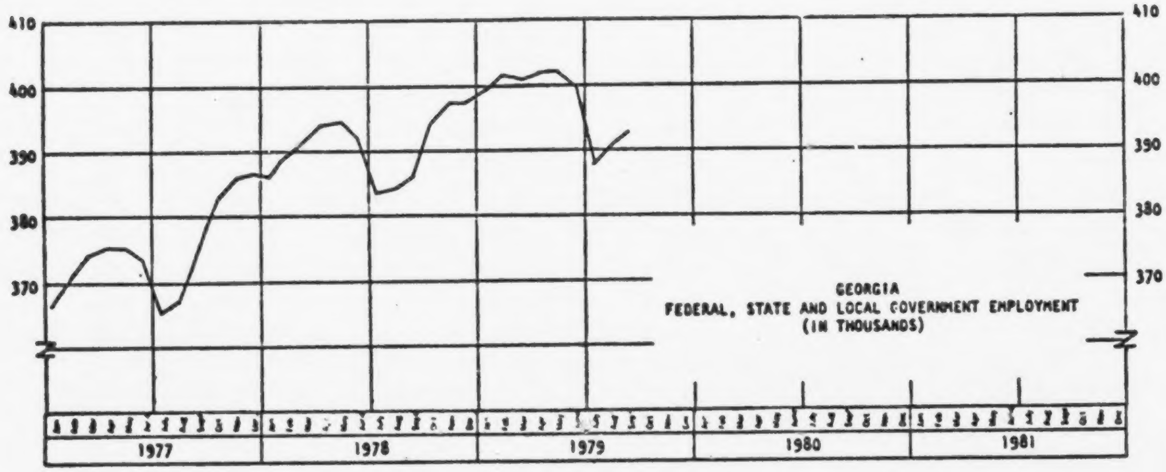
GEORGIA
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



GEORGIA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


GEORGIA
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
108
106
104
102
100
98
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


GEORGIA
SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
310
300
290
280
270
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


GEORGIA
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
410
400
390
380
370
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2022.1	2,015.6	2,002.0	6.5	20.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	521.1	515.5	516.5	5.6	4.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	177.4	171.4	176.0	6.0	1.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.0	29.6	29.1	.6-	.1-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.5	15.9	15.4	.4-	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.4	9.4	9.6	.0	.2-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.0	7.0	7.2	.0	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.4	18.5	18.1	.1-	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.4	16.4	15.4	.0	1.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	19.7	19.7	20.4	.0	.7-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	20.0	19.6	19.1	.4	.9
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.4	18.3	18.4	1.1	1.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	33.5	28.4	34.5	5.1	1.0-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.6	11.6	11.3	.0	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	343.7	344.1	340.5	.4-	3.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.0	59.3	57.8	1.3-	.2
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	22.1	22.2	20.6	.1-	1.5
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.1	15.1	14.0	.0	1.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.4	4.5	4.5	.1-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.1	9.1	9.2	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	123.6	123.4	122.6	.2	1.0
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.6	29.8	29.4	.2-	.2
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.1	5.3	5.1	.2-	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.5	9.4	9.2	.1	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	34.0	33.5	32.4	.5	1.6
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.5	24.6	25.3	.1-	.8-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.6	75.4	75.4	.2	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	41.8	42.0	42.0	.2-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	21.4	21.4	21.0	.0	.4
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.7	27.4	26.9	.3	.8
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.4	13.2	13.2	.2	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	7.0	6.8	6.7	.2	.3
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	22.0	22.0	21.4	.0	.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.6	16.3	16.4	.3	.2
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.3	17.3	17.1	.0	.2

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS. PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1501.0	1,500.1	1,485.5	.9	15.5
MINING	100305	7.8	7.9	7.7	.1-	.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	95.3	95.8	100.6	.5-	5.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	130.4	129.4	128.2	1.0	2.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	77.7	76.9	78.4	.8	.7-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	32.7	32.7	30.8	.0	1.9
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.0	19.8	19.0	.2	1.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	464.1	463.2	460.0	.9	4.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	147.3	146.3	145.1	1.0	2.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	88.6	88.3	86.7	.3	1.9
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	58.7	58.0	58.4	.7	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	316.7	316.9	314.9	.2-	1.8
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	106.3	106.6	102.5	.3-	3.8
FINANCE	760025	45.0	45.3	43.3	.3-	1.7
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.6	39.6	38.5	.0	1.1
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.7	21.7	20.7	.0	1.0
SERVICES	800005	304.5	306.4	300.2	1.9-	4.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	392.7	390.8	386.2	1.9	6.5
FEDERAL	998011	81.3	82.0	80.7	.7-	.6
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	311.4	308.8	305.5	2.6	5.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	402.3	396.3	399.7	6.0	2.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	135.1	129.4	135.1	5.7	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	267.1	266.9	264.6	.2	2.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	39.5	40.4	39.2	.9-	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	105.0	104.7	104.2	.3	.8
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.5	26.8	26.4	.3-	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	8.0	7.9	7.9	.1	.1
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	28.3	27.6	26.7	.7	1.6
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.8	21.9	22.4	.1-	.6-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.8	62.5	62.8	.2	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.6	34.8	34.9	.2-	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	17.5	17.5	17.8	.0	.3-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.3	23.7	23.6	.4-	.3-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.5	8.4	8.5	.1	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.2	20.7	20.6	.5	.6
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.4	10.1	10.3	.3	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.5	9.4	10.0	.1	.5-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.9	2.8	2.5	.1	.4
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.4	14.6	14.4	.2-	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.0	11.9	11.1	.1	.9
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.1	16.2	16.4	.1-	.3-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	13.9	13.5	13.4	.4	.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.9	11.9	12.0	1.0	.9
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.2	19.3	26.1	4.9	1.9-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$219.37	$214.61	$200.38	40.7	40.8	40.4	$5.39	$5.26	$4.96
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$245.14	$233.28	$228.10	41.2	40.5	40.3	$5.95	$5.76	$5.66
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$206.55	$205.73	$185.84	40.5	40.9	40.4	$5.10	$5.03	$4.60
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$209.08	$203.43	$192.63	39.9	39.5	40.3	$5.24	$5.15	$4.78
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$198.29	$199.45	$177.18	42.1	42.8	41.3	$4.71	$4.66	$4.29
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$214.40	$217.74	$183.23	43.4	43.9	40.9	$4.94	$4.96	$4.48
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$234.14	$224.26	$204.85	45.2	43.8	42.5	$5.18	$5.12	$4.82
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$152.76	$169.81	$140.65	38.0	43.1	40.3	$4.02	$3.94	$3.49
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$189.32	$194.45	$164.84	41.7	43.5	40.6	$4.54	$4.47	$4.06
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$201.40	$194.94	$182.28	42.4	41.3	42.0	$4.75	$4.72	$4.34
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$139.76	$139.47	$130.57	36.3	36.8	37.2	$3.85	$3.79	$3.51
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$136.70	$135.72	$131.73	35.6	36.0	36.9	$3.84	$3.77	$3.57
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$137.86	$140.59	$122.51	35.9	36.9	36.9	$3.84	$3.81	$3.32
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$166.38	$163.86	$164.00	39.9	39.2	40.0	$4.17	$4.18	$4.10
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$161.87	$179.46	$163.31	32.7	36.7	37.2	$4.95	$4.89	$4.39
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$359.42	$347.07	$319.96	44.1	44.1	44.5	$8.15	$7.87	$7.19
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$427.12	$396.48	$365.14	47.3	46.7	45.7	$9.03	$8.49	$7.99
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$279.06	$291.03	$253.04	43.4	44.5	42.6	$6.43	$6.54	$5.94
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$128.50	$139.60	$132.70	35.4	40.0	38.8	$3.63	$3.49	$3.42
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.78	$240.89	$223.84	43.5	44.2	42.8	$5.65	$5.45	$5.23
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$293.99	$302.82	$275.94	41.7	42.0	42.0	$7.05	$7.21	$6.57
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$245.82	$230.31	$233.35	42.9	41.2	41.3	$5.73	$5.59	$5.65
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$236.95	$236.78	$213.40	39.1	40.2	39.3	$6.06	$5.89	$5.43
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$247.81	$234.50	$235.13	48.4	45.8	40.4	$5.12	$5.12	$5.82
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$356.24	$321.29	$314.82	40.9	37.1	39.8	$8.71	$8.66	$7.91

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

SEP 79 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= SEP 79 PREV MO= AUG 79 CURR MO YR AGO= SEP 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	4.2	5.0	4.8	3.6	4.3	4.0	.3	.4	.4	4.9	5.4	5.0	3.3	3.7	3.6	.6	.6	.4
DURABLE GOODS	330025	3.1	4.3	4.0	2.7	3.6	3.4	.2	.4	.4	3.8	4.8	4.0	2.3	2.5	2.5	.7	1.3	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.6	5.4	5.1	3.9	4.6	4.3	.4	.4	.5	5.4	5.6	5.4	3.7	4.2	4.0	.5	.3	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.0	6.7	6.2	4.1	5.9	4.9	.3	.1	.7	6.0	6.1	6.4	3.7	4.4	4.4	.8	.3	.8
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.4	5.3	4.8	3.9	4.6	4.2	.3	.3	.3	5.4	5.7	5.3	3.9	4.3	4.0	.5	.3	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.6	5.6	5.0	3.6	4.6	4.0	.6	.3	.5	5.2	5.8	5.3	3.6	4.0	3.8	.4	.3	.2
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.7	5.7	3.9	5.4	5.2	3.7	.0	.2	.1	4.5	5.4	4.2	3.4	4.5	3.3	.1	.2	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.3	4.6	3.6	2.6	3.9	3.0	.6	.5	.4	3.8	5.1	5.8	3.2	4.0	3.3	.0	.0	1.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	5.2	5.8	5.9	5.0	5.6	5.4	.1	.1	.4	6.6	7.8	5.3	5.1	6.4	4.5	.6	.4	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.5	4.8	4.6	3.4	4.2	4.1	.1	.2	.1	4.7	4.8	5.5	3.3	3.5	4.1	.1	.0	.7
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.5	6.2	6.5	4.5	5.1	5.6	.8	.8	.6	5.7	6.3	6.0	4.4	5.0	5.0	.5	.3	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	5.0	5.9	5.8	3.9	4.7	5.0	.9	.8	.5	5.5	6.4	5.8	4.4	5.2	5.0	.4	.4	.1
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.6	6.6	8.3	4.4	5.1	7.3	.9	1.1	.7	6.7	6.4	7.6	4.7	5.0	6.1	1.0	.4	.5
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.0	4.7	7.1	3.6	4.4	6.6	.4	.2	.4	6.7	6.3	6.9	4.6	4.1	5.3	1.3	.8	.0
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.6	4.6	8.2	4.2	4.1	7.7	.1	.2	.4	3.7	5.7	8.0	2.7	4.6	6.4	.1	.1	.9
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.6	.2	.2	.2	3.4	3.0	4.2	1.7	1.8	2.0	.9	.3	1.0
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.5	1.2	2.1	1.0	.9	1.7	.2	.3	.3	3.1	2.7	3.6	1.4	1.7	2.0	.6	.3	.6
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.3	3.1	2.1	1.9	2.9	1.9	.1	.1	.1	2.8	3.7	4.3	1.5	1.9	1.9	.5	.5	1.2
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	8.1	7.9	5.5	7.6	7.3	5.2	.3	.2	.3	7.3	7.8	5.1	4.6	6.2	3.2	.3	.8	.8
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.7	2.1	2.7	2.2	1.7	1.3	.4	.1	1.2	3.1	3.0	2.5	1.9	1.5	1.9	.1	.4	.2
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	7.0	6.1	3.3	6.0	5.2	2.3	.8	.9	.9	7.0	7.1	6.6	5.3	5.3	3.2	.6	.9	.8
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.4	7.9	4.0	4.6	5.4	3.6	.7	1.8	.1	4.2	6.5	6.6	3.3	4.8	3.9	.0	.3	.6
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.6	2.1	1.7	1.4	2.0	1.3	.0	.0	.0	2.0	1.1	1.2	1.2	.6	.7	.0	.1	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.8	4.2	3.8	2.6	3.6	3.4	.1	.3	.4	3.5	4.4	3.7	2.2	2.6	2.3	.5	.7	.4
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.8	4.5	2.2	3.7	4.1	2.0	.1	.4	.1	3.5	3.4	2.6	2.0	2.5	1.8	.4	.0	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	3.0	5.1	2.7	1.8	4.5	2.1	.1	.2	.1	2.8	3.1	5.6	.9	2.1	1.7	.8	.1	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.3	2.5	4.1	1.8	2.0	3.1	.2	.2	.7	3.3	6.9	2.4	1.6	1.3	1.2	1.2	4.9	.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT ROSE IN SEPTEMBER

Total nonfarm wage and salary employment in the Atlanta SMSA, estimated at 866,700 for September, rose 11,800 over the month and 11,200 above last year. More than half of the monthly increase was in manufacturing. This was primarily due to the return of workers laid off in August at an auto assembly plant for retooling in connection with model changeover. Prominent gains in government reflected seasonal increases in local education. About ninety percent of the annual increment was in nonmanufacturing employment.

AUTO WORKERS RETURN TO JOBS

Manufacturing rose 6,100 over the month to a level of 138,700. The primary increase was in transportation equipment with the return of auto assembly workers laid off in August for model change. Nonelectrical machinery and apparel were up 200 and 300 respectively. A reduction of 200 in "other nondurables" reflected less business in molded and fabricated miscellaneous finished plastics products. Other fluctuations within the manufacturing industries were minor.

Annually, manufacturing rose 1,200 with most of the increase in durable goods. Increases were posted in nonelectrical machinery, electric and electronic equipment, and printing and publishing. Furniture and fixtures fell 400 over the year with one half of the drop being in household furniture. Transportation equipment remained 500 below last year's level.

SEASONAL GAINS IN EDUCATION

Nonmanufacturing employment rose 5,800 in September to a level of 728,000. State and local government, at 120,700, posted an over the month gain of 4,300. This increase was primarily due to the return of nonteaching personnel in local education. Wholesale and retail trade rose 2,100 with more business, particularly in department stores, mail order houses, and miscellaneous retail establishments. Transportation and public utilities gained 500 with more activity in motor freight and air transportation. The offsetting effect of gains in private education and reductions in amusement parks, both seasonal, resulted in a net increase of 200 within the service industries. Contract construction, at 37,700, fell 1,100 as activity declined in general building and special trades contracting.

Annually, nonmanufacturing rose 10,000. The only divisions to experience declines were construction and trade. The major increase, 4,500, was posted in government and confined to the state and local sector.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

STOCKBRIDGE GETS BOX PLANT

New York-based International Paper Company said it will open an $11 million corrugated shipping container plant at Stockbridge by late 1980 to serve the Atlanta area. The plant will employ 85 workers.

HOME BUILDING PERMITS DECLINE

The number of single family home building permits in the Atlanta metropolitan area dropped from 1,552 in August to 1,146 in September, according to the monthly report of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta. For the year-to-date, single family permits totaled 11,859, up from 10,513 in the first nine months of 1978.

Note: *Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.*

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	866.7	854.9	855.5	11.8	11.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	138.7	132.6	137.5	6.1	1.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	69.6	63.6	68.6	6.0	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.0	2.9	3.1	.1	.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.0	3.1	3.4	.1-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	2.0	2.1	.1-	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.7	7.8	7.5	.1-	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	4.9	4.9	4.7	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	8.0	7.9	7.8	.1	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.8	6.6	6.2	.2	.6
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	8.6	8.5	8.0	.1	.6
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.3	18.7	24.8	5.6	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	69.1	69.0	69.0	.1	.1
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.3	18.4	18.4	.1-	.1-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.3	5.3	5.0	.0	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.9	2.8	3.0	.1	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.1	6.8	.0	.3
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.3	10.0	10.3	.3	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	.1-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.5	3.3	3.6	.2	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.2	7.1	7.3	.1	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	3.9	4.2	.2	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.0	14.0	13.7	.0	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	5.4	5.4	5.5	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	7.4	7.3	7.4	.1	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.9	5.1	5.0	.2-	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	728.0	722.2	718.0	5.8	10.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	37.7	38.8	39.7	1.1-	2.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	79.7	79.2	77.7	.5	2.0
TRANSPORTATION	500015	52.4	51.9	51.9	.5	.5
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	238.0	235.9	238.6	2.1	.6-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	92.4	91.5	91.1	.9	1.3
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	61.7	61.4	60.2	.3	1.5
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	30.7	30.0	30.8	.7	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	145.6	144.4	147.5	1.2	1.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	62.6	62.6	59.0	.0	3.6
FINANCE	760025	22.9	22.9	21.8	.0	1.1
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763345	24.5	24.5	23.3	.0	1.2
SERVICES	800055	159.7	159.5	157.2	.2	2.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	150.3	146.4	145.8	3.9	4.5
FEDERAL	998011	29.6	29.9	29.3	.3-	.3
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	120.7	116.4	116.5	4.3	4.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	96.4	90.2	96.9	6.2	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.8	43.9	50.2	5.9	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	46.5	46.3	46.7	.2	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.4	10.5	10.6	.1-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.9	6.0	5.8	.1-	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.2	8.6	.1	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.9	3.9	.0	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.7	2.6	2.9	.1	.2-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.4	2.3	2.6	.1	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.4	2.8	.1-	.5-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.5	5.4	5.6	.1	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	2.7	3.0	.3	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.5	3.4	3.8	.1	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.5	5.6	5.4	.1-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.2	3.1	.1	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	6.1	6.0	6.1	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.2	4.1	.3	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	17.8	12.4	18.8	5.4	1.0-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$254.06	$246.65	$227.95	40.2	40.5	38.9	$6.32	$6.09	$5.86
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$284.12	$272.57	$257.56	40.3	40.5	38.1	$7.05	$6.73	$6.76
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$223.76	$222.89	$197.11	40.1	40.6	39.9	$5.58	$5.49	$4.94
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$199.93	$205.23	$202.81	38.3	40.4	40.4	$5.22	$5.08	$5.02
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$192.82	$192.98	$175.85	41.2	41.5	40.8	$4.68	$4.65	$4.31
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$163.81	$154.34	$141.99	37.4	36.4	36.5	$4.38	$4.24	$3.89
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$167.32	$153.51	$143.72	37.1	35.7	35.4	$4.51	$4.30	$4.06
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$166.21	$158.87	$136.16	37.1	35.7	36.8	$4.48	$4.45	$3.70
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$179.35	$187.92	$150.80	42.3	43.5	37.7	$4.24	$4.32	$4.00
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$230.58	$229.61	$205.02	42.0	41.9	39.2	$5.49	$5.48	$5.23
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$304.85	$305.47	$265.68	43.8	44.4	43.2	$6.96	$6.88	$6.15
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$287.97	$269.66	$251.43	44.1	42.2	43.5	$6.53	$6.39	$5.78
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$239.60	$241.35	$230.37	40.0	40.7	42.9	$5.99	$5.93	$5.37
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$240.24	$234.25	$220.96	42.9	43.3	41.3	$5.60	$5.41	$5.35
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$396.94	$430.10	$352.73	44.6	46.0	42.6	$8.90	$9.35	$8.28
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$227.92	$220.27	$249.05	37.0	35.7	40.3	$6.16	$6.17	$6.18
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$212.82	$210.14	$204.76	37.6	38.0	41.2	$5.66	$5.53	$4.97
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$366.28	$337.22	$327.28	39.9	35.2	38.1	$9.18	$9.58	$8.59

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

SEP 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= SEP 79 PREV MO= AUG 79 CURR MO YR AGO= SEP 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.7	5.0	4.5	3.3	4.3	3.8	.2	.4	.4	4.2	5.6	4.1	2.4	3.0	2.6	.7	1.6	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300075	2.7	4.9	3.4	2.2	4.1	2.7	.1	.4	.4	3.1	6.3	3.1	1.5	2.6	1.5	1.0	2.8	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	4.6	5.2	5.5	4.2	4.5	4.8	.3	.4	.5	5.1	5.0	5.1	3.2	3.3	3.6	.5	.4	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	[illegible]	3.0	4.0	2.0	2.7	3.5	.0	.0	.1	2.6	2.1	3.4	1.8	1.0	2.2	.0	.5	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.6	7.7	6.6	5.2	7.1	5.3	.4	.5	1.5	5.2	6.7	6.5	4.2	5.0	4.5	.4	.1	.5
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	6.9	9.1	8.9	5.8	6.2	7.3	.8	1.9	1.1	5.5	8.3	5.7	4.0	6.3	4.9	.6	.3	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.1	12.9	1.3	7.5	10.7	1.2	.5	2.1	.1	5.5	9.5	2.2	4.0	9.0	1.6	.5	.0	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426035	2.3	3.6	3.0	2.1	3.4	2.7	.1	.1	.1	4.4	4.4	5.7	1.8	2.6	2.5	1.9	.5	1.8
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	3.1	3.9	3.2	2.5	2.8	5.0	.6	.4	.0	7.3	4.7	4.6	2.0	2.5	2.4	.4	1.1	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.8	3.6	2.2	3.8	3.5	2.1	.0	.0	.0	4.1	4.7	3.0	2.3	2.6	2.1	.0	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.8	2.4	1.9	1.5	2.3	1.6	.0	.0	.0	2.3	1.4	1.3	1.7	8	.6	.0	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.4	4.0	4.0	4.4	3.9	3.9	.0	.0	.0	3.5	3.6	3.0	2.0	2.5	1.8	.0	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.4	1.9	3.3	.8	1.2	2.1	.2	.2	.8	2.2	11.6	1.2	.4	.5	.8	1.5	10.8	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

AUGUSTA REFLECTS RISE IN TRADE, SERVICES, AND GOVERNMENT

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 121,300, an increase of 600 jobs. Gains in trade, services, and government accounted for the increase. All other major industry divisions remained unchanged over the month. Annually, an increase of 1,100 jobs was recorded. Construction recorded a loss over the year and trade remained unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the gain.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, was unchanged over the month. "Other durable goods" was up 100 with more business in transportation equipment and surgical supplies. Apparel rose 100 precipitated by more activity in miscellaneous fabricated textile products. These gains were wiped out by a loss of 200 in textiles with less business in broad woven goods.

Annually, manufacturing gained 400. Stone, clay and glass products was up 200 with scattered increments through most of the division. "Other durable goods" recorded a rise of 100 with more business in surgical supplies and transportation equipment. Food and kindred products climbed 100 with scattered gains. Textiles lost 400. Recessionary trends were blamed by industry spokesmen for this decline. Apparel recorded an increment of 200 triggered by more activity in miscellaneous fabricated textile products. "Other nondurable goods" was up 400 with more business in chemicals and paper.

Construction, at 1,800, was unchanged over the month but dropped 600 over the year with the completion of projects. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 24,900, was up 500 triggered by back-to-school business in the retail sector. This division was unchanged over the year. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but climbed 200 over the year with the increment dispersed through most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,600, was up 100 over the month triggered by more activity among hospitals, colleges, and cleaning and maintenance services. This division rose 600 over the year, principally because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 28,900, climbed 100 over the month resulting from the return of nonteaching personnel in the public school system to the payroll in the state and local sector. This division gained 500 over the year because of more business in the state and local subdivision.

OUTLOOK

Little change in employment is expected during the remainder of this calendar year. During the first quarter of 1980 employment will experience a seasonal decline in trade and construction and the remainder of the economy may feel some adverse impact from the recession.

***Note:** Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.*

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT DECLINES FROM AUGUST LEVEL

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totaled 82,000 jobs in September, an increase of 1,500 from one year ago and a decline of 300 from the August level. The yearly growth was heavily influenced by government and the manufacture of metals and machinery products. Smaller scattered gains were reported in other groups.

Manufacturing employment totaled 20,700 workers in September, a decrement of 200 from August and 500 from a year ago. The largest over the year gain in manufacturing took place in metals and machinery products, which revealed an increase of 500. The metals and machinery group and the food and kindred products group suffered losses of 100 workers each from August. Lumber and wood products and textile mill products increased over the month by 100 workers each. Other groups in manufacturing remained constant.

Nonmanufacturing employment followed the same trend as manufacturing employment in a decline over the month and an increase in workers over the year. An increase of 700 workers was indicated from last month in state and local government and was more than offset by losses in other groups. Contract construction lost 300 workers while trade and services declined by 200 employees each. Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services employment dropped by 100 workers. Other nonmanufacturing groups remained the same as August. The increment of 1,000 jobs over the year reflected increased activity in the finance, insurance, and real estate group and in government, particularly in the state and local sector. Losses of 200 jobs each were reported in trade and services due to seasonal changes and contract construction dropped a whopping 700 workers due to the completion of contracts.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON EMPLOYMENT DOWN 400

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 94,500 in September. The current preliminary estimate reveals a decline of 400 from August and a drop of 1,300 from September 1978. During the month, manufacturing was down 200 with durable goods remaining stable and nondurable goods decreasing 300. Nonmanufacturing fell 200 with declines in construction, transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, and services being partially offset by a gain in government.

Annually, manufacturing was down 1,100 with durable goods declining 100 and nondurable declining 1,000. Nonmanufacturing employment was off 200 from a year ago with losses in construction and trade being partially offset by increases in transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, finance, insurance and real estate services, and government.

Manufacturing, at 14,800, was down 200 from last month and down 1,100 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was unchanged with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods receded 1,000 with declines in food, textiles, apparel, paper, and "other nondurable goods." Chemicals was unchanged. Annually, durable goods decreased 100 with a gain in stone, clay, and glass partially offsetting a loss in "other durable goods." Lumber and wood and nonelectrical machinery were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,300, was down 100 from August and down 500 from a year ago. Most of the monthly decline was in general construction. Annually, general construction declined, heavy construction gained, and special trades construction recorded a decrease. Trade at 19,300, was down 100 from August and down 500 from Septmeber 1978. Most of the decrease in all reporting periods was in retail business. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,600, was down 100 from last month and up 100 from September 1978. Most of the change in all reporting periods was in transportation. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,900, was unchanged from last month and up 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual increase was in insurance. Services, at 15,000, was down 100 from August and up 100 from a year ago. During the month, most of the decrease was in covered services. Annually, most of the increase was in mining and private education. Government, at 30,600, was up 200 from last month and up 400 from September 1978. During the month, the federal segment was unchanged and the state and local segment rose 200. Annually, a small decline in the federal segment partially offset a gain in the state and local segment.

New Business: AMED of Macon, a distribution center for residential and commercial lawn and garden equipment, recently opened in Macon.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews (912) 744-6167.

SAVANNAH DROPS 1,400 FROM LAST YEAR

Nonagricultural wage and salry employment in the Savannah SMSA declined about 1,400 over the year-ago figures. There was a slight loss in manufacturing with the major loss occurring in the nonmanufacturing area.

Manufacturing employment lost about 200 in employment over the year. Durable goods declined almost 500, however, nondurable goods increased almost 300 to give an overall loss of 200. In the durable goods sector, aircraft assembly was down over the year by about 200. Millwork, veneer and plywood was down by almost 100. The balance of the lost employment was spread out over the remaining sectors. The nondurable goods sector saw increases in the majority of the sectors. Paper and allied products increased almost 400 over the month and 300 over the year. Minor losses occurred in the remaining sectors.

The nonmanufacturing sector saw a year-to-date decline of almost 1,200, however, contract construction lost almost 2,200. The only other sectors to lose employment were services and local government. In the transportation sector, marine cargo handling increased almost 700 from last year's figure. Wholesale trade increased as businesses stock up for the coming holidays. Retail trade remained stable, but is expected to rise slightly over the next few months. Services saw a drop of 200 over the year primarily in hotels and motels. Business services has dropped consistently over the year. Automobile repair went up, however, in the retail sector, service stations were down. In the governmental sector, state education was down by about 100. Local government was up around 600 as a result of CETA. Local education was down, although this should pick up slightly next month.

Note: *Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.*

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	43.7	43.7	41.9	.0	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.4	10.3	.1	1.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.3	2.3	1.9	.0	.4
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.2	9.1	8.5	.1	.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.1	5.0	4.5	.1	.6
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	32.2	32.3	31.5	.1-	.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	4.0	3.4	.4-	.2
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.4	9.1	9.4	.3	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.1	2.8	2.9	.3	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.3	6.3	6.5	.0	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	1.7	1.8	1.7	.1-	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	5.3	5.2	5.0	.1	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FEDERAL	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	.1-

Note: Estimates were prepared by an area analyst, based on reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties, Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates are based on first quarter 1978 benchmark. Pertinent data for prior periods have been revised to reflect the latest information available. The data were compiled as a part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	121.3	120.7	120.2	.6	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.4	36.0	.0	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.6	9.5	.1	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.4	2.3	2.3	.1	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.7	26.8	26.5	.1-	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.1	10.3	10.5	.2-	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.9	2.8	2.7	.1	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.6	10.2	.3	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.9	84.3	84.1	.6	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.8	6.8	7.4	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	24.9	24.4	24.9	.5	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.8	3.8	3.8	.0	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	21.1	20.6	21.1	.5	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.5	15.0	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.9	28.8	28.4	.1	.5
FEDERAL	998011	6.7	6.8	6.9	.1-	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	22.1	21.9	21.4	.2	.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.1	82.4	80.6	.3-	1.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	20.7	20.9	20.2	.2-	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.1	5.7	.1-	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.6	.7	.1	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.7	4.1	.1-	.5
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	14.7	14.7	14.6	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.8	.1-	.2-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.3	8.2	8.2	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.4	61.5	60.4	.1-	1.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.6	4.9	5.3	.3-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	17.1	17.3	17.3	.2-	.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.6	2.7	2.8	.1-	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.5	14.6	14.5	.1-	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.3	5.2	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	10.7	10.9	10.9	.2-	.2-
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.3	19.6	18.5	.7	1.8
FEDERAL	998011	6.1	6.1	5.9	.0	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.2	13.5	12.6	.7	1.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	94.5	94.9	95.8	.4-	1.3-
MANUFACTURING	300005	14.8	15.0	15.9	.2-	1.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.2	2.1	2.3	.1	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.5	11.2	.3-	1.0-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	3.1	3.1	.3-	.3-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.6	2.0	.1	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	1.8	1.8	2.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	2.0	2.0	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.6	1.7	1.8	.1-	.2-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.7	79.9	79.9	.2-	.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.4	4.8	.1-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.6	4.7	4.5	.1-	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.4	19.8	.1-	.5-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.9	5.9	5.7	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.0	15.1	14.9	.1-	.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.6	30.4	30.2	.2	.4
FEDERAL	998011	15.9	15.9	16.0	.0	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.7	14.5	14.3	.2	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979 — MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.7	84.3	85.1	.6-	1.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.9	16.3	17.1	.6	.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.2	6.0	6.7	.2	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.1	3.0	3.3	.1	.2-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.9	1.8	2.2	.1	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.6	10.3	10.4	.3	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.0	1.9	2.0	.1	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.1	4.8	4.8	.3	.3
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	66.8	68.0	68.0	1.2-	1.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.6	6.6	.2-	2.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	10.3	9.9	9.4	.4	.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.7	19.3	.1-	.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.9	15.0	14.9	.1-	.0
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	13.5	13.7	13.6	.2-	.1-
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.9	15.9	15.1	1.0-	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.1	13.2	12.5	1.1-	.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER, 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO SEP 1979	PREV MO AUG 1979	CUR MO YRGO SEP 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.0	12.1	.5	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.9	3.7	4.8	.2	.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.6	7.3	7.2	.3	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.0	3.6	3.7	.4	.3
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.1	1.2	1.1	.1-	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	1.9	2.4	.1	.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

SEPTEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO SEP 79	PRV MO AUG 79	CM YA SEP 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$311.96	$304.33	$282.07	44.0	43.6	43.8	$7.09	$6.98	$6.44
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$284.91	$257.89	$244.07	43.3	41.0	42.3	$6.58	$6.29	$5.77
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$326.78	$328.22	$307.33	44.4	44.9	44.8	$7.36	$7.31	$6.86
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$190.64	$192.96	$196.56	39.8	40.2	42.0	$4.79	$4.80	$4.68
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$377.94	$401.63	$365.63	45.1	47.7	47.3	$8.38	$8.42	$7.73
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$277.45	$277.58	$268.18	43.9	44.2	44.4	$6.32	$6.28	$6.04
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$340.18	$298.57	$266.22	45.6	41.7	43.5	$7.46	$7.16	$6.12

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary September 1979	Revised August 1979	September 1978	Revised August 1979	September 1978
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,354,941	2,369,703	2,337,801	-14,762	17,140
Employed	2,240,618	2,239,705	2,207,215	913	33,403
Unemployed	114,323	129,998	130,586	-15,675	-16,263
Rate	4.9	5.5	5.6	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	50,772	51,014	48,562	-242	2,210
Employed	47,704	47,873	45,251	-169	2,453
Unemployed	3,068	3,141	3,311	-73	-243
Rate	6.0	6.2	6.8	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	914,292	913,167	912,233	1,125	2,059
Employed	873,457	863,197	863,249	10,260	10,208
Unemployed	40,835	49,970	48,984	-9,135	-8,149
Rate	4.5	5.5	5.4	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,390	127,059	126,244	331	1,146
Employed	120,179	119,832	118,543	347	1,636
Unemployed	7,211	7,227	7,701	-16	-490
Rate	5.7	5.7	6.1	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,590	88,911	85,668	-321	2,922
Employed	82,831	83,041	79,704	-210	3,127
Unemployed	5,759	5,870	5,964	-111	-205
Rate	6.5	6.6	7.0	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,503	101,450	102,554	-947	-2,051
Employed	94,921	95,608	96,255	-687	-1,334
Unemployed	5,582	5,842	6,299	-260	-717
Rate	5.6	5.8	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,859	90,815	91,806	-956	-1,947
Employed	84,917	85,677	86,115	-760	-1,198
Unemployed	4,942	5,138	5,691	-196	-749
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.2	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary September 1979	Revised August 1979	September 1978	Revised August 1979	September 1978
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,390	127,059	126,244	331	1,146
Employed	120,179	119,832	118,543	347	1,636
Unemployed	7,211	7,227	7,701	-16	-490
Rate	5.7	5.7	6.1	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,290	85,279	80,195	11	5,095
Employed	80,429	80,252	75,297	177	5,132
Unemployed	4,861	5,027	4,898	-166	-37
Rate	5.7	5.9	6.1	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	42,100	41,780	46,049	320	-3,949
Employed	39,750	39,580	43,246	170	-3,496
Unemployed	2,350	2,200	2,803	150	-453
Rate	5.6	5.3	6.1	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary September 1979	Revised August 1979	September 1978	Revised August 1979	September 1978
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,590	88,911	85,668	-321	2,922
Employed	82,831	83,041	79,704	-210	3,127
Unemployed	5,759	5,870	5,964	-111	-205
Rate	6.5	6.6	7.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,870	71,243	67,049	-373	3,821
Employed	66,432	66,684	62,513	-252	3,919
Unemployed	4,438	4,559	4,536	-121	-98
Rate	6.3	6.4	6.8	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,720	17,668	18,619	52	-899
Employed	16,399	16,357	17,191	42	-792
Unemployed	1,321	1,311	1,428	10	-107
Rate	7.5	7.4	7.7	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary September 1979	Revised August 1979	September 1978	Revised August 1979	September 1978
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,354,941	2,369,703	2,337,801	-14,762	17,140
Employed	2,240,618	2,239,705	2,207,215	913	33,403
Unemployed	114,323	129,998	130,586	-15,675	-16,263
Rate	4.9	5.5	5.6	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,359,128	1,360,830	1,347,382	-1,702	11,746
Employed	1,292,590	1,284,148	1,271,418	8,442	21,172
Unemployed	66,538	76,682	75,964	-10,144	-9,426
Rate	4.9	5.6	5.6	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	995,813	1,008,873	990,419	-13,060	5,394
Employed	948,028	955,557	935,797	-7,529	12,231
Unemployed	47,785	53,316	54,622	-5,531	-6,837
Rate	4.8	5.3	5.5	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of (1) All persons who did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) All persons who did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) All persons who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of (1) All persons who did not have a job during the survey week and who made a specific effort to find a job during the past four weeks; (2) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, (3) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to report to a a new job within 30 days.

According to BLS definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of (1) Current unemployment insurance claimants, (2) Persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) Claimants whose benefits have been exhausted, (4) Persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some domestics, and unpaid family workers.

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR
NOVEMBER 1979
LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(October Data)

THE PUSH FOR COAL

In today's world of tightening energy supplies due to depleting supplies and political instability, alternatives are being sought for oil. One such alternative is coal. Coal mining has increased considerably in the past few years as demand for greater supplies has risen, not just in the nation, but in the world.

In the midst of this rising demand, there seems to be a shift in coal ownership and mining location. Relatively small coal companies are being bought out by the large oil corporations. Also, mining is shifting from Appalachia in the East to the Western states. Ever since the first energy crisis, oil companies have been aware of the need for alternative sources for fuel. Coal users, such as generating plants, are requiring more dependable supplies of coal over a longer period of time. Small coal companies are not able to meet this demand. The oil companies expect to be producing about 50 percent of all the coal consumed in America by 1985. Thus, as demand increases and small coal companies are unable to supply more, the oil companies will be there to meet the need in a more restricted market. A sidelight to oil company ownership is that they are better equipped and better able to afford time and money necessary for research and development of synthetic fuels.

The mining of coal has traditionally been in the Appalachian area of the East; however, strip mining in the West has been developing rapidly because of higher grade coal and more mechanization. The differences in coal mining in the two regions can be seen in the following table:

EAST	WEST
Underground mines	Strip mines
Concentrated labor	Draglines (earth-moving machines)
Problems: Black lung disease Labor relations Declining productivity	Problems: Air pollution Land reclamation Transportation
High sulfur content in coal	Low sulfur content in coal

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

The move to the West does not mean escape from coal mining problems. Probably the biggest dilemma facing coal producers is transportation. Under the Railroad Revitalization and Regulatory Act of 1976, the Interstate Commerce Commission assures the railroads of having revenues high enough to cover operating expenses. Therefore, railroads have regulary raised rates for hauling coal, which is frustrating to the coal producers since they have no alternative means of transport. These rising railroad rates have placed the transportation cost above the mining costs.

Coal consumers are recently being sought worldwide, particularly in the Far Eastern countries such as Japan and South Korea. This is due to a boom in steam-coal consumption and rising prices of coal from other countries, making U.S. coal more attractive. Some companies are even opening overseas mines to combat U.S. production and transportation costs. As world usage of coal becomes more predominant, coal itself will become an increasingly more viable alternative to oil consumption.

STATE AND NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CHANGES

Georgia employment reflected a gain of 3,300 in October to a total of 2,028,800. The increase was due to a seasonal rise in state and local education and more business in retail trade. However, there were employment declines in manufacturing which were attributed to partial layoffs in several sectors. This drop is in line with national statistics which showed a rise in the unemployment rate to 6.0 percent in October due to job losses among industrial workers. Another indicator of the manufacturing slowdown nationally was the 4.2 percent decline in durable goods orders. The decrease was caused by a cutback in airplane orders.

Construction in Georgia fell 300 overall because of layoffs and shutdowns in residential and nonresidential building and special trade contracting. Again, this agrees with national figures which showed that housing construction went down by 8 percent in October and by more than 14 percent from last year. Building permits - indicators of future construction activity - were also on the downswing.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BUTLER SHOES TO BUILD

Atlanta-based Butler Shoe Corporation has acquired land in Cobb County to build a three-story, 68,000 square-foot building for its national headquarters and a 128,000 square-foot building for its distribution center. A beginning-construction date has not been released.

GOVERNOR BUSBEE ANNOUNCES JAPANESE EXPANSION

Governor George Busbee released news that four Japanese manufacturing concerns are planning expansions in Georgia. Tenma Paper Mills and Company of Fuji Shizouka, Japan, plans to build a $30 million paperboard manufacturing plant on 40 acres on Colonels Island near Brunswick, Georgia. The plant will ultimately employ 150 people and manufacture wax-coated paper and paperboard. Sumitoma Heavy Industries plans to develop a manufacturing plant in Gwinnett County to make audio and video tapes. Two Tokyo-based manufacturers, Tokyo Electric Company Limited and Hitachi Limited, plan to expand existing facilities in Atlanta also for the purpose of making audio and video tapes.

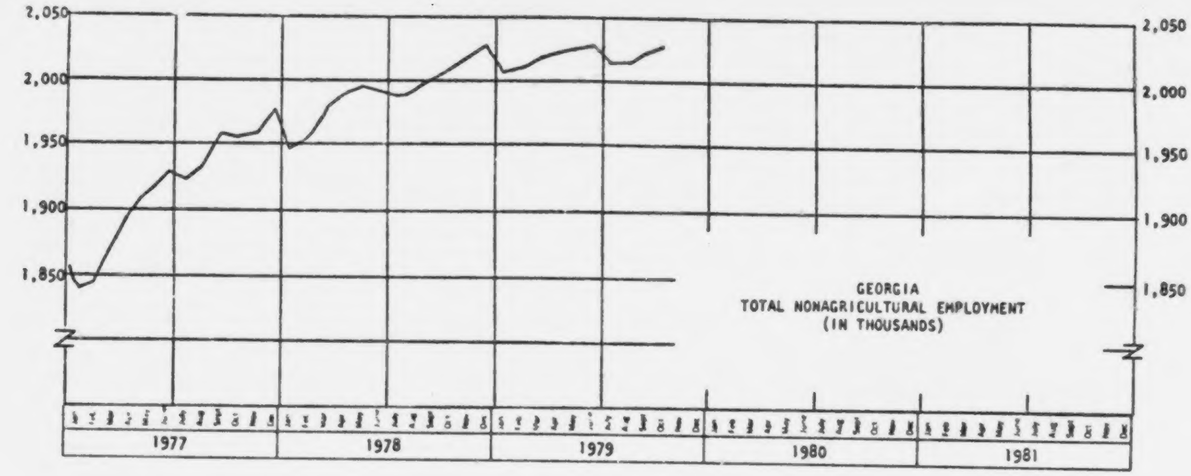
DUNFEY HOTEL REOPENED AND RENAMED

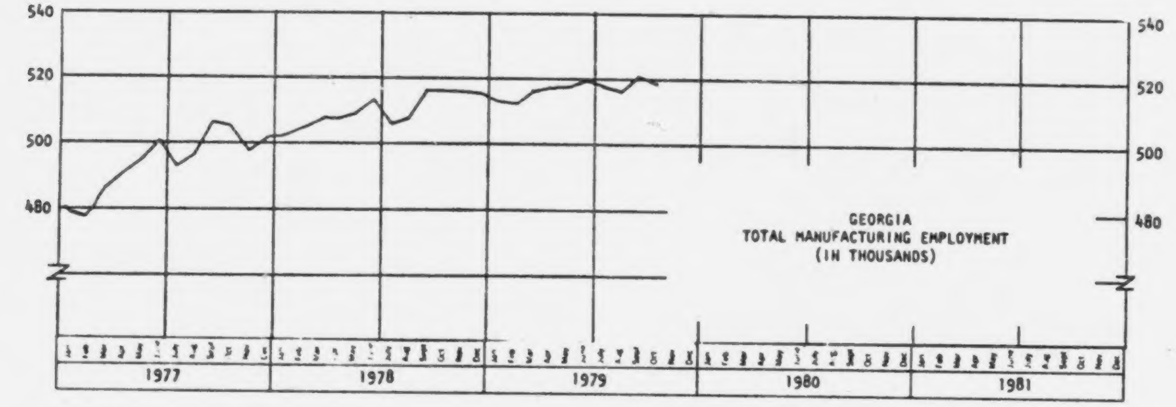
The Dunfey Royal Coach Hotel, now called the Dunfey Atlanta Hotel, reopened in November after a fire in March. The hotel is a three-story, 400-room facility and occupies 440,000 square feet.

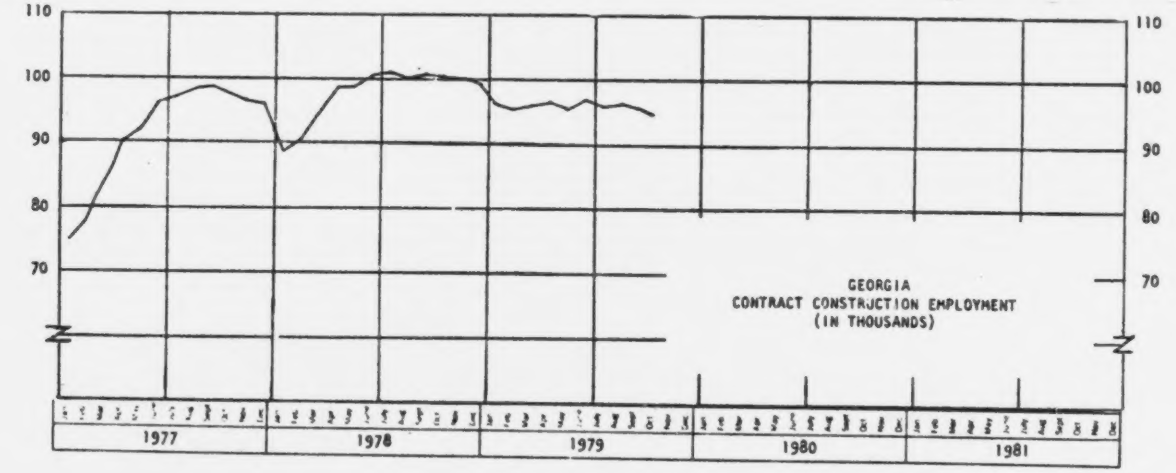
JOHNSON & JOHNSON DROPS PLANS TO MOVE

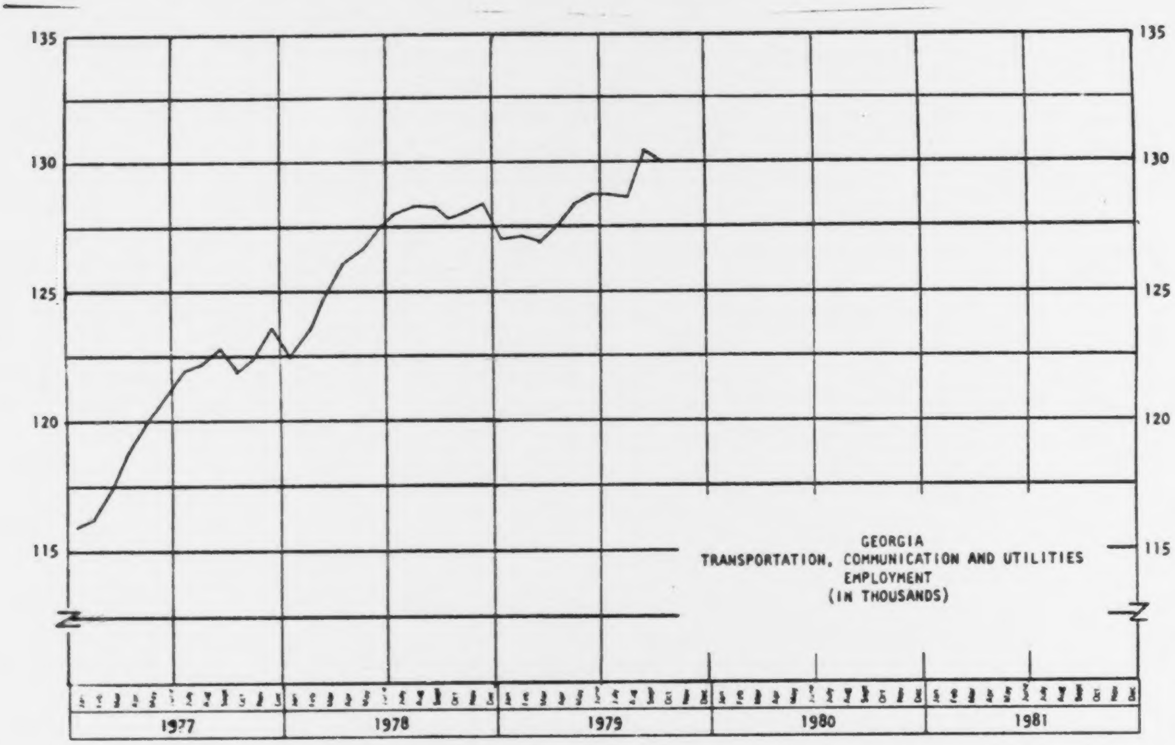
Johnson & Johnson had previously announced plans to relocate a division headquarters from New Jersey to Atlanta. These plans were dropped, and the 87-acre site has been sold to International Business Machines. IBM has announced no plans for the property.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146

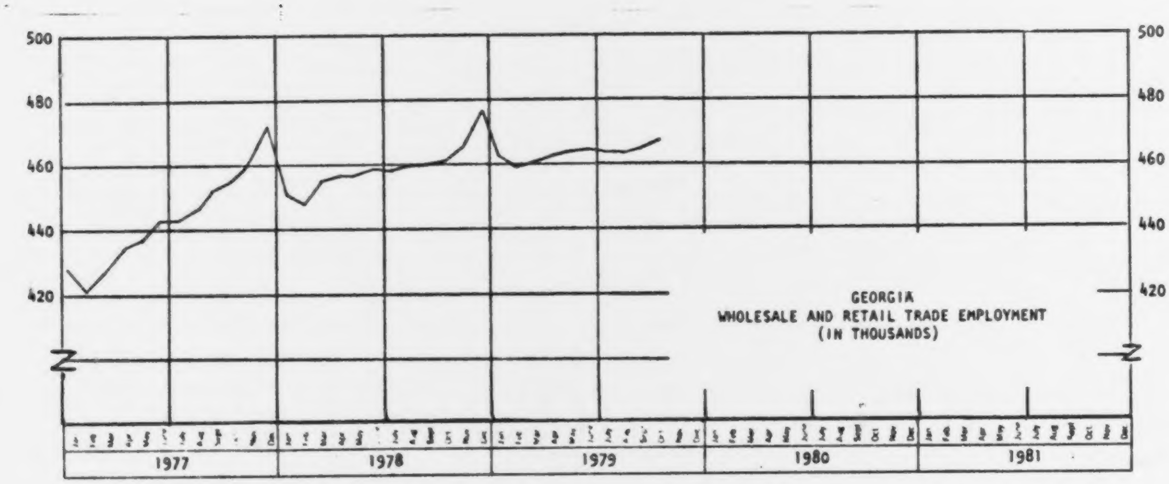

GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


GEORGIA
TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

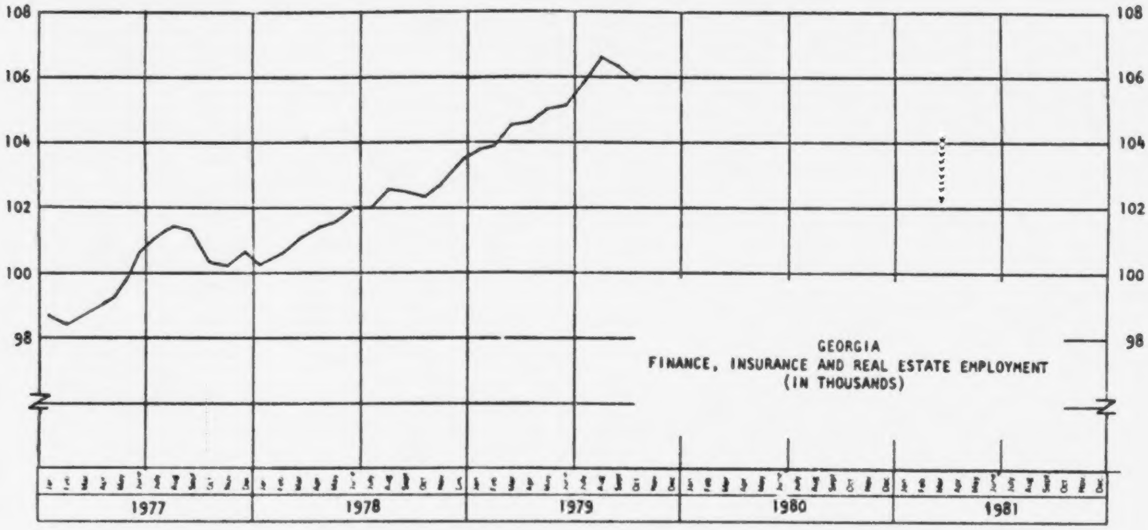

GEORGIA
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

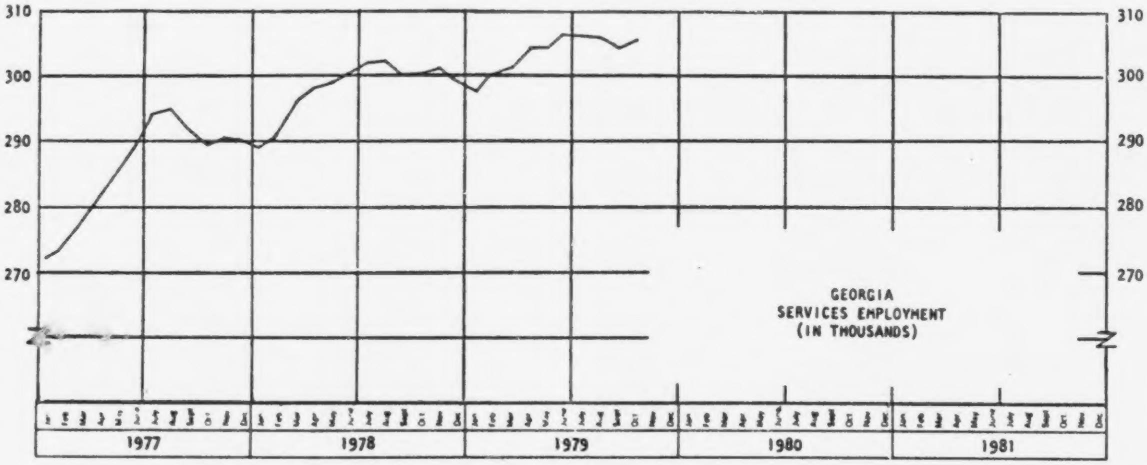


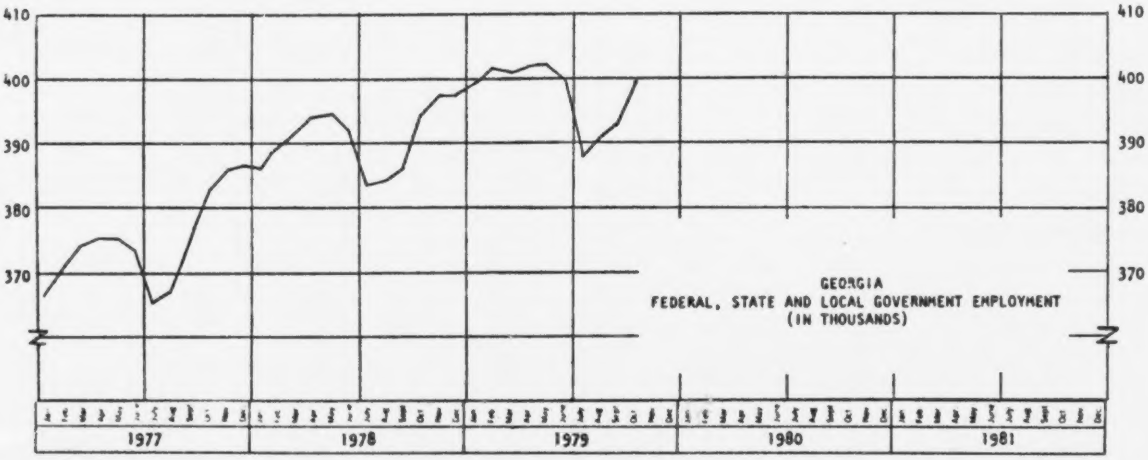
GEORGIA
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES
EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



GEORGIA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


GEORGIA
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
108
106
104
102
100
98
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


GEORGIA
SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
310
300
290
280
270
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


GEORGIA
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
410
400
390
380
370
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,028.8	2,025.5	2,010.4	3.3	18.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	518.1	521.7	515.9	3.6-	2.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	176.8	178.2	176.4	1.4-	.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.9	29.1	29.0	.2-	.1-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.6	15.6	15.4	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.4	9.4	9.7	.0	.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.0	7.0	7.2	.0	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.7	18.4	18.1	.3	.6
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.4	15.7	.1	.8
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.3	20.4	20.4	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	20.2	20.0	19.3	.2	.9
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.1	19.5	18.4	.4-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.4	33.4	34.5	1.0-	2.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.4	11.6	11.4	.2-	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	341.3	343.5	339.5	2.2-	1.8
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.0	58.0	57.0	.0	1.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	22.0	22.1	20.6	.1-	1.4
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.1	15.1	14.0	.0	1.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.3	9.1	9.1	.2	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	122.0	123.3	122.4	1.3-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.4	29.6	29.7	.2-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.1	5.2	5.1	.1-	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.5	9.1	.2-	.2
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	33.0	33.6	32.5	.6-	.5
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.3	24.5	24.7	.2-	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.4	75.6	75.3	.2-	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	42.0	41.9	42.0	.1	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	21.0	21.4	20.9	.4-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.3	27.7	27.0	.4-	.3
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.0	13.4	13.2	.4-	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	7.0	7.0	6.7	.0	.3
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	22.1	22.0	21.4	.1	.7
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.7	16.4	.0	.3
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	3.0	2.9	2.8	.1	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.9	17.3	17.1	.4-	.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,510.7	1,503.8	1,494.5	6.9	16.2
MINING	100005	7.8	7.8	7.6	.0	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	94.8	95.1	100.4	.3-	5.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	130.0	130.1	127.8	.1-	2.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	77.2	77.5	77.8	.3-	.6-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	32.7	32.7	30.9	.0	1.8
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.0	19.1	.1	1.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	466.9	465.6	461.2	1.3	5.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	147.1	147.1	145.1	.0	2.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	88.4	88.4	86.7	.0	1.7
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	58.6	58.7	58.4	.1-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	319.8	318.5	316.1	1.3	3.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	105.9	106.2	102.4	.3-	3.5
FINANCE	760025	44.6	44.9	43.1	.3-	1.5
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.6	39.6	38.6	.0	1.0
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.7	21.7	20.8	.0	.9
SERVICES	800005	305.9	305.3	300.5	.6	5.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	399.5	393.5	394.6	6.0	4.9
FEDERAL	998011	80.9	81.0	80.4	.1-	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	318.5	312.6	314.2	5.9	4.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	398.8	402.6	399.9	3.8-	1.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	134.5	135.8	135.6	1.3-	1.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	264.3	266.8	264.3	2.5-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	39.5	39.5	38.9	.0	.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	103.2	104.4	103.9	1.2-	.7-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.3	26.5	26.6	.2-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	8.0	7.7	.3-	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.1	27.7	26.8	.6-	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.7	21.8	21.8	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.8	63.1	63.1	.3-	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.8	34.8	35.0	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	17.1	17.6	17.9	.5-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.4	23.3	23.6	.1	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.3	8.4	8.5	.1-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	20.7	21.2	20.7	.5-	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.0	10.4	10.3	.4-	.3-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.7	9.5	9.9	.2	.2-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.9	2.8	2.4	.1	.5
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.4	14.2	.1	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.9	12.0	11.1	.1-	.8
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.9	16.8	16.4	.1	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.1	13.9	13.8	.2	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.4	12.9	12.0	.5-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.4	24.2	26.0	.8-	2.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$220.1[illegible]	$219.37	$202.71	40.7	40.7	40.3	$5.41	$5.39	$5.03
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$246.02	$243.54	$232.93	40.8	41.0	40.3	$6.03	$5.94	$5.78
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$207.06	$206.55	$187.40	40.6	40.5	40.3	$5.10	$5.10	$4.65
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$214.12	$210.25	$190.08	40.4	40.2	39.6	$5.30	$5.23	$4.80
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.66	$198.29	$178.45	42.3	42.1	41.5	$4.72	$4.71	$4.30
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$210.15	$214.40	$189.84	42.8	43.4	42.0	$4.91	$4.94	$4.52
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$223.51	$231.03	$198.39	43.4	44.6	42.3	$5.15	$5.18	$4.69
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$159.95	$162.37	$136.62	40.7	40.9	39.6	$3.93	$3.97	$3.45
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$195.62	$189.32	$168.49	42.9	41.7	41.5	$4.56	$4.54	$4.06
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$200.45	$199.26	$190.53	41.5	41.6	43.4	$4.83	$4.79	$4.39
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$142.01	$139.73	$129.54	36.6	36.2	36.8	$3.88	$3.86	$3.52
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$138.60	$135.52	$131.75	36.0	35.2	36.7	$3.85	$3.85	$3.59
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$138.38	$138.96	$120.55	35.3	36.0	36.2	$3.92	$3.86	$3.33
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$164.72	$165.95	$165.64	39.5	39.7	40.4	$4.17	$4.18	$4.10
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$180.56	$157.12	$178.94	36.7	32.0	39.5	$4.92	$4.91	$4.53
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$350.18	$360.23	$328.26	43.5	44.2	44.3	$8.05	$8.15	$7.41
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$398.82	$427.12	$373.73	46.0	47.3	45.8	$8.67	$9.03	$8.16
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$292.95	$280.14	$272.54	45.0	43.5	44.1	$6.51	$6.44	$6.18
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$138.38	$132.59	$127.05	39.2	38.1	36.3	$3.53	$3.48	$3.50
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$251.10	$245.34	$215.90	44.6	43.5	41.6	$5.63	$5.64	$5.19
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$282.87	$293.99	$273.73	40.7	41.7	41.6	$6.95	$7.05	$6.58
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$256.96	$245.82	$224.47	44.0	42.9	40.3	$5.84	$5.73	$5.57
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$245.00	$234.39	$254.56	39.2	39.0	41.8	$6.25	$6.01	$6.09
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$229.93	$248.29	$226.35	42.5	48.4	38.3	$5.41	$5.13	$5.91
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$353.53	$348.87	$325.91	39.5	40.1	39.6	$8.95	$8.70	$8.23

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

OCT 79 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= OCT 79 PREV MO= SEP 79 CURR MO YR AGO= OCT 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	4.6	4.3	4.2	3.9	3.7	3.6	.4	.3	.4	4.4	4.8	4.0	2.9	3.3	2.7	.6	.5	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.2	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.0	3.0	.3	.2	.3	3.4	3.7	3.3	1.9	2.3	2.0	.7	.5	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.8	4.7	4.6	4.1	4.0	3.8	.4	.4	.4	4.8	5.3	4.3	3.3	3.8	3.0	.6	.5	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.7	5.4	5.5	4.6	4.6	4.1	.4	.2	.7	5.4	6.0	5.3	3.7	4.2	3.0	.5	.5	.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.3	4.3	4.7	4.6	3.8	4.1	.3	.3	.2	5.1	5.3	4.7	3.7	3.8	3.4	.5	.4	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	5.0	4.6	5.4	4.1	3.6	4.5	.4	.6	.3	5.5	5.2	5.3	3.1	3.6	3.8	.9	.4	.3
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.2	5.7	4.3	2.9	5.4	3.9	.0	.0	.1	4.1	4.5	4.4	3.3	3.4	3.7	.0	.1	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.7	3.3	3.7	6.2	2.6	3.1	.1	.6	.5	4.9	3.8	4.4	4.2	3.2	3.1	.0	.0	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	6.3	5.1	5.9	5.9	4.9	5.6	.1	.1	.2	5.4	6.4	5.2	4.5	4.9	4.1	.4	.5	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	4.2	3.4	4.1	3.5	3.1	3.4	.4	.1	.3	5.1	4.2	4.9	3.7	2.9	2.9	.1	.1	.9
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.7	5.6	5.5	4.9	4.6	4.8	.6	.8	.4	5.0	5.8	4.5	3.9	4.5	3.6	.4	.5	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	5.2	5.2	5.1	4.5	4.1	4.0	.6	.9	.6	4.6	5.7	4.5	4.0	4.6	3.7	.1	.4	.2
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	6.0	5.5	6.9	4.6	4.3	6.3	1.1	.9	.3	5.7	6.5	5.2	3.9	4.6	4.3	.9	.9	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.6	4.0	7.2	4.9	3.7	6.5	.5	.3	.7	5.4	5.5	6.3	3.8	4.3	4.8	.3	.4	.0
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	5.2	5.3	.5	4.9	5.0	.4	.0	.1	.1	4.6	3.9	.3	3.1	2.9	.3	.2	.1	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	.4	.2	.5	2.0	3.3	1.9	.8	1.7	.7	.5	.8	.6
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.1	1.5	1.2	.7	1.0	.9	.3	.2	.3	1.8	3.1	1.2	.8	1.4	.6	.6	.6	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.1	.1	.1	.7	2.3	2.9	3.5	1.0	1.5	1.1	.3	.5	1.6
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	3.8	8.3	4.7	3.1	7.7	4.3	.6	.3	.3	7.1	7.2	4.5	2.9	4.6	3.3	3.2	.3	.6
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.3	2.7	1.8	1.9	2.2	1.5	.2	.4	.0	2.2	3.1	2.2	1.2	1.9	1.4	.1	.1	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	3.1	7.1	3.6	3.0	6.0	2.9	.1	.8	.6	10.1	7.0	6.3	6.6	5.3	3.4	3.1	.7	2.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	6.0	4.5	5.8	5.2	3.0	5.1	.4	.6	.3	5.7	3.8	6.9	4.0	2.2	3.9	.5	.1	1.9
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	2.0	1.8	.9	1.8	1.4	.7	.0	.0	.1	1.0	2.0	2.4	.4	1.2	1.7	.0	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	3.1	3.4	4.3	2.9	3.2	.7	.1	.0	4.3	3.5	3.5	2.6	2.2	2.1	1.0	.5	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.7	3.7	2.4	3.3	3.6	2.1	.2	.1	.3	2.6	3.4	1.7	1.5	2.0	.9	.2	.4	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	4.8	5.3	2.8	4.7	4.7	2.2	.1	.1	.1	2.5	3.7	2.1	1.3	2.5	1.0	.7	.3	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.2	2.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	2.1	.4	.2	.6	2.5	3.3	2.2	.8	1.6	1.1	1.2	1.2	.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT ADVANCES 2,700 IN ATLANTA SMSA

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, advanced 2,700 over the month to a level of 870,000 for October. This was 10,500 above the same month a year ago. Nonmanufacturing industries provided the increase for both reference periods.

MANUFACTURING DECLINES 1,500

Manufacturing, at 137,400, was down 1,500 over the month but remained 300 above the year ago total. Both durable and nondurable goods production experienced losses. A further reduction in the work force of one automobile assembly plant due to excess inventory, a labor dispute in one frozen food specialty plant, and fewer orders for prepared meat products were the primary factors contributing to the decline.

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS ARE SEASONAL

At 732,600, nonmanufacturing rose 4,200 from the September levels. Trade rose 1,600 with all the increase in the retail sector, mainly in department stores and miscellaneous retail establishments. State and local government rose 2,800. This was primarily a seasonal gain reflecting the return of nonteaching personnel in state and local education.

Nonmanufacturing rose 10,200 from the October estimate. One half of the increase was in government, primarily state and local. Gains in air transportation and telephone communication more than offset declines in motor freight and warehousing to raise employment 1,300 in transportation and public utilities. Finance, insurance and real estate rose 3,400 with sizable gains in the insurance and real estate segments. Services, up 3,000, reflected gains in hospitals, medical and health and miscellaneous services. The loss of 2,400 in construction was shared by all sectors. The slight drop in trade was confined to retail.

OUTLOOK

The employment outlook for January can be expected to decline from the current level. Most of the declines will be seasonal. Post-Christmas layoffs can be anticipated in trade. Weather conditions and monetary restraints will probably hamper construction. Service industries may be expected to reflect seasonal declines, especially hotels and amusement and recreation facilities. Unemployment should rise slightly.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

PLANT EXPANSION AT CUMMING. Phillips and Brooks, Inc., of Cumming, is presently in the process of constructing a new facility that will triple the size of the building. According to a company official, the new building is being constructed behind the present facility located on U.S. Highway 19 South. It will contain 100,000 square feet for manufacturing and an additional 10,000 square feet of office space. Construction began in September, and the projected completion date is July 1980. Phillips and Brooks is the second largest producer of telephone booths in the U.S., shipping all over the world. The company presently employs 65 and is expected to reach 125 with the addition.

HOME BUILDING PERMITS INCREASE. The number of single-family home building permits in the Atlanta metropolitan area increased from 1,146 in September to 1,305 in October, according to the monthly report of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta. Also, permits for multi-family units were up from 171 in September to 710 in October.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	870.0	867.3	859.5	2.7	10.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	137.4	138.9	137.1	1.5-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	68.8	69.7	68.5	.9-	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.1	3.0	3.1	.1	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.1	3.3	.2	.0
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.2	2.0	2.1	.2	.1
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.7	7.7	7.5	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.0	4.9	4.7	.1	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.8	8.0	7.8	.2-	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.9	6.8	6.2	.1	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	8.7	8.6	7.9	.1	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.1	24.3	24.9	1.2-	1.8-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	68.6	69.2	68.6	.6-	.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	17.7	18.3	18.4	.6-	.7-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.3	5.1	.3-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.0	7.1	6.4	.1-	.6
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.2	4.1	4.0	.1	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.2	1.2	.7	.0	.5
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.3	4.4	4.5	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.3	7.2	7.3	.1	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.1	4.2	.1	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.2	14.0	13.7	.2	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	5.4	5.4	5.5	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.9	5.0	.2-	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	732.6	728.4	722.4	4.2	10.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	37.2	37.6	39.6	.4-	2.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	79.4	79.8	78.1	.4-	1.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	52.1	52.6	52.1	.5-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	239.0	237.4	239.3	1.6	.3-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	92.0	92.3	91.2	.3-	.8
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	61.4	61.6	60.2	.2-	1.2
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	30.6	30.7	31.0	.1-	.4-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	146.9	145.1	148.1	1.8	1.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO	PREV MO	CUR MO YRGO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
		OCT 1979	SEP 1979	OCT 1978	PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE,INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	62.5	62.6	59.1	.1-	3.4
FINANCE	760025	22.7	22.8	21.8	.1-	.9
INSURANCE CARRIERS,AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	24.6	24.6	23.4	.0	1.2
SERVICES	800055	160.3	159.7	157.3	.6	3.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	154.2	151.3	149.0	2.9	5.2
FEDERAL	998011	29.7	29.5	29.3	.2	.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	124.5	121.7	119.7	2.8	4.8

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO	PREV MO	CUR MO YRGO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
		OCT 1979	SEP 1979	OCT 1978	PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	95.0	96.5	96.4	1.5-	1.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.0	50.0	50.1	1.0-	1.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	46.0	46.5	46.3	.5-	.3-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	9.9	10.4	10.7	.5-	.8-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.0	5.9	5.4	.1	.6
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.4	8.6	.1-	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	4.0	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.4	2.4	2.6	.0	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.5	2.5	2.8	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.5	5.5	5.6	.0	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.5	3.5	3.8	.0	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.5	5.5	5.4	.0	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.1	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.8	6.1	6.1	.3-	.3-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.5	4.1	.1	.5
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.8	17.8	18.9	1.0-	2.1-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$255.71	$255.44	$232.83	39.4	40.1	39.0	$6.49	$6.37	$5.97
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$288.51	$287.52	$267.11	39.2	40.1	38.6	$7.36	$7.17	$6.92
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$220.57	$221.90	$195.32	39.6	40.2	39.3	$5.57	$5.52	$4.97
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$203.84	$199.54	$195.03	38.1	38.3	39.4	$5.35	$5.21	$4.95
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$196.11	$191.88	$169.66	41.2	41.0	40.3	$4.76	$4.68	$4.21
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.40	$162.63	$140.82	36.0	37.3	36.2	$4.40	$4.36	$3.89
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$160.06	$167.32	$143.72	35.1	37.1	35.4	$4.56	$4.51	$4.06
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$159.04	$162.58	$133.22	35.5	36.7	36.2	$4.48	$4.43	$3.68
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$179.17	$177.23	$154.39	41.0	41.8	38.5	$4.37	$4.24	$4.01
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$198.37	$201.47	$188.67	36.6	36.9	35.2	$5.42	$5.46	$5.36
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$295.58	$297.40	$270.43	42.9	43.8	43.2	$6.89	$6.79	$6.26
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$279.60	$287.97	$249.40	42.3	44.1	42.2	$6.61	$6.53	$5.91
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$231.60	$239.80	$241.49	38.6	40.1	43.2	$6.00	$5.98	$5.59
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$238.90	$240.19	$223.51	43.2	43.2	41.7	$5.53	$5.56	$5.36
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$377.13	$396.94	$352.28	43.1	44.6	42.7	$8.75	$8.90	$8.25
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$236.96	$227.92	$276.35	37.2	37.0	44.5	$6.37	$6.16	$6.21
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$224.01	$212.81	$226.88	39.3	37.8	43.8	$5.70	$5.63	$5.18
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$387.61	$380.25	$342.02	38.8	39.9	38.3	$9.99	$9.53	$8.93

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

OCT 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= OCT 79 PREV MO= SEP 79 CURR MO YR AGO= OCT 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	4.3	3.9	3.3	3.7	3.4	2.8	.4	.2	.3	3.7	4.1	3.1	2.0	2.4	1.8	.9	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	4.4	3.1	2.6	3.7	2.6	2.1	.4	.2	.3	3.2	3.3	2.5	1.7	1.7	1.2	.8	.8	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	4.2	4.6	4.1	3.7	4.2	3.4	.4	.3	.4	4.4	5.0	3.7	2.3	3.1	2.3	1.0	.6	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	2.2	2.3	1.4	2.0	1.8	.2	.0	.1	3.0	3.0	1.7	1.3	1.7	.7	.9	.6	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.6	5.6	6.6	5.2	5.0	6.0	.2	.5	.6	5.0	5.2	7.2	3.9	4.2	4.6	.0	.3	1.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	9.5	6.8	7.0	9.0	5.7	5.9	.5	.8	.3	5.6	5.4	5.4	3.9	4.0	3.7	.7	.6	.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.9	9.7	1.0	3.9	9.2	.8	.0	.5	.2	4.1	5.8	1.0	2.6	4.3	.8	.2	.5	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.7	2.3	3.1	2.0	2.1	1.7	.4	.1	1.3	3.5	4.4	4.4	1.3	1.8	1.4	1.2	1.9	2.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	3.9	3.8	3.7	2.5	3.2	3.3	1.2	.6	.3	7.3	6.5	3.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	3.6	.4	.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.7	3.8	2.7	3.7	3.8	2.7	.0	.0	.0	3.8	4.1	3.0	2.4	2.3	2.6	.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	2.2	1.7	.9	2.0	1.4	.7	.1	.0	.0	1.1	2.3	2.7	.6	1.7	1.9	.0	.0	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.3	4.7	4.3	4.1	4.4	.1	.1	.1	3.4	3.3	1.9	1.5	2.0	1.1	.3	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	1.4	1.5	1.6	.8	.8	.3	.2	.5	2.2	2.2	1.3	.3	.4	.7	1.5	1.5	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

SEASONAL GAINS IN ALBANY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area, at 44,100, showed a gain of 400 for the month of October. Most of the monthly gains were in the trade division. Over the year, employment showed an increase of 2,000 jobs. Almost all estimating divisions showed some annual gains.

Manufacturing, at 11,500, was unchanged over the month. A small gain in the nondurable goods segment was offset by a loss in durable goods. Annually, manufacturing rose by 900 jobs. Gains were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods during the year.

Nonmanufacturing, at 32,600, was up 400 over the month and up 1,100 for the year. Over the month, a small decline in contract construction was offset by gains in the trade and service segments largely due to the approach of the winter shopping season. The next month should see a continuation of declines in construction and gains in trade.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176

MANUFACTURING, GOVERNMENT AND SERVICES INCREASE AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 121,500, an increase of 200 jobs. Gains in manufacturing, government, and services accounted for the increase. A decline in trade partially offset these increments. Annually, a gain of 1,100 was recorded. Trade and construction were the only major industry divisions to record losses over the year. All other major industry divisions shared in the increase.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, was up 100 over the month, triggered by increments in stone, clay and glass products, but was partially offset by a moderate decline in apparel and other textile products. Clay refractories accounted for the increase in stone, clay and glass products, while the loss sustained in apparel was attributable to less activity in miscellaneous finished textile products.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Stone, clay and glass product manufacturing was up 200, resulting partly from more activity in clay refractories. Textile mill products dropped 400 as a result of less business in broad woven goods. Apparel was down 100, triggered by less activity in miscellaneous finished textile products. "Other nondurable goods" increased 400, with more business in both paper and chemicals.

Construction, at 6,800, remained unchanged over the month but dropped 600 over the year as projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 annually, with increments dispersed through most of the division. Trade, at 24,800, dropped 100 over the month, with declines in the retail sector wiping out a moderate rise in the wholesale subdivision. Annually, this division dropped 100 as consumers tightened their spending habits moderately. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year, with more activity in both insurance and financial firms. Services and mining, at 15,600, was up 100 over the month, with more activity in hotels, colleges, auto repair shops, and protective service firms. This division rose 600 over the year mainly for the same reason.

OUTLOOK: Employment will rise somewhat in trade through the remainder of the calendar year in accordance with consumer demands for Christmas purchases. Otherwise, little change is anticipated. The first quarter of the calendar year 1980 will see both trade and construction losing employment. Housing construction currently being curtailed will have a significant impact on the local economy as the downturn is effected.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT REFLECTS LOSS IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totaled 81,800 in October. This was 400 below last month's estimate, mainly due to losses in nonmanufacturing, and a gain of 1,300 from last year.

Manufacturing employment remained the same in all groups over the month except lumber and wood products, which dropped 100 jobs. Over the year, a gain of 400 jobs resulted due to increases in metals and machinery, textile mill products, apparel and other finished textile products, and printing, publishing and allied products.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 60,900, suffered a loss of 600 from September. The heaviest loss occurred in state and local government, primarily due to the termination of youths hired by local government under the summer youth program and changes brought about by new CETA contracts. Over the year, nonmanufacturing gained 800 workers.

Contract construction lost 300 employees from the previous month and revealed a loss of 800 jobs from one year ago. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment remained the same as September and had 200 more jobs than one year ago. Trade remained constant from the previous month and was 100 less than a year earlier. Finance, insurance and real estate lost 100 workers from last month and had 300 more employees than one year ago. Services and miscellaneous employment gained 200 workers from September, primarily due to hiring for the county fair. An increase of 300 was noted from last year.

Government employment lost 500 employees from September, primarily due to seasonal employment coming to a close and changes caused by new CETA contracts in local government. Federal employment dropped 100. Over the year, government jobs increased due to a gain of 1,200 in state and local government.

SPECIAL INTEREST NOTE: The *Columbus Enquirer* reported that during October, housing permits issued totaled $1.66 million, up 23 percent over the month and up 26 percent over the previous October. During the month, 35 permits were issued for new home construction.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst Richard Mann, (404)571-7423

MACON EMPLOYMENT DOWN 100

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 94,500 in October. The current preliminary estimate showed a decrease of 100 from September and a decline of 1,900 from October 1978. During the month, manufacturing lost 200, with declines in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing added 100, with gains in trade and services being partially affected by a drop in government.

Annually, manufacturing was down 1,000, with durable goods reducing 200 and nondurable goods decreasing 800. Nonmanufacturing lost 900, with a large decline in construction and smaller losses in trade and government. Transportation, communication, gas, electric and sanitary services and finance, insurance and real estate recorded small gains, with services remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 14,600, was down 200 from last month and down 1,000 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined 100, with a loss in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods dropped 100 with a loss in food being partially offset by a gain in "other nondurable goods." Stone, clay and glass was up slightly, and nonelectric machinery remained unchanged. Nondurable goods fell 800, with declines in food, textiles, apparel, paper and "other nondurable goods."

Construction, at 4,300, was unchanged from September and down 700 from a year ago. Annually, losses in general construction were partially offset by a gain in heavy construction. Transportation, communication, gas, electric and sanitary services, at 4,600, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from October 1978. Most of the annual gain was in transportation. Trade, at 19,600, was up 100 from September and down 200 from October 1978. Most of the change in all reporting periods was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,800, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from a year ago. Most of the annual gain was in insurance. Services, at 15,100, was up 100 from September and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly increase was in private education. Government, at 30,400, was down 200 from last month and down 200 from October 1978. During the month, the federal segment rose 100 and the state and local segment declined 200. Annually, the federal segment was unchanged, and the state and local segment decreased 100.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

MANUFACTURING LOSS CAUSES SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT DECREASE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continued to inch down. The present level of 83,100 was down 400 over the previous month of September, and down 200 over the year. However, over the year, 1979 employment has averaged over 84,000, with a high of 85,000.

Manufacturing employment declined by 400 over the month and 200 over the year. Surprisingly, the durable goods sector remained fairly stable with only slight losses occurring over the year. Nondurable goods declined over the month with losses occurring in food, chemicals and paper. Only paper showed any significant loss; however, the loss may only be temporary. The manufacturing sector is expected to decline over the next few months. The extent of the decline will depend on economic developments.

Nonmanufacturing as a whole remained stable over the year. Contract construction saw a slight increase in the special trade contractors sector; however, this increase appears to be temporary in nature and further declines are expected over the next few months. Wholesale and retail trade declined only slightly over the month; however, this decline comes at a time when the sector normally increases. Should inflation continue to outrun personal income, further declines in trade can be expected. The governmental sector declined 300 over the month, with the majority of the loss occurring in local government. This sector will probably level off as the special programs (CETA, etc..) stabilize.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggert, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	44.1	43.7	42.1	.4	2.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.5	10.6	.0	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.2	2.3	1.9	.1-	.3
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.3	9.2	8.8	.1	.5
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.7	.6	.7	.1	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.1	5.1	4.6	.0	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	32.6	32.2	31.5	.4	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.5	3.6	3.4	.1-	.1
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.7	9.3	9.3	.4	.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.2	3.0	2.9	.2	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.3	6.5	.2	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	1.8	1.8	1.7	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	5.4	5.3	5.0	.1	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FEDERAL	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	7.4	.0	.1-

Note: Estimates were prepared by an area analyst, based on reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties, Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates are based on first quarter 1978 benchmark. Pertinent data for prior periods have been revised to reflect the latest information available. The data were compiled as a part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPJRT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	121.5	121.3	120.4	.2	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.3	36.2	.1	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.6	9.6	.1	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.1	4.0	3.9	.1	.2
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.7	26.7	26.7	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.1	10.1	10.5	.0	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.8	2.9	2.9	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.6	10.2	.0	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.1	84.9	84.2	.2	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.8	6.8	7.4	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	24.8	24.9	24.9	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.9	3.8	3.8	.1	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	20.9	21.1	21.2	.2-	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.5	15.0	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.1	28.9	28.3	.2	.8
FEDERAL	998011	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	22.3	22.2	21.6	.1	.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	81.8	82.2	80.5	.4-	1.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	20.8	20.7	20.4	.1	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	5.8	.0	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.7	.6	.1-	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.6	4.3	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	14.8	14.7	14.6	.1	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.6	3.7	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	60.9	61.5	60.1	.6-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.6	5.1	.3-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.3	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	17.1	17.1	17.2	.0	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.4	14.5	14.5	.1-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.3	5.2	.1-	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	10.9	10.7	10.6	.2	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	19.8	20.3	18.6	.5-	1.2
FEDERAL	998011	6.0	6.1	6.0	.1-	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.8	14.2	12.6	.4-	1.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	94.5	94.6	96.4	.1-	1.9-
MANUFACTURING	300005	14.6	14.8	15.6	.2-	1.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.6	4.7	.1-	.2-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.5	1.4	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.2	2.3	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.1	10.2	10.9	.1-	.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.6	1.7	2.0	.1-	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	1.8	1.8	2.0	.0	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	1.9	2.0	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.6	1.8	.1	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.9	79.8	80.8	.1	.9-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.3	5.0	.0	.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.5	19.8	.1	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.8	5.8	5.7	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.1	15.0	15.1	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.4	30.6	30.6	.2-	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	15.9	16.0	.1	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.5	14.7	14.6	.2-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.1	83.5	83.3	.4-	.2-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.5	16.9	16.7	.4-	.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.2	6.2	6.3	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.0	3.1	2.9	.1-	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.9	1.9	2.2	.0	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.6	10.4	.3-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	2.0	1.9	.1-	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	5.1	4.9	.3-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	1.7	1.7	.1-	.1-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	66.6	66.6	66.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.6	4.4	6.5	.2	1.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	10.3	10.3	8.4	.0	1.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.4	19.3	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.6	14.7	14.8	.1-	.2-
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	13.6	13.5	13.6	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.7	14.9	14.9	.2-	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	11.9	12.2	12.3	.3-	.4-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO OCT 1979	PREV MO SEP 1979	CUR MO YRGO OCT 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.1	11.5	11.6	.4-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.0	3.9	4.5	.1	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.6	7.1	.5-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	4.0	3.7	.5-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

OCTOBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78	CUR MO OCT 79	PRV MO SEP 79	CM YA OCT 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$306.51	$311.96	$279.07	43.6	44.0	43.2	$7.03	$7.09	$6.46
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$275.37	$284.91	$229.80	42.3	43.3	40.6	$6.51	$6.58	$5.66
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$323.83	$326.78	$309.57	44.3	44.4	44.8	$7.31	$7.36	$6.91
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$187.50	$190.64	$208.49	38.5	39.8	42.9	$4.87	$4.79	$4.86
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$386.69	$377.94	$346.63	46.2	45.1	44.9	$8.37	$8.38	$7.72
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$276.62	$277.45	$322.10	43.7	43.9	49.1	$6.33	$6.32	$6.56
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$326.76	$340.18	$263.95	44.7	45.6	43.2	$7.31	$7.46	$6.11

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3.000

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From Revised September 1979	Change From October 1978
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,145	2,359,400	2,335,808	10,745	34,337
Employed	2,248,497	2,243,563	2,210,809	4,934	37,688
Unemployed	121,648	115,837	124,999	5,811	-3,351
Rate	5.1	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,390	50,816	48,595	574	2,795
Employed	48,234	47,725	45,512	509	2,722
Unemployed	3,156	3,091	3,083	65	73
Rate	6.1	6.1	6.3	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	921,044	915,860	913,359	5,184	7,685
Employed	878,852	874,800	866,996	4,052	11,856
Unemployed	42,192	41,060	46,363	1,132	-4,171
Rate	4.6	4.5	5.1	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,451	127,257	125,330	194	2,121
Employed	120,411	120,045	117,810	366	2,601
Unemployed	7,040	7,212	7,520	172	-480
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.0	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,387	88,799	84,886	-412	3,501
Employed	82,613	82,990	79,704	-377	2,909
Unemployed	5,774	5,809	5,182	-35	592
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.1	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,776	100,762	103,067	14	-2,291
Employed	95,158	95,136	96,752	22	-1,594
Unemployed	5,618	5,626	6,315	-8	-697
Rate	5.6	5.6	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,433	89,746	90,285	-313	-852
Employed	84,475	84,771	84,653	-296	-178
Unemployed	4,958	4,975	5,632	-17	-674
Rate	5.5	5.5	6.2	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Revised September 1979	October 1978
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,451	127,257	125,330	194	2,121
Employed	120,411	120,045	117,810	366	2,601
Unemployed	7,040	7,212	7,520	-172	-480
Rate	5.5	5.7	6.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,558	85,490	79,675	68	5,883
Employed	80,625	80,448	74,891	177	5,734
Unemployed	4,933	5,042	4,784	-109	149
Rate	5.8	5.9	6.0	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,893	41,767	45,655	126	-3,762
Employed	39,786	39,597	42,919	189	-3,133
Unemployed	2,107	2,170	2,736	-63	-629
Rate	5.0	5.2	6.0	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Revised September 1979	October 1978
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,387	88,799	84,886	-412	3,501
Employed	82,613	82,990	79,704	-377	2,909
Unemployed	5,774	5,809	5,182	-35	592
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.1	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,816	71,044	66,472	-228	4,344
Employed	66,361	66,576	62,527	-215	3,834
Unemployed	4,455	4,468	3,945	-13	510
Rate	6.3	6.3	5.9	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,571	17,755	18,414	-184	-843
Employed	16,252	16,414	17,177	-162	-925
Unemployed	1,319	1,341	1,237	-22	82
Rate	7.5	7.6	6.7	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary October 1979	Revised September 1979	October 1978	Change From September 1979	Change From October 1978
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,145	2,359,400	2,335,808	10,745	34,337
Employed	2,248,497	2,243,563	2,210,809	4,934	37,688
Unemployed	121,648	115,837	124,999	5,811	-3,351
Rate	5.1	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,367,909	1,361,741	1,346,486	6,168	21,423
Employed	1,299,003	1,294,637	1,274,177	4,366	24,826
Unemployed	68,906	67,104	72,309	1,802	-3,403
Rate	5.0	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,002,236	997,659	989,322	4,577	12,914
Employed	949,494	948,926	936,632	568	12,862
Unemployed	52,742	48,733	52,690	4,009	52
Rate	5.3	4.9	5.3	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of (1) All persons who did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) All persons who did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) All persons who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of (1) All persons who did not have a job during the survey week and who made a specific effort to find a job during the past four weeks. (2) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to report to a a new job within 30 days

According to BLS definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of (1) Current unemployment insurance claimants. (2) Persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) Claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) Persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some domestics, and unpaid family workers

S 1905-1

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

DECEMBER 1979

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(November Data)

MONETARY POLICY AFFECTS CREDIT AND HOUSING

In November, the effects of the Federal Reserve's monetary policy action on October 6 began to surface. The value of the dollar abroad rose, mortgage credit and bank loans were tightened, the price of gold was somewhat steady, and speculation subsided. These results have caused major strains in financial markets such as credit unions, and caused layoffs in vulnerable industries such as housing.

At one time, credit unions reflected an industry growth of deposits of 18 percent a year. Members were attracted by comparatively high interest accrual and low-cost loans. However, credit union members are now beginning to channel deposits to higher-yielding markets because of inflation. The credit unions are unable to compete with these markets because of the 12 percent usury ceiling (in effect for all federal and some 20 state credit unions). To continue operations, many credit unions are restricting loans so that lendable funds for more essential items will be available, while some credit unions are being forced to stop lending completely.

Another sector that is showing signs of decline because of high interest rates is the housing industry. It is not that housing is unavailable; there are just few buyers who can afford the payments. Jay Janis, chairman of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, said, "Only 15 percent of potential homebuyers can meet today's monthly payments. People must spend about 36 percent of their disposable income for housing today, or about twice as much as 10 years ago." (*Atlanta Constitution*, Nov. 29, 1979). Therefore, as fewer houses are bought, fewer houses will be built. Michael Sumichrast, chief economist of the National Association of Home Builders, believes "housing starts will drop below an annual rate of one million by next year's second quarter. This is down 36 percent from this year's estimated 1.7 million starts." (*Business Week*, Nov. 26, 1979).

With credit unions in a bind and housing hard-pressed for buyers, perhaps the long-expected recession is finally breaking. It will be interesting to see what other effects will result in the coming months from the actions taken by the Federal Reserve concerning interest rates and inflation.

GEORGIA RETAIL TRADE REFLECTS SEASONAL RISE

Retail trade employment in Georgia rose 1,100 due to the coming Christmas season. Gains were registered in mail order houses, department and variety stores, and apparel shops. The increased employment is in anticipation by retailers of a large influx of shoppers in November and December. There are those, however, who are hoping that Christmas shopping will be light. Economists such as Judith N. Mackey fear that "a Christmas splurge will mean a longer, or more severe credit crunch." (*Business Week*, Nov. 26, 1979). Many retailers have already raised the minimum monthly payments for revolving charge customers and have enforced limits on charge accounts. The figures for the next couple of months will aid in determining the effects of consumer buying on trade, as well as the economy as a whole.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

INDUSTRIAL PARK BEGUN IN NORTH FULTON

Pope and Land Enterprises, Incorporated, has announced the start of development of a 132-acre suburban office park. The land is presently owned by Chase Manhattan Mortgage and Realty Trust and is situated near the intersection of Interstate 75 and Interstate 285 in north Fulton County. Completion is expected in three to five years, and it will have 1 million to 1.5 million square feet of space available. The first building, to be completed by next August, will be a 13,000 square-foot, six-story structure.

TOBACCO FIRM TO EXPAND

Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corporation has announced plans for a $16 million expansion of its cigarette manufacturing plant located in the Ocmulgee East Industrial Park in Macon.

QUARRY TO EXPAND

The Macon Ruby Quarry, a division of Martin Marietta, will double the capacity of its granite quarry in Jones County at a cost of $8.5 million. The quarry presently produces about two billion tons of crushed granite a year for construction projects in Georgia and parts of Florida.

MACON TO CONSTRUCT OFFICE BUILDING

Macon's Mayor Buck Melton has announced that the Family Federal Savings and Loan Association will build an $8 million, ten-story office building and two-story parking garage. Construction is scheduled to begin in February 1980.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE BEGUN

Louisville, Kentucky, based Nichols-Thornton-Sturgeon Development Company has begun construction on a $5 million office and warehouse distribution complex in Atlanta. The site is located on 14 acres at Peachtree Industrial Boulevard and Peachtree Corners Circle. The facility, to be called Peachtree Corporate Center, will include six one-story office and warehouse buildings totaling 193,000 square feet.

WAREHOUSE CONSTRUCTION IN DOUGLAS COUNTY

California-based Eurasian Automotive Parts Company began construction of a $1 million, 58,000 square-foot warehouse distribution facility in the Westfork Industrial Center in Douglas County. Completion is slated for the spring of 1980.

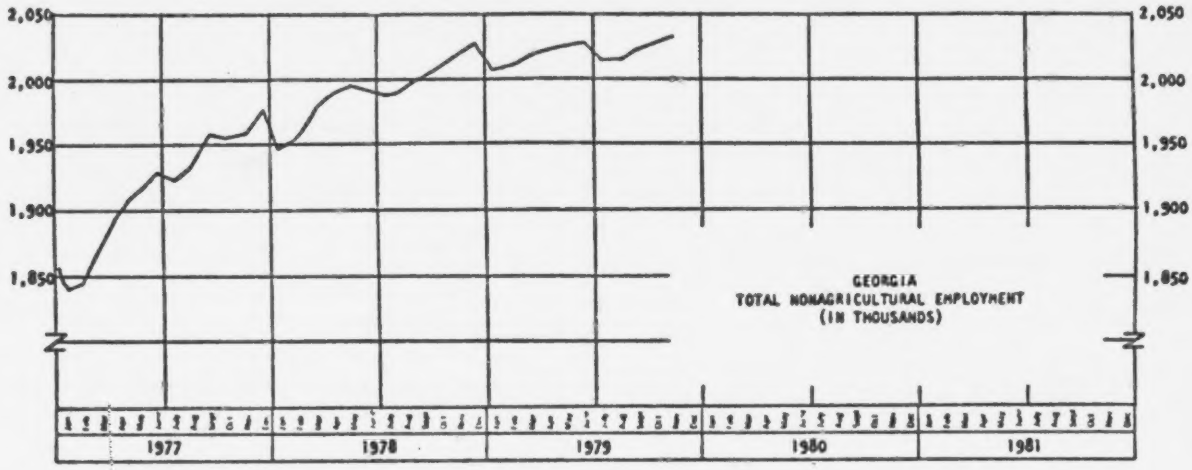
LAGRANGE TO GET INCUBATOR PLANT

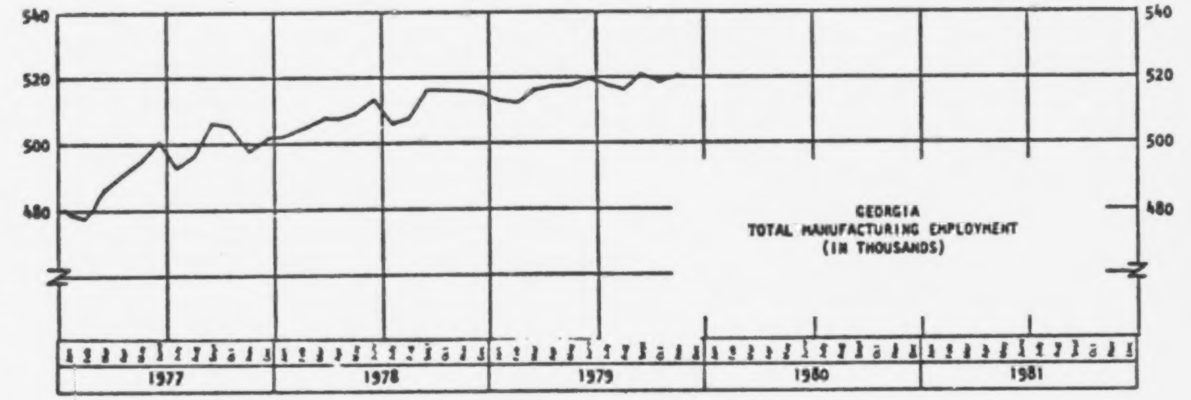
Butler Manufacturing Company has announced plans to move its incubator division headquarters to LaGrange. Construction of the new manufacturing plant, to be situated on 20 acres in LaGrange Industrial Park, will begin next year and, when completed, will employ about 67 persons.

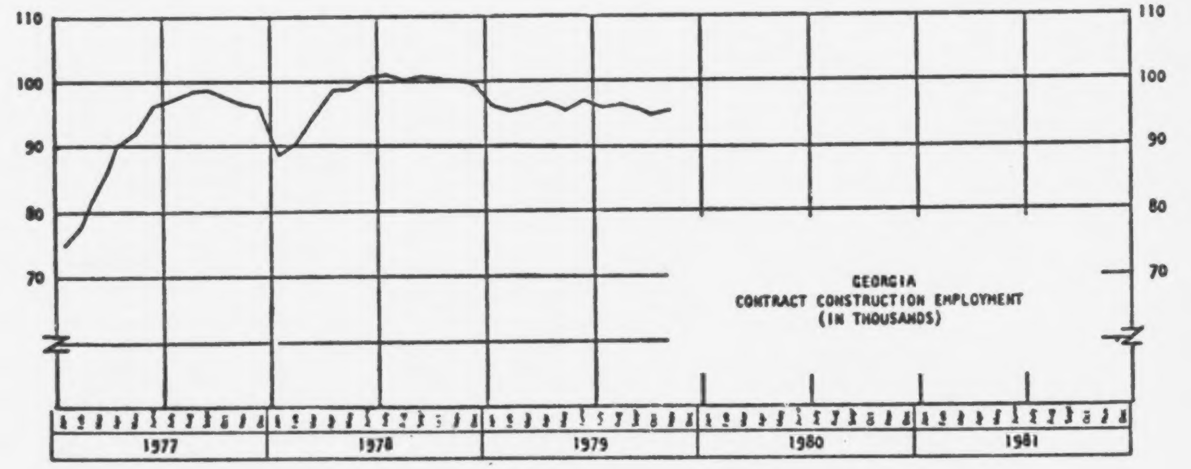
AIR TERMINAL OPENS

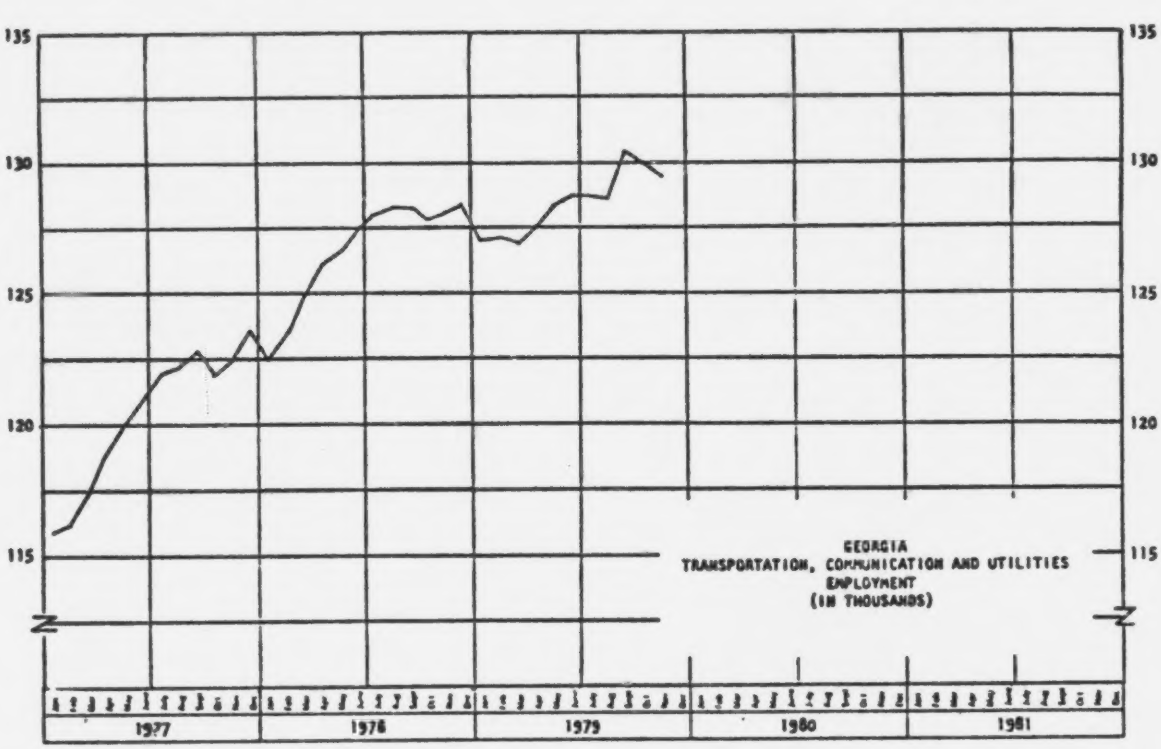
Philadelphia-based Pilot Air Freight Corporation has opened a terminal at Hartsfield-Atlanta International Airport. The terminal will be the forerunner for the firm's future expansion in the South and Southwest.

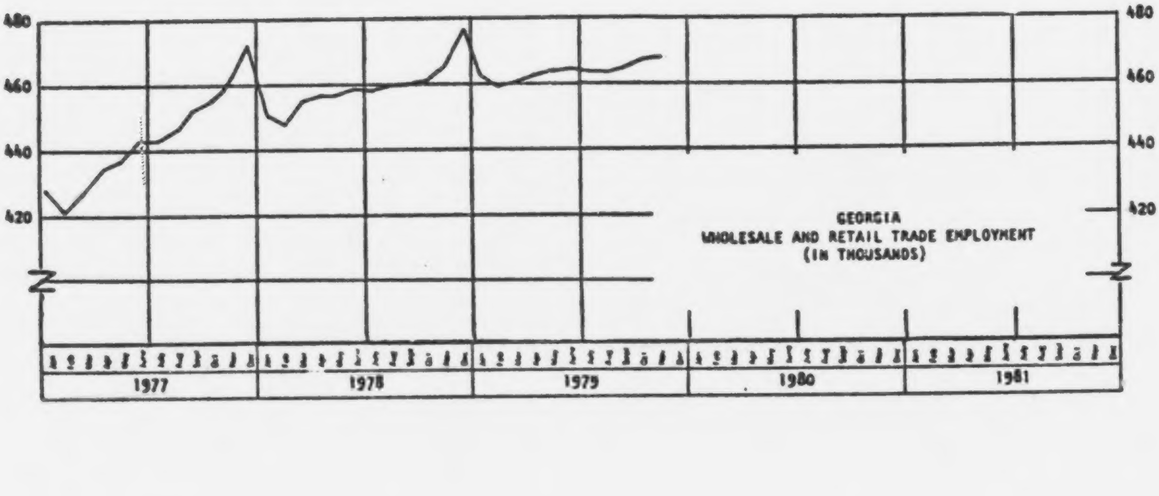
Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.

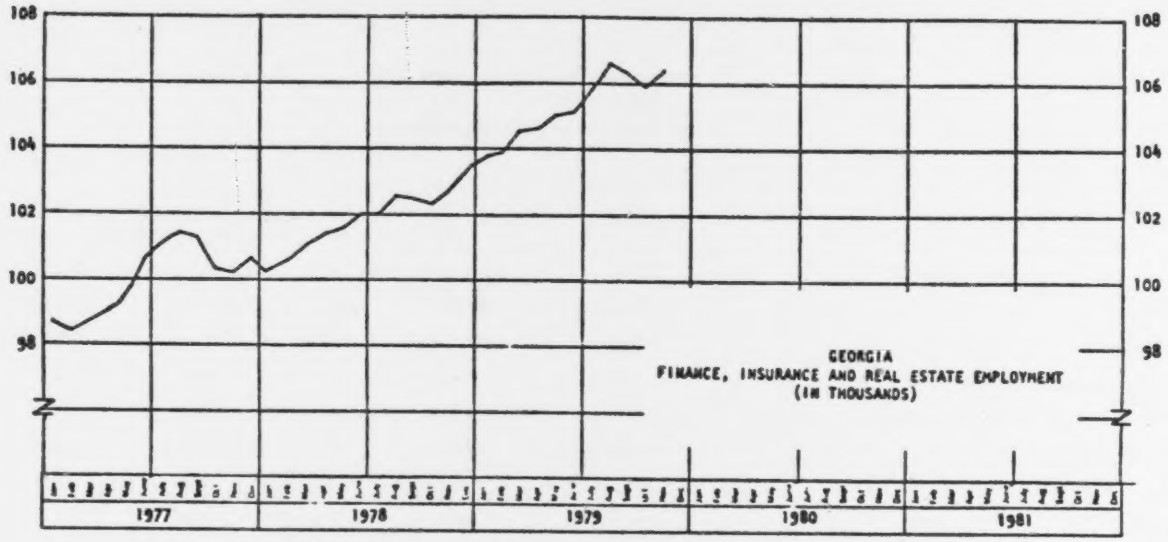

GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


GEORGIA
TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

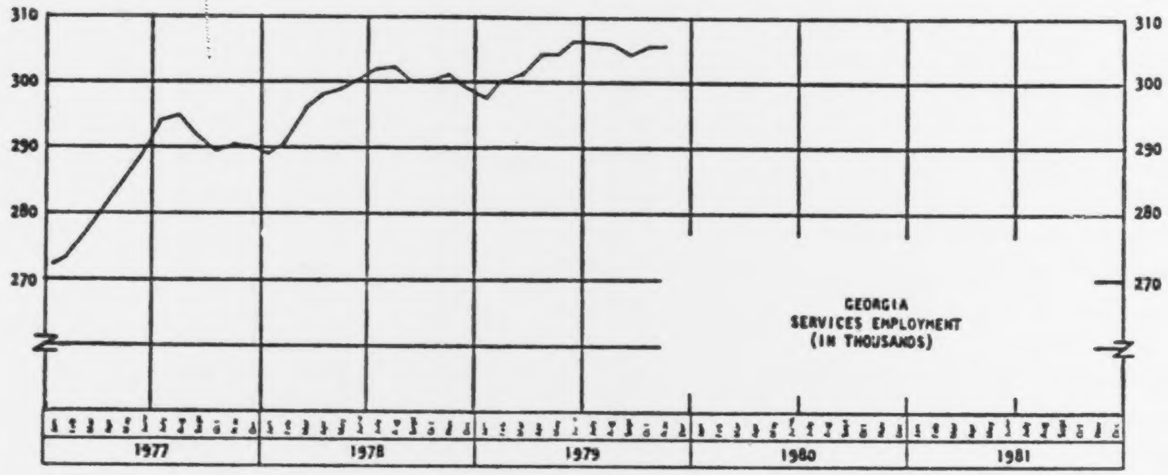

GEORGIA
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


135
130
125
120
115
GEORGIA
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES
EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981

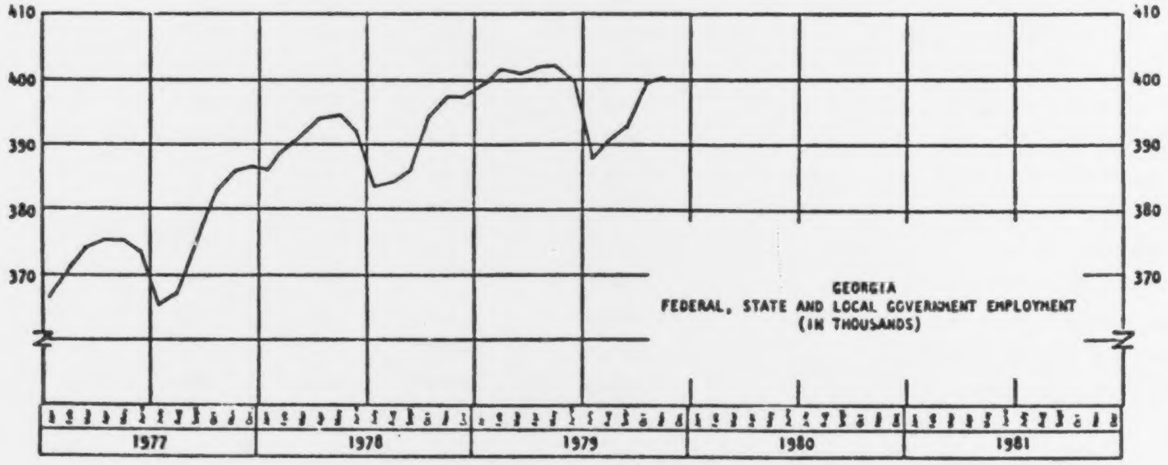

480
460
440
420
GEORGIA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981



GEORGIA
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



GEORGIA
SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



GEORGIA
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,033.3	2,029.1	2,019.0	4.2	14.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	520.6	518.3	516.2	2.3	4.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	179.0	176.8	176.8	2.2	2.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.2	28.9	29.0	.3	.2
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.6	15.6	15.4	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.4	9.3	9.7	.1	.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.0	6.9	7.2	.1	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.5	18.7	18.0	.2-	.5
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.6	16.5	15.9	.1	.7
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.3	20.6	20.3	.3-	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	20.1	20.0	19.3	.1	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.5	19.0	18.4	.5	1.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	33.9	32.4	34.8	1.5	.9-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.4	11.4	11.5	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	341.6	341.5	339.4	.1	2.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	57.7	58.1	56.7	.4-	1.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	22.0	22.1	20.7	.1-	1.3
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.2	15.1	14.1	.1	1.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.4	4.4	4.5	.0	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.4	9.3	9.2	.1	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	122.4	122.1	122.8	.3	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.6	29.4	29.8	.2	.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.5	9.3	9.2	.2	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	32.8	33.0	32.6	.2-	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.6	24.5	24.9	.1	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.7	75.3	75.3	.4	.4
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	42.1	42.0	42.0	.1	.1
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	21.0	20.9	21.1	.1	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.3	27.3	26.8	.0	.5
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.0	13.0	13.2	.0	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	7.1	7.0	6.7	.1	.4
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	22.0	22.0	21.3	.0	.7
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	7.6	7.6	7.5	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.8	16.7	16.4	.1	.4
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.9	3.0	2.9	.1-	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.8	16.9	17.0	.1-	.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,512.7	1,510.8	1,502.8	1.9	9.9
MINING	100005	7.8	7.8	7.6	.0	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	95.3	95.2	100.0	.1	4.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	129.5	130.3	128.0	.8-	1.5
TRANSPORTATION	500015	77.0	77.5	78.1	.5-	1.1-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	32.8	32.7	31.1	.1	1.7
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	19.7	20.1	18.9	.4-	.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	467.7	466.9	465.4	.8	2.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	146.4	146.8	145.2	.4-	1.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	88.3	88.4	87.0	.1-	1.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	58.1	58.4	58.3	.3-	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	321.2	320.1	320.2	1.1	1.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	106.4	106.0	102.8	.1	3.6
FINANCE	760025	44.9	44.6	43.5	.3	1.4
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.6	38.6	.1	1.1
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.8	21.8	20.8	.0	1.0
SERVICES	800005	305.8	305.9	301.1	.1-	4.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	400.3	398.7	397.7	1.6	2.6
FEDERAL	998011	80.8	80.6	80.6	.2	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	319.6	318.0	317.2	1.6	2.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	400.3	398.4	401.0	1.9	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	136.0	134.1	136.4	1.9	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	264.3	264.3	264.5	.0	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	39.4	39.5	39.0	.1-	.4
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	103.6	103.2	104.1	.4	.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.5	26.3	26.7	.2	.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.3	4.4	4.4	.1-	.1-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.9	7.7	7.8	.2	.1
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.1	27.1	26.9	.0	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.8	21.7	22.1	.1	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.7	62.6	63.2	.1	.5-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.7	34.8	35.1	.1-	.4-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	17.1	17.0	18.0	.1	.9-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.3	23.3	23.7	.0	.4-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.3	8.3	8.8	.0	.5-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	20.7	20.8	20.4	.1-	.3
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	9.9	10.0	10.2	.1-	.3-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.7	9.6	9.9	.1	.2-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.8	2.9	2.5	.1-	.3
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.4	14.5	14.2	.1-	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.1	11.9	11.4	.2	.7
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.6	16.8	16.5	.2-	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	13.9	13.8	13.5	.1	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.9	12.4	12.1	.5	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.9	23.4	26.3	1.5	1.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78	CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78	CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$224.95	$220.19	$204.32	41.2	40.7	40.3	$5.46	$5.41	$5.07
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$248.87	$244.80	$235.94	41.0	40.8	40.4	$6.07	$6.00	$5.84
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$213.11	$207.57	$188.20	41.3	40.7	40.3	$5.16	$5.10	$4.67
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$219.78	$213.73	$188.18	40.4	40.1	38.8	$5.44	$5.33	$4.85
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$205.68	$199.28	$181.38	43.3	42.4	41.6	$4.75	$4.70	$4.36
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$224.05	$211.56	$191.98	44.9	43.0	42.1	$4.99	$4.92	$4.56
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$232.96	$223.51	$201.07	44.8	43.4	42.6	$5.20	$5.15	$4.72
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$167.65	$159.95	$131.69	41.6	40.7	37.2	$4.03	$3.93	$3.54
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$197.10	$193.98	$174.31	43.8	43.3	41.7	$4.50	$4.48	$4.18
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$196.80	$199.00	$194.03	41.0	41.2	43.7	$4.80	$4.83	$4.44
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$145.49	$142.03	$129.90	37.4	36.7	36.8	$3.89	$3.87	$3.53
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$142.76	$138.57	$129.96	36.7	35.9	35.9	$3.89	$3.86	$3.62
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$142.07	$137.09	$122.47	36.9	35.7	37.0	$3.85	$3.84	$3.31
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$169.95	$164.34	$166.85	39.8	39.6	40.4	$4.27	$4.15	$4.13
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$170.43	$171.64	$160.97	34.5	35.1	36.5	$4.94	$4.89	$4.41
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426003	$367.81	$354.34	$323.52	44.8	43.8	44.5	$8.21	$8.09	$7.27
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$412.66	$403.27	$363.19	47.0	46.3	45.8	$8.78	$8.71	$7.93
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$283.40	$294.50	$270.72	43.4	45.1	44.6	$6.53	$6.53	$6.07
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$134.02	$139.70	$132.70	38.4	39.8	37.7	$3.49	$3.51	$3.52
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$254.13	$252.32	$216.71	44.9	44.5	41.2	$5.66	$5.67	$5.26
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$305.59	$282.87	$287.28	42.8	40.7	43.2	$7.14	$6.95	$6.65
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$258.13	$253.02	$218.67	43.9	43.4	39.4	$5.88	$5.83	$5.55
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$230.69	$244.00	$224.70	39.1	40.0	39.7	$5.90	$6.10	$5.66
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$238.58	$230.56	$235.17	44.1	44.0	40.2	$5.41	$5.24	$5.85
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$352.91	$355.11	$355.72	39.3	39.5	41.8	$8.98	$8.99	$8.51

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

NOV 79 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= NOV 79 PREV MO= OCT 79 CURR MO YR AGO= NOV 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	CODE	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.9	4.7	3.3	2.4	3.9	2.7	.3	.4	.3	3.5	4.4	3.2	2.0	2.9	2.1	.7	.6	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	4.2	2.6	1.7	3.6	2.2	.1	.3	.2	2.6	3.4	2.4	1.3	1.9	1.4	.6	.6	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.3	4.9	3.5	2.7	4.1	2.9	.3	.4	.3	3.8	4.8	3.5	2.3	3.3	2.3	.7	.6	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.2	5.8	4.3	3.4	4.7	3.2	.3	.4	.5	4.7	5.3	4.9	2.8	3.7	2.7	1.0	.5	1.4
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.4	5.4	3.9	3.0	4.7	3.4	.3	.3	.3	3.8	5.2	3.8	2.5	3.8	2.8	.5	.5	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.0	5.6	4.8	3.5	4.5	4.0	.3	.4	.4	4.6	6.0	4.7	3.0	3.6	3.3	.3	.9	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	1.9	2.8	3.7	1.7	2.5	3.5	.0	.0	.1	2.2	4.2	3.6	1.9	3.2	2.7	.0	.3	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.6	6.7	1.3	2.6	6.2	1.2	.5	.1	.1	3.9	4.9	2.9	1.7	4.2	2.0	1.4	.0	.1
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	5.4	6.2	4.3	5.1	5.9	4.0	.2	.1	.2	5.1	5.3	3.7	4.1	4.5	2.8	.1	.4	.4
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.6	4.3	3.4	2.4	3.6	3.0	.2	.4	.2	2.4	5.1	3.5	1.8	3.8	2.6	.0	.1	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	3.8	5.7	3.8	3.1	4.8	3.3	.4	.7	.2	4.8	5.0	3.3	3.0	3.9	2.5	1.0	.4	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.7	5.2	3.7	3.1	4.5	3.1	.3	.6	.2	4.2	4.6	3.3	3.0	4.0	2.7	.6	.1	.1
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	6.0	3.6	3.0	4.6	3.3	.6	1.1	.3	6.1	5.7	3.8	3.4	3.9	2.9	1.8	.9	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.7	5.6	4.3	3.0	4.9	4.2	.6	.5	.1	4.5	5.4	5.1	2.6	3.8	3.8	1.2	.3	.1
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	3.0	5.2	2.6	2.6	4.9	2.0	.2	.0	.3	2.9	4.6	2.7	2.1	3.1	1.9	.0	.2	.7
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.4	1.8	1.2	1.0	1.3	.8	.4	.4	.2	1.4	2.0	1.4	.7	.8	.6	.4	.5	.4
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.6	1.1	.7	1.1	.7	.4	.5	.3	.3	1.2	1.8	1.4	.3	.8	.7	.5	.6	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.7	2.4	2.0	1.2	2.0	1.6	.2	.1	.2	1.8	2.3	1.4	.8	1.0	.6	.4	.3	.6
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	3.0	3.8	3.8	1.7	3.1	1.9	1.2	.6	1.9	3.7	7.1	5.7	1.5	2.9	1.7	1.2	3.2	3.7
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.3	2.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.4	.3	.2	.2	1.8	2.2	1.7	1.0	1.3	1.0	.1	.1	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	1.3	3.1	4.0	1.3	3.0	2.3	.0	.1	1.4	6.7	10.1	3.9	2.8	6.5	2.1	3.1	3.1	.5
STONE, CLAY AND CLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	6.0	2.7	3.2	5.2	2.3	.0	.4	.1	4.3	5.8	2.8	2.9	4.0	1.8	.0	.4	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.3	2.0	1.6	1.0	1.8	1.4	.0	.0	.0	.8	1.0	.8	.2	.4	.5	.1	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.8	5.2	2.6	2.7	4.3	2.3	.0	.7	.2	4.0	4.3	2.4	1.5	2.6	1.6	1.8	1.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.3	3.7	2.5	2.1	3.2	2.3	.2	.2	.1	4.1	2.6	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.4	.2	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	1.5	4.9	1.5	.9	4.7	.8	.2	.1	.0	1.9	2.5	1.9	.6	1.3	.7	.3	.6	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	.9	3.0	2.5	.6	2.1	1.7	.1	.4	.3	.9	2.2	1.9	.5	.8	.7	.0	.9	.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

JOBS IN ATLANTA AREA UP 3,600

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, except domestics, rose 3,600 over the month to an estimated level of 872,100 for November. Gains were made in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing during the current month and over the year.

AUTO WORKERS RETURN TO JOBS

Manufacturing, at 139,600, rose 2,100 during the month. The gain was in the durable goods producing sector, primarily due to the return of some workers to their jobs in an automobile assembly plant after a temporary layoff.

Over-the-year manufacturing increased 3,100. Increments were reported in electric and electronic equipment, up 1,000; machinery, except electrical, up 700; stone, clay and glass products, up 400; and printing and publishing, up 500. Transportation equipment declined 300 and was confined to automobile assembly. "Other nondurable goods" dropped 300 with fewer jobs in miscellaneous plastics products.

SEASONAL GAINS IN RETAIL TRADE AND PUBLIC EDUCATION

Nonmanufacturing increased 1,400 during the month to a level of 732,500 for November. Trade and government accounted for all the increase. The only significant loss occurred in finance, insurance and real estate. Annually, nonmanufacturing gained 2,200 with only construction and trade (retail) experiencing losses.

HOME BUILDING PERMITS DECLINE

The number of home building permits in the Atlanta metropolitan area decreased in November to 852 compared to 1,305 for October, according to the monthly report of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta. A total of 14,016 permits were issued during the first eleven months of 1979. This was 1,152 more than for the same period of 1978.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

MANUFACTURING GAINS IN ALBANY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was estimated at 44,600 in November. This represented a gain of 600 jobs over the month and 2,000 over the year. Most of the increment was in manufacturing while construction, the previous trendsetter, continued to decline. There were an additional 800-plus in manufacturing over the month. The major contribution to the increase was the food and kindred products group as Miller Brewery began limited production. A small fluctuation was also recorded in the "other nondurable goods" segment.

Contract construction, at 3,200, continued to decline as heavy construction in the area began to decelerate. An increase in residential construction appears to be indicated as soon as the weather allows, due to limited availability of housing in the area. This is contingent upon loans being available at the time.

The outlook indicates a trend toward increased manufacturing employment in the coming months. This will be dependent upon several expansion projects in the area being completed on schedule in the 1980's.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA TRADE DROPS IN NOVEMBER

Employment in the Augusta area rose to 121,900, an increase of 400 jobs. Gains in manufacturing, government and construction more than offset a moderate loss in trade. Annually, an increase of 1,400 jobs was recorded. All major industry divisions shared in the rise except construction and trade, both of which reported losses.

Manufacturing, at 36,500, was up 100 over the month, with increased activity in textile mill products partially offset by a moderate loss in metals and machinery. Annually, manufacturing rose 100. Gains in stone, clay and glass products, food and kindred products, and "other nondurable goods" were almost wiped out by losses in textile mill products and "other durable goods."

Construction, at 6,900, climbed 100 over the month as a result of more activity in building and special trades construction. This division dropped 500 over the year due to the completion of several projects in the area.

Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but gained 200 over the year, with the increase dispersed through most of the division. Trade, at 24,800, dropped 100 over the month, attributable to less business in the retail sector. This division lost 300 over the year for the same reason. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,400, was unchanged but increased 100 over the year, with scattered increments throughout most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,600, was unchanged over the month but gained 700 annually, principally because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 29,300, rose 200 over the month, triggered by more activity in the federal sector. This division increased 1,200 over the year, with more activity in both subdivisions.

OUTLOOK: Trade will rise during December and begin to decline in January, bottoming out in February. Construction will experience little change until better weather begins a moderate upturn, usually in early spring. The escalation of inflation and soaring energy costs will have an adverse impact on the area economy and negate some growth that would otherwise take place, especially in housing construction, where interest rates have curtailed activity.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT RISES IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment totaled 82,100 in November. This was an increase of 400 from October and a gain of 1,000 from November 1978. The monthly gain was primarily felt in the nonmanufacturing sector, while the annual rise was equally shared by manufacturing and nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing employment increased 100 over the month due to more business in metals and machinery, and food and kindred products. Over-the-year gains were indicated in metals and machinery, apparel and other finished textile products; printing, publishing and allied products, and "other nondurable goods."

Nonmanufacturing employment swelled over the month by 300 workers, primarily due to expanded school employment and the hiring of disadvantaged persons in state and local government through the CETA program. A smaller gain was noted in contract construction, while losses were indicated in transportation, communication and public utilities; trade, and services. Over the year, nonmanufacturing employment revealed a net gain of 500 workers. An increase of 1,700 in state and local government, and a gain of 100 in services more than offset losses in contract construction and federal government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423.

TRADE AND SERVICES EMPLOYMENT GAINS IN MACON

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 94,700 in November. The current preliminary estimate rose 400 from October and was down 1,700 from a year ago. During the month, manufacturing was up 200, with durable goods remaining stable and nondurable goods gaining 200. Nonmanufacturing added 300, with gains in trade and services being partially offset by losses in construction; finance, insurance and real estate; and government. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services was unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing was down 100, with a loss in durable goods. Nondurable goods was unchanged. Nonmanufacturing declined 1,500, with losses in construction, trade, and government. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services advanced slightly; and finance, insurance and real estate, and services were unchanged during the year.

Manufacturing, at 14,800, was up 200 from last month and down 100 from November 1978. During the month, durable goods was stable, with a loss in stone, clay and glass offsetting a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods gained 200, with an increase in textiles and apparel. Food, paper, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged. Annually, durable goods declined 100, with a decrease in lumber and wood. Nondurable goods was unchanged, with small fluctuations in segments.

Construction, at 4,200, declined 100 from October and 600 from November 1978. During the month, general construction was up; heavy construction was down; and special trades construction was unchanged. Annually, all segments recorded losses. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,600, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from November 1978. Most of the annual gain was in transportation. Trade, at 19,500, was up 300 from October and down 600 from a year ago. Most of the monthly increase was due to temporary hiring for the Christmas season. Annually, most of the decline was in retail business establishments. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,700, was down 100 from last month and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly decline was in real estate. Services, at 15,200 was up 100 from October and unchanged from November 1978. Most of the monthly change was in covered services. Government, at 30,300, was down 100 from October and down 600 from a year ago. During the month, a gain of 100 in the federal segment partially offset a decrease of 200 in the state and local segment. Annually, the federal segment rose 100 and the state and local segment declined 500. Most of the annual decline was among CETA workers.

NEW BUSINESS: DIJKA USA, Inc., a Dutch firm that makes pipes and pipe fittings, will build a $4.5 million plant in Macon.

ANSA Muffler Corporation, an Italian firm, will build a 12.5 million warehouse and manufacturing plant in Bibb County.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews (912) 744-6167.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT DOWN FROM YEAR AGO

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA is presently at a deceivingly stable level. The difference between October and November employment is negligible. However, the difference between the November year-ago and current-month figures are glaringly indicative of the trend in employment for at least the first two quarters of 1980.

Contract construction accounts for approximately 83 percent of the yearly decline in employment. Because construction is a leading indicator of the economic trends, some bad news may be in store for the Savannah area. At this point in time, residential building permits for the future are down. Commercial construction is up slightly (new motel and shopping center); however, the money committed to these projects is money that was committed previously. With the interest rate at its present level, future money commitments may become scarce.

Wholesale and retail trade, which have been surprisingly stable over the previous six months, is in for some trimming. A local survey of financial institutions resulted in some rather clear indications of what appears to be happening nationwide. In general, the results of the survey indicate that, although consumer debt is still increasing, the rate of increase has slowed down. The number of automobiles being financed is down, as well as the number of homes being financed. In all probability, other segments of the retail sector will be hit with declining sales as soon as the Christmas holidays are over. Whether or not the decrease continues past the second quarter depends on many things. The cost of energy is increasing rapidly. The cost of credit has been increasing rapidly over the previous two quarters; however, with less demand for credit, some easing of interest rates may result. Real disposable income has been falling behind the rise in the cost of living. With these things in mind, the consumer buying rush may be coming to an end.

The governmental sector has not been without its problems. With a cutback in CETA funds, employment on the local level has been declining. This particular sector will not increase, at least not until the new funding in October 1980.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	872.1	868.5	866.8	3.6	5.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	139.6	137.5	136.5	2.1	3.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.9	68.7	68.5	2.2	2.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.4	3.3	3.3	.1	.1
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.3	2.2	2.1	.1	.2
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.7	7.7	7.3	.0	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.0	5.0	4.7	.0	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.9	7.9	7.8	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.9	6.8	6.2	.1	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	8.9	8.7	7.9	.2	1.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.7	23.1	25.0	1.6	.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.2	3.2	.1	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	68.7	68.8	68.1	.1-	.6
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.0	17.8	17.8	.2	.2
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.2	5.1	5.0	.1	.2
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.8	2.9	2.9	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.0	7.0	6.7	.0	.3
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.3	10.3	.1-	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	.1-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.3	7.3	7.3	.0	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.2	14.2	13.7	.0	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	5.5	5.4	5.5	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.6	4.7	4.9	.1-	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	732.5	731.1	730.3	1.4	2.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	37.0	37.1	39.7	.1-	2.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	79.4	79.6	78.0	.2-	1.4
TRANSPORTATION	500015	52.1	52.3	52.0	.2-	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	239.9	238.7	243.9	1.2	4.0-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	92.1	91.9	91.3	.2	.8
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	61.1	61.3	60.3	.2-	.8
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	31.0	30.6	31.0	.4	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	147.8	146.8	152.5	1.0	4.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE,INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	61.6	62.6	59.3	1.0-	2.3
FINANCE	760025	22.8	22.7	22.0	.1	.8
INSURANCE CARRIERS,AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	24.7	24.6	23.4	.1	1.3
SERVICES	800055	160.3	160.3	158.5	.0	1.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	154.4	152.8	150.9	1.6	3.5
FEDERAL	998011	29.3	29.4	29.4	.1-	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	125.1	123.4	121.5	1.7	3.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	96.9	95.1	96.1	1.8	.8
DURABLE GOODS	300025	50.8	49.0	50.1	1.8	.7
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	46.1	46.1	46.0	.0	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.2	9.9	10.2	.3	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.9	6.0	5.8	.1-	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.4	8.5	.1-	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.7	3.8	4.0	.1-	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.4	2.4	2.5	.0	.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.6	2.5	2.8	.1	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.5	5.6	5.5	.1-	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.5	3.4	3.8	.1	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.5	5.5	5.3	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.1	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	6.0	5.9	6.1	.1	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.6	4.2	.1-	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	18.4	16.8	18.9	1.6	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CH YA NOV 78	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CH YA NOV 78	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CH YA NOV 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$261.20	$255.42	$242.38	40.0	39.6	39.8	$6.53	$6.45	$6.09
DURABLE GOODS	[illegible]0025	$292.35	$290.14	$279.18	39.4	39.8	39.6	$7.42	$7.29	$7.05
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$226.14	$219.62	$202.40	40.6	39.5	40.0	$5.57	$5.56	$5.06
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$210.41	$201.16	$203.70	39.7	37.6	39.4	$5.30	$5.35	$5.17
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$194.04	$191.94	$174.64	42.0	41.1	40.9	$4.62	$4.67	$4.27
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$161.85	$158.12	$146.52	36.7	36.1	37.0	$4.41	$4.38	$3.96
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$169.18	$160.16	$152.99	37.1	35.2	36.6	$4.56	$4.55	$4.18
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$160.29	$157.27	$135.42	35.7	35.5	36.8	$4.49	$4.43	$3.68
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$166.2[illegible]	$179.34	$154.37	39.4	42.0	38.4	$4.22	$4.27	$4.02
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$215.04	$201.11	$212.16	38.4	36.9	40.8	$5.60	$5.45	$5.20
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$315.00	$293.35	$272.59	45.0	42.7	43.2	$7.00	$6.87	$6.31
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$301.92	$275.94	$261.44	44.4	42.0	43.0	$6.80	$6.57	$6.08
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$235.16	$238.68	$252.56	38.3	39.0	45.1	$6.14	$6.12	$5.60
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$246.52	$241.92	$222.89	44.1	43.2	40.6	$5.59	$5.60	$5.49
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$423.18	$377.13	$370.14	46.3	43.1	43.7	$9.14	$8.75	$8.47
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$222.08	$231.40	$249.15	34.7	36.1	42.3	$6.40	$6.41	$5.89
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$209.81	$220.77	$214.14	37.4	38.8	41.5	$5.61	$5.69	$5.16
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$382.31	$387.61	$377.30	38.5	38.8	41.1	$9.93	$9.99	$9.18

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

NOV 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= NOV 79 PREV MO= OCT 79 CURR MO YR AGO= NOV 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CHYA	NEW HIRE CURR	PREV	CHYA	RECALLS CURR	PREV	CHYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CHYA	QUITS CURR	PREV	CHYA	LAYOFFS CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.3	4.3	2.9	2.0	3.7	2.1	.2	.4	.5	3.0	3.7	2.2	1.7	2.0	1.2	.6	.8	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	1.9	4.3	2.4	1.5	3.6	1.8	.0	.3	.2	2.1	3.0	1.5	1.2	1.7	.8	.4	.7	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.0	4.4	3.4	2.6	3.7	2.4	.3	.4	.8	4.2	4.5	3.0	2.5	2.4	1.7	.9	1.0	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.4	.9	.1	.2	.6	2.3	3.0	2.0	1.4	1.3	.8	.3	.9	.9
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.2	6.6	4.9	3.9	5.8	3.7	.3	.5	1.2	5.0	6.0	5.1	3.8	4.9	3.0	.1	.0	.9
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.4	9.5	4.9	4.6	9.0	3.9	.3	.5	.1	8.1	5.7	3.4	5.3	3.9	2.5	2.0	.7	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	1.3	3.9	.5	1.1	3.9	.3	.1	.0	.1	.9	4.1	.6	.6	2.5	.5	.0	.2	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.7	2.7	2.2	1.1	2.0	1.7	.5	.4	.4	2.2	3.4	2.2	1.2	1.3	1.2	.5	1.2	.8
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	2.7	3.9	3.5	2.0	2.5	1.8	.8	1.2	1.6	3.9	7.3	2.6	1.6	2.1	1.0	1.6	3.6	1.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.8	3.8	3.6	2.6	3.8	2.7	.1	.0	.8	2.7	3.8	2.9	1.6	2.5	2.1	.0	.1	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.2	2.2	1.7	1.0	2.0	1.5	.0	.1	.0	.9	1.1	.9	.2	.6	.6	.2	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	4.5	3.5	2.0	4.3	3.5	.1	.1	.0	3.0	3.4	2.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	.8	.3	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	.5	2.1	1.8	.2	1.3	.9	.0	.2	.3	.4	1.7	1.2	.3	.3	.3	.0	1.1	.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	44.6	44.0	42.6	.6	2.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	12.3	11.5	10.8	.8	1.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.3	2.2	1.9	.1	.4
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.3	1.3	1.1	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.0	9.3	9.0	.7	1.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	1.7	1.7	.6	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.1	4.7	.1	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	32.3	32.5	31.8	.2-	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.2	3.5	3.9	.3-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	1.9	2.0	1.9	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.7	9.7	9.3	.0	.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.2	3.2	3.0	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.5	6.2	.0	.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	1.9	1.8	1.7	.1	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	5.3	5.3	4.9	.0	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.3	10.2	10.2	.1	.1
FEDERAL	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.4	7.4	7.4	.0	.0

Note: Estimates were prepared by an area analyst, based on reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties, Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates are based on first quarter 1978 benchmark. Pertinent data for prior periods have been revised to reflect the latest information available. The data were compiled as a part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	121.9	121.5	120.5	.4	1.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.5	36.4	36.4	.1	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.7	9.6	.0	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.4	2.5	2.4	.1-	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.4	2.4	2.5	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.7	26.8	.1	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.1	10.7	.1	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.6	10.2	.0	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.4	85.1	84.1	.3	1.3
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.9	6.8	7.4	.1	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	24.8	24.9	25.1	.1-	.3-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.9	3.9	3.9	.0	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	20.9	21.0	21.2	.1-	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.6	14.9	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.3	29.1	28.1	.2	1.2
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.8	6.7	.2	.3
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	22.3	22.3	21.4	.0	.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.1	81.7	81.1	.4	1.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	20.9	20.8	20.4	.1	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	5.8	.0	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.6	4.3	.1	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.3	.4	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	14.9	14.8	14.6	.1	.3
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.6	3.7	.1	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.3	8.3	8.3	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.9	.9	.7	.0	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.2	60.9	60.7	.3	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.5	4.3	5.1	.2	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.8	17.1	17.4	.3-	.6-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.2	14.4	14.6	.2-	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	10.8	10.9	10.7	.1-	.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.5	19.8	19.0	.7	1.5
FEDERAL	998011	6.0	6.0	6.2	.0	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.5	13.8	12.8	.7	1.7

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	94.7	94.3	96.4	.4	1.7-
MANUFACTURING	300005	14.8	14.6	14.9	.2	.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.5	4.6	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.5	1.5	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.2	2.1	2.2	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.1	10.3	.2	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000360	80.0	79.7	81.5	.3	1.5-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.3	4.8	.1-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.8	19.5	20.4	.3	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.7	5.8	5.7	.1-	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.2	15.1	15.2	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.3	30.4	30.9	.1-	.6-
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.0	16.0	.1	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.3	14.5	14.8	.2-	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPJRT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MJ	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.9	83.1	85.2	.2-	2.3-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.5	16.4	17.0	.1	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.2	6.2	6.6	.0	.4-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PR3DUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.1	3.0	3.2	.1	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	1.9	2.1	.1	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.3	10.4	.0	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.8	4.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.7	1.6	1.7	.1	.0
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	66.4	66.7	68.2	.3-	1.8-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.6	4.6	6.5	.0	1.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	9.8	10.3	9.4	.5-	.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.3	19.6	.1	.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.7	14.6	15.1	.1	.4-
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.2	4.0	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	13.9	13.7	13.6	.2	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.6	14.7	15.0	.1-	.4-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	11.9	11.9	12.4	.0	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO NOV 1979	PREV MO OCT 1979	CUR MO YRGO NOV 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.2	11.1	11.7	.1	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.0	3.9	4.6	.1	.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.2	7.1	.0	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.6	3.7	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.2	1.1	1.1	.1	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.1	2.0	2.1	.1	.0

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

NOVEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78	CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78	CUR MO NOV 79	PRV MO OCT 79	CM YA NOV 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$316.84	$309.50	$280.37	44.5	43.9	43.2	$7.12	$7.05	$6.49
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$281.22	$277.34	$237.92	43.0	42.8	40.6	$6.54	$6.48	$5.86
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$336.13	$327.08	$308.01	45.3	44.5	44.9	$7.42	$7.35	$6.86
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$197.80	$191.75	$203.98	40.7	40.2	43.4	$4.86	$4.77	$4.70
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$395.72	$390.[illegible]	$353.89	46.5	46.4	45.9	$8.51	$8.41	$7.71
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$294.58	$276.62	$293.26	46.1	43.7	47.3	$6.39	$6.33	$6.20
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$323.25	$326.76	$279.46	44.1	44.7	42.6	$7.33	$7.31	$6.56

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary November 1979	Revised October 1979	November 1978	Revised October 1979	November 1978
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2350371	2370600	2330697	-20229	19674
Employed	2235550	2248759	2200762	-13209	34788
Unemployed	114821	121841	129935	- 7020	-15114
Rate	4.9	5.1	5.6	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51583	51369	48748	214	2835
Employed	48525	48227	45630	298	2895
Unemployed	3058	3142	3118	-84	-60
Rate	5.9	6.1	6.4	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	919546	920151	919181	-605	365
Employed	879552	878070	871133	1482	8419
Unemployed	39994	42081	48048	-2087	-8054
Rate	4.3	4.6	5.2	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	126910	127489	124934	-579	1976
Employed	120381	120449	117560	-68	2821
Unemployed	6529	7040	7374	-511	-845
Rate	5.1	5.5	5.9	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88485	88936	85266	-451	3219
Employed	82695	82720	79859	-25	2836
Unemployed	5790	6216	5407	-426	383
Rate	6.5	7.0	6.3	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100598	100680	103267	-82	-2669
Employed	95411	95089	96373	322	-962
Unemployed	5187	5591	6894	-404	-1707
Rate	5.2	5.6	6.7	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89163	89521	91804	-358	-2641
Employed	84158	84579	85897	-421	-1739
Unemployed	5005	4942	5907	63	-902
Rate	5.6	5.5	6.4	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary November 1979	Revised October 1979	November 1978	Change From Revised October 1979	Change From November 1978
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	126,910	127,489	124,934	-579	1,976
Employed	120,381	120,449	117,560	-68	2,821
Unemployed	6,529	7,040	7,374	-511	-845
Rate	5.1	5.5	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,112	85,665	79,393	-553	5,719
Employed	80,722	80,727	74,708	-5	6,014
Unemployed	4,390	4,938	4,685	-548	-295
Rate	5.2	5.8	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,798	41,824	45,541	-26	-3,743
Employed	39,659	39,722	42,852	-63	-3,193
Unemployed	2,139	2,102	2,689	37	-550
Rate	5.1	5.0	5.9	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary November 1979	Revised October 1979	November 1978	Change From Revised October 1979	Change From November 1978
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,485	88,936	85,266	-451	3,219
Employed	82,695	82,720	79,859	-25	2,836
Unemployed	5,790	6,216	5,407	-426	383
Rate	6.5	7.0	6.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	70,810	71,342	66,733	-532	4,077
Employed	66,456	66,456	62,626	0	3,830
Unemployed	4,354	4,886	4,107	-532	247
Rate	6.1	6.8	6.2	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,675	17,594	18,533	81	-858
Employed	16,239	16,264	17,233	-25	-994
Unemployed	1,436	1,330	1,300	106	136
Rate	8.1	7.6	7.0	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary November 1979	Revised October 1979	November 1978	Change From Revised October 1979	Change From November 1978
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,350,371	2,370,600	2,330,697	-20,229	19,674
Employed	2,235,550	2,248,759	2,200,762	-13,209	34,788
Unemployed	114,821	121,841	129,935	- 7,020	-15,114
Rate	4.9	5.1	5.6	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,365,269	1,367,623	1,354,137	- 2,354	11,132
Employed	1,300,078	1,298,484	1,279,158	1,594	20,920
Unemployed	65,191	69,139	74,979	- 3,948	- 9,788
Rate	4.8	5.1	5.5	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	985,102	1,002,977	976,560	-17,875	8,542
Employed	935,472	950,275	921,604	-14,803	13,868
Unemployed	49,630	52,702	54,956	- 3,072	- 5,326
Rate	5.0	5.3	5.6	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of: (1) All persons who did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) All persons who did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) All persons who were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of: (1) All persons who did not have a job during the survey week and who made a specific effort to find a job during the past four weeks; (2) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) All persons who were not working and who were waiting to report to a a new job within 30 days.

According to BLS definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) Current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) Persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) Claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) Persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some domestics, and unpaid family workers.

S 1905-1

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR — JANUARY 1980 — LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(December Data)

ELECTRONIC AND COMPUTER WIZARDRY

The boom in the toy industry in December 1979 was centered around adult games consisting of anything from electronic pinball to pool tables to home computers to video players. There are a number of reasons why adult games have become so popular recently. Possibly the main reason is that as life and society become more complex, the greater the need for more sophisticated and complex forms of recreation. Some parents feel that the games are one way to keep the family together at home. Others believe that because of higher gas prices, people want more varieties of home entertainment. Whatever the reason, adult games have shown a marked increase in popularity.

Statistically, the largest gains in home entertainment are in electronic games (programmed and computer) which reflect a rise of 300 percent in three years (*Business Week*, December 10, 1979). The more functions the game performs, the more attractive it becomes.

Another product to watch is the video player, whether it is the video disc player or the video cassette recorder. Reaction to these products has been rather slow. The video disc player presently has a very limited market. It is only available in three cities - Atlanta, Seattle and Dallas (Atlanta was the first test market). The relatively high cost of the players makes them an expensive leisure toy. Also, all the technical "bugs" have not been completely eliminated. But as the second generation emerges, forcing prices down, providing better technical control and saturating the marketplace, sales are expected to rise considerably.

Other adult games in demand are electronic language translators, projection television systems, micro stereo components, electronic pinball machines and computer board games, with or without voice command and reply. Since electronics and computers are such a major part of our everyday business life, perhaps it is only natural that they become a part of our everyday recreation.

RETAIL SALES RISE IN DECEMBER

Retail sales were somewhat depressed for a Christmas season until the final days before the holiday. Retailers blamed unseasonably warm weather for the slow sales. In Georgia, retail sales rose 8,300 from November due strictly to Christmas shopping.

LAYOFFS IN MANUFACTURING

Manufacturing in December was the only segment other than trade in Georgia business that reflected a major change. The decrement recorded for the month was 4,600. Transportation equipment manufacturing employment declined about 9 percent or 3,200 employees, and was the main reason for the loss in this sector. The drop was due to layoffs caused by increased inventories in automotive assembly plants.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BURROUGHS MOVING REGIONAL HEADQUARTERS

Burroughs Corporation will move its regional headquarters from Detroit to Atlanta in early 1980. Burroughs presently employs about 650 people in Atlanta and expects to add 150 in the coming years.

MILLER TO BUILD IN MOULTRIE

Miller Brewing Company has begun construction on a $28.7 million aluminum can manufacturing plant in Moultrie. Operations are expected to begin in January 1981 and will service the 1.2 million-square-foot Albany brewery by producing 550 million 12-ounce cans annually. The plant will require 133,580 square feet and employ 200 workers.

TOCCOA PLANT TO EXPAND

Ferro Corporation, a Cleveland-based manufacturer of chemicals, announced plans to expand its pigment plant in Toccoa. The plant presently manufactures pigments used in paints and plastics.

GREYHOUND DROPS ALBANY SERVICE

Greyhound Bus has announced discontinuation of service to Albany. The service permit had not been renewed with the Interstate Commerce Division.

NUCLEAR DATA ACQUIRES FIRM

Nuclear Data, Incorporated, a manufacturer of nuclear radiation analysis systems in Schaumberg, Illinois, has acquired Applied Physical Technology, Incorporated, an Atlanta-based consulting firm specializing in radiation standards. Other than an exchange of common stock shares, no major changes will occur at Applied Physical Technology.

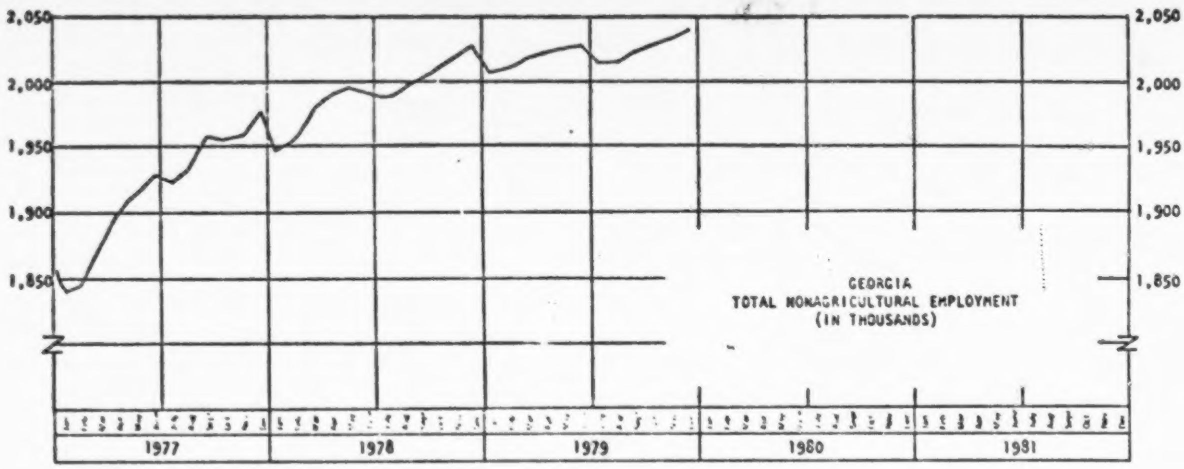
TELEVISION STATION FOR MACON

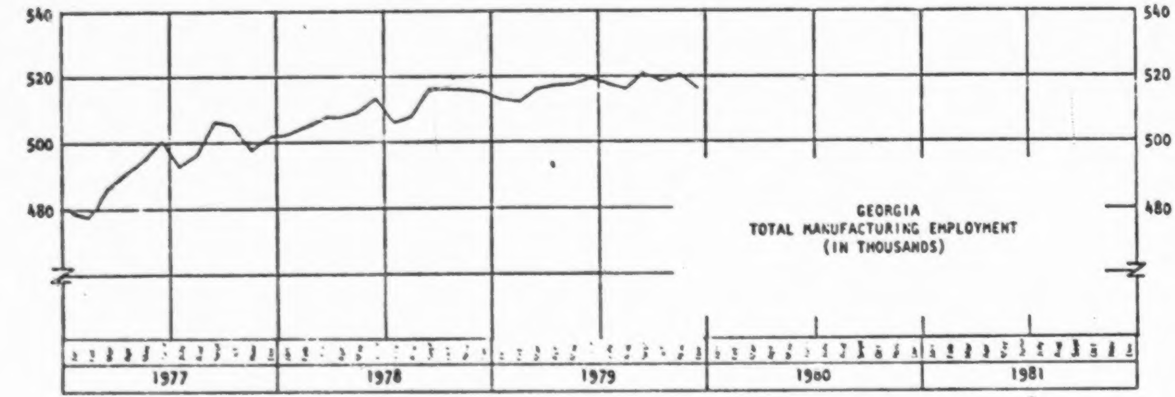
Construction is to begin within 18 months for a new television station in Macon. The contract to build the station was awarded by the Federal Communications Commission to Russell-Rowe Communications, Incorporated, an Atlanta-based contracting firm.

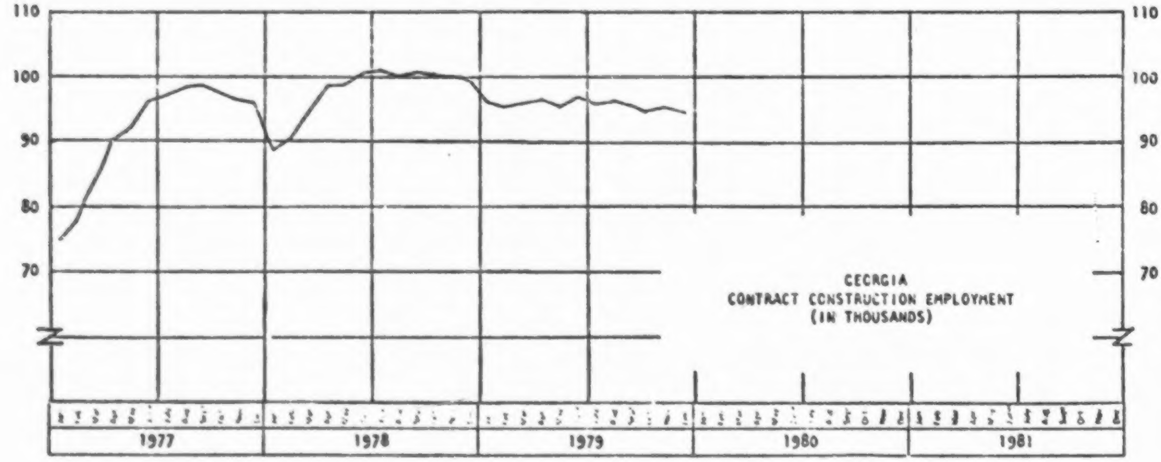
OFFICE BUILDING PLANNED IN COBB COUNTY

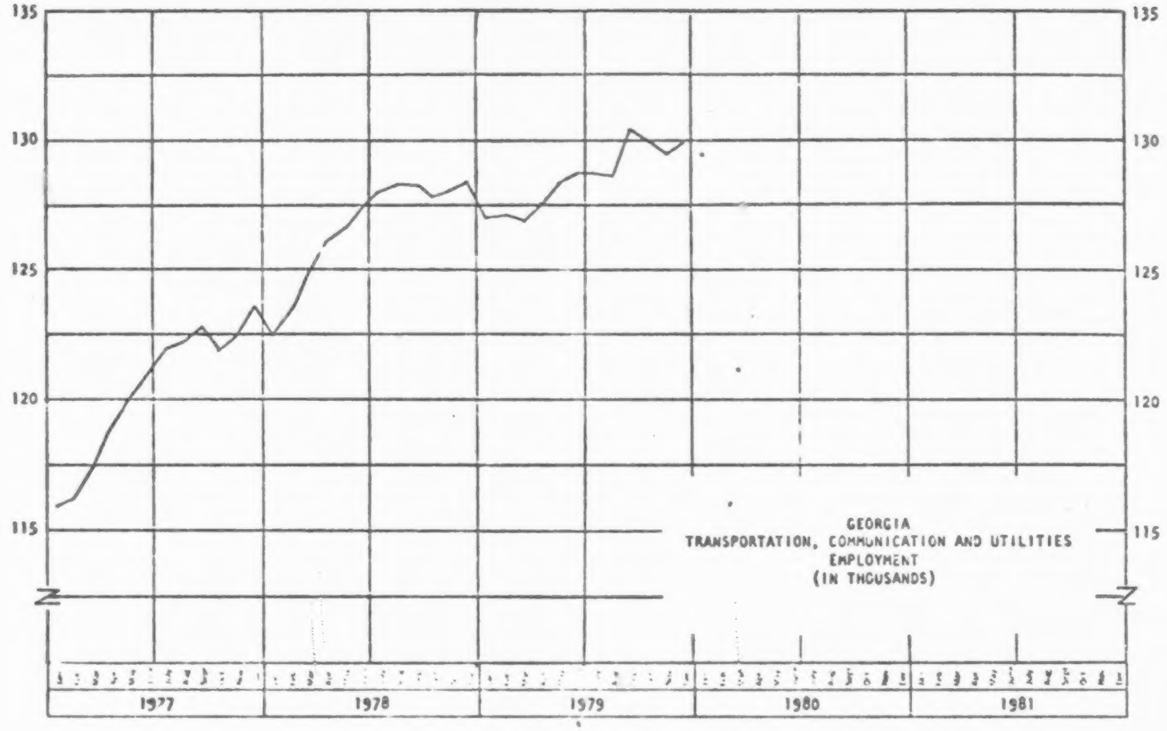
Franklin Property Company has announced plans to build a 15-story $15 million office building in Circle 75, a Cobb County office park. The structure will provide 220,000 square feet of office space and is the first of several buildings planned for the park.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.

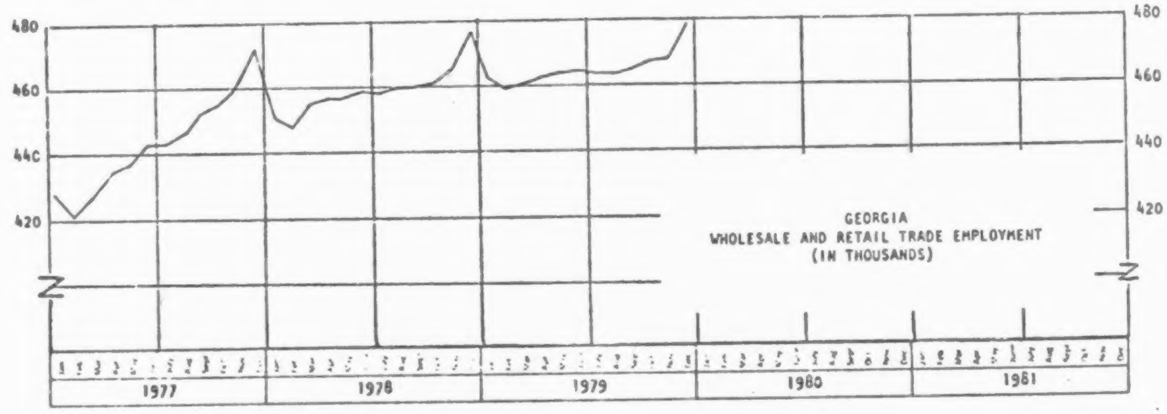

GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


GEORGIA
TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

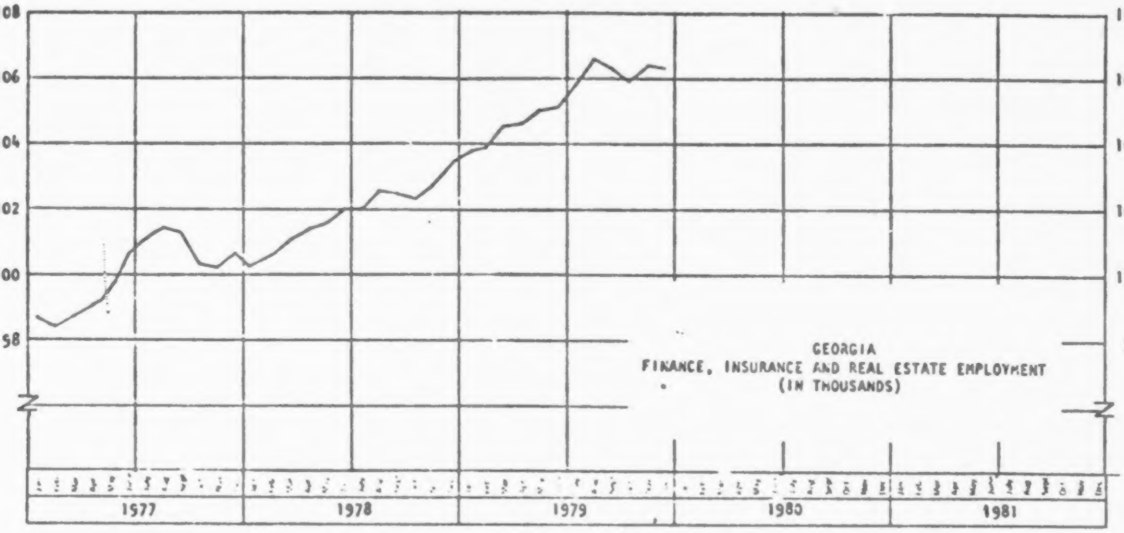

GEORGIA
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

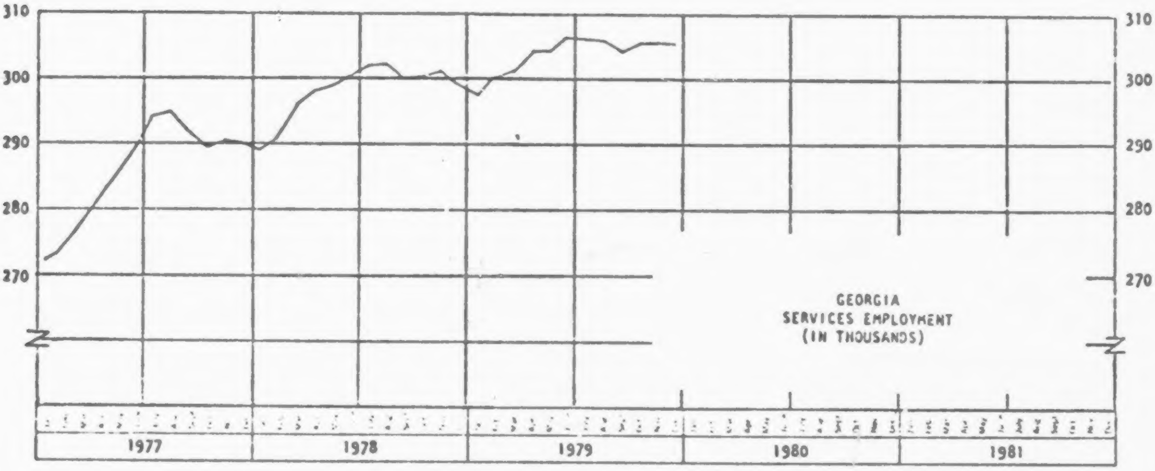


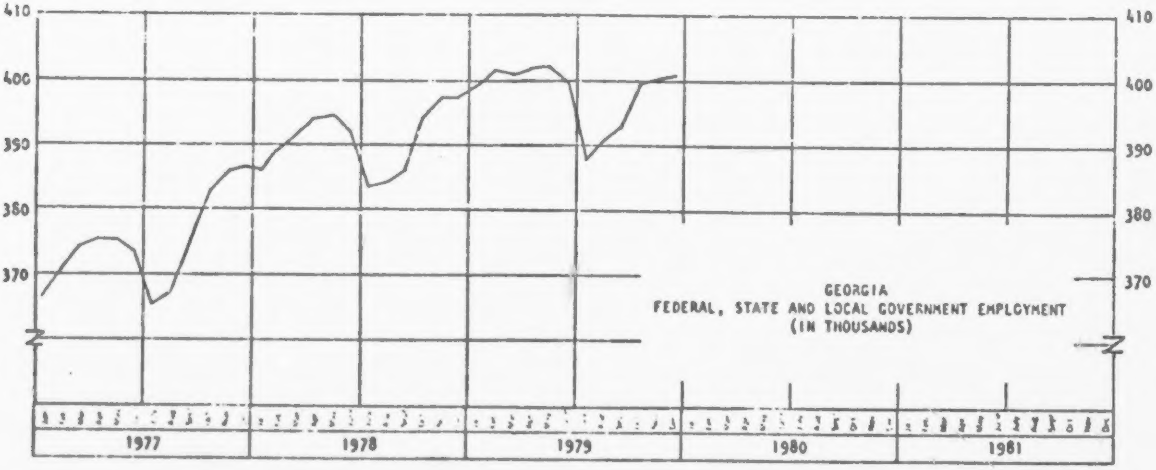
GEORGIA
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)



GEORGIA
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)


108
106
104
102
100
98
GEORGIA
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


310
300
290
280
270
GEORGIA
SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981


410
400
390
380
370
GEORGIA
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)
1977
1978
1979
1980
1981

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,039.6	2,037.5	2,027.0	2.1	12.6
MANUFACTURING	300005	516.1	520.7	514.8	4.6-	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.5	179.1	174.7	3.6-	.8
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.1	29.2	28.9	.1-	.2
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.7	15.7	15.4	.0	.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.2	9.3	9.6	.1-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.8	6.9	7.2	.1-	.4-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.4	18.5	18.1	.1-	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.7	16.0	.2-	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.4	20.2	20.2	.2	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	20.2	20.3	19.5	.1-	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.7	19.6	18.5	.1	1.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	30.7	33.9	32.4	3.2-	1.7-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.5	11.4	11.6	.1	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	340.6	341.6	340.0	1.0-	.6
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.9	57.7	56.9	.8-	.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	22.0	22.0	21.1	.0	.9
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.1	15.2	14.2	.1-	.9
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.3	4.4	4.4	.1-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.2	9.4	9.1	.2-	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	122.9	122.7	123.0	.2	.1-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.9	29.6	29.7	.3	.2
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	5.0	5.1	5.2	.1-	.2-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.8	9.8	9.2	.0	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	32.8	32.8	32.6	.0	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.6	24.6	25.0	.0	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.0	75.7	75.3	.7-	.3-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	42.0	42.1	42.1	.1-	.1-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	20.9	21.1	21.2	.2-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.4	27.2	27.0	.2	.4
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.0	13.0	13.2	.0	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	7.1	7.0	6.7	.1	.4
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	22.1	21.8	21.3	.3	.8
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	7.5	7.4	7.5	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.8	16.5	.1-	.2
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.8	2.7	.0	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.7	16.8	17.0	.1-	.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,523.5	1,516.8	1,512.2	6.7	11.3
MINING	100005	8.0	7.8	7.8	.2	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	94.5	94.9	99.3	.4-	4.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	129.9	129.6	128.5	.3	1.4
TRANSPORTATION	500015	77.2	77.0	78.5	.2	1.3-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	32.9	32.8	31.2	.1	1.7
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	19.8	19.7	18.9	.1	.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	478.4	469.8	476.2	8.6	2.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	146.6	146.4	146.0	.2	.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	88.6	88.3	87.6	.3	1.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	58.0	58.1	58.4	.1-	.4-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	331.7	323.4	330.2	8.3	1.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	106.3	106.4	103.5	.1-	2.8
FINANCE	760025	45.1	45.0	43.7	.1	1.4
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.7	38.8	.0	.9
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.5	21.8	21.0	.3-	.5
SERVICES	800005	305.7	306.6	299.3	.9-	6.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	400.8	401.8	397.6	1.0-	3.2
FEDERAL	998011	80.7	80.8	81.1	.1-	.4-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	320.1	321.0	316.6	.9-	3.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	303005	397.0	400.9	399.5	3.9-	2.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	132.8	136.2	134.0	3.4-	1.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	264.1	264.7	265.4	.6-	1.3-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	38.9	39.4	39.3	.5-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	104.3	104.1	104.6	.2	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.8	26.5	26.8	.3	.0
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	.1-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	8.4	8.4	7.8	.0	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.0	27.1	26.9	.1-	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.8	21.8	22.2	.0	.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.3	62.7	63.1	.4-	.8-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.7	34.7	35.0	.0	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	17.0	17.1	18.0	.1-	1.0-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.2	23.3	23.5	.1-	.3-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.3	8.3	8.7	.0	.4-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	20.7	20.7	20.7	.0	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.0	10.0	10.2	.0	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.8	9.7	9.8	.1	.0
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.7	2.8	2.5	.1-	.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.3	14.4	14.2	.1-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.0	12.0	11.5	.0	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.7	16.6	16.4	.1	.3
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.1	14.1	13.8	.0	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	13.0	12.9	12.1	.1	.9
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	21.6	24.9	23.8	3.3-	2.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$225.91	$225.09	$211.46	41.3	41.3	41.3	$5.47	$5.45	$5.12
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$252.05	$248.85	$244.50	41.8	41.2	41.3	$6.03	$6.04	$5.92
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$212.90	$212.70	$194.46	41.1	41.3	41.2	$5.18	$5.15	$4.72
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$222.91	$219.23	$193.91	40.9	40.3	39.9	$5.45	$5.44	$4.86
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.98	$206.58	$189.14	42.1	43.4	42.6	$4.75	$4.76	$4.44
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$220.50	$222.61	$198.34	44.1	44.7	43.4	$5.00	$4.98	$4.57
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$228.22	$232.96	$193.81	44.4	44.8	41.5	$5.14	$5.20	$4.67
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$165.78	$168.48	$153.16	42.4	41.6	38.1	$3.91	$4.05	$4.02
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$191.70	$197.54	$184.04	42.6	43.8	43.1	$4.50	$4.51	$4.27
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$182.14	$203.22	$192.71	37.4	41.9	43.5	$4.87	$4.85	$4.43
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$145.51	$144.72	$130.61	37.6	37.3	37.0	$3.87	$3.88	$3.53
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$140.56	$142.42	$131.04	36.7	36.8	36.3	$3.83	$3.87	$3.61
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$146.25	$140.50	$125.21	37.5	36.4	37.6	$3.90	$3.86	$3.33
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$166.21	$169.97	$170.08	39.2	39.9	40.4	$4.24	$4.26	$4.21
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$203.03	$187.23	$176.72	41.1	37.9	38.5	$4.94	$4.94	$4.59
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$365.20	$361.93	$338.92	44.7	44.3	46.3	$8.17	$8.17	$7.32
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$413.60	$405.17	$370.51	47.0	46.2	46.9	$8.80	$8.77	$7.90
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$287.55	$284.06	$271.65	43.9	43.5	44.9	$6.55	$6.53	$6.05
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$128.78	$134.02	$131.36	36.9	38.4	36.9	$3.49	$3.49	$3.56
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$252.56	$254.02	$215.49	45.1	44.8	41.6	$5.60	$5.67	$5.18
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$285.52	$300.48	$286.62	41.2	42.5	43.1	$6.93	$7.07	$6.65
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$267.86	$252.59	$232.96	45.4	43.4	41.6	$5.90	$5.82	$5.60
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$246.43	$233.84	$247.23	40.2	39.5	41.0	$6.13	$5.92	$6.03
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$236.91	$234.87	$248.78	44.7	43.9	42.6	$5.30	$5.35	$5.84
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$371.73	$353.31	$375.16	40.1	39.3	42.2	$9.27	$8.99	$8.89

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

DEC 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA

CURR MO= DEC 79 PREV MO= NOV 79 CURR MO YR AGO= DEC 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	1.9	3.0	2.2	1.3	2.4	1.7	.3	.3	.3	2.5	3.5	2.6	1.4	2.0	1.6	.3	.7	.3
DURABLE GOODS	370025	1.5	2.2	1.9	1.0	1.8	1.5	.3	.1	.2	1.6	3.0	2.1	.9	1.4	1.2	.4	.9	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	2.0	3.3	2.3	1.5	2.7	1.8	.4	.3	.3	2.8	3.8	2.8	1.6	2.3	1.7	.6	.6	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	4.4	3.1	2.2	3.3	2.1	.4	.4	.6	3.7	4.7	3.3	2.1	2.7	1.8	.8	1.0	.8
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.0	3.2	2.0	1.6	2.8	1.7	.1	.2	.1	2.8	3.5	2.7	1.8	2.4	1.6	.4	.3	.3
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	2.5	4.1	2.8	2.0	3.4	2.4	.1	.2	.2	3.2	4.6	3.4	2.1	3.1	2.0	.1	.2	.4
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	1.7	1.6	2.4	1.7	1.5	2.2	.0	.0	.1	2.4	2.7	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.7	.0	.4	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	1.8	3.6	.8	1.7	2.6	.5	.1	.5	.2	2.0	3.8	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.1	.0	1.4	.4
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	1.9	3.3	2.2	1.7	3.2	1.8	.1	.1	.2	2.4	3.2	3.0	2.0	2.5	2.1	.0	.1	.5
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	2.7	1.8	1.3	2.4	1.5	.1	.1	.1	3.7	2.7	2.6	1.5	1.9	1.3	1.4	.0	.3
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	2.1	4.0	1.9	1.3	3.3	1.5	.6	.4	.2	2.8	4.7	2.8	1.7	3.1	1.7	.5	.9	.5
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	1.7	3.6	1.8	1.2	3.0	1.5	.4	.4	.3	2.3	4.0	2.3	1.8	2.9	1.7	.2	.6	.2
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.7	4.4	2.3	1.4	3.6	2.0	1.1	.6	.1	3.6	6.0	3.6	2.0	3.6	1.9	1.0	1.5	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.9	4.2	3.7	1.8	3.7	3.4	1.1	.4	.2	3.6	4.4	3.8	1.8	3.2	3.1	1.1	.7	.1
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	.5	3.2	2.0	.4	2.6	1.9	.1	.3	.1	.6	3.3	1.4	.5	2.4	1.1	.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.5	1.3	1.4	.6	.9	.6	.9	.3	.6	2.4	1.3	1.7	.7	.6	.6	1.2	.3	.4
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.7	1.5	1.4	.3	1.0	.3	1.4	.5	1.1	3.5	1.1	1.6	.9	.3	.6	2.2	.4	.7
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	.9	1.7	.9	.7	1.2	.7	.0	.2	.0	1.1	1.9	2.2	.5	.8	1.0	.0	.4	.4
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	.9	2.8	6.2	.5	1.7	4.3	.4	1.1	1.9	.8	5.2	4.5	.3	2.2	3.1	.2	2.1	.6
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	2.5	1.8	1.2	2.1	1.5	.1	.0	.1	1.5	1.8	1.4	.7	1.0	.6	.1	.1	.2
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	1.2	1.3	1.6	.8	1.3	1.0	.4	.0	.5	2.9	6.7	2.5	1.6	2.8	1.4	1.2	3.1	.4
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.6	3.7	3.0	1.9	3.2	2.6	.4	.0	.2	3.6	4.4	3.1	2.8	2.9	1.9	.0	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.8	1.4	1.0	.7	1.0	.8	.0	.1	.0	.7	.9	.9	.2	.2	.3	.1	.2	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	1.8	3.0	1.3	1.1	2.7	.9	.7	.1	.4	2.2	3.9	1.9	1.2	1.7	1.0	.5	1.5	.3
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.6	2.3	1.4	1.4	2.1	1.1	.2	.2	.1	2.1	4.1	1.6	.7	1.8	.8	.6	1.4	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	1.5	2.1	2.4	.8	1.7	2.0	.2	.1	.0	1.2	2.0	2.0	.4	1.0	1.3	.3	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	.9	1.2	1.3	.7	.7	.7	.0	.1	.3	.6	2.5	1.9	.4	.5	.6	.0	1.7	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DIPS 900 IN DECEMBER

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, estimated at 872,300, declined 900 in the Atlanta SMSA during the month of December. However, this month's estimate remained 3,300 above the same month a year ago. Nonmanufacturing gains provided by seasonal advances in the retail sector of trade, plus increments in service industries, were more than offset by losses in the durable goods sector of manufacturing.

Manufacturing dropped 3,200 over the month to an estimated level of 136,000. Temporary layoffs in automobile assembly plants accounted for 3,000 fewer workers in durable goods production. Nondurables registered a slight 200 gain with only minor fluctuations.

Annually, manufacturing rose 1,400 with durable goods contributing approximately two-thirds of the increase despite 900 fewer jobs in automobile assembly plants. Substantial gains were made in electric and electronic equipment, up 1,100; and machinery, except electrical, up 700. Food, up 400, and printing and pubishing, up 500, accounted for gains in nondurables. Textile mill products, up 200, has rebounded, reversing a downward trend of past years. This, according to the American Textile Institute, is due to the change in U.S. and foreign currency exchange rates.

Nonmanufacturing rose 2,400 in December to an estimated 736,300. Seasonal gains in trade, up 4,400; and services, up 800, supplied all the increment. Government registered the greatest drop - 1,600 - and was primarily confined to state and local education. The 500 decline in construction was shared equally by heavy building and special trades. Motor freight and warehousing and transportation services accounted for all the decrement in transportation, communications and public utilities. Less activity in real estate resulted in a slight drop in finance, insurance and real estate.

Over the year, nonmanufacturing rose 2,000. The two major industries recording declines were construction, down 3,000, and trade, down 2,200. These losses were overcome by substantial gains in services, up 3,300; finance, insurance and real estate, up 1,800; government, up 1,300; and transportation, communications and public utilities, up 700.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Scientific-Atlanta, Incorporated, expects to reach 1,100 jobs in various Gwinnett County locations in 1980 from the present 902 employees, according to a company official. This will be accomplished by the movement of the corporate headquarters and the shifting of office and laboratory workers into Gwinnett during this year. The company's current metro-Atlanta employment is just over 2,400, with a majority in DeKalb County, while their world-wide employment is just over 3,600.

Scientific-Atlanta, Incorporated, is primarily an international equipment manufacturer for the satellite, cable television, energy management and home securities industries. It has four other U.S. facilities and one overseas.

BUILDING CONTRACTS ROSE IN ATLANTA

Atlanta building in the first 11 months of 1979 was 28 percent ahead of the same period of 1978, according to the F. W. Dodge Division of the McGraw-Hill Information Systems Company. Commercial contract values were 30 percent higher, and residential rose 27 percent. Georgia total value of contracts for the year to date rose 5 percent. Nationally, the value of total construction was down 8 percent.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	872.3	873.2	869.0	.9-	3.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	136.0	139.2	134.6	3.2-	1.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	67.0	70.6	66.1	3.6-	.9
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.0	3.1	3.3	.1-	.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	2.0	2.1	.1-	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.6	7.7	7.3	.1-	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	4.8	5.0	4.8	.2-	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.7	7.9	7.8	.2-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	6.9	6.3	.1	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.0	8.9	7.9	.1	1.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	21.6	24.6	22.5	3.0-	.9-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.2	3.3	3.2	.1-	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	68.9	68.7	68.5	.2	.4
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.2	18.0	17.8	.2	.4
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.2	4.9	.2	.5
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.7	2.8	2.9	.1-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.1	6.9	.0	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.3	4.2	4.0	.1	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.2	1.2	1.2	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.3	10.3	.1-	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.3	4.5	.1-	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.5	.0	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.2	7.2	7.3	.0	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.3	14.2	13.8	.1	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	5.6	5.5	5.5	.1	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	7.3	7.4	7.5	.1-	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.6	5.0	.1	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	736.3	733.9	734.3	2.4	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	36.4	36.9	39.4	.5-	3.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	79.0	79.6	78.3	.6-	.7
TRANSPORTATION	500015	51.6	52.2	52.1	.6-	.5-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	246.2	241.8	248.4	4.4	2.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	93.1	92.3	91.6	.8	1.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	62.1	61.2	60.4	.9	1.7
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	31.0	31.1	31.2	.1-	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	153.1	149.5	156.8	3.6	3.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	61.5	61.6	59.7	.1-	1.8
FINANCE	760025	22.9	22.8	22.1	.1	.8
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	24.7	24.7	23.6	.0	1.1
SERVICES	800055	161.0	160.2	157.7	.8	3.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	152.2	153.8	150.9	1.6-	1.3
FEDERAL	998011	29.3	29.3	29.4	.0	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	122.9	124.6	121.5	1.7-	1.4

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	93.8	96.5	94.3	2.7-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	47.3	50.5	47.6	3.2-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	46.5	46.1	46.6	.4	.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.4	10.2	10.3	.2	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.0	6.0	5.9	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.2	8.3	8.7	.1-	.5-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.7	4.1	.1	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.5	2.4	2.6	.1	.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.4	2.4	2.7	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.5	5.4	5.6	.1	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	2.9	3.0	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.5	3.5	3.9	.0	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.4	5.5	5.3	.1-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.1	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.8	6.0	6.1	.2-	.3-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.6	4.2	.0	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	15.4	18.3	16.4	2.9-	1.0-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$264.87	$260.80	$245.43	40.5	40.0	40.3	$6.54	$6.52	$6.09
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$297.48	$292.70	$283.69	40.2	39.5	39.9	$7.40	$7.41	$7.11
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$231.90	$226.14	$206.86	40.9	40.6	40.8	$5.67	$5.57	$5.07
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$198.15	$210.41	$196.95	37.6	39.7	39.0	$5.27	$5.30	$5.05
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.28	$197.45	$191.83	42.4	42.1	43.4	$4.70	$4.69	$4.42
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$161.25	$162.73	$143.52	36.4	36.9	36.8	$4.43	$4.41	$3.90
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$157.79	$169.63	$149.00	35.3	37.2	36.7	$4.47	$4.56	$4.06
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$165.43	$160.29	$140.96	36.2	35.7	38.2	$4.57	$4.49	$3.69
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$164.64	$166.27	$173.29	39.2	39.4	43.0	$4.20	$4.22	$4.03
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$228.53	$223.56	$223.94	41.4	40.5	42.9	$5.52	$5.52	$5.22
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$318.07	$315.00	$290.44	45.7	45.0	45.1	$6.96	$7.00	$6.44
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$283.23	$301.92	$273.06	42.4	44.4	44.4	$6.68	$6.80	$6.15
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$237.20	$235.16	$253.44	39.6	38.3	45.5	$5.59	$6.14	$5.57
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$249.20	$246.52	$223.39	44.5	44.1	41.6	$5.60	$5.59	$5.37
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$381.50	$413.13	$371.36	43.5	45.7	44.0	$8.77	$9.04	$8.44
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$245.97	$222.08	$256.94	37.1	34.7	42.4	$6.63	$6.40	$6.06
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$213.18	$210.00	$210.31	37.4	37.5	40.6	$5.70	$5.60	$5.18
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$411.76	$383.46	$396.17	39.9	38.5	40.8	$10.32	$9.96	$9.71

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

DEC 79

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-1CM)

GEORGIA STATE CODE: 13
ATLANTA AREA CODE: 0520

CURR MO= DEC 79 PREV MO= NOV 79 CURR MO YR AGO= DEC 78

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.0	2.6	2.4	1.2	2.2	1.8	.6	.2	.4	2.2	3.6	3.0	1.0	1.8	1.8	.7	1.0	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300075	1.4	2.3	1.8	.9	1.9	1.1	.3	.1	.4	1.0	2.9	1.8	.6	1.3	.9	.1	.9	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	2.7	3.0	3.1	1.6	2.5	2.4	1.0	.4	.5	3.5	4.5	4.1	1.4	2.5	2.8	1.4	1.2	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.0	1.9	1.6	.6	1.1	.8	.2	.5	.5	4.1	2.7	2.3	1.6	1.1	1.3	2.2	.8	.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.5	3.7	4.1	3.5	3.5	3.6	.1	.2	.5	4.3	4.5	4.0	3.0	3.3	2.1	.0	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	7.4	5.4	2.1	2.6	4.6	1.2	4.5	.3	.2	7.0	8.1	3.9	2.1	5.3	1.5	4.2	1.9	1.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.0	5.0	2.2	1.8	4.0	2.0	.2	1.0	.2	2.5	5.5	1.4	1.8	3.6	1.2	.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	.9	1.7	1.0	.6	1.1	.6	.3	.5	.1	.7	2.3	1.6	.3	1.2	.8	.0	.5	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427605	.9	2.8	3.8	.5	2.0	2.2	.4	.8	1.5	.9	4.1	2.5	.3	1.7	1.1	.3	1.7	.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	2.7	2.2	1.4	2.6	2.0	.1	.1	.2	1.7	2.5	1.6	.6	1.5	.8	.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.[illegible]	1.3	1.1	1.0	1.1	.9	.0	.0	.0	.7	.9	.8	.2	.3	.4	.1	.2	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.3	2.4	2.0	1.8	2.2	1.8	.2	.2	.0	1.8	3.0	2.1	.6	1.8	1.3	.2	.5	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	.6	.8	1.0	.4	.3	.3	.0	.0	.5	.3	2.4	1.4	.2	.2	.3	.0	1.9	.0

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY FOLLOWS TREND IN TRADE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was 45,000 in December. This was up 300 over the November estimate and 1,600 over the number estimated one year ago. All of the gain appears to have been in the trade segment over the month.

Manufacturing, at 12,100, was down 200 over the month. The losses were in the "other durable goods" and food and kindred products segments. These are thought to be only seasonal losses due to the high inventories at the close of the year in some manufacturing plants. Over the year, manufacturing showed an increment of 1,200 jobs. The largest gains were recorded in the nondurable goods category which should continue to set trends due to new and expanding industry.

Contract construction, the previous trendsetter, at 3,200 was unchanged over the month and down about 1,000 from last year. Heavy construction is decelerating in the area and accounts for much of the decline.

Both segments of the trade industry were up over the month. This was due to the addition of temporary Christmas workers. The division was also up slightly over the year.

The employment outlook for the next several months appears favorable. One large, new industry is beginning operations, and this should provide many economic bonuses in the future. In addition, many economists now say that the recession predicted for the early 1980's will either not happen or will not be as severe as once expected.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA GAINS DURING CHRISTMAS SEASON

Employment rose to 123,000 in the Augusta area, representing a gain of 1,100 over the month and reflecting an increase of 900 over the year. The monthly increment was triggered by gains in trade, services, government, and transportation, although these were offset somewhat by losses in manufacturing and finance, insurance and real estate. The annual rise was shared by all major industry divisions except construction and manufacturing, both of which recorded losses, and finance, insurance and real estate, essentially unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 36,000, was down 200 over the month. The decline was precipitated by less business in both apparel and food and kindred products. Both of these segments are victims of selective purchasing by the consumer as inventories remain high.

Annually, manufacturing dropped 300. The largest loss was suffered in textiles where imports had some impact. Food and kindred products, as well as apparel, suffered from consumer reluctance to purchase some items or at least to postpone those purchases. "Other nondurable goods" gained 500 with chemicals, paper and plastics all participating in the rise over the year.

Construction, at 6,900, was unchanged over the month but dropped 400 over the year because of the completion of projects in the area. Transportation, at 4,400, was up 100 over the month, triggered by increased activity in storage and warehousing of farm products. This division gained 200 over the year, with more activity in transportation and warehousing. Trade, at 26,100, increased 1,100 over the month but was up only 100 over the year. The monthly rise was customary and was triggered by the usual Christmas flurry of activity, especially in retail trade.

Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,300, dropped 100 over the month but remained unchanged over the year. The monthly loss was attributable to less business in financial institutions, triggered by tight money. Services and mining, at 15,700, was up 100 over the month. The monthly rise was precipitated by more activity in hotels and protective services. This division rose 600 over the year, partially due to the opening of new firms and increased activity among existing establishments. Government, at 26,100, was up 200 over the month due to more business in government hospitals and the public school system. Some of the activity in the school systems was precipitated by the onslaught of winter, causing respiratory ailments necessitating substitute teachers. This division rose 800 over the year with increments in both the state and local sector and the federal subdivision.

OUTLOOK: Employment will drop in trade after the Christmas season. Construction will decline because of inclement weather that usually occurs in January and February. Services may increase moderately in hospitals. Government employment in the federal sector will increase with the addition of staff for the opening of the new Veterans Administration Hospital. Manufacturing will increase in agri-chemicals for farm planting. The long-range outlook will remain contingent upon energy supplies, costs, and whether those costs can be passed on to the consumer. The annual Masters Tournament will stimulate services and trade. The usual Easter season for trade will have a favorable impact.

Note. Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

MANUFACTURING LOSSES IN COLUMBUS AREA

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Columbus area totaled 81,800 in December. The current estimate is down 100 from November and up 400 from December 1978.

During the month, manufacturing declined by 300 workers and revealed an increase of 400 from the previous year. Metals and machinery employment remained steady with 4,700 and was up 400 from a year ago. Food and kindred products dropped by 100 employees from November to 3,600, the same as December 1978. Textile mill products remained constant as compared to one month ago and one year ago, with 8,300 workers. Apparel and other finished textile products declined 100 over the month and increased 100 over the year.

Nonmanufacturing employment totaled 61,000 in December, a monthly gain of 100 workers and an annual loss of the same amount. Contract construction was down 100 from the previous month as general building declined by 200 workers. Heavy construction remained the same, while special construction gained 100. Construction dropped 500 from one year ago.

Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment lost 100 from November and remained the same as one year ago. Trade employment gained 100 employees from last month due to increases in retail trade and lost 1,100 from one year ago, due primarily to losses in the retail sector. Finance, insurance and real estate employment increased by 100 from last month and was the same as one year ago. Services and miscellaneous employment totaled 10,800 during December, the same as the previous month, and was 300 greater than a year ago. Government employment rose 100 over the month due to expansions in federal employment. Over the year, federal employment dropped 100 while state and local government gained 1,300 workers.

Note. Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423

MACON TRADE AND MANUFACTURING INCREASE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,100 in December. The current preliminary estimate is up 300 from November and down 1,100 from December 1978. During the month, manufacturing added 100, with most of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing rose 100, with a decline in construction partially offsetting a gain in trade. All other industry groups were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing increased 300, with durable goods dropping 100 and nondurable goods gaining 300. Nonmanufacturing was down 1,400, with losses in construction; trade; finance, insurance and real estate, and government. The transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services division and the services and mining division advanced during the year.

Manufacturing, at 14,900, was up 100 from last month and up 300 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was stable, with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods was unchanged, with losses in food and apparel partially offsetting gains in textiles and paper. Annually, increases in textiles, apparel, paper, and "other nondurable goods" were recorded. Food registered a decline, and chemicals manufacturing was unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was down 100 from November and down 400 from a year ago. During the month, most of the decrease was in special trades construction. Annually, general construction and special trades construction were down, and heavy construction was unchanged. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,600, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from December 1978. Most of the annual gain was in transportation. Trade, at 20,200, was up 300 from November and down 600 from December 1978. Most of the monthly increase was in retail trade and was due to temporary hiring for the Christmas season. Annually, most of the decline was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,700, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from a year ago. Most of the annual decline was in real estate. Services, at 15,200, was unchanged from November and up 100 from a year ago. Most of the annual increase was in covered services. Government, at 30,300, was unchanged from November and was down 700 from December 1978. Most of the annual decline was in the state and local segments and was due to a cutback in CETA positions.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167

DECEMBER EMPLOYMENT RISES SLIGHTLY IN SAVANNAH

Due to seasonal gains, employment in the Savannah SMSA rose to 83,400. This represents a gain of six-tenths of one percent (.006). However, seasonal gains did not make up for the losses incurred throughout the year. Employment in December 1979 was only 97.5 percent of what it was in December 1978.

Manufacturing employment declined 3.5 percent over the year. Nondurable goods appears to be holding steady; however, losses may occur in this sector as the accumulated effects of 1979 take hold in 1980. Durable goods declined almost 9 percent over the year.

Nonmanufacturing employment declined 2.2 percent over the year. Contract construction declined 26.6 percent over the same period. In all major categories, the Savannah SMSA appears to be going in the opposite direction of the national trends.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.0	44.7	43.4	.3	1.6
MANUFACTURING	300035	12.1	12.3	10.9	.2-	1.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.2	2.3	1.8	.1-	.4
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.2	1.3	1.1	.1-	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.9	10.0	9.0	.1-	.9
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420035	2.2	2.3	1.7	.1-	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.2	4.7	.0	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	32.8	32.4	32.6	.4	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.2	3.2	4.2	.0	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	1.9	2.0	1.9	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.8	9.3	9.7	.5	.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.0	2.8	2.9	.2	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652035	6.8	6.5	6.8	.3	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	1.9	1.9	1.7	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	5.3	5.3	4.8	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.7	10.7	10.2	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.9	2.9	2.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.9	7.9	7.4	.0	.5

Note Estimates were prepared by an area analyst, based on reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties, Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates are based on first quarter 1978 benchmark. Pertinent data for prior periods have been revised to reflect the latest information available. The data were compiled as a part of a cooperative program with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	123.0	121.9	122.1	1.1	.9-
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.3	36.5	36.6	.2-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.7	9.7	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324035	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.6	26.8	26.9	.2-	.3-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.4	2.5	2.5	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.2	10.7	.0	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.8	2.8	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.6	10.2	.1	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	86.7	85.4	85.5	1.3	1.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200035	6.9	6.9	7.3	.0	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.3	4.2	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	26.1	25.0	26.0	1.1	.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.0	3.9	3.8	.1	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	22.2	21.1	22.2	1.1	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.3	4.4	4.3	.1-	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.7	15.6	15.1	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.4	29.2	28.6	.2	.8
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.9	6.8	.1	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	22.4	22.3	21.8	.1	.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	81.8	81.9	81.4	.1-	.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	20.7	21.0	20.3	.3-	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.1	5.8	.1-	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.7	4.3	.0	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.2	.4	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	14.7	14.9	14.5	.2-	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.3	8.3	8.3	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.8	.9	.7	.1-	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.0	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.0	60.9	61.1	.1	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.5	4.9	.1-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.9	16.8	18.0	.1	1.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.6	2.6	2.8	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.2	14.2	15.1	.0	.9-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.2	5.3	.1	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	10.8	10.8	10.5	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.3	20.2	19.1	.1	1.2
FEDERAL	998011	6.1	6.0	6.2	.1	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.2	14.2	12.9	.0	1.3

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000003	95.1	94.8	96.2	.3	1.1-
MANUFACTURING	300005	14.9	14.8	14.6	.1	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.5	4.6	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.4	1.4	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.2	2.2	2.2	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.3	10.0	.0	.3
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.8	2.8	.2-	.2-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.8	1.7	1.6	.1	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	1.8	1.9	1.7	.1-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.2	1.9	2.0	.3	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	80.2	80.1	81.6	.1	1.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.2	4.5	.1-	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.2	19.9	20.8	.3	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700035	5.7	5.7	5.8	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.2	15.2	15.1	.0	.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.3	30.3	31.0	.0	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.1	16.1	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.2	14.3	14.8	.1-	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.4	82.9	85.5	.5	2.1-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.5	16.5	17.1	.0	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.2	6.2	6.8	.0	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	3.0	3.1	3.4	.1-	.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.3	10.3	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.7	4.8	4.8	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	1.0	1.0	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	66.9	66.4	68.4	.5	1.5-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.7	4.6	6.4	.1	1.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	10.1	9.8	9.7	.3	.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.5	19.3	19.9	.2	.4-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.8	14.6	15.4	.2	.6-
FINANCE,INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	13.8	13.9	13.4	.1-	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.6	14.6	15.0	.0	.4-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	11.9	11.9	12.4	.0	.5-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER , 1979

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO DEC 1979	PREV MO NOV 1979	CUR MO YRGO DEC 1978	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.0	11.2	11.8	.2-	.8-
DURABLE GOODS	330025	3.8	4.0	4.7	.2-	.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.2	7.0	.0	.2
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.6	3.7	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.2	1.2	1.1	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337035	1.9	..1	2.3	.2-	.4-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

DECEMBER

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78	CUR MO DEC 79	PRV MO NOV 79	CM YA DEC 78
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$314.32	$316.84	$285.80	43.9	44.5	43.7	$7.16	$7.12	$6.54
DURABLE GOODS	330025	$265.17	$281.22	$242.60	40.3	43.0	40.5	$6.58	$6.54	$5.99
NONDURABLE GOODS	400013	$339.84	$336.13	$314.65	45.8	45.3	45.8	$7.42	$7.42	$6.87
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$193.64	$197.80	$208.49	39.6	40.7	43.8	$4.89	$4.86	$4.76
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$406.03	$395.72	$372.10	47.6	46.5	48.2	$8.53	$8.51	$7.72
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$289.84	$293.94	$266.81	46.3	46.0	44.1	$6.26	$6.39	$6.05
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$296.44	$323.25	$291.79	38.7	44.1	43.1	$7.66	$7.33	$6.77

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

(Trends:)

Cost *$351.37*
Quantity *3 000*

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary December 1979	Revised November 1979	December 1978	Revised November 1979	December 1978
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,347,581	2,355,096	2,324,356	-7,515	23,225
Employed	2,234,620	2,239,284	2,200,760	-4,664	33,860
Unemployed	112,961	115,812	123,596	-2,851	-10,635
Rate	4.8	4.9	5.3	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,788	51,721	49,103	67	2,685
Employed	48,917	48,654	46,315	263	2,602
Unemployed	2,871	3,067	2,788	-196	83
Rate	5.5	5.9	5.7	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	921,733	921,883	919,402	-150	2,331
Employed	880,367	881,785	872,163	-1,418	8,204
Unemployed	41,366	40,098	47,239	1,268	-5,873
Rate	4.5	4.3	5.1	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,334	126,943	124,607	391	2,727
Employed	121,310	120,413	117,872	897	3,438
Unemployed	6,024	6,530	6,735	-506	-711
Rate	4.7	5.1	5.4	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,465	88,393	85,142	-928	2,323
Employed	82,153	82,565	79,961	-412	2,192
Unemployed	5,312	5,828	5,181	-516	131
Rate	6.1	6.6	6.1	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	100,323	100,643	102,270	-320	-1,947
Employed	95,614	95,439	96,059	175	-445
Unemployed	4,709	5,204	6,211	-495	-1,502
Rate	4.7	5.2	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	89,104	89,261	91,564	-157	-2,460
Employed	84,619	84,221	86,207	398	-1,588
Unemployed	4,485	5,040	5,357	-555	-872
Rate	5.0	5.6	5.9	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary December 1979	Revised November 1979	December 1978	Change From Revised November 1979	Change From December 1978
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	127,334	126,943	124,607	391	2,727
Employed	121,310	120,413	117,872	897	3,438
Unemployed	6,024	6,530	6,735	-506	-711
Rate	4.7	5.1	5.4	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,512	85,218	79,092	294	6,420
Employed	81,482	80,837	74,802	645	6,680
Unemployed	4,030	4,381	4,290	-351	-260
Rate	4.7	5.1	5.4	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,822	41,725	45,515	97	-3,693
Employed	39,828	39,576	43,070	252	-3,242
Unemployed	1,994	2,149	2,445	-155	-451
Rate	4.8	5.2	5.4	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE

By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary December 1979	Revised November 1979	December 1978	Change From Revised November 1979	Change From December 1978
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,465	88,393	85,142	-928	2,323
Employed	82,153	82,565	79,961	-412	2,192
Unemployed	5,312	5,828	5,181	-516	131
Rate	6.1	6.6	6.1	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,979	70,739	66,651	-760	3,328
Employed	66,081	66,361	62,719	-280	3,362
Unemployed	3,898	4,378	3,932	-480	-34
Rate	5.6	6.2	5.9	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,486	17,654	18,491	-168	-1,005
Employed	16,072	16,204	17,242	-132	-1,170
Unemployed	1,414	1,450	1,249	-36	165
Rate	8.1	8.2	6.8	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary December 1979	Revised ember 979	December 1978	Change From Revised November 1979	Change From December 1978
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,347,581	2,355,096	2,324,356	-7,515	23,225
Employed	2,234,620	2,239,284	2,200,760	-4,664	33,860
Unemployed	112,961	115,812	123,596	-2,851	-10,635
Rate	4.8	4.9	5.3	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,366,880	1,368,026	1,352,960	-1,146	13,920
Employed	1,302,214	1,302,602	1,280,899	-388	21,315
Unemployed	64,666	65,424	72,061	-758	-7,395
Rate	4.7	4.8	5.3	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	980,701	987,070	971,396	-6,369	9,305
Employed	932,406	936,682	919,861	-4,276	12,545
Unemployed	48,295	50,388	51,535	-2,093	-3,240
Rate	4.9	5.1	5.3	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers

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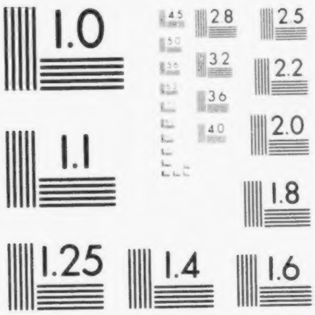
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ATLANTA
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COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR | FEBRUARY 1980 | LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(January Data)

NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DECLINES IN JANUARY

Seasonal factors caused the nonagricultural employment estimate for January to sink 25,500 from December's estimate. Employment for January registered 2,121,800 compared to 2,147,300 for December and 2,075,700 for January 1979. The largest drop recorded in January - 16,100 -occurred in retail trade. The normal after-Christmas decline in retail employment was shared by department stores, women's ready-to-wear stores, shoe stores, mail order houses, restaurants, sporting goods stores and miscellaneous general merchandise stores. Although retail trade employment declined, overall wholesale trade employment increased by 900 primarily in commercial machines and equipment as well as industrial machinery and equipment. The U.S. Department of Commerce reported a 2.3 percent increase in retail sales for January after seasonal adjustment (*Business Week*, February 25, 1980). Wholesale prices jumped 1.6 percent in January, reflecting the largest increase in five years. The increase was attributed mainly to higher gasoline and heating oil prices.

Contract construction, declining 1,300 from December to January, reflected the normal seasonal trend in employment. Special trade construction increased by 600 but was more than offset by losses in general building and heavy construction. Somewhat related to the construction sector is the finance, insurance and real estate sector. Overall employment dropped by 700. Insurance and real estate reported decrements while finance rose by 300. Nationally, the mortgage insurance industry and the housing industry have reported a declining market.

Manufacturing employment experienced a decline of 4,400 from December to January with both durable and nondurable goods employment declining. Over half of the 2,500 worker drop in durable goods was due to a layoff in an automobile assembly plant. However, some strength was shown in aircraft assembly manufacturing.

Nationally, over 200,000 workers were laid off in automobile assembly plants during January. Domestic car production dropped 31.6 percent from year-ago figures. The four major producers built 523,325 cars in January 1980 compared to 764,938 in January 1979. Truck production was down 52.2 percent from last year. February car production is expected to be around 20 percent below last year's level (*Atlanta Constitution*, February 4, 1980). Part of the reason for decreased production is blamed on increased sales of foreign automobiles. Japanese car sales in the U.S. for January were 177,544 units or 22 percent of the total market (*Wall Street Journal*, February 14, 1980). The U.S. Department of Labor has begun an investigation to determine if American automobile workers are entitled to special unemployment benefits due to import competition.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Most of the categories in manufacturing and in nonmanufacturing employment registered losses. Part of the decline is seasonal in nature, particularly in trade and construction, but some of the decline was due to a weakening economy.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BRITISH FIRM MOVES TO ATLANTA

Rolls-Royce, Limited, a British manufacturer of aircraft engines, opened the company's first U.S.-based engineering office in Atlanta on January 28, 1980. The office, located at 1895 Phoenix Boulevard near Hartsfield International Airport, will employ 40 to 50 engineers. The engineers will improve service and refinements to the Rolls-Royce gas turbine engines used by North American customers. Three Georgia companies, Delta Air Lines, Lockheed-Georgia Company and Gulfstream-American of Savannah, use the engines.

There is a possibility that the company could establish an assembly plant near Marietta. The plant would produce Rolls' Pegasus II engines for the new McDonnell Douglas AV-8B aircraft. The plant would employ around 1,000 people.

UNIROYAL PLANT CLOSING IN DUBLIN

Uniroyal Incorporated of Oxford, Connecticut, announced the closing of its plant in Dublin, Georgia. The manufacturer of canvas footwear will phase out operations at the Laurens County plant on February 29, 1980. Around 450 people will be laid off because of the closing. A company spokesman said foreign competition lowered the market for domestically produced canvas footwear.

CLEVELAND SITE FOR FIBER GLASS PLANT

The Clark-Schwebel Fiber Glass Corporation of White Plains, New York, announced plans to build a 96,000-square-foot fiber glass weaving and finishing plant in Cleveland, Georgia. The plant will cost over $6 million to build and is expected to start operations by September. Initial employment is expected to be around 200 people.

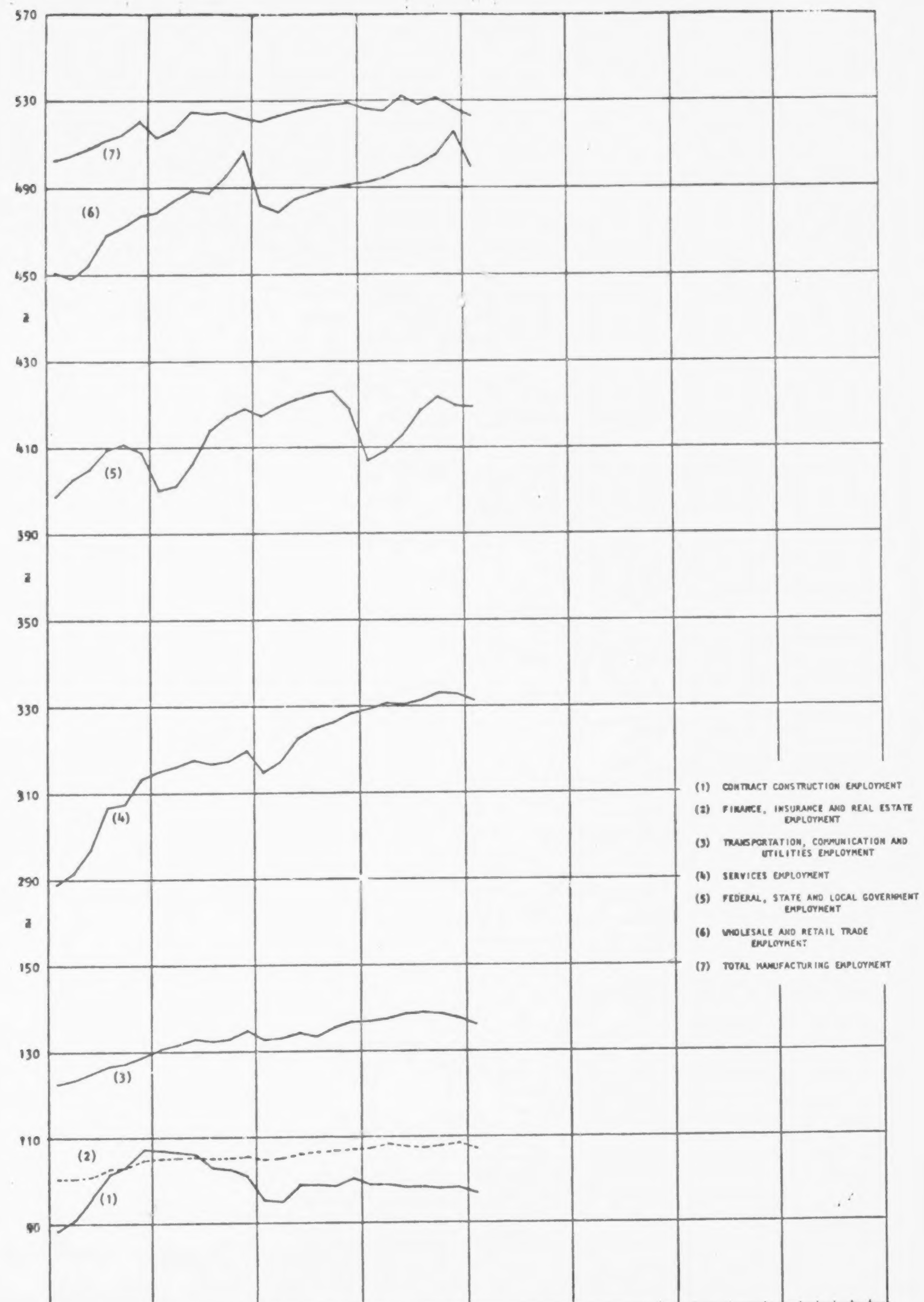
COMPANY ADDS TWO RETAIL STORES

Richway, a subsidiary of Federated Department Stores, Incorporated, of Cincinnati, announced the addition of two retail stores in Cobb and Clarke Counties by autumn of 1980. The Cobb County store will be built at the intersection of Sandy Plains Road and Georgia Highway 5. The Clarke County store will be built at the intersection of Timothy Road and Atlanta Highway in Athens. The Athens site marks the first time Richway has built outside of the metropolitan Atlanta area. Initial employment at each store is expected to be around 250 people.

EMBARGO TO SOVIET UNION AFFECTS POULTRY INDUSTRY

On January 4, President Carter announced an embargo on agricultural shipments to the Soviet Union as a repercussion against that country's invasion of Afghanistan. Gold Kist, Incorporated, an Atlanta-based farmers' cooperative, had an agreement to send 65,000 metric tons of frozen chicken to Russia before the summer Olympic games. Around 5,000 metric tons of frozen chicken or about 3.7 million chickens were already packaged and awaited shipment to the Soviet Union. The U.S. Department of Agriculture purchased those 5,000 metric tons for use in hospitals, prisons and schools. The Agriculture Department is contemplating purchase of an additional 10,000 metric tons on the open market. The economic impact of the excess supply of chicken reaching the grocery store has lowered prices by approximately 7 cents per pound, according to Harold Ford of the Southeastern Poultry Association.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Cindy F. Cargill, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
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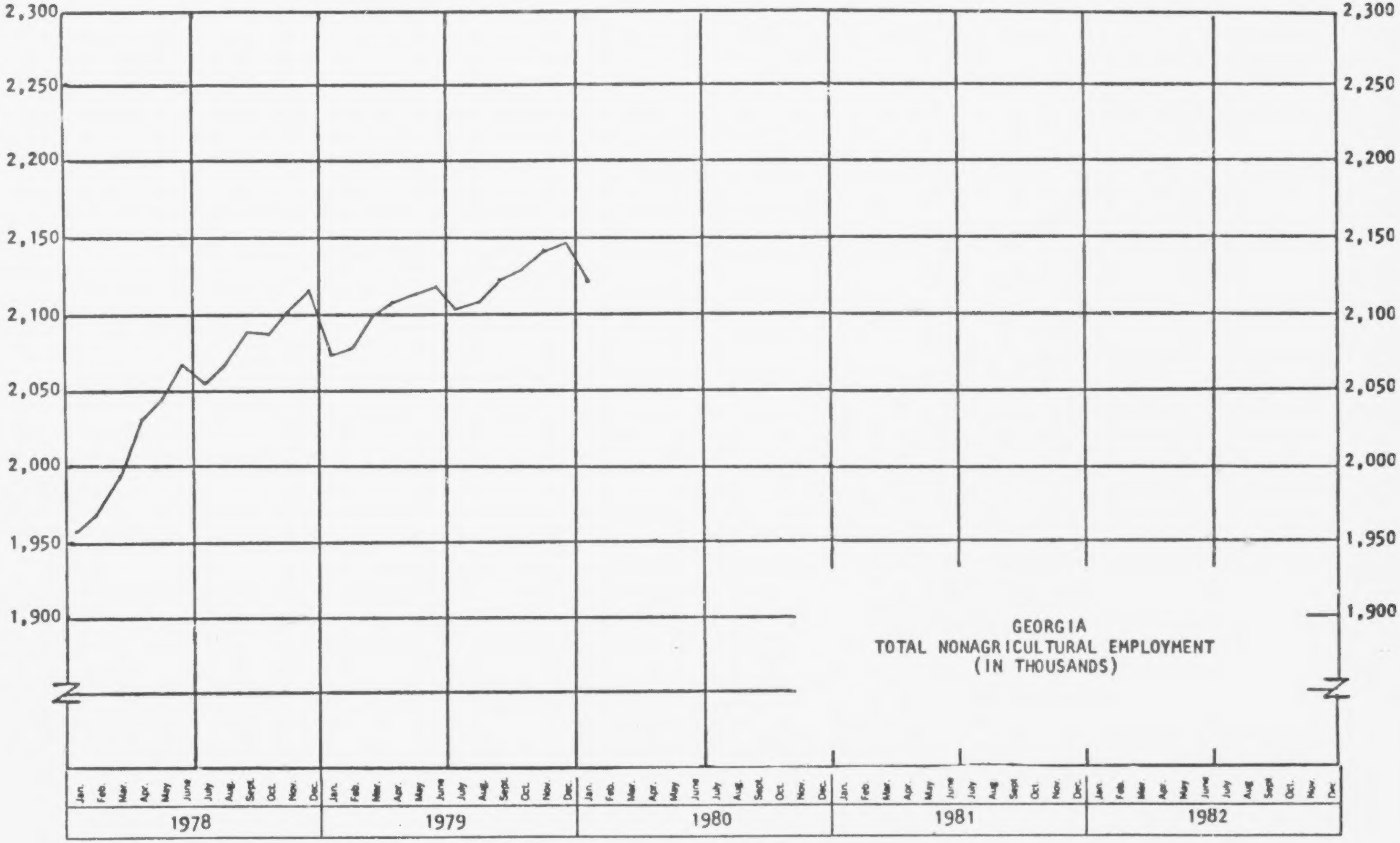
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,121.8	2,147.3	2,075.7	25.5-	46.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	522.5	526.9	520.8	4.4-	1.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	181.7	184.2	180.8	2.5-	.9
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	30.4	30.8	29.6	.4-	.8
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.6	15.8	15.2	.2-	.4
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.7	9.6	10.1	.1	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.0	7.0	7.5	.0	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.5	18.7	17.7	.2-	.8
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.6	16.7	16.1	.1-	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.3	21.7	21.2	.4-	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.6	22.7	21.1	.1-	1.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.9	19.7	18.9	.2	1.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	31.4	32.7	34.5	1.3-	3.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	339915	11.3	11.8	11.7	.5-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	340.9	342.7	340.0	1.8-	.9
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	57.2	57.4	56.5	.2-	.7
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.3	21.1	20.7	.2	.6
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.6	15.5	15.0	.1	.6
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.6	4.6	4.7	.0	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.3	9.3	9.1	.0	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	121.9	122.8	122.9	.9-	1.0-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.7	29.6	29.8	.1	.1-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.5	4.8	5.0	.3-	.5-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.1	9.1	8.6	.0	.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	32.5	33.3	33.5	.8-	1.0-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	25.7	25.7	25.3	.0	.4
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	74.2	74.6	74.8	.4-	.6-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.2	40.5	40.4	.3-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.1	22.3	22.9	.2-	.8-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.8	28.0	27.5	.2-	.3
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.3	13.5	13.4	.2-	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.9	6.9	6.7	.0	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.2	23.0	22.0	.2	1.2
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.1	7.8	7.9	.3	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.6	16.0	.1	.7
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.4	2.5	2.5	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.5	17.9	17.8	.4-	.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,599.2	1,620.4	1,554.9	21.2-	44.3
MINING	100005	7.5	7.8	7.5	.3-	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	96.8	98.1	95.5	1.3-	1.3
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	136.1	137.8	132.5	1.7-	3.6
TRANSPORTATION	500015	82.0	83.1	80.1	1.1-	1.9
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	34.2	34.7	33.2	.5-	1.0
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.0	20.0	19.2	.0	.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	499.7	515.8	482.1	16.1-	17.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	160.6	159.7	151.3	.9	9.3
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	100.7	98.3	91.7	2.4	9.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	59.8	61.4	59.6	1.6-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.1	356.1	330.8	17.0-	8.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700305	107.7	108.4	104.8	.7-	2.9
FINANCE	760025	46.5	46.2	44.6	.3	1.9
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.2	39.6	38.8	.4-	.4
REAL ESTATE	765375	21.9	22.6	21.4	.7-	.5
SERVICES	800005	331.7	332.7	314.7	1.0-	17.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	419.8	419.9	417.8	.1-	2.0
FEDERAL	998011	79.9	80.9	81.6	1.0-	1.7-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	339.9	338.9	336.2	1.0	3.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	405.8	409.0	408.0	3.2-	2.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	138.1	140.0	139.3	1.9-	1.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	267.7	269.0	268.7	1.3-	1.0-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.6	40.9	40.4	.3-	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	103.9	104.7	104.7	.8-	.8-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.6	26.5	26.8	.1	.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.9	4.1	4.3	.2-	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.6	7.5	7.0	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.9	28.5	28.4	.6-	.5-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	22.3	22.4	22.1	.1-	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.1	63.3	63.8	.2-	.7-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.4	34.8	35.3	.4-	.9-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.3	18.1	18.9	.2	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	24.7	24.7	24.5	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.7	8.7	9.0	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.7	21.7	21.7	.0	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.3	10.4	10.4	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.0	9.9	9.7	.1	.3
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.1	2.2	2.1	.1-	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.8	14.9	14.1	.1-	.7
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.2	12.2	11.7	.0	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	17.2	17.5	17.1	.3-	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.9	15.9	14.9	.0	1.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	13.5	12.8	12.3	.7	1.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	21.8	23.3	25.6	1.5-	3.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JAN 80	PRV MO DEC 79	CM YA JAN 79	CUR MO JAN 80	PRV MO DEC 79	CM YA JAN 79	CUR MO JAN 80	PRV MO DEC 79	CM YA JAN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$222.86	$220.04	$200.70	40.3	40.3	39.2	$5.53	$5.46	$5.12
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$244.02	$238.16	$218.12	40.4	39.3	38.0	$6.04	$6.06	$5.74
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$212.38	$210.53	$191.92	40.3	40.8	39.9	$5.27	$5.16	$4.81
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$222.05	$214.09	$191.00	40.3	39.5	38.9	$5.51	$5.42	$4.91
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$196.65	$202.92	$185.12	41.4	42.9	41.6	$4.75	$4.73	$4.45
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$218.06	$219.73	$200.07	43.7	44.3	43.4	$4.99	$4.96	$4.61
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$224.62	$234.90	$194.32	43.7	45.7	41.7	$5.14	$5.14	$4.66
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$161.95	$184.16	$166.87	41.0	47.1	41.1	$3.95	$3.91	$4.06
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$177.72	$190.87	$167.74	40.3	42.7	39.1	$4.41	$4.47	$4.29
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$193.95	$186.52	$176.95	39.5	38.3	40.4	$4.91	$4.87	$4.38
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$148.15	$143.17	$133.10	36.4	36.9	35.4	$4.07	$3.88	$3.76
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$145.71	$140.56	$135.26	35.8	36.7	35.5	$4.07	$3.83	$3.81
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$149.97	$134.06	$127.94	36.4	34.2	34.3	$4.12	$3.92	$3.73
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$171.74	$156.28	$145.48	39.3	36.6	36.1	$4.37	$4.27	$4.03
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$187.12	$177.74	$163.33	37.2	36.2	34.9	$5.03	$4.91	$4.68
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$366.64	$346.48	$314.46	43.7	42.1	42.9	$8.39	$8.23	$7.33
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$414.94	$394.27	$349.36	45.9	44.4	44.0	$9.04	$8.88	$7.94
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$281.40	$287.11	$266.36	43.9	43.9	44.1	$6.41	$6.54	$6.04
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$130.64	$173.30	$159.75	36.8	49.8	45.0	$3.55	$3.48	$3.55
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.67	$239.98	$198.24	43.1	42.4	39.1	$5.70	$5.66	$5.07
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$289.54	$280.67	$284.00	41.6	40.5	42.9	$6.96	$6.93	$6.62
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$261.97	$251.69	$219.40	43.3	42.3	38.9	$6.05	$5.95	$5.64
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$241.01	$234.21	$207.21	38.5	37.0	36.1	$6.26	$6.33	$5.74
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$225.03	$247.19	$236.18	40.4	44.3	42.1	$5.57	$5.58	$5.61
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$338.63	$334.80	$304.51	38.7	37.2	36.6	$8.75	$9.00	$8.32

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JAN 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= JAN 80 PREV MO= DEC 79 CURR MO YR AGO= JAN 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.8	1.8	4.1	2.9	1.3	3.2	.6	.3	.5	3.9	2.4	3.8	2.0	1.3	2.3	.9	.5	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.0	1.5	3.3	2.1	1.1	2.7	.6	.2	.3	3.9	1.5	2.9	1.3	.7	1.6	1.9	.3	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.2	2.0	4.4	3.2	1.4	3.4	.6	.3	.6	3.9	2.7	4.2	2.3	1.6	2.6	.5	.5	.8
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.1	2.6	5.9	3.9	1.9	4.2	.4	.4	1.0	5.1	3.6	5.6	2.8	1.9	3.1	.9	.8	1.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.9	2.0	3.7	3.0	1.7	3.1	.4	.1	.2	3.6	2.5	4.1	2.2	1.6	2.4	.3	.2	.8
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.3	2.7	4.5	3.2	2.2	3.1	.2	.1	.4	4.0	3.3	5.3	2.4	2.1	2.8	.1	.1	1.2
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.8	1.5	4.0	2.6	1.5	3.5	.0	.0	.2	3.1	2.5	4.0	1.9	1.5	2.9	.0	.2	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.1	2.7	2.4	5.2	1.9	1.7	.8	.2	.7	2.7	2.3	5.4	2.4	1.7	2.4	.1	.0	2.7
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	3.0	1.9	3.6	2.8	1.7	3.3	.1	.1	.1	3.7	2.2	3.2	2.2	1.8	2.3	.7	.0	.5
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.7	1.6	3.4	2.5	1.4	2.9	.9	.1	.1	3.5	2.5	3.4	2.3	1.2	2.4	.0	.5	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.3	2.0	5.1	4.4	1.3	4.4	.7	.5	.5	4.8	3.0	4.9	3.2	1.8	3.6	.7	.6	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.9	1.8	4.7	4.1	1.3	3.7	.7	.4	.7	4.7	2.5	4.2	3.5	2.0	3.2	.6	.2	.5
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	6.3	2.2	6.3	4.8	1.1	5.8	1.2	.9	.3	4.8	3.4	6.1	3.1	1.9	4.6	.9	.9	.8
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.5	2.3	5.5	3.2	1.4	5.4	1.3	.8	.1	4.2	3.2	5.0	2.9	1.5	3.5	.4	1.1	.2
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	5.8	2.4	4.6	5.3	2.1	4.2	.2	.2	.2	8.1	3.8	2.9	4.0	2.5	1.3	2.9	.1	.9
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	1.2	1.9	.9	.4	1.0	1.0	.7	.7	2.1	2.0	1.7	.9	.6	.8	.7	1.0	.4
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	.7	1.4	.8	.4	.2	.4	.2	1.2	.3	2.5	2.9	1.6	.7	.7	.5	1.3	1.8	.6
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.2	.8	2.4	1.9	.6	1.6	.0	.0	.5	1.9	1.1	1.8	.9	.5	1.3	.2	.0	.0
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	3.7	2.5	8.8	1.8	1.7	6.0	1.3	.6	2.7	3.0	3.9	4.8	1.6	2.0	4.1	1.1	1.3	.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.0	1.6	3.2	2.6	1.3	2.4	.1	.1	.5	2.3	1.6	2.1	1.1	.8	1.1	.0	.0	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.8	1.5	5.0	2.6	1.0	2.9	.1	.4	2.1	7.6	3.5	6.1	2.8	2.0	3.8	3.4	1.4	1.9
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.6	1.9	3.8	1.7	1.0	3.1	.2	.2	.3	2.7	2.5	3.7	1.0	1.3	2.4	.3	.0	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.2	.8	.9	.9	.7	.8	.0	.0	.0	1.1	.6	.7	.6	.2	.3	.1	.1	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	3.6	1.7	2.9	2.1	1.0	2.0	1.3	.6	.8	4.2	2.1	3.6	1.8	1.2	1.8	1.6	.5	.9
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.8	1.6	3.8	2.2	1.3	3.1	.6	.2	.3	1.7	2.1	1.7	1.0	.7	1.2	.1	.6	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	3.4	2.5	4.2	2.8	2.3	3.8	.3	.1	.2	4.3	1.5	3.0	.7	.7	1.0	2.7	.2	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	.8	2.2	.9	.7	1.5	.8	.0	.3	4.0	.5	2.6	.5	.4	1.1	2.9	.0	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees

SEASONAL DOWNTURN IN JANUARY EMPLOYMENT IN ATLANTA

The decrease of 15,100 jobs in January from December in the Atlanta area was primarily due to post-holiday layoffs in the trade and service industries. Approximately 78 percent of the reduced employment can be attributed to the post-seasonal adjustment. Despite the decline, total nonfarm employment, estimated at 933,400, remained 25,500 above the year ago level.

TEMPORARY PLANT SHUTDOWN REDUCES MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

Manufacturing, at 139,600, fell 2,500 from December. Both durable and nondurable goods industries recorded losses. Transportation equipment production cut-backs with the temporary partial shutdown of one automobile assembly plant contributed the major decrement in durable goods. Most of the decline in nondurables was confined to the food products industries and was an accumulation of very small losses throughout the industry group except for meat products.

Manufacturing over the year rose 500 with the gains in nondurable goods industries more than overcoming the 600 drop in durable goods. Transportation equipment in the durable goods sector, down 2,400 from last year, more than offset substantial gains in electric and electronic equipment and machinery, except electrical. Printing and publishing and textile mill products were the main contributors to the 1,000 increment in the nondurable goods sector.

SEASONAL DECLINES IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonmanufacturing employment fell 12,500 from the December level to an estimated 793,900 for January. All major industry divisions except government registered losses. Trade dropped 9,600 and was confined to the retail sector, reflecting the normal seasonal declines. Service industries, down 2,100, had losses in nearly all segments, with hotels, business services, private eduction and membership organizations having the greater decrements. Finance, insurance and real estate, down 700, sustained losses in insurance and real estate more than offsettting a 500 gain in banking. Transportation, communications and public utilities, down 600, had minor losses in motor freight and warehousing and air transportation. Heavy construction contributed to the 300 loss in construction industries. State and local education gains raised government employment by 700.

From January 1979, nonmanufacturing rose 25,100. All major industrial categories recorded over-the-year gains with services, trade, and transportation and public utilities having the greater increments.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

OFFICE/HOTEL/APARTMENT COMPLEX FOR SANDY SPRINGS

A $70-million, 189-acre office/hotel/apartment complex in Sandy Springs is being planned by an Atlanta development firm. The planned site is the northwest quadrant of the intersection of Abernathy Road and Georgia 400 Highway.

The total project is planned to include about one million square feet of office space, approximately 450 apartment units, a 300-room hotel and retail space. The project is to take about 10 years to complete.

OFFICE PARK TO BE BURIED

Two Atlanta firms, D. F. Industries and Energy Efficient, Incorporated, have revealed plans to build a $6.5 million complex underground on a 36-acre site off Georgia 400 Highway in the southern section of Forsyth County. This energy-efficient, totally passive, earth sheltered underground office and industrial park will be the first of its kind in the world.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	933.4	948.5	907.9	15.1-	25.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	139.6	142.1	139.1	2.5-	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	68.1	70.2	68.7	2.1-	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.2	3.3	3.4	.1-	.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.4	3.4	3.6	.0	.2-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	2.0	2.2	.1-	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.4	7.5	7.0	.1-	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	4.9	4.9	4.9	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.8	8.1	8.1	.3-	.3-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.1	7.1	6.3	.0	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	9.9	8.7	.1	1.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	21.1	22.6	23.5	1.5-	2.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.4	3.4	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	71.4	71.9	70.4	.5-	1.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.9	19.3	18.7	.4-	.2
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.3	5.0	.1	.4
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.3	3.3	3.5	.0	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.5	7.7	7.1	.2-	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.2	3.9	.1-	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.7	1.7	1.6	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.2	10.2	.1-	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.3	4.5	.1-	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.8	7.7	7.6	.1	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.2	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.0	14.8	14.4	.2	.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.1	6.0	6.0	.1	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	6.8	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.3	5.4	5.5	.1-	.2-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	793.9	806.4	768.8	12.5-	25.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.4	39.7	38.0	.3-	1.4
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.4	86.0	80.8	.6-	4.6
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.6	57.0	53.4	.4-	3.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.7	269.3	253.1	9.6-	6.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	104.7	104.1	96.4	.6	8.3
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	71.5	70.3	64.3	1.2	7.2
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.2	33.8	32.1	.6-	1.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	154.9	165.2	156.7	10.3-	1.8-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.4	64.1	61.9	.7-	1.5
FINANCE	760025	23.7	23.4	22.7	.3	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	24.9	25.3	24.6	.4-	.3
SERVICES	800055	188.0	190.1	179.2	2.1-	8.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	158.1	157.4	155.8	.7	2.3
FEDERAL	998011	30.1	30.4	30.9	.3-	.8-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	128.1	127.0	124.9	1.1	3.2

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	96.8	99.1	99.1	2.3-	2.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	47.5	49.7	50.1	2.2-	2.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.3	49.5	49.0	.2-	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.4	11.6	11.3	.2-	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.4	6.5	6.1	.1-	.3
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.4	8.3	8.6	.1	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.8	4.1	.1	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.6	2.7	2.9	.1-	.3-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.7	2.8	3.0	.1-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.9	5.8	5.8	.1	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.4	3.3	3.5	.1	.1-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.4	5.4	5.0	.0	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.7	6.1	6.3	.4-	.6-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.6	4.1	.0	.5
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	14.4	16.1	17.4	1.7-	3.0-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80	 PRV MO DEC 79	 CM YA JAN 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JAN 80	 PRV MO DEC 79	 CM YA JAN 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80	 PRV MO DEC 79	 CM YA JAN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$254.02	$247.92	$225.98	39.2	38.2	37.6	$6.48	$6.49	$6.01
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$277.15	$278.54	$256.25	38.6	38.0	37.3	$7.18	$7.33	$6.87
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$231.05	$217.91	$195.19	39.7	38.5	37.9	$5.82	$5.66	$5.15
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$214.97	$179.71	$180.07	39.3	34.1	36.9	$5.47	$5.27	$4.88
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$188.33	$183.61	$161.14	39.9	38.9	37.3	$4.72	$4.72	$4.32
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$165.04	$160.00	$150.40	34.1	36.2	37.6	$4.84	$4.42	$4.00
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$169.63	$157.88	$156.71	34.2	35.4	37.4	$4.96	$4.46	$4.19
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$166.15	$164.98	$153.27	32.2	36.1	39.1	$5.16	$4.57	$3.92
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$187.04	$147.70	$138.57	42.8	35.0	34.3	$4.37	$4.22	$4.04
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$224.78	$176.58	$186.45	40.5	32.4	34.4	$5.55	$5.45	$5.42
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$304.01	$303.45	$268.16	43.0	42.8	41.9	$7.07	$7.09	$6.40
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$291.71	$284.60	$268.46	43.8	42.1	44.3	$6.66	$6.76	$6.06
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$241.56	$258.26	$239.48	39.6	42.9	43.7	$6.10	$6.02	$5.48
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$235.00	$251.62	$216.94	41.3	45.5	41.4	$5.69	$5.53	$5.24
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$377.15	$375.36	$356.50	43.5	42.8	42.9	$8.67	$8.77	$8.31
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$233.06	$234.04	$218.27	35.1	35.3	35.9	$6.64	$6.63	$6.08
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$214.70	$208.46	$213.79	37.6	36.7	40.8	$5.71	$5.68	$5.24
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$371.80	$380.85	$328.65	37.9	38.2	35.0	$9.81	$9.97	$9.39

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JAN 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JAN 80 PREV MO= DEC 79 CURR MO YR AGO= JAN 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.8	1.7	3.2	1.9	1.3	2.5	.7	.3	.4	3.5	1.9	2.9	1.1	.9	1.4	1.6	.5	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300075	2.3	1.5	2.6	1.3	1.2	1.9	.7	.2	.4	3.6	1.1	2.7	.7	.6	1.0	2.3	.0	.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.3	2.0	3.9	2.4	1.4	3.1	.7	.5	.5	3.4	3.2	3.2	1.7	1.4	2.0	.8	1.1	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.4	1.0	1.8	.4	.5	1.3	.6	.2	.2	3.9	4.7	3.0	.9	1.1	1.6	2.2	3.1	1.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.0	3.2	6.0	4.5	3.1	5.1	.5	.0	.7	4.6	4.0	4.5	2.9	2.8	3.3	.1	.0	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	7.3	4.3	7.1	7.0	2.1	5.7	.1	1.9	.5	5.0	4.4	4.9	3.2	2.1	3.2	.5	1.7	.7
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.3	.6	2.5	.3	.5	1.9	.0	.0	.3	.4	.8	3.1	.3	.5	.6	.0	.0	2.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.2	.8	3.0	2.0	.5	1.8	1.8	.3	1.0	1.9	.9	1.9	1.4	.4	1.2	.0	.1	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	2.2	.5	3.3	1.5	.3	3.1	.7	.2	.0	2.9	.5	2.2	1.4	.2	1.1	1.1	.2	.5
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.6	2.1	2.9	2.4	2.0	2.8	.1	.1	.1	2.5	2.2	2.8	1.3	1.0	2.0	.0	.1	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.0	1.0	1.0	.8	.9	.9	.0	.0	.0	.6	.6	.6	.3	.2	.3	.1	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.2	2.1	3.2	2.1	1.6	2.9	2.1	.3	.3	2.2	1.8	1.8	.8	.6	1.3	.3	.2	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.4	.6	1.3	.4	.4	.6	.6	.0	.2	4.7	.3	2.6	.5	.2	.6	3.7	.0	1.2

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

TRADE DECLINES IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was estimated at 45,200 in January. This represented a small decline of 100 for the month and a gain of 1,900 over the year. Most of the monthly decrement was in the trade category. Over the year, the largest gains were recorded in manufacturing, service, and the government sectors.

Manufacturing, at 11,400, was unchanged over the month and up 1,300 for the year. Yearly gains were recorded in almost all manufacturing segments, with the largest increment in the "other nondurable goods" segment. The yearly gains were primarily due to new and expanding industry during the period.

Contract construction, at 3,300, was unchanged over the month and down 1,000 for the year. Several industrial construction projects are now either complete or nearing completion, causing much of the decline in the industry. Construction is continuing on an addition to the county hospital, but the construction date is not available at this time. Residential construction is very slow at present but may pick up due to a large increase in demand and reported declines in prices for building materials.

The trade division, at 9,800, was down 200 over the month and showed an increase of 200 for the year. The monthly decline was primarily due to the return of department and other retail stores to regular staffing patterns following the Christmas season. A small gain was recorded in the wholesale portion of the trade division over the month.

All other nonmanufacturing divisions were basically unchanged over the month. Over the year, gains were recorded in the transportation, communications and utilities division as well as in services and government.

The outlook for the coming months calls for increased employment in manufacturing for the area. Also, in the service division, an acute shortage of registered nurses appears to exist.

Note Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176

FOOD EMPLOYMENT GAINS IN AUGUSTA

Employment in the Augusta area declined to 122,400, representing a loss of 500 jobs over the month. This decrement was attributable to less business in construction, trade, and services and mining. A small increase in government partially offset this decrease. Annually, an increment of 2,900 jobs was recorded. All major industry divisions shared in the upturn except construction which remained unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 36,500, was unchanged over the month. A moderate gain of 100 was reported in food and kindred products, resulting from increased business in bakeries and meat processors. A decline of 100 was reported in apparel as inventories remained high with relatively low demand. "Other nondurable goods" also recorded a moderate decline with less activity in chemicals, primarily.

Annually, manufacturing rose 500. Stone, clay and glass products recorded an increase of 100 attributable to more business among manufacturers of glass. "Other durables" rose 200 as a result of more activity in surgical supplies and transportation equipment. Food and kindred products was up 100, resulting from more activity among bakeries and meat processing establishments. Textiles dropped 200 as the economic squeeze tightened, aided and abetted by unrestricted imports. "Other nondurables" climbed 200 due to more activity in paper, chemicals and plastics.

Construction, at 6,300, dropped 200, precipitated by inclement weather, but remained essentially unchanged over the year. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, remained unchanged but increased 200 over the year, with more activity in motor freight, warehousing and storage. Trade, at 23,800 dropped 200 over the month, triggered by the usual after-Christmas layoffs. This division rose 800 over the year with the opening of new firms perpetrating the increase. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, remained unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year, with scattered gains through most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,900, dropped 100 over the month, with less activity in hotels, mining, and cleaning and protective services, triggered by tighter money and cautious hiring for replacement. This division recorded an annual increase of 400 over the year, precipitated by the opening of new firms. Government, at 30,900, rose 100 over the month, resulting from more business in hospitals and public health programs. This division increased 1,000 over the year, with more activity in both the federal and state and local government subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Employment will drop in trade through February and possibly March, but with the advent of the annual Masters Tournament, will rise again, together with services, for that week at least. Construction, beset by tight money, high interest rates and some inclement weather, will fluctuate uncertainly. There is good news in the building of multiple occupancy units (hopefully affordable for the young couple) and the anticipation of the start-up of construction of both Kimberly Clark Corporation's facility and the erection of the new facility for Riegel in Aiken County. The indefinite plans of W. F. Hall need no speculation, and perhaps an announcement of specific plans will be forthcoming soon. The erection of the new State Penal Hospital institution in Richmond County at the Columbia County line will last approximately 24 to 30 months, and as soon as the ground dries enough and the weather warms a little, progress will be hastened. Energy supplies and costs remain the key to the economic situation and the virtual consumer survival of individuals in this area. Alternate sources at reasonable costs must be researched, developed and produced with no delay by bureaucratic encumbrances. In my opinion, restoration of the oil depletion allowance, together with a built-in consumer price index factor, would certainly have been better than the deregulation and taxation, both of which are big burdens to the consumer. The revolt of consumers and taxpayers may come sooner than economists expect.

Note. Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NONMANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT DROPS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 82,600, declined 900 from the December estimate. Manufacturing employment dropped 200 from one month ago, while nonmanufacturing employment lost 600. Employment gained 1,200 from January 1979. Nonmanufacturing advanced 1,100 over the year, and manufacturing increased 100 during this period of time.

Manufacturing employment, at 21,500, reflected a loss of 200 from December, with all groups remaining the same except the stone, clay and glass products group, which experienced the loss. Lumber and wood products and "other nondurable goods" remained the same over the year, while all other groups revealed increases except stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," and apparel and other finished textile products, which indicated losses.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,100, declined by 600 from last month's estimate. A gain of 1,100 was noted from January 1979 when 60,000 were employed. Contract construction employment, at 3,700, was the same as December's estimate and was 400 below last year's figure. Transportation, communication and public utilities employment, at 3,400, was down 100 from the December estimate and was unchanged from one year ago. Trade employment dropped 500 from last month to a total of 16,800. This decline in employment was caused by the laying off of extra help hired for the Christmas shopping season. Finance, insurance and real estate employment, at 5,200, remained unchanged from one month ago. An advance of 100 was noted from a year earlier. The services sector, with employment of 11,500, was the same as December and was 700 more than one year ago. Government employment declined 100 from a month ago, due to a loss in the federal sector, and gained 1,400 over the year due to increases in state and federal government. Annually, federal employment dropped by 100 workers.

Note. Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423

MACON RECORDS LOSSES IN NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,400 in January. The current preliminary estimate is down 800 from December and up 400 from January 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a loss in durable goods. Nondurable goods was unchanged. Nonmanufacturing fell 700 with losses in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, finance, insurance and real estate, and services. Construction gained 100, with government remaining unchanged.

Annually manufacturing increased 600, with a drop in durable goods partially offsetting a rise in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing declined 200, with losses in finance, insurance and real estate, and government. Trade and services advanced over the year, and construction and transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services were unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,100, was down 100 from last month and up 600 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods fell 100, with a decline in stone, clay and glass products. Lumber and wood, non-electrical machinery, and "other durable goods" were unchanged. Nondurable goods was unchanged, with a gain in food being offset by a decrease in "other nondurable goods." All other segments were unchanged. Annually, durable goods was down 100, with losses in lumber and wood products, and stone, clay and glass products. "Other durable goods" rose 100, and non-electrical machinery was unchanged. Nondurable goods increased 700, with gains in food, textiles and apparel. Paper declined slightly, and chemicals and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,300, was up 100 from December and unchanged from a year ago. During the month, general construction was down, heavy construction was unchanged, and special trades construction advanced. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,700, was down 100 from last month and unchanged from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was in transportation. Trade, at 20,400, was down 400 from December and up 200 from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was in transportation. Trade at 20,400, was down 400 from December and up 200 from January 1979. Most of the monthly decline was due to the release of temporary help hired for the Christmas season. Annually, most of the increase was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was down 100 from last month and down 100 from a year ago. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in insurance. Services, at 15,900, was down 100 from last month and up 300 from January 1979. Most of the loss during the month was in covered services. Annually, mining and private education accounted for most of the gain. Government, at 28,400, was unchanged from December and down 600 from a year ago. Annually, the federal segment fell 100, and the state and local segment declined 500. Most of the state and local loss was due to a cutback in the federally funded CETA Program.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

THE CONSUMER RETREAT

Employment in the nonagricultural wage and salary sector in the Savannah area dropped approximately 900 from December 1979 and 800 from January of 1979. Over the year, transportation equipment and contract construction each declined by 500 or more. Both of these sectors are vulnerable in period of high inflation. It is doubtful whether construction will be or can be turned around in the upcoming year. In all probability, employment will decline even further in this sector. Transportation equipment is in a very "iffy" situation. Should deregulation of the trucking industry occur, orders for new trucks would initially go up and therefore result in increased employment. Should military spending on ships filter down to Savannah, we may see an increase in transportation equipment. Aircraft may or may not experience trouble. Should the military preempt scarce aluminum and electronic resources to build military aircraft, our local industry might face supply problems.

For the past year, economists have been telling us of the coming of the consumer retreat. However, the consumer retreat never really materialized. The consumer cut his rate of savings to an all-time low while, at the same time, he increased his debt level to an all-time high. These facts alone would have indicated a consumer retreat, but the retreat never came. Now the retreat may be forced on the consumer through a combination of higher inflation and a cutback in consumer product production. If the military procurement plans are serious, certain adjustments are going to have to be made in the economy. First, there is a critical shortage of skilled help in the economy; however, should the military economy start expanding, it will have to be done at the expense of the consumer economy. Second, there is a shortage of materials and plant capacity to accommodate both the consumer and military economies. The military economy can expand only at the expense of the consumer economy, making fewer consumer products available. Third, the military economy generates dollars for consumers but not consumer products. With fewer consumer products being produced and more consumer dollars going after these fewer products, two options become available - rationing or inflation.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.2	45.3	43.3	.1-	1.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.4	11.4	10.1	.0	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.0	1.9	.1	.2
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.7	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.3	9.3	8.2	.0	1.1
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.2	2.3	1.7	.1-	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.8	4.8	4.3	.0	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	33.8	33.9	33.2	.1-	.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.3	3.3	4.3	.0	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.8	10.0	9.6	.2-	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.3	3.2	2.9	.1	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.9	6.6	.4-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.4	6.4	5.9	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	6.8	.0	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000005	122.4	122.9	119.5	.5-	2.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.5	36.5	36.0	.0	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.7	9.7	9.4	.0	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.8	26.6	.0	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.5	2.5	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.3	10.5	.0	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.8	2.7	.1-	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.5	10.6	10.3	.1-	.2
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.9	86.4	83.5	.5-	2.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.3	6.5	6.3	.2-	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	23.8	24.0	23.0	.2-	.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	19.2	19.5	18.8	.3-	.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.9	16.0	15.5	.1-	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	30.9	30.8	29.9	.1	1.0
FEDERAL	998011	6.8	6.8	6.5	.0	.3
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.0	24.0	23.5	.0	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.6	83.5	81.4	.9-	1.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.5	21.7	21.4	.2-	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.7	5.9	5.7	.2-	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.5	.6	.1-	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.2	.3	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.8	15.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.4	9.4	9.3	.0	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.8	.8	.9	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000360	61.1	61.7	60.0	.6-	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.7	3.7	4.1	.0	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.8	17.3	17.5	.5-	.7-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.6	2.6	.1-	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.3	14.7	14.9	.4-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.1	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.5	11.5	10.8	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.4	20.5	19.0	.1-	1.4
FEDERAL	998011	5.7	5.8	5.8	.1-	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998539	14.7	14.7	13.2	.0	1.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.4	96.2	95.0	.8-	.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.2	15.5	.1-	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.0	5.1	5.1	.1-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324065	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.5	1.5	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	11.1	11.1	10.4	.0	.7
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.9	1.9	1.7	.0	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.4	1.9	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.9	1.8	.1-	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.3	80.0	79.5	.7-	.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.2	4.3	.1	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.7	4.8	4.7	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.4	20.8	20.2	.4-	.2
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.7	5.7	.1-	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.9	16.0	15.6	.1-	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.4	28.4	29.0	.0	.6-
FEDERAL	998011	15.8	15.8	15.9	.0	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.6	12.6	13.1	.0	.5-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston Jones and Twiggs Counties The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	84.3	85.2	85.1	.9-	.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.4	16.8	.2-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.1	6.6	.1-	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.7	2.8	3.2	.1-	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.0	2.1	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.3	10.2	.1-	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.9	4.8	.1-	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	68.1	68.8	68.2	.7-	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.5	4.5	5.1	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.6	9.0	8.9	.4-	.3-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	20.2	19.5	.5-	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.5	4.3	.1-	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.2	15.7	15.3	.5-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.1	15.3	14.6	2-	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	16.1	15.7	16.2	.4	.1-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.6	13.2	13.8	.4	.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JAN 1980	PREV MO DEC 1979	CUR MO YRGO JAN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.8	11.9	.3-	.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.6	4.8	.1-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.2	7.1	.1-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.6	3.7	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.3	1.3	1.2	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	2.0	2.4	.1-	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JANUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA JAN 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JAN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO DEC 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA JAN 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JAN 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO DEC 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA JAN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$311.32	$297.77	$271.51	43.0	41.3	41.2	$7.24	$7.21	$6.59
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$273.91	$233.86	$216.96	40.7	34.8	36.1	$6.73	$6.72	$6.01
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$335.53	$338.98	$308.19	44.5	45.5	44.6	$7.54	$7.45	$6.91
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$193.96	$179.95	$194.62	37.3	36.5	40.8	$5.20	$4.93	$4.77
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$391.78	$397.50	$357.90	46.2	46.6	46.3	$8.48	$8.53	$7.73
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$276.06	$255.96	$222.60	43.0	40.5	37.1	$6.42	$6.32	$6.00
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$318.86	$320.38	$270.27	41.9	42.1	40.1	$7.61	$7.61	$6.74

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary January 1980	Revised December 1979	January 1979	Change From Revised December 1979	Change From January 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,312,554	2,348,217	2,290,572	-35,663	21,982
Employed	2,195,462	2,229,240	2,167,023	-33,778	28,439
Unemployed	117,092	118,977	123,549	-1,885	-6,457
Rate	5.1	5.1	5.4	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	49,339	49,656	47,691	-317	1,648
Employed	46,535	46,688	44,993	-153	1,542
Unemployed	2,804	2,968	2,698	-164	106
Rate	5.7	6.0	5.7	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	935,154	951,336	921,607	-16,182	13,547
Employed	891,244	907,265	874,261	-16,021	16,983
Unemployed	43,910	44,071	47,346	-161	-3,436
Rate	4.7	4.6	5.1	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,965	121,856	119,822	-891	1,143
Employed	114,488	115,621	113,124	-1,133	1,364
Unemployed	6,477	6,235	6,698	242	-221
Rate	5.4	5.1	5.6	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,270	84,998	84,059	-728	211
Employed	78,757	79,511	78,411	-754	346
Unemployed	5,513	5,487	5,648	26	-135
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.7	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	95,513	97,364	97,121	-1,851	-1,608
Employed	90,969	92,442	91,330	-1,473	-361
Unemployed	4,544	4,922	5,791	-378	-1,247
Rate	4.8	5.1	6.0	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,281	85,930	87,773	-649	-2,492
Employed	80,914	81,257	82,438	-343	-1,524
Unemployed	4,367	4,673	5,335	-306	-968
Rate	5.1	5.4	6.1	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary January 1980	Revised December 1979	January 1979	Change From	
				Revised December 1979	January 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,965	121,856	119,822	-891	1,143
Employed	114,488	115,621	113,124	-1,133	1,364
Unemployed	6,477	6,235	6,698	242	-221
Rate	5.4	5.1	5.6	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,405	80,664	79,752	-259	653
Employed	76,265	76,515	75,128	-250	1,137
Unemployed	4,140	4,149	4,624	-9	-484
Rate	5.1	5.1	5.8	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	40,560	41,192	40,070	-632	490
Employed	38,223	39,106	37,996	-883	227
Unemployed	2,337	2,086	2,074	251	263
Rate	5.8	5.1	5.2	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary January 1980	Revised December 1979	January 1979	Change From	
				Revised December 1979	January 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,270	84,998	84,059	-728	211
Employed	78,757	79,511	78,411	-754	346
Unemployed	5,513	5,487	5,648	26	-135
Rate	6.5	6.5	6.7	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	66,778	67,439	66,936	-661	-158
Employed	62,837	63,399	62,607	-562	230
Unemployed	3,941	4,040	4,329	-99	-388
Rate	5.9	6.0	6.5	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,492	17,559	17,123	-67	369
Employed	15,920	16,112	15,804	-192	116
Unemployed	1,572	1,447	1,319	125	253
Rate	9.0	8.2	7.7	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary January 1980	Revised December 1979	January 1979	Change From Revised December 1979	Change From January 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,312,554	2,348,217	2,290,572	-35,663	21,982
Employed	2,195,462	2,229,240	2,167,023	-33,778	28,439
Unemployed	117,092	118,977	123,549	-1,885	-6,457
Rate	5.1	5.1	5.4	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,360,089	1,380,197	1,347,854	-20,108	12,235
Employed	1,292,955	1,311,926	1,275,143	-18,971	17,812
Unemployed	67,134	68,271	72,711	-1,137	-5,577
Rate	4.9	4.9	5.4	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	952,465	968,020	942,718	-15,555	9,747
Employed	902,507	917,314	891,880	-14,807	10,627
Unemployed	49,958	50,706	50,838	-748	-880
Rate	5.2	5.2	5.4	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)
Cost $351.37
Quantity 3.000

5-9-80

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2

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **MARCH 1980** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

February Data

TRADE AND MANUFACTURING INDICATE VOLATILE CHANGES

Georgia employment in February 1980 reflected a gain of 9,000 people over January's estimate. With inflation soaring, credit going sour, housing becoming harder to get, prices rising, and a recession hanging over the country, it is surprising to find that employment has increased. However, there were a number of volatile changes recorded in the estimates this month.

After a long slump in automobile manufacturing, General Motors has recalled about 2,300 workers in the Doraville plant. These workers were laid off in November of last year. This could be a sign that the auto industry is picking up, even though national car sales dropped 8.4 percent in early March, with GM only decreasing 2.8 percent (*Atlanta Constitution*, March 14, 1980).

Trade was the only sector to register a decline in employment. This decrease was centered in the retail segment. Although consumer spending in February showed little sign of recession, the figures, when compared to one year ago, do indicate a slowing trend. Retail sales dropped 0.7 percent in February, which is what led to the drop in employment. The decrement was cited in department stores, gasoline service stations, clothing stores, sporting goods stores, and mail order houses. Nevertheless, retail trade was not a clean sweep of declines. Food stores and eating and drinking establishments increased in February. A few of the retail grocers have placed price ceilings on some of their items. One such grocer, Alterman Foods, Incorporated, operators of Food Giant and Big Apple Supermarkets in Georgia and Alabama, placed a 30-day voluntary price freeze on about 3,000 items. Grand Union Company imposed a 30-day freeze on its private-label items which are sold in Colonial Stores and Big Star Supermarkets. This was done in an effort to curb inflation.

CONSTRUCTION LIKELY TO DECLINE

It is expected that construction will be adversely affected by the continually rising interest rate on loans. Single-family housing permits issued in Atlanta in January and February totaled about 2,300, an increase of over 300 from last year. Multifamily unit permits decreased considerably, dropping from 1,300 for last year to 200 for the first two months in 1980. Presently, mortgage loans in Atlanta have risen to the 13¾-to-15¾ percent range. With mortgage rates constantly rising, construction is likely to slow even more. To offset mortgage rates, Georgia-Pacific Corporation announced that it will underwrite 8½ percent interest on mortgage loans for 400 employees that will be relocating to its new corporate headquarters in Atlanta in 1982 (*Atlanta Constitution*, March 19, 1980).

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

ATLANTA SUPPLIES TWO INNOVATIVE ITEMS

Two innovative products have recently been associated with Atlanta. They are 3-dimensional cameras and fiber optic connectors.

Nimslo Technology, Incorporated, an Atlanta development company, plans to market a 3-D camera, which uses standard 35mm color print film. The "quadralens" camera will be produced by Timex, Incorporated, at a plant in Dundee, Scotland. The estimated retail cost of the camera will be in the $200 price range.

Another product, fiber optic connectors, will be manufactured by Western Electric at its Norcross plant in suburban Atlanta. Fiber optic connectors are glass wires that will be used to carry "lightwave" data. The primary users will be telephone companies because it is cheaper and can transmit 10,000 times as many conversations through a single hair-thin fiber as through a copper wire and it eliminates electro-magnetic interference. Western Electric will build a 50,000 square-foot light-guide cable production facility in Norcross to be completed in mid-1980.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

DISTRIBUTION CENTER FOR DEKALB COUNTY

Marshall's, Incorporated, a Woburn, Massachusetts-based retailer, intends to build an $8-10 million distribution center in Snapfinger Woods Industrial Park in DeKalb County. Construction is slated for later this year on the 500,000 - 700,000 square-foot facility. Once completed, the center is expected to employ several hundred people.

LAGRANGE TO GET PARTS PLANT

Goetze AG, a West German supplier of autmobile engine parts, plans to build a $10 million plant in LaGrange. Construction of the 100,000 square-foot building will be completed in early 1981. The plant will produce cylinder head gaskets and will employ 200 people.

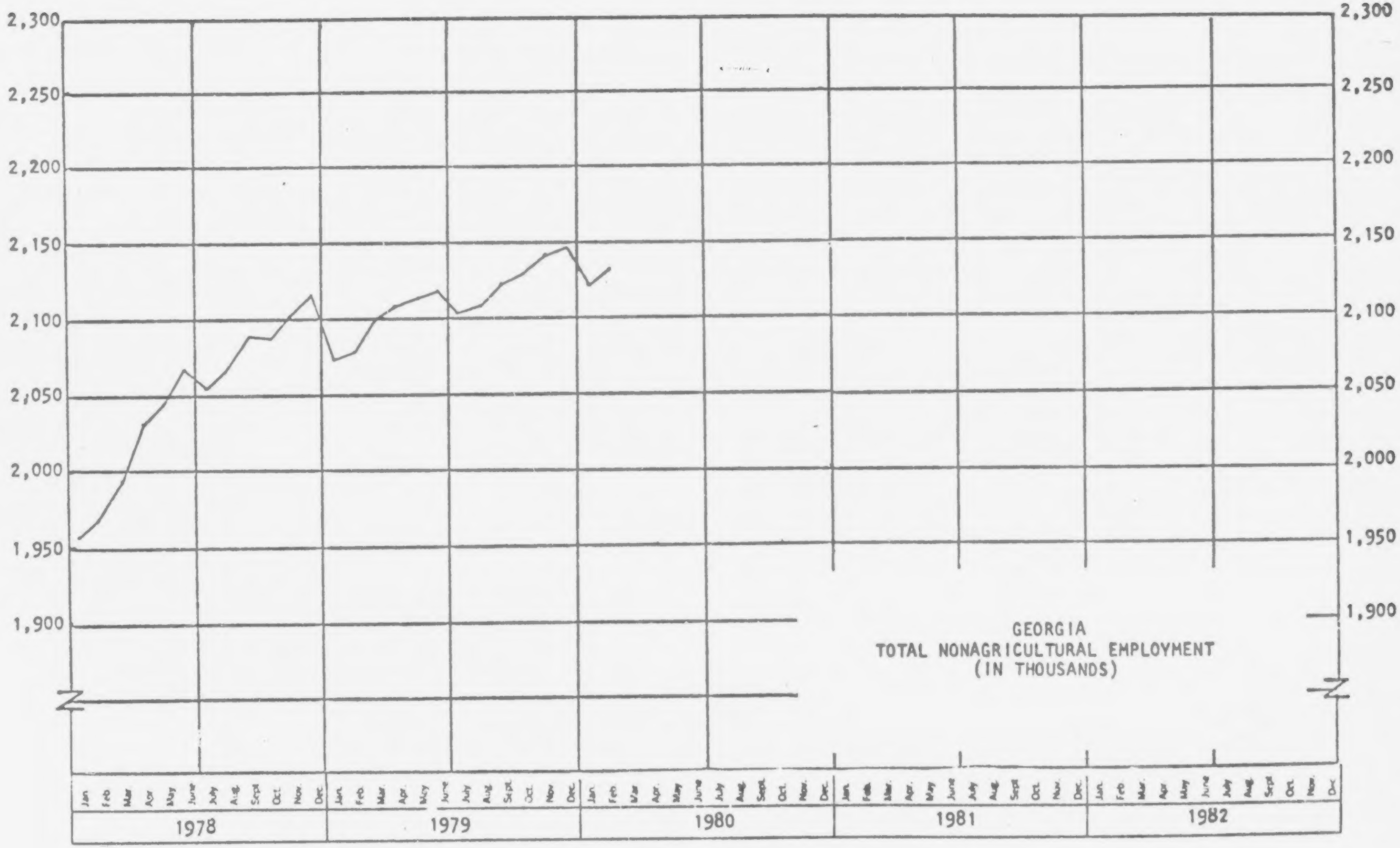
OLD SCHOOL BECOMES HATCHERY

Headquarters and a hatchery facility with the capacity to raise 1.5 million chickens annually is to be established in Hall County by the Institut de Selection Animale. The French firm's location will be on the site of an old school building near Gainesville.

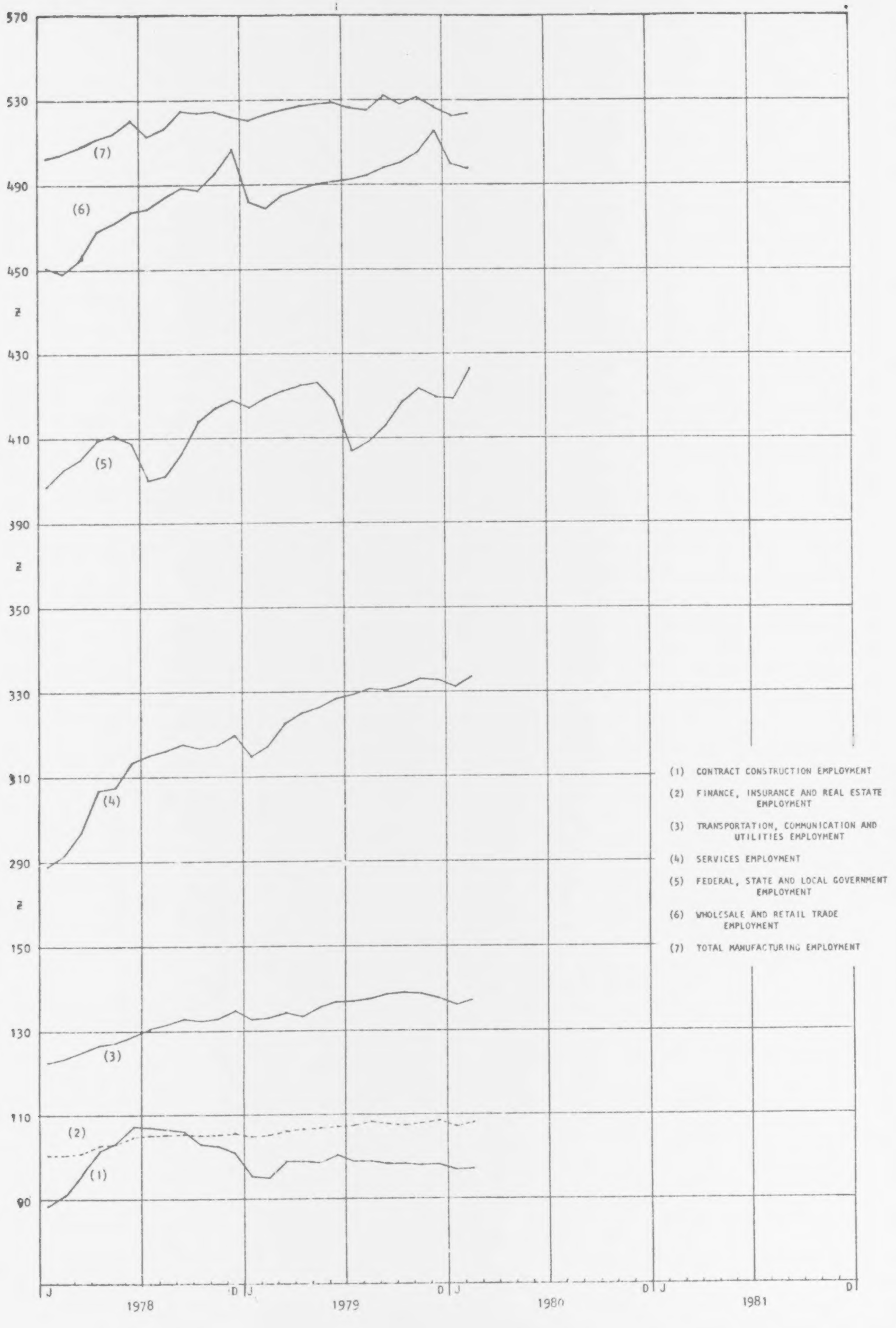
FOOD-SERVICE FIRM TO BE LOCATED IN COBB

Development of the Cumberland Business Park was begun by Cochran Management Corporation. The 70-acre site is located across from Dobbins Air Force Base. The development's 14 sites will include headquarters for Sands and Company, a Southeastern food-service firm. The 50,000 square-foot facility will cost $1.6 million and is to be completed by November.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YAGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,132.4	2,123.4	2,080.2	9.0	52.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	524.7	523.0	523.1	1.7	1.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	184.2	182.0	181.9	2.2	2.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	31.0	30.5	29.9	.5	1.1
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.9	15.6	15.3	.3	.6
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	10.0	9.7	10.1	.3	.1-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.2	7.0	7.5	.2	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.3	18.4	17.6	.1-	.7
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	17.0	16.9	16.5	.1	.5
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.4	21.3	21.3	.1	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.7	22.6	21.5	.1	1.2
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.8	19.9	19.1	.1-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.9	31.4	34.3	1.5	1.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.2	11.3	11.6	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	340.5	341.0	341.3	.5-	.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.8	57.1	56.7	.3-	.1
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.7	21.3	20.9	.4	.8
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	16.0	15.6	15.1	.4	.9
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	8.9	9.3	9.1	.4-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	120.4	121.9	123.6	1.5-	3.2-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.6	29.7	30.0	.1-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.5	4.5	5.1	.0	.6-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.2	9.1	8.6	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	32.2	32.5	33.7	.3-	1.5-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	24.4	25.7	25.5	1.3-	1.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.5	74.5	74.8	1.0	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.5	40.2	40.5	.3	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.9	22.4	23.2	.5	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.9	27.8	27.3	.1	.6
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.3	13.3	.1-	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.9	6.6	.1-	.2
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.5	23.1	22.3	.4	1.2
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.3	8.1	7.9	.2	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.7	16.7	16.2	.0	.5
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.4	2.4	2.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.3	17.5	18.0	.2-	.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,607.7	1,600.4	1,557.0	7.3	50.7
MINING	100005	7.6	7.5	7.5	.1	.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	96.9	96.8	94.9	.1	2.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.2	137.0	133.1	.2	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	530015	82.2	82.2	80.6	.0	1.6
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	34.9	34.8	33.3	.1	1.6
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.0	19.2	.1	.9
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.1	499.4	479.3	1.3-	18.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.5	159.2	152.3	.3	7.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.3	99.1	92.4	.2	6.9
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.2	60.1	59.9	.1	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	338.6	340.2	327.1	1.6-	11.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700025	108.1	107.8	105.1	.3	3.0
FINANCE	760025	46.4	46.5	44.8	.1-	1.6
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.5	39.3	39.0	.2	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.1	21.9	21.3	.2	.8
SERVICES	800005	333.7	331.4	317.3	2.3	16.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	426.2	420.5	419.8	5.7	6.4
FEDERAL	998011	80.5	80.1	82.8	.4	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	345.7	340.3	337.0	5.4	8.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	406.6	405.3	409.8	1.3	3.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	140.0	137.5	140.1	2.5	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	266.7	267.7	269.8	1.0-	3.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.6	40.6	.4-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	101.8	103.9	105.3	2.1-	3.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.5	26.6	27.0	.1-	.5-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.9	3.9	4.3	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.6	7.0	.1	.7
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.7	27.9	28.6	.2-	.9-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.8	22.2	22.2	1.4-	1.4-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.9	63.1	63.9	.8	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.8	34.4	35.3	.4	.5-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.7	18.3	19.2	.4	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	25.2	24.8	24.7	.4	.5
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.0	8.7	9.0	.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.7	21.8	21.5	.1-	.2
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.3	10.3	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.1	9.9	9.8	.2	.3
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.8	14.1	.1-	.6
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.4	12.3	12.0	.1	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	17.2	17.2	17.2	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	16.0	15.8	15.2	.2	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.9	12.4	.1-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.1	21.7	25.5	1.4	2.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$223.67	$223.56	$200.97	40.3	40.5	39.1	$5.55	$5.52	$5.14
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$248.46	$246.85	$223.49	40.4	40.6	38.6	$6.15	$6.08	$5.79
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$210.25	$211.29	$189.43	40.2	40.4	39.3	$5.23	$5.23	$4.82
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$211.14	$217.88	$186.35	39.1	40.2	37.8	$5.40	$5.42	$4.93
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$197.18	$196.88	$181.97	41.6	41.8	40.8	$4.74	$4.71	$4.46
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$216.43	$216.57	$192.85	43.2	43.4	42.3	$5.01	$4.99	$4.56
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$219.30	$225.49	$194.32	42.5	43.7	41.7	$5.16	$5.16	$4.66
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$163.56	$161.95	$170.57	41.2	41.0	41.5	$3.97	$3.95	$4.11
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$181.56	$177.72	$175.52	40.8	40.3	39.8	$4.45	$4.41	$4.41
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$198.70	$194.93	$167.86	39.9	39.7	38.5	$4.98	$4.91	$4.36
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$149.78	$149.78	$131.67	36.8	36.8	35.3	$4.07	$4.07	$3.73
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$148.60	$147.42	$135.70	36.6	36.4	35.9	$4.06	$4.05	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$148.47	$149.24	$122.47	36.3	36.4	33.1	$4.09	$4.10	$3.70
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.90	$173.05	$145.16	37.9	38.8	36.2	$4.43	$4.46	$4.01
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$168.26	$185.63	$173.50	35.2	37.2	35.7	$4.78	$4.99	$4.86
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$351.92	$365.80	$312.90	42.4	43.6	42.0	$8.30	$8.39	$7.45
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$406.35	$414.94	$350.68	45.2	45.9	44.0	$8.99	$9.04	$7.97
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$282.08	$280.99	$258.51	43.0	43.7	42.8	$6.56	$6.43	$6.04
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$141.20	$129.18	$153.45	40.0	36.7	45.0	$3.53	$3.52	$3.41
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$253.08	$247.38	$214.73	44.4	43.4	40.9	$5.70	$5.70	$5.25
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$291.81	$290.79	$286.88	41.1	41.9	42.5	$7.10	$6.94	$6.75
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$254.18	$262.14	$222.09	41.6	43.4	39.1	$6.11	$6.04	$5.68
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$249.89	$242.31	$218.04	40.5	39.4	36.4	$6.17	$6.15	$5.99
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$245.94	$238.41	$244.52	43.3	41.9	43.9	$5.68	$5.69	$5.57
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$363.26	$351.62	$306.27	39.7	39.2	36.9	$9.15	$8.97	$8.30

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

FEB 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= FEB 80 PREV MO= JAN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= FEB 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			SEPARATION RATES TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	3.7	3.3	2.7	2.9	2.7	.5	.5	.3	3.4	3.7	3.3	2.1	2.1	2.0	.4	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.0	3.0	2.4	2.1	2.2	2.0	.6	.5	.2	2.8	3.5	2.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	.7	1.5	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.7	4.0	3.6	3.0	3.1	3.0	.4	.4	.3	3.6	3.7	3.6	2.3	2.3	2.3	.4	.5	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.6	4.8	3.8	3.2	3.7	2.7	.5	.4	.8	5.0	4.7	4.4	3.0	3.1	2.4	.7	.5	1.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.2	3.7	3.8	2.6	3.0	3.2	.3	.3	.2	3.5	3.6	3.6	2.2	2.2	2.4	.3	.3	.4
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.9	4.4	4.6	3.1	3.3	3.4	.2	.2	.3	3.8	4.1	4.8	2.5	2.5	2.9	.1	.1	.6
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.5	2.8	3.1	2.4	2.6	2.7	.0	.0	.1	2.9	3.1	3.5	1.9	1.9	2.5	.0	.0	.3
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.7	5.8	2.0	3.0	5.2	1.1	.3	.6	.8	3.8	3.9	3.4	2.6	2.8	2.2	.1	.3	.8
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	3.3	2.7	4.2	2.7	2.4	4.0	.4	.1	.1	3.9	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.0	2.3	.4	.8	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.1	3.4	3.2	1.8	2.6	2.8	.2	.5	.2	3.3	3.5	3.4	1.9	2.3	2.3	.5	.0	.3
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.4	5.4	4.3	3.7	4.6	3.9	.6	.6	.3	4.2	4.6	4.4	3.0	3.3	3.2	.4	.5	.5
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.9	4.3	3.6	4.2	3.6	.4	.6	.4	3.9	4.5	4.0	3.1	3.6	2.9	.2	.4	.5
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.9	6.6	5.1	3.8	5.4	4.8	.9	.9	.2	4.3	4.3	5.2	3.4	3.2	3.7	.3	.9	.9
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.8	5.1	5.0	4.4	3.8	4.5	1.4	1.3	.5	4.6	4.6	4.8	2.9	3.3	3.3	.5	.4	.4
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.6	5.6	1.6	4.1	5.3	1.4	.7	.1	.1	6.6	5.7	2.4	3.1	3.5	1.4	2.4	1.5	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.9	1.2	1.3	1.3	.8	.8	.5	.3	.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	.5	.6	.4	.3	.6	.9
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.1	.6	.9	.6	.4	.4	.5	.1	.4	1.2	2.0	1.1	.2	.4	.2	.6	1.3	.5
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.8	1.8	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.4	.8	.0	.2	1.9	1.7	3.4	1.0	.8	1.0	.0	.2	1.9
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	7.3	3.9	3.6	6.4	1.9	3.4	.8	1.4	.2	3.1	3.2	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.7	.5	1.1	.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.4	2.7	3.1	2.0	2.3	2.6	.0	.1	.3	1.7	2.2	1.7	.7	1.0	1.0	.0	.0	.0
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	6.2	2.8	5.1	4.8	2.6	3.2	1.2	.1	.9	6.1	7.6	6.0	2.1	2.8	2.0	.9	3.4	.9
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.9	2.5	3.3	2.8	1.9	2.9	.9	.2	.2	4.4	3.7	3.8	2.7	1.7	2.6	.6	.6	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.5	1.2	1.6	1.4	.9	1.5	.0	.1	.1	1.5	1.2	.8	.6	.6	.4	.3	.1	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.5	3.4	2.2	1.9	1.9	1.9	.2	1.3	.1	2.8	3.4	2.9	1.4	1.7	1.4	.9	.8	.7
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.7	1.9	2.3	.1	.5	.3	1.6	1.5	2.7	1.1	.9	1.2	.0	.1	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.8	4.2	2.5	1.7	3.8	1.7	.5	.2	.1	2.7	3.7	1.5	.7	1.1	.5	.7	1.7	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.3	2.2	1.2	.9	1.1	.9	.8	.8	.2	.8	3.9	2.0	.4	.6	.6	.1	2.8	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT UP 5,700 IN FEBRUARY

Nonfarm wage and salary employment, estimated at 941,100 in February, rose 5,700 from January and was 29,500 above one year ago. Over-the-month gains occurred in manufacturing, services, and government. Annually, nonmanufacturing industries contributed 94 percent of the increases.

RECALL OF AUTO WORKERS BOOSTS MANUFACTURING

Manufacturing was up 1,800 during the month to an estimated level of 141,600. The return of workers at one automobile assembly plant, following a temporary layoff due to excess inventory, accounted for the increase.

From February 1979, manufacturing employment rose 1,700. Durable and nondurable goods production exhibited gains. Electric and electronic equipment and machinery, except electrical, in the durable goods category and printing and publishing in the nondurables registered the major increases.

SERVICE INDUSTRIES AND GOVERNMENT GAIN

Nonmanufacturing, at 799,500, rose 4,000 from January. The principal gains were in service industries and government. Substantial increments were recorded in membership organizations, hotels, business, medical and health and social services, and amusement and recreation parks. State and local education accounted for all of the advance in government employment.

From February 1979, nonmanufacturing rose 27,800. Service industries and government contributed approximately 73 percent of the increase in jobs over the year in nonmanufacturing industries.

HOUSING PERMITS INCREASE

For the first two months of 1980, single-family housing permits issued in the metro Atlanta area numbered 2,288. This was an increase of 313 over the comparable 1979 period. Multifamily unit permits for the first two months of this year totaled 191, down from 1,341 issued in January and February 1979.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	941.1	935.4	911.6	5.7	29.5
MANUFACTURING	200005	141.6	139.8	139.9	1.8	1.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.2	68.4	69.1	1.8	1.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.3	3.4	.3	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.4	3.7	.1-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	1.9	2.3	.1	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.4	6.8	.3-	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.1	4.9	.1	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.9	7.8	8.1	.1	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.4	.0	.6
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	10.0	8.8	.0	1.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.0	21.1	23.5	1.9	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	71.3	71.5	70.8	.2-	.5
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.8	18.9	18.8	.1-	.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.4	5.0	.0	.4
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.1	3.3	3.5	.2-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.3	7.5	7.2	.2-	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.1	3.8	.0	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.7	1.7	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.1	10.2	.1	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.5	[illegible]	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.8	7.8	7.7	.0	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.1	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.1	15.0	14.5	.1	.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.2	6.1	6.0	.1	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	6.9	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.3	5.3	5.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	799.5	795.5	771.7	4.0	27.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.3	39.4	38.1	1.1-	.2
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.6	85.4	81.5	.2	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.6	56.5	53.9	.1	2.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	260.5	261.1	251.2	.6-	9.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.5	104.7	97.0	.8	8.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.1	71.5	64.8	.6	7.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.4	33.2	32.2	.2	1.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	155.0	156.4	154.2	1.4-	.8

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.5	63.4	62.1	.1	1.4
FINANCE	760025	23.7	23.7	22.7	.0	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.2	25.1	24.8	.1	.4
SERVICES	800055	191.8	188.0	180.9	3.8	10.9
GOVERNMENT	999000	159.8	158.3	157.6	1.5	2.0
FEDERAL	998011	30.0	30.0	32.3	.0	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	996539	129.8	128.2	125.5	1.6	4.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.5	96.7	99.7	1.8	1.2-
DURABLE GOODS	303025	49.4	47.4	50.4	2.0	1.0-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.1	49.3	49.5	.2-	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.3	11.4	11.4	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.3	6.4	6.2	.1-	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.4	8.4	8.6	.0	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.9	2.7	3.0	.2	.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.7	2.7	3.1	.0	.4-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	5.9	5.8	.1	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426525	2.9	3.0	3.0	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.4	3.6	.1-	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.4	4.9	.3-	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.8	5.7	6.3	.1	.5-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.2	14.4	17.4	1.8	1.2-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.30	$252.70	$229.74	39.8	39.3	38.1	$6.49	$6.43	$6.03
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$288.51	$282.17	$260.68	39.2	39.3	38.0	$7.36	$7.18	$6.86
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.55	$224.40	$197.88	39.6	39.3	38.2	$5.62	$5.71	$5.18
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$205.13	$212.94	$186.42	37.5	39.0	39.0	$5.47	$5.46	$4.78
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$184.63	$187.78	$154.58	39.2	39.7	35.7	$4.71	$4.73	$4.33
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$164.83	$163.82	$150.40	34.7	34.2	37.6	$4.75	$4.79	$4.00
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$171.24	$170.03	$156.08	35.9	34.7	37.7	$4.77	$4.90	$4.14
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$159.13	$159.71	$152.48	31.7	32.2	38.8	$5.02	$4.96	$3.93
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$177.28	$186.22	$142.35	40.2	41.2	34.3	$4.41	$4.52	$4.15
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$196.87	$222.49	$198.14	35.6	40.6	35.7	$5.53	$5.48	$5.55
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$300.88	$304.88	$267.24	42.8	42.7	40.8	$7.03	$7.14	$6.55
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$291.94	$294.87	$260.47	44.3	43.3	42.7	$..59	$6.81	$6.10
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$235.68	$240.56	$244.75	38.7	39.5	44.5	$6.09	$6.09	$5.50
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$233.64	$236.81	$233.99	39.4	41.4	44.4	$5.93	$5.72	$5.27
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$390.27	$380.17	$363.33	43.9	43.9	43.1	$8.89	$8.66	$8.43
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$225.38	$220.75	$226.97	34.2	33.6	36.2	$6.59	$6.57	$6.27
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$237.15	$223.68	$205.02	41.9	39.8	39.2	$5.66	$5.62	$5.23
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$384.80	$377.10	$330.86	37.8	37.3	35.5	$10.18	$10.11	$9.32

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

FEB 80 — MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= FEB 80 PREV MO= JAN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= FEB 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	NEW HIRE CURR	PREV	CMYA	RECALLS CURR	PREV	CMYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	QUITS CURR	PREV	CMYA	LAYOFFS CURR	PREV	CMYA
LL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.1	2.1	.4	.6	.2	2.7	3.4	2.7	1.5	1.4	1.5	.6	1.3	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.1	2.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	1.3	.4	.6	.2	2.4	3.4	2.0	1.3	1.0	.8	.5	1.8	.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.3	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.4	3.0	.4	.5	.3	3.0	3.4	3.3	1.7	1.8	2.2	.6	.7	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	1.4	1.8	1.2	.7	1.5	1.4	.5	.2	3.3	3.1	2.5	.7	1.2	1.1	1.9	1.4	1.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.1	5.0	4.7	3.9	4.5	4.1	.2	.5	.7	4.1	4.6	4.5	2.7	2.9	3.4	.4	.1	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.2	4.8	5.9	4.1	4.6	4.7	.0	.2	.2	4.0	5.1	5.1	3.8	3.1	3.8	.0	1.1	.7
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.5	.3	.7	.3	.3	.3	.1	.0	.2	1.0	.4	1.0	.3	.3	.1	.5	.0	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.8	2.1	1.7	1.7	1.6	.1	.7	.3	2.0	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.2	.7	.0	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	3.6	2.5	2.4	3.4	1.6	2.1	.2	.8	.2	2.2	3.1	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.1	.4	1.2	.1
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.3	2.7	2.9	.8	2.4	2.9	.0	.1	.0	1.1	2.7	2.7	.6	1.4	1.4	.0	.0	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.6	1.2	1.7	1.4	.9	1.7	.0	.1	.0	1.1	.8	.8	.3	.5	.4	.3	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.6	4.1	3.0	4.5	2.2	2.9	.1	2.0	.0	3.4	2.3	2.9	2.4	.8	2.0	.0	.3	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.7	1.6	.8	1.0	.7	.4	.5	.4	.2	.6	4.6	1.9	.5	.5	.4	.0	3.7	1.3

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY NONMANUFACTURING DECLINES DUE TO CONSTRUCTION

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was 45,200 in February. This estimate was down 100 from the month of January, primarily due to losses in contract construction. However, over the year, employment was up by 1,800 jobs.

Manufacturing employment, at 11,500, was up 200 from the previous month. The durable goods segment was stable while nondurable goods experienced a gain of 200. Gains were recorded in food products and "other nondurable goods" manufacturing. Over the year, gains were recorded in paper products manufacturing, food, and metals.

Nonmanufacturing, at 33,600, declined by 200 from January. Most of the decline was attributable to losses in contract construction. Over the year, contract construction declined by 1,100 due to the completion of several large construction projects. Increases were recorded in all the other manufacturing divisions except trade. This over-the-year gain in nonmanufacturing offset much of the loss incurred by contract construction.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA DECREASES 200 FROM JANUARY

Employment in the Augusta area declined to 121,500, a loss of 200 jobs. Losses in trade and manufacturing overrode a moderate gain in government. Over the year, an increase of 2,000 jobs was recorded. Trade remained essentially unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the annual rise.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, dropped 100 over the month. Textile mill products lost 100, resulting from less activity among broad woven goods and manufacturers of both cotton and synthetics. "Other durable goods" also declined 100, precipitated by less business among manufacturers of measuring and controlling instruments. Metals and machinery rose 100 with more activity among manufacturers of radio and television receiving equipment as well as garden machinery. "Other nondurable goods" reported a gain of 100, triggered by increased activity in paper and plastics.

Annually, manufacturing recorded an increase of 300 jobs. Stone, clay and glass products rose 100; metals and machinery was up 200. "Other durable goods" increased 100. Food and kindred products was up 100, and "other nondurable goods" increased by 200. Textile mill products lost 200, and apparel declined 100. The losses sustained apparently stem from consumer reluctance in spending for what are usually considered less essential items.

Construction, at 6,300, remained unchanged but gained 100 over the year, buttressed by continuing industrial and commercial building. Housing construction is declining, and the future of this segment of the economy is quite dim. Multiple-occupancy units may become the rule rather than the exception during this decade.

Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but gained 200 annually with increments scattered through most of the division. Trade, at 22,800, dropped 300 as the traditional post-Christmas layoffs continued in retail. This division remained unchanged over the year as wholesale gains nullified retail losses. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, remained the same but rose 100 annually with more business in most segments. Services and mining, estimated at 15,900, recorded no change but reported an increment of 200 over the year with a concentration in services rather than in mining. Government, at 31,000, rose 100 over the month and was up 900 annually. Both subdivisions shared in the recorded gains.

OUTLOOK

Employment will expand in construction later this year as two new manufacturing firms begin erection in the Georgia portion and some additional activity takes place in Carolina. Few other changes are anticipated; however, higher interest rates, runaway inflation, exorbitant energy prices and other negating factors could force a downturn that will make the last recession seem moderate by comparison. Underlying this is an uncertainty about national and international relations with little dissemination of specific information by the national leadership as to definitive directions. The wallowing, wobbling economy somehow teeters and totters onward toward struggling for survival with little actual encouragement.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COMPLETION OF I-185 LOWERS COLUMBUS CONSTRUCTION

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 82,400 from the January estimate. There was a loss of 100 from last month, but an increase of 900 from a year ago. Most of the annual gain was centered in nonmanufacturing, which increased 800.

Employment in the manufacturing industries, at 21,500, was the same as last month's estimate, although there were small offsetting fluctuations. Over the year, manufacturing rose 100.

Contract construction, at 3,600, dropped by 100 workers over the month and declined 400 from February 1979. The loss over the year was attributed to declines in all areas of construction, especially heavy construction, with the completion of I-185 from Columbus to LaGrange.

Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remained unchanged from January and rose 100 from one year ago. Trade employment dropped seasonally 100 workers from last month and declined 800 over the year. The annual decline is attributed to the effects of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained unchanged for both periods of time. Services and miscellaneous employment dropped 100 over the month due to seasonal changes and rose 400 from the preceding year. Government employment gained 200 from last month and increased 1,400 from one year ago due to gains in state and local government. Federal employment dropped 100 from last year.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

SERVICES CAUSE ANNUAL GAIN IN NONMANUFACTURING

In the Macon area, nonagricultural wage and salary, except domestics, totaled 95,100 in February. The current preliminary estimate is down 300 from January and up 400 from February 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a gain in durable goods partially offsetting a loss in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 200 due to reductions in construction; transportation, communications, gas, electric and sanitary services; trade; and finance, insurance and real estate. Services and government enjoyed slight gains.

Annually, manufacturing advanced 700, with durable goods being unchanged and nondurable goods increasing. Nonmanufacturing showed a loss of 300 in finance, insurance and real estate, and government. Transportation, communications, gas, electric and sanitary services advanced, and construction and trade were unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,000, was down 100 from last month and up 700 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods gained 100 with an increase in stone, clay and glass products. Lumber and wood, nonelectrical machinery, and "other durable goods," were unchanged. Nondurable goods declined 200, with decreases in food and textiles. All other segments were unchanged. Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with a gain in "other durable goods" being offset by a loss in lumber and wood. Nondurable goods rose 600, with most of the increase in apparel. Food was down slightly during the year.

Construction, at 4,200, was down from January and unchanged from a year ago. Most of the monthly decrease was in special trades construction. Transportation, communications, gas, electric, and sanitary services, at 4,800, was unchanged from last month and up 100 from February 1979. Much of the annual increase was in transportation. Trade, at 20,100, was unchanged during all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from January and down from February 1979. Insurance and real estate accounted for much of the annual decline. Services, at 16,200, was up 100 from last month and up 500 from a year ago. Most of the monthly increases were in mining. Annually, the gain was made in mining, private education and "covered services." Government, at 28,400, was unchanged from January and down 600 from February 1979. During the month, the federal segment advanced, offsetting a decline in the state and local segment. Annually, the federal segment increased 100, and the state and local segment declined 600. Much of the state and local decrease was due to a cutback in the CETA program.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DOWNSWING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continues to decline. Estimated employment, at 83,800, was down 1,100 over the year and down approximately 2,700 since June of last year.

Estimated employment in manufacturing dropped 500 over the year, with durable goods accounting for most of the loss. Lumber and wood products experienced a decline in employment due to fluctuations in the home building industry. It is doubtful that this sector will gain any of its lost employment until the construction industry gets back on its feet. Transportation equipment was down almost 400 over the year as aircraft, shipbuilding, and truck assembly suffered losses. While primary metals remained steady and maybe even increased some, fabricated metals lost almost 100 employees over the year.

Nondurable goods remained fairly stable overall, with seasonal gains in chemicals being offset by slight decreases in several other segments.

The nonmanufacturing sector was down almost 500 over the year due to less employment in construction and state and local government. Wholesale trade increased employment over 500 during the year while retail trade during the same period leveled off. Losses in wholesale trade are expected as the consumer boom winds down.

Overall, services increased almost 500 over the year. Automotive repair is on the upswing. With fewer people buying new cars, older cars will need repair. Medical services (not including hospitals), continues to increase after having remained fairly stable almost all of last year. Private education increased over the year with the rise actually taking place in September with the start of the new school season.

The governmental sector is down around 500 even with federal employment increasing around 100. State and local employment accounted for the losses as state education lost employment.

The outlook for employment in the Savannah SMSA remains cautious. Events on the national level appear to be in turmoil. No precise national economic policy to fight inflation appears to be acceptable. Each interest group has its own ideas on what ought to be done. In the end, we may find nothing, or very little, being done.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.2	45.1	43.4	.1	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.3	10.2	.2	1.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.4	9.2	8.4	.2	1.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.2	1.7	.1	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	426005	.5	.5	.6	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.9	4.7	4.4	.2	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000009	33.6	33.8	33.1	.2-	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.2	3.4	4.3	.2-	1.1-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	9.8	9.8	9.6	.0	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.3	3.3	3.0	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.5	6.6	.0	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.4	5.9	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.0	10.1	9.6	.1-	.4
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.2	7.3	6.8	.1-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.5	121.7	119.5	.2-	2.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.5	36.1	.1-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.6	9.7	9.3	.1-	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.4	2.3	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.9	2.7	.1-	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.8	26.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.5	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.3	10.4	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.6	10.5	10.4	.1	.2
NONMANUFACTURING	090060	85.1	85.2	83.4	.1-	1.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.3	6.3	6.2	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	23.1	22.8	.3-	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.6	18.5	.3-	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.9	15.9	15.7	.0	.2
GOVERNMENT	993008	31.0	30.9	30.1	.1	.9
FEDERAL	998011	6.9	6.8	6.4	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998505	24.1	24.0	23.6	.1	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.4	82.5	81.5	.1-	.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.5	21.5	21.4	.0	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.7	5.7	5.8	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.5	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.2	.3	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.8	15.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.7	3.6	.0	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.4	9.3	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.9	.9	.8	.0	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	030060	60.9	61.0	60.1	.1-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.7	4.0	.1-	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.6	16.7	17.4	.1-	.8-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.0	14.1	14.7	.1-	.7-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.5	11.0	.1-	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.6	20.4	19.2	.2	1.4
FEDERAL	998011	5.7	5.7	5.8	.0	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998009	14.9	14.7	13.4	.2	1.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.1	95.4	94.7	.3-	.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.1	15.3	.1-	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.1	5.0	5.1	.1	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324025	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.4	1.5	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335035	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.9	11.1	10.3	.2-	.6
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.8	2.7	.2-	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.9	1.7	.2-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.4	1.9	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.1	79.3	79.4	.2-	.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.3	4.2	.1-	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.8	4.7	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.1	20.1	20.1	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.2	16.1	15.7	.1	.5
GOVERNMENT	990008	28.4	28.4	29.0	.0	.6-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	15.8	15.9	.2	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.5	12.6	13.1	.1-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.8	84.2	84.9	.4-	1.1-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.2	16.7	.0	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	6.5	.0	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324025	1.2	1.2	1.3	.0	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.7	3.0	.1-	.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	395915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.7	4.8	4.7	.1-	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	1.9	1.8	.1	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.8	.8	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000040	67.6	67.9	68.2	.3-	.6-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.5	4.5	5.0	.0	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.5	8.7	8.8	.2-	.3-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.5	19.4	.1	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.1	15.1	15.1	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	3.9	.0	.2
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.3	15.1	14.8	.2	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.8	16.1	16.3	.3-	.5-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.3	13.5	13.9	.2-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH .

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO FEB 1980	PREV MO JAN 1980	CUR MO YRGO FEB 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.8	.0	.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.4	4.5	4.8	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.6	3.6	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.3	1.2	.1	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.9	2.2	.1-	.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

FEBRUARY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO FEB 80	PRV MO JAN 80	CM YA FEB 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$308.16	$308.45	$271.51	42.8	42.9	41.2	$7.20	$7.19	$6.59
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$278.70	$273.98	$226.31	42.1	41.2	37.1	$6.62	$6.65	$6.10
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$326.16	$330.44	$301.59	43.2	44.0	43.9	$7.55	$7.51	$6.87
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$180.64	$185.19	$193.64	36.2	36.1	41.2	$4.99	$5.13	$4.70
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$362.93	$382.45	$350.75	42.9	45.1	45.2	$8.46	$8.48	$7.76
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$325.93	$276.48	$229.46	47.1	43.2	38.5	$6.92	$6.40	$5.96
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$326.56	$318.70	$277.17	42.3	42.1	40.7	$7.72	$7.57	$6.81

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From Revised January 1980	Change From February 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,343,020	2,316,423	2,296,757	26,597	46,263
Employed	2,220,928	2,196,852	2,175,953	24,076	44,975
Unemployed	122,092	119,571	120,804	2,521	1,288
Rate	5.2	5.2	5.3	xxx	xxx
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	49,719	49,262	47,655	457	2,064
Employed	46,717	46,415	45,135	302	1,582
Unemployed	3,002	2,847	2,520	155	482
Rate	6.0	5.8	5.3	xxx	xxx
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	945,591	937,495	924,270	8,096	21,321
Employed	901,154	892,907	878,023	8,247	23,131
Unemployed	44,437	44,588	46,247	-151	-1,810
Rate	4.7	4.8	5.0	xxx	xxx
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,485	120,427	119,681	58	804
Employed	113,555	113,899	113,199	-344	356
Unemployed	6,930	6,528	6,482	402	448
Rate	5.8	5.4	5.4	xxx	xxx
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,604	84,195	84,334	409	270
Employed	78,795	78,623	78,526	172	269
Unemployed	5,809	5,572	5,808	237	1
Rate	6.9	6.6	6.9	xxx	xxx
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	96,153	95,629	96,932	524	-779
Employed	91,024	91,026	91,036	-2	-12
Unemployed	5,129	4,603	5,896	526	-767
Rate	5.3	4.8	6.1	xxx	xxx
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,512	85,212	87,081	300	-1,569
Employed	80,790	80,747	82,123	43	-1,333
Unemployed	4,722	4,465	4,958	257	-236
Rate	5.5	5.2	5.7	xxx	xxx

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Revised January 1980	February 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,485	120,427	119,681	58	804
Employed	113,555	113,899	113,199	-344	356
Unemployed	6,930	6,528	6,482	402	448
Rate	5.8	5.4	5.4	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,111	80,047	79,775	64	336
Employed	75,996	75,851	75,173	145	823
Unemployed	4,115	4,196	4,602	-81	-487
Rate	5.1	5.2	5.8	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	40,374	40,380	39,906	-6	468
Employed	37,559	38,048	38,026	-489	-467
Unemployed	2,815	2,332	1,880	483	935
Rate	7.0	5.8	4.7	xxx	xxx

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Revised January 1980	February 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,604	84,195	84,334	409	270
Employed	78,795	78,623	78,526	172	269
Unemployed	5,809	5,572	5,808	237	1
Rate	6.9	6.6	6.9	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,141	66,720	67,085	421	56
Employed	62,880	62,730	62,678	150	202
Unemployed	4,261	3,990	4,407	271	-146
Rate	6.3	6.0	6.6	xxx	xxx
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,463	17,475	17,249	-12	214
Employed	15,915	15,893	15,848	22	67
Unemployed	1,548	1,582	1,401	-34	147
Rate	8.9	9.1	8.1	xxx	xxx

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary February 1980	Revised January 1980	February 1979	Change From	
				Revised January 1980	February 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,343,020	2,316,423	2,296,757	26,597	46,263
Employed	2,220,928	2,196,852	2,175,953	24,076	44,975
Unemployed	122,092	119,571	120,804	2,521	1,288
Rate	5.2	5.2	5.3	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,371,637	1,361,968	1,349,348	9,669	22,289
Employed	1,302,676	1,293,858	1,278,381	8,818	24,295
Unemployed	68,961	68,110	70,967	851	-2,006
Rate	5.0	5.0	5.3	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	971,383	954,455	947,409	16,928	23,974
Employed	918,252	902,994	897,572	15,258	20,680
Unemployed	53,131	51,461	49,837	1,670	3,294
Rate	5.5	5.4	5.3	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week; (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)
Cost *$351.37*
Quantity *3,000*

5-29-80

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

APRIL TRENDS

(March Data)

ECONOMIC SLUMP PREDICTED BY EXPERTS

In the light of an unstable economy, it is not surprising to find that economists have varying opinions about a recession, its indicators, and its eventual effect on the nation. They do agree that the country seems to be headed for a recession, but they do not agree on its degree of severity.

Alice Rivlin, congressional budget director, predicts a "worse recession" than others anticipated earlier. Her reasons were the slowdowns in the auto industry and in home building. A look at the nation's auto industry reveals that 29 percent fewer cars were built in March as compared to the same time last year. For the same time period, domestic car sales were down 27.8 percent. Almost 40 percent of the assembly lines in the U.S. are being closed to hold down production. Layoffs are expected to reach an all-time high of 223,000. In Georgia alone, Ford Motor Company intends to close its Hapeville plant for two weeks, laying off 1,450 employees.

The home building industry does not appear to be quite so bleak for Georgia. Even though building permits dropped 56.3 percent in Atlanta during March, John Wieland, president of the Home Builders Association of Metropolitan Atlanta, said, "The National Association of Home Builders projects Atlanta to be the second best housing market in the country this year - second only to southern Florida." (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 10, 1980). The reason for the sharp drop in March was the high number of starts in January and February. In February, Atlanta reflected contract gains of 38 percent, Georgia had gains of 29 percent, and the country had losses of 16 percent.

Economist Dr. Donald Ratajczak and the U.S. Commerce Department both based their predictions on leading and coincident indicators. Dr. Ratajczak stated, "... it remains uncertain when the economy's sluggishness will turn into a recession," (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 2, 1980). The 1.7 percent drop in the annual rate of the state index for the latest three-month period indicates a 2.4 percent decline in the Georgia economy in the next few months, according to Ratajczak.

The Commerce Department relied on the Composite index of Leading Indicators for its prediction of a national recession. The index fell 0.2 percent in February, the fifth decline in five months. Three consecutive monthly declines are said to precede a recession.

Robert Ortner, economist for Bank of New York, believes the country is headed into a "steep recession." He was quoted as saying, "Installment and mortgage debt already is a substantial burden, savings are near a record-low level, and these burdens will increase as unemployment begins to rise," (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 10, 1980), indicating that consumer credit is being cut, while prices continue to rise. National retail

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

sales dropped for the second month in a row in March to $77.2 billion. This 1.3 percent decline from February's sales total was centered in stores specializing in durable goods, which decreased about four percent, according to the Commerce Department. Food store sales registered the only major gain. In particular, meat prices have dropped to their lowest level in a year in an effort by grocers to attract bargain-hunting consumers that have been eating less meat because of high prices. At the same time, Atlanta-based Alterman Foods, Incorporated, will be extending its voluntary price ceiling program at all Food Giant, Big Apple and K-Mart Food Stores for another 30 days. This freeze will include an additional 1,200 items besides the 3,000 already affected. It should be noted that grocery sales typically remain constant even in recession. Georgia's retail employment paralleled the increased sales with the only major gain in employment occurring in grocery stores.

It is apparent from the indicators that the nation is definitely headed for an economic slump in the next few months. Most economists agree on this point. However, the severity of the slump remains to be seen, but from the evidence so far, Georgia will likely fare better than other sectors of the country.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

ROMANIANS TO VISIT ATLANTA

On April 17, Cornel Burtica, Romanian vice prime minister for foreign trade and international economic cooperation, will attend opening ceremonies for a Romanian Trade Promotion Office in Atlanta.

CHAMPION CLOSING FOUR MOTOR HOME PLANTS

Four motor home plants are being closed by Champion Home Builders Company, a Dryden, Michigan-based company. The closings include a motor home plant in Ellaville, Georgia, and a component-supply unit in Thomasville, Georgia.

MORMONS TO BUILD TEMPLE

The Mormon Church has announced Atlanta as the only United States site for construction of one of seven temples. A location has not been selected for the temple that will be between 12,500 and 26,000 square feet and take two years to build. The other six temples will be built in Buenos Aires, Argentina; Sidney, Australia; Santiago, Chile; Papeete, Tahiti; Nukualofa, Tonga; and Apia, Western Samoa.

MERRY CLOSING ONE OF SIX

One of six Augusta area brick manufacturing plants was closed by Merry Companies Incorporated, laying off 100 employees. President Peter S. Knox III said the closing was due to the slumping housing market. Merry Companies has the capability of producing 450 million bricks a year.

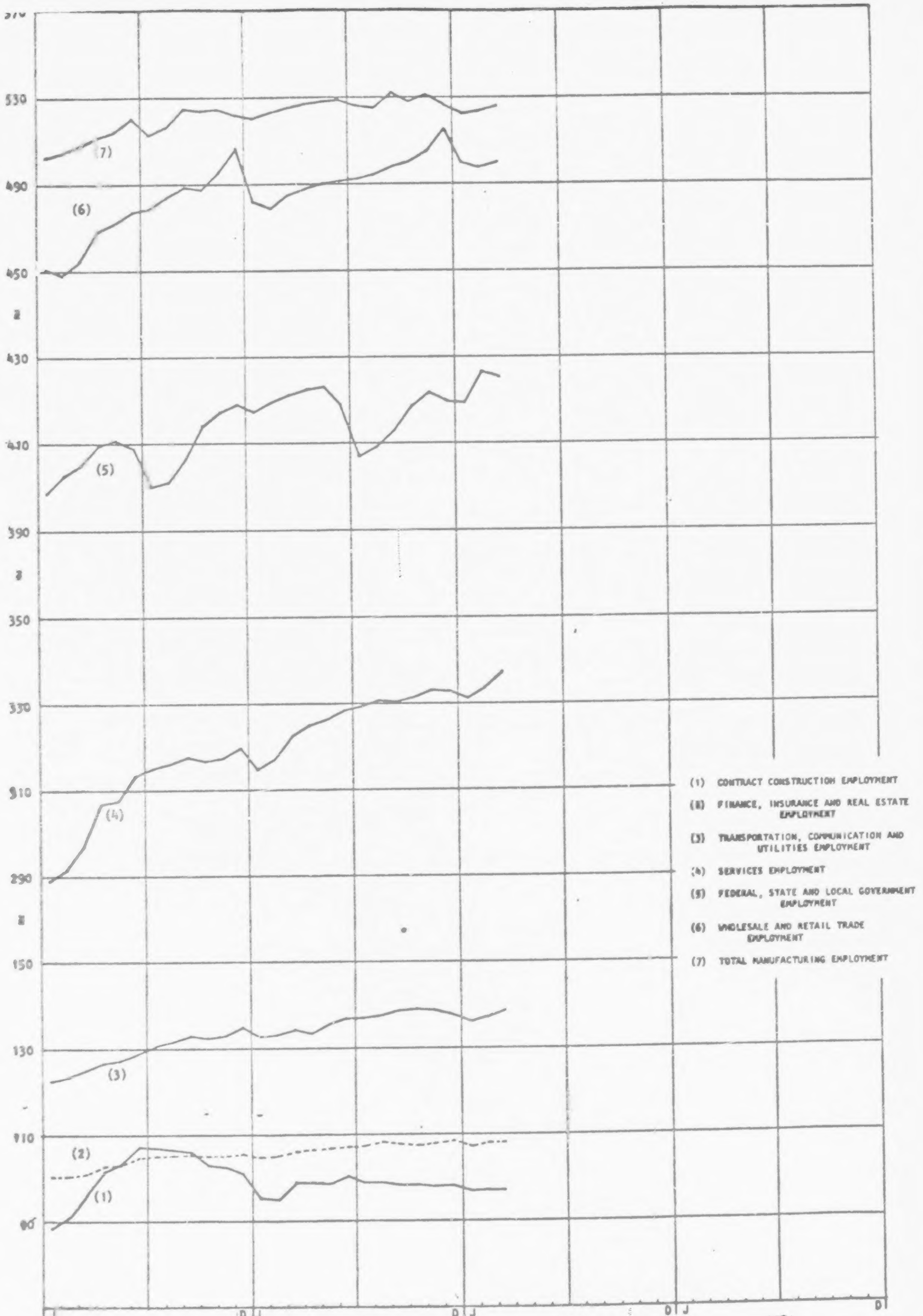
COMPANY EXPANDING ATLANTA OPERATION

The Loral Corporation of New York, a high technology firm engaged in the design and manufacture of electronic warfare systems, announced plans to buy three buildings in Quail Hollow Industrial Park. The $2 million expansion will create 100 new jobs.

KIMBERLY-CLARK CANS PAPER PLANT

Plans for construction on Kimberly-Clark Corporation's $300 million manufacturing and distribution facility have been shelved. The plant accounted for about a third of the new industry announced for Georgia in 1979 and would have employed 600 people.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.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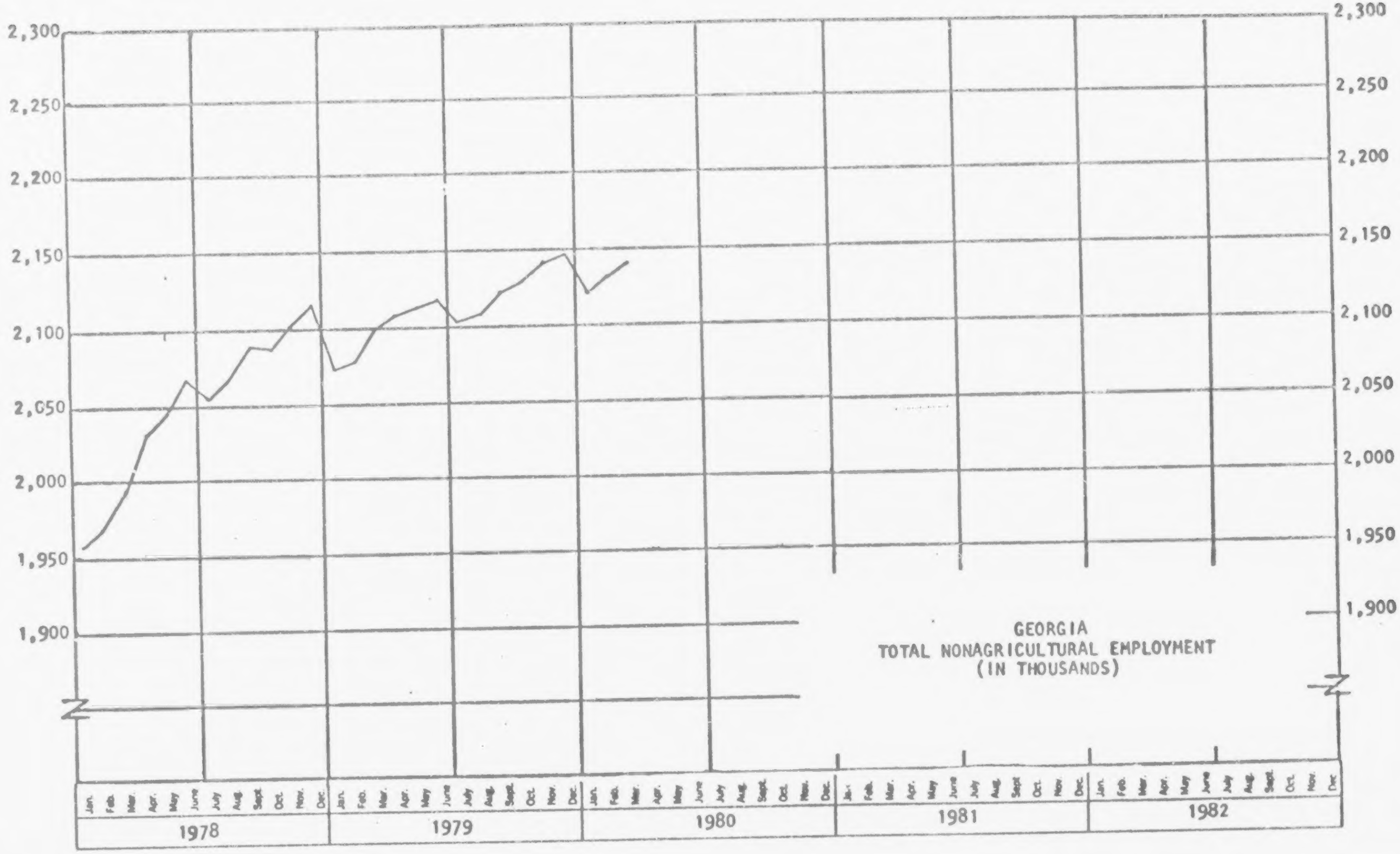
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2141.3	2,132.1	2,101.4	9.2	39.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	526.0	524.1	525.8	1.9	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	185.2	184.1	185.0	1.1	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	31.2	30.9	30.2	.3	1.0
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.9	15.8	15.5	.1	.4
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	10.1	9.9	10.2	.2	.1-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	7.2	7.1	7.5	.1	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.3	18.3	18.0	.0	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	17.1	17.0	16.4	.1	.7
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.5	21.4	21.0	.1	.5
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.8	22.6	21.7	.2	1.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.6	19.8	19.2	.2-	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	33.2	32.9	36.9	.3	3.7-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.4	11.3	11.5	.1	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	340.8	340.0	340.8	.8	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.7	56.5	56.9	.2	.2-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.3	21.7	21.0	.4-	.3
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.6	15.9	15.0	.3-	.6
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.6	4.7	4.7	.1-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.0	8.9	9.1	.1	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	120.5	120.3	122.8	.2	2.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.5	29.6	29.7	.1-	.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.5	4.5	5.0	.0	.5-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.1	9.1	8.6	.0	.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	31.7	32.2	33.5	.5-	1.8-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	25.3	24.4	25.3	.9	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.4	75.3	74.1	.1	1.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.4	40.3	.5	.6
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.6	23.0	22.9	.4-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.7	27.9	27.5	.2-	.2
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.2	13.3	.0	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.7	6.8	6.7	.1-	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	24.1	23.5	22.5	.6	1.6
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.4	8.3	8.0	.1	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.9	16.8	16.5	.1	.4
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.9	2.8	2.7	.1	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.4	2.5	.1-	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	17.2	17.3	18.1	.1-	.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1615.2	1,608.0	1,575.6	7.2	39.6
MINING	100005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.0	96.6	98.9	.4	1.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	138.5	137.3	134.2	1.2	4.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.4	82.2	81.6	1.2	1.8
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.0	35.1	33.3	.1-	1.7
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.1	20.1	19.3	.0	.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.4	498.6	484.7	1.8	15.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	161.1	159.6	154.1	1.5	7.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.9	99.4	93.3	.5	6.6
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	61.2	60.2	60.8	1.0	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.3	338.9	330.6	.4	8.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.1	107.6	106.1	.5	2.0
FINANCE	760025	46.4	46.4	45.1	.0	1.3
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.5	39.2	.2	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.1	21.6	21.8	.5	.3
SERVICES	800005	337.9	333.7	322.8	4.2	15.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	425.6	426.6	421.3	1.0-	4.3
FEDERAL	998011	80.8	80.5	83.1	.3	2.3-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	344.8	346.1	338.2	1.3-	6.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	408.3	406.5	411.9	1.8	3.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	140.9	139.9	142.7	1.0	1.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	267.4	266.6	269.2	.8	1.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.1	40.8	.1	.6-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	102.6	102.3	104.6	.3	2.0-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.4	26.5	26.7	.1-	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.9	3.9	4.3	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.5	7.6	7.0	.1-	.5
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	27.2	27.8	28.4	.6-	1.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.9	20.8	22.1	1.1	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.9	63.9	63.3	.0	.6
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.4	34.8	35.1	.6	.3
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.2	18.7	19.0	.5-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	25.6	25.2	25.1	.4	.5
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.2	9.1	9.0	.1	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.6	21.7	21.6	.1-	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.3	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.2	10.1	10.0	.1	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.8	14.7	14.4	.1	.4
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.5	12.4	11.9	.1	.6
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	17.3	17.2	16.9	.1	.4
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.9	15.9	15.4	.0	.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.8	12.5	.0	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.3	23.1	27.6	.2	4.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$224.32	$224.07	$204.88	40.2	40.3	39.4	$5.58	$5.56	$5.20
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$248.80	$248.65	$229.31	40.0	40.3	38.8	$6.22	$6.17	$5.91
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$211.58	$211.17	$191.75	40.3	40.3	39.7	$5.25	$5.24	$4.83
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$219.78	$216.40	$184.99	40.4	40.0	37.6	$5.44	$5.41	$4.92
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$199.03	$198.08	$166.90	41.9	41.7	42.0	$4.75	$4.75	$4.45
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$216.50	$216.93	$199.73	43.3	43.3	43.8	$5.00	$5.01	$4.56
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$227.68	$220.85	$201.07	43.7	42.8	42.6	$5.21	$5.16	$4.72
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$173.75	$164.77	$195.57	42.9	41.4	47.7	$4.05	$3.98	$4.10
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$184.82	$184.13	$170.64	40.8	41.1	39.5	$4.53	$4.48	$4.32
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$190.51	$197.31	$171.60	38.8	39.7	39.0	$4.91	$4.97	$4.40
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$147.42	$149.78	$133.13	36.4	36.8	35.5	$4.05	$4.07	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.68	$148.19	$134.92	35.9	36.5	35.6	$4.03	$4.06	$3.79
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$149.69	$149.24	$123.05	36.6	36.4	32.9	$4.09	$4.10	$3.74
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.58	$167.52	$148.37	38.0	37.9	37.0	$4.41	$4.42	$4.01
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$164.45	$167.67	$153.11	32.5	33.4	31.7	$5.06	$5.02	$4.83
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$367.20	$351.53	$327.13	43.2	42.2	43.1	$8.50	$8.33	$7.59
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$425.46	$406.35	$353.53	46.6	45.2	43.7	$9.13	$8.99	$8.09
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$280.76	$278.64	$262.83	43.8	43.2	43.3	$6.41	$6.45	$6.07
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$139.00	$141.20	$162.45	39.6	40.0	47.5	$3.51	$3.53	$3.42
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$252.72	$253.52	$217.95	43.2	44.4	41.2	$5.85	$5.71	$5.29
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$287.00	$291.81	$291.55	41.0	41.1	42.5	$7.00	$7.10	$6.86
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$265.86	$254.14	$222.87	43.3	41.8	39.1	$6.14	$6.08	$5.70
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$259.31	$251.29	$221.92	40.9	40.4	36.5	$6.34	$6.22	$6.08
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$248.68	$245.94	$240.45	43.4	43.3	44.2	$5.73	$5.68	$5.44
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$362.07	$363.26	$328.42	39.1	39.7	38.1	$9.26	$9.15	$8.62

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAR 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA

CURR MO= MAR 80 PREV MO= FEB 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	3.5	4.0	3.0	2.8	3.2	.4	.4	.5	3.6	3.2	3.9	2.2	2.0	2.6	[illegible]	.4	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300025	3.1	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.4	2.3	.5	.6	.3	2.4	2.7	2.6	1.3	1.5	1.6	.4	.5	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.1	3.6	4.5	3.4	2.9	3.6	.4	.4	.6	4.2	3.5	4.5	2.7	2.2	3.0	.5	.3	.6
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.6	4.3	5.6	3.6	3.4	4.0	.6	.5	1.2	6.4	4.2	6.0	3.6	2.4	3.3	1.5	.6	1.7
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.9	3.1	4.7	3.4	2.5	4.0	.2	.2	.4	3.9	3.5	4.5	2.8	2.3	3.2	.2	.3	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.3	3.8	5.4	3.7	3.0	4.2	.1	.2	.3	4.4	3.9	4.9	3.2	2.6	3.4	.0	.1	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.9	2.6	4.1	3.4	2.3	3.4	.1	.0	.3	4.3	2.7	5.1	2.7	1.7	4.1	.6	.0	.0
KNITTING MILL	422505	4.7	3.6	5.2	4.4	3.0	2.7	.2	.4	2.3	4.2	3.6	3.8	3.3	2.6	2.1	.1	.2	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	4.4	2.5	4.6	3.9	2.1	4.3	.3	.3	.1	3.3	3.7	3.9	2.4	2.3	2.1	.4	.3	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.7	2.7	4.7	2.4	2.3	4.2	.2	.2	.2	3.0	3.6	4.9	2.2	2.3	3.6	.2	.4	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.6	4.3	4.2	4.2	3.6	3.6	.4	.5	.4	4.6	4.1	5.3	3.3	2.9	3.9	.4	.4	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.6	4.1	4.6	4.1	3.4	3.8	.3	.5	.5	4.0	3.7	4.9	3.4	3.0	3.7	.1	.1	.6
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.2	4.7	3.7	4.2	3.7	3.4	.6	.6	.2	4.9	4.4	5.9	3.5	3.0	4.5	.6	.5	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.3	6.2	4.5	4.1	5.1	3.9	.9	1.1	.6	4.9	5.1	4.9	2.7	3.4	3.0	.7	.4	.6
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	7.5	5.1	3.8	6.6	4.3	3.3	.6	.7	.4	6.3	6.9	3.3	4.8	3.5	2.3	.1	2.4	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.4	1.6	2.4	.9	1.1	1.4	.5	.4	1.0	2.1	1.3	1.9	.7	.4	.6	.6	.3	.8
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.6	1.0	1.3	.7	.6	.7	.8	.4	.5	1.5	1.0	1.2	.5	.2	.4	.5	.6	.4
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	2.6	4.4	1.2	1.7	2.7	.1	.7	1.7	1.2	2.1	3.6	.7	.9	1.2	.1	.2	1.6
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	8.3	7.4	4.2	7.9	6.3	3.4	.4	.9	.8	4.5	3.0	3.7	4.0	2.1	2.3	.0	.5	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.0	2.7	5.6	2.2	2.2	5.0	.1	.1	.4	2.9	2.0	2.6	1.3	1.0	1.6	.2	.0	.0
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	7.6	4.7	6.5	5.6	2.8	3.2	1.8	1.7	3.0	4.4	5.3	5.0	2.3	1.6	4.1	.0	1.2	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.8	4.9	2.6	2.8	3.4	.2	.7	1.1	3.4	4.2	4.6	1.9	2.5	2.3	.2	.6	1.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.6	1.5	.9	1.4	1.3	.1	.0	.0	.6	1.5	1.1	.2	.6	.6	.2	.3	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.7	3.8	2.5	1.4	3.2	2.0	1.2	.2	.3	2.2	2.8	2.8	1.2	1.7	1.8	.2	.7	.2
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.0	2.7	3.1	1.9	2.5	2.8	.1	.1	.2	2.4	1.9	2.6	1.6	1.3	1.5	.3	.0	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	4.3	4.2	3.3	3.6	3.2	2.9	.4	.7	.0	3.7	2.2	2.5	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.3	.2	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.3	2.1	1.4	1.4	1.0	.9	.3	.6	.2	.8	1.1	1.7	.4	.6	.8	.2	.1	.5

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT UP 800 IN MARCH

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment, estimated at 940,300, rose 800 from last month's level. Gains were recorded in both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. Annually, nonfarm employment was up 14,900 with nonmanufacturing industries accounting for all the increase.

Manufacturing, at 141, 900, rose only 200 over the month. Durable goods, up 400, contributed to all the increment with the recall of some workers at two automobile assembly plants. Nondurable goods registered a drop of 100 with less business in paper and printing and publishing industries. Employment fluctuations in the other manufacturing industries were either nonexistent or minor.

Annually, manufacturing declined 1,600 due almost entirely to the reduced number of jobs in transportation equipment production. Automobile assembly plants have been cutting back production of large cars for more than one year because of public demand for smaller, more fuel efficient vehicles. The conversion to small car assembly is anticipated to take two to three years; hence, employment may be slow in regaining the level of prior years.

Nonmanufacturing rose 700 in March to a level of 798,500. Service industries registered the most significant rise with the seasonal opening of amusement and recreation parks, especially Six Flags Over Georgia. Construction, transportation, and trade rose 400, 500 and 200 respectively. Declines in real estate accounted for the 200 loss in finance, insurance and real estate. The loss of 1,000 in government was attributed to the education sector of state and local governments.

Annually, nonmanufacturing rose 16,700 with trade and service industries contributing 80 percent toward the employment gain. Among the major industries, only contract construction posted a decline.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

PLANNED COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT UNDER WAY

Mobile Development Corporation has begun development of a mixed-use planned community called "Windward" adjoining Georgia Highway 400 inside the city limits of Alpharetta in North Fulton County. The project comprises 3,100 acres and features a 173 acre lake, office and light industrial space, commercial development, single family residences, townhouses, apartments and condominiums.

HOTEL PLANNED FOR DOWNTOWN ATLANTA

Georgia-Pacific Corporation is planning to add a hotel to its Peachtree Street headquarters complex. The company will announce details of the facility at a later date.

BUILDING PERMITS DROP OVER 50 PERCENT IN ATLANTA AREA

The Home Builders Association of Atlanta reports that single-family housing permits totaled 663 in the Atlanta Metropolitan area during March. This is a drop of over 50 percent compared to the same month of 1979 when 1,518 permits were issued.

For the first quarter of 1980, permits totaled 2,921, down only 571 from the same quarter a year ago.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	940.3	939.5	925.4	.8	14.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.9	141.7	143.5	.2	1.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.6	70.2	72.1	.4	1.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.6	3.5	.0	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.4	3.4	3.8	.0	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.2	4.9	.0	.3
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.7	7.8	8.1	.1-	.4-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.5	.0	.5
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	10.0	9.1	.2-	.7
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.4	23.0	25.7	.4	2.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.3	3.3	3.4	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	71.3	71.4	71.5	.1-	.2-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	19.2	18.9	19.0	.3	.2
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.5	5.1	.1-	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.1	3.5	.1	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.3	7.3	7.2	.0	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.0	4.1	3.9	.1-	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.3	.0	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	.4-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.7	7.8	7.7	.1-	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.0	4.2	4.2	.2-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	15.1	14.6	.2-	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.2	6.2	6.1	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	7.0	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.3	5.3	5.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	006060	798.5	797.8	781.8	.7	16.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.6	38.2	39.6	.4	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.1	85.6	82.4	.5	3.7
TRANSPORTATION	500015	57.0	56.5	54.8	.5	2.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.3	259.1	253.7	.2	5.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	106.7	105.6	98.1	1.1	8.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.8	72.2	65.4	.6	7.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.9	33.5	32.7	.4	1.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.6	153.5	155.5	.9-	2.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.3	63.5	62.7	.2-	.6
FINANCE	760025	23.6	23.7	22.9	.1-	.7
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.2	24.9	.1	.4
SERVICES	800055	192.2	191.4	184.5	.8	7.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	159.0	160.0	158.9	1.0-	.1
FEDERAL	998011	30.0	30.0	32.6	.0	2.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	129.0	130.0	126.3	1.0-	2.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.8	98.4	102.6	.4	3.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.6	49.4	52.8	.2	3.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.2	49.0	49.8	.2	.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.5	11.3	11.5	.2	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.2	6.2	6.2	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.5	8.4	8.6	.1	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	3.8	4.2	.2	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.0	2.9	3.0	.1	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.8	2.8	3.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	5.8	6.0	5.9	.2-	.1-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.8	2.9	3.0	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.4	3.4	3.3	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.6	5.7	6.3	.1-	.7-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.5	16.2	19.3	.3	2.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300035	$256.74	$258.20	$235.74	38.9	39.3	37.9	$6.60	$6.57	$6.22
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$290.90	$287.78	$270.89	39.1	39.1	38.1	$7.44	$7.36	$7.11
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.53	$227.73	$198.83	38.7	39.4	37.8	$5.75	$5.78	$5.26
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$205.13	$206.05	$176.36	37.5	37.6	35.7	$5.47	$5.48	$4.94
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$185.46	$185.55	$167.52	38.8	38.9	37.9	$4.78	$4.77	$4.42
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$159.54	$163.53	$148.45	33.8	34.5	37.3	$4.72	$4.74	$3.98
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$158.59	$168.98	$148.93	33.6	35.5	35.8	$4.72	$4.76	$4.16
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$167.50	$159.13	$152.88	33.3	31.7	39.3	$5.03	$5.02	$3.89
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$189.03	$177.28	$142.27	42.1	40.2	34.2	$4.49	$4.41	$4.16
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$180.84	$195.25	$172.48	33.0	35.5	30.8	$5.48	$5.50	$5.60
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$312.14	$296.07	$271.41	42.7	41.7	41.5	$7.31	$7.10	$6.54
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$287.80	$282.49	$259.80	42.7	42.1	43.3	$6.74	$6.71	$6.00
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$235.62	$235.68	$238.00	38.5	38.7	42.5	$6.12	$6.09	$5.60
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$235.73	$233.64	$235.64	38.9	39.4	43.8	$6.06	$5.93	$5.38
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$375.41	$390.27	$357.43	43.3	43.9	42.4	$8.67	$8.89	$8.43
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$237.95	$221.42	$227.41	35.2	33.6	35.7	$6.76	$6.59	$6.37
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$242.34	$235.61	$208.15	42.0	41.7	39.2	$5.77	$5.65	$5.31
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$382.42	$384.80	$360.38	37.2	37.8	37.5	$10.28	$10.18	$9.61

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAR 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= MAR 80 PREV MO= FEB 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.2	3.3	2.6	2.3	2.6	.4	.6	.4	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.6	1.4	1.8	.2	.5	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.1	3.0	2.4	2.2	1.9	1.7	.4	.7	.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.2	1.2	1.1	.3	.3	.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.6	3.3	4.3	3.1	2.8	3.7	.4	.4	.5	3.3	3.1	4.1	2.2	1.8	2.6	.3	.6	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.4	2.8	3.0	2.6	1.2	2.0	1.5	1.4	.8	3.1	3.4	2.4	1.6	.7	.9	.6	1.5	.9
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.1	3.9	6.1	3.7	3.7	5.3	.3	.2	.7	4.8	4.0	5.0	3.5	2.7	3.8	.2	.4	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	6.4	4.7	4.3	6.3	4.6	3.8	.0	.1	.0	4.1	4.0	6.9	3.9	3.5	4.5	.0	.0	1.6
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.2	.5	3.2	.2	.4	2.2	.0	.1	.8	.2	1.1	1.2	.2	.4	.7	.0	.5	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.4	1.5	3.0	2.1	1.6	2.5	.2	.1	.4	2.1	2.1	2.8	1.4	1.0	1.4	.3	.3	.7
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	3.6	3.9	.6	3.3	2.9	.1	.3	1.0	.5	2.1	3.0	.4	1.3	1.6	.0	.4	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.8	2.3	3.6	1.7	2.1	3.4	.0	.0	.1	2.4	2.6	1.9	1.5	1.8	.8	.3	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.7	1.2	.9	1.5	.9	.1	.0	.0	.5	1.3	.8	.1	.4	.3	.1	.3	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.2	2.7	3.2	2.2	2.6	3.2	.0	.1	.0	2.5	2.1	2.4	1.7	1.4	1.7	.1	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.7	.9	1.3	.7	.4	.0	1.3	.1	.3	.8	1.1	.2	.5	.4	.0	.0	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

CONSTRUCTION DOWN 200 IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 45,400, in the Albany area, was unchanged from the February estimate. The most significant change over the month was in contract construction, which declined by 200. Over the year, nonagricultural wage and salary employment gained 1,800. Manufacturing showed an annual gain of 1,000 while increments were recorded in all nonmanufacturing segments except construction.

Manufacturing, at 11,400, was up 100 from the previous month. Small gains were recorded in chemicals as well as in "other nondurable goods." Annual gains were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods with the largest gain being in nondurable goods, up 900. Most of this gain was in the food and kindred products category, primarily due to new industry in the area.

Contract construction, at 3,000, was down 200 over the month and 1,300 over the year. Transportation, communications and utilities was unchanged over the month and up 200 for the year. Trade, at 10,000, was up 100 for the month and 400 over the year with the increment occurring totally in the wholesale segment. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged from the previous month and increased by 400 over the year. Services at 6,500 was up 100 for the month and 600 over the year. Government, at 10,100, was unchanged over the month and up 500 annually with most of the increment in the state and local sector.

Declines are expected in manufacturing over the next quarter as one large manufacturer, Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, proceeds with a planned layoff of approximately 400 workers. The impact of the predicted 1980 recession may cause declines in other industries as well.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA TRADE RECORDS ANNUAL LOSS

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 121,200, a decrease of 200 jobs. Losses in government, trade, and construction accounted for the decline. Over the year, an increase of 1,100 jobs was recorded. Trade was the only major division to record a loss. Both construction and services and mining remained unchanged. All other major industry divisions shared in the annual rise.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, was unchanged over the month. Losses sustained by "other durable goods" and food and kindred products wiped out an increase in "other nondurable goods."

Annually, manufacturing climbed 200, precipitated by increments in metal and machinery and "other nondurable goods." These gains were somewhat offset by a drop in textile mill products. The decrease in textile mill products is apparently related to the lack of consumer confidence in the economy and its absence of any definitive direction.

Construction, at 6,300, was unchanged over the month and over the year. This division will likely decrease over the year as tight money and exorbitant interest rates take their toll. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with increments dispersed through the division. Trade, at 22,700, also was unchanged but slid downward 200 annually, triggered by less operating hours among many businesses and others attempting to sell more with less employees. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged but increased 100 over the year with scattered increments through most of the division. Services and mining, at 15,900, remained unchanged over the month and over the year. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month but reported a gain of 900 annually. The yearly rise was divided between the federal and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Recent announcements, including the layoff of 100 workers at a brick manufacturing plant, as well as the decision by Kimberly Clark not to build in Richmond County at this time, are factors that will have some impact of a negative nature on the local economy. Positive aspects include the decision by W. F. Hall to proceed with plans for their firm in Columbia County, together with the announcement by Emery Air Freight to establish a national office in Richmond County. These two will employ approximately 1,000 individuals in operation, and the Air Freight Service expects to expand about 400 more at a later time. During this calendar year, the main impact from them will be in construction.

Over the next several months, any industry that is closely associated with housing construction will be hard hit and some rippling effect is anticipated. In addition, those firms that manufacture items used in automotive manufacturing will be caught in a tight squeeze.

The economic downturn may be even more severe than the last recession unless the national leadership initiates a positive direction and proceeds with determination.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

NONMANUFACTURING INDICATES LOSS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined 100, at 82,300 from the February estimate. Nonmanufacturing indicated a loss of 300 while manufacturing gained 100. Employment was up 300 from a year ago due to gains in manufacturing and nonmanufacturing.

Manufacturing employment totaled 21,700 in March, a gain of 100 from last month and a year ago. The durable goods group was 200 more than last month due to increases in metals and machinery and in the "other durable goods" group. The nondurable goods group rose 100 from February and gained 200 from one year ago due to increases in printing, publishing and allied products.

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 60,600, dropped 300 from the February estimate and indicated a gain of 100 from March 1979. Contract construction moved downward by 100 from February, and was 700 less than a year earlier. The transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services group was 100 below February's estimate and was the same as last year.

Trade employment rose 100 from last month due to retail trade. Wholesale trade remained constant. There was an annual loss of 700 in trade, 500 of which was in the retail sector. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant for both periods of time. Services and miscellaneous industries employment remained constant over the month and gained 300 over one year ago. Government employment dropped 100 from last month and was 1,400 more than March 1979.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

CONSIDERABLE NONMANUFACTURING GAIN IN MACON

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 96,200 in March. The current preliminary estimate is up 700 from February and up 1,100 from March 1979. During the month, manufacturing rose 200 with all of the gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing increased 500 with advances in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, and services being partially offset by a drop in construction. Finance, insurance and real estate, and government were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing climbed 900 with durable goods remaining steady and nondurable goods adding 900. Most of this increase was in apparel. Nonmanufacturing was up 200 with gains in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services and trade. Losses were recorded in construction, finance, insurance and real estate, and government, with trade remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 16,200, was up 200 from last month and up 900 from a year ago. During the month durable goods was unchanged, with all segments remaining stable. Nondurable goods advanced, with small increases in all segments except chemicals and "other durable goods." Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with a loss in lumber and wood offsetting a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods rose 900, with gains in food, textiles, apparel, and paper, while chemicals and "other nondurable goods" remained unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was down 100 from February and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, most of the decrease was in general construction. Annually, general construction and heavy construction declined, with special trades construction remaining stable.

Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services, at 4,900, was up 100 from last month and up 200 from March 1979. Most of the gain in all reporting periods was in transportation. Trade, at 20,200, was up 100 from February and unchanged from March 1979. Most of the monthly increase was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decrease was in insurance. Services, at 16,400, was up 200 from February and up 600 from a year ago. Most of the monthly gain was in covered services. Annually, private education and covered services accounted for most of the increase. Government, at 28,800, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from March 1979. Annually, the federal segment added 100, and the state and local segment declined 300. Most of the annual loss was in CETA federally funded positions.

New Plants: Boeing Commercial Airplane Company recently announced plans to buy an existing manufacturing plant in Bibb County which will be expanded to manufacture cargo handling systems. Employment is expected to reach 250 in 1981.

The Confederate Packaging Company announced plans to open a new firm in Bibb County to manufacture specialized packing cartons.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6167.

LEVELED OFF EMPLOYMENT IN SAVANNAH

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA leveled off for the first time in several months. The estimated employment in March was 83,800, the same as it was for February. However, this total is somewhat deceiving in its implications. If we eliminate marine cargo handling (this segment fluctuates widely from month to month), we find an actual loss of almost 500.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA has been declining gradually over the last several months. The losses were generally related to construction, which suffered the greatest loss, however, the losses are beginning to spread out among other segments of the economy. Contract construction continues to record losses on a monthly basis. It is expected that this segment of the economy will continue to suffer losses, at least until the fourth quarter of this year.

Wholesale trade recorded estimated losses of 100 over the month. This loss may only be temporary, however, this is not likely. Although the monthly employment was below a month ago, it was still above year ago figures. Retail figures were steady over the month, however, economic forces are beginning to show its effects. Building materials declined as a result of the slowdown in construction and the rapid increases in prices. Although the figures did not indicate any loss in the restaurant business, historically, this is the time of the year they increase employment by several hundred. This year this trend was absent.

The services sector showed a small gain. Auto repairs are increasing at a much faster rate than at any time in the recent past. Hotel and motel employment increased, however, like restaurants, the increases were below what is historically expected.

Employment in the Savannah SMSA can be expected to continue its gradual decline. Some segments are going to decline faster and farther than others; however, before the trends reverse themselves, all segments of the economy will see a decline to some extent.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.4	45.4	43.6	.0	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.4	11.3	10.4	.1	1.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.3	9.2	8.4	.1	.9
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.6	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.7	4.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	34.0	34.0	33.2	.0	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.0	3.2	4.3	.2-	1.3-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	1.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.0	9.9	9.6	.1	.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.4	3.4	3.0	.0	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	1.9	.0	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.4	5.9	.1	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	6.8	.0	.5

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.2	121.4	120.1	.2-	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.4	36.2	.0	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.6	9.7	9.5	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.7	3.7	3.7	.0	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.8	2.7	.1-	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.8	26.8	26.7	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.6	2.5	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.2	10.2	10.5	.0	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.6	10.3	.1	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.8	85.0	84.0	.2-	.8
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.3	6.3	6.3	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.7	22.7	22.9	.0	.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.3	.0	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.2	18.2	18.6	.0	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.9	15.9	15.9	.0	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	6.9	6.9	6.5	.0	.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.7	.0	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.3	82.4	82.0	.1-	.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.7	21.6	21.6	.1	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.7	5.8	.2	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.5	4.3	.1	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.2	.3	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.9	15.8	15.7	.1	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.3	9.3	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.8	.8	.9	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	.9	.8	.1	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	60.6	60.9	60.5	.3-	.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.5	3.6	4.2	.1-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.4	3.5	3.4	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.7	16.6	17.4	.1	.7-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.2	14.0	14.8	.2	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.1	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.5	20.6	19.1	.1-	1.4
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.7	5.8	.1-	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.8	14.9	13.3	.1-	1.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	96.2	95.5	95.1	.7	1.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.0	15.3	.2	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.5	1.5	1.5	.0	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	11.1	10.9	10.2	.2	.9
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.6	2.6	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.8	1.7	1.7	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.5	2.4	1.8	.1	.7
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.0	2.0	.1	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	80.0	79.5	79.8	.5	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.2	4.4	.1-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.8	4.7	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.2	20.1	20.2	.1	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.2	15.8	.2	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	28.8	29.0	.0	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	16.0	15.9	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	12.8	13.1	.0	.3-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.9	83.8	85.2	.0	1.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.2	16.2	16.8	.0	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.0	6.6	.0	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.3	1.2	1.4	.1	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.6	3.1	.0	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.1	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.6	4.7	4.7	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.9	.8	.8	.1	.1
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.7	67.6	68.5	.1	.8-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.5	5.1	.2-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	9.0	8.5	8.7	.5	.3
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.5	19.5	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.5	4.3	.1-	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.1	15.1	15.2	.0	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.3	15.2	15.0	.1	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.6	15.8	16.3	.2-	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.1	13.3	13.9	.2-	.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAR 1980	PREV MO FEB 1980	CUR MO YAGO MAR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.9	.0	.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.4	4.8	.1	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.1	7.0	.0	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	1.0	1.0	1.1	.0	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.8	2.3	.0	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MARCH

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

		AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79	CUR MO MAR 80	PRV MO FEB 80	CM YA MAR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$299.17	$305.53	$268.26	41.9	42.2	40.4	$7.14	$7.24	$6.64
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$274.58	$271.76	$222.88	40.8	40.5	36.3	$6.73	$6.71	$6.14
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$315.98	$326.16	$298.94	42.7	43.2	43.2	$7.40	$7.55	$6.92
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$174.38	$188.47	$195.47	35.3	37.1	41.5	$4.94	$5.08	$4.71
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$366.77	$362.93	$343.54	43.2	42.9	44.1	$8.49	$8.46	$7.79
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$270.50	$325.93	$227.36	42.8	47.1	39.2	$6.32	$6.92	$5.80
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$332.13	$326.56	$281.12	42.8	42.3	41.1	$7.76	$7.72	$6.84

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From	
				Revised February 1980	March 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,860	2,344,999	2,314,746	25,861	56,114
Employed	2,239,874	2,220,652	2,198,379	19,222	41,495
Unemployed	130,986	124,347	116,367	6,639	14,619
Rate	5.5	5.3	5.0	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	50,313	50,007	47,823	306	2,490
Employed	47,133	46,953	45,326	180	1,807
Unemployed	3,180	3,054	2,497	126	683
Rate	6.3	6.1	5.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	948,972	944,945	932,343	4,027	16,629
Employed	902,581	899,976	889,946	2,605	12,635
Unemployed	46,391	44,969	42,397	1,422	3,994
Rate	4.9	4.8	4.5	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	119,986	120,445	120,132	-459	-146
Employed	113,073	113,472	113,687	-399	-614
Unemployed	6,913	6,973	6,445	-60	468
Rate	5.8	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,852	84,731	84,921	121	-69
Employed	78,915	78,830	78,949	85	-34
Unemployed	5,937	5,901	5,972	36	-35
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.0	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,584	96,554	97,130	1,030	454
Employed	92,342	91,367	91,255	975	1,087
Unemployed	5,242	5,187	5,875	55	-633
Rate	5.4	5.4	6.0	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,931	85,560	87,191	371	-1,260
Employed	80,956	80,752	82,333	204	-1,377
Unemployed	4,975	4,808	4,858	167	117
Rate	5.8	5.6	5.6	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	119,986	120,445	120,132	-459	-146
Employed	113,073	113,472	113,687	-399	-614
Unemployed	6,913	6,973	6,445	-60	468
Rate	5.8	5.8	5.4	XXXX	XXXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,559	80,115	80,136	444	423
Employed	76,051	75,962	75,479	89	572
Unemployed	4,508	4,153	4,657	355	-149
Rate	5.6	5.2	5.8	XXX	XXXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,427	40,330	39,996	-903	-569
Employed	37,022	37,510	38,208	-488	-1186
Unemployed	2,405	2,820	1,788	-415	617
Rate	6.1	7.0	4.5	XXXX	XXXXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	84,852	84,731	84,921	121	-69
Employed	78,915	78,830	78,949	85	-34
Unemployed	5,937	5,901	5,972	36	-35
Rate	7.0	7.0	7.0	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	67,417	67,252	67,476	165	-59
Employed	63,045	62,941	63,003	104	42
Unemployed	4,372	4,311	4,473	61	-101
Rate	6.5	6.4	6.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,435	17,479	17,445	-44	-10
Employed	15,870	15,889	15,946	-19	-76
Unemployed	1,565	1,590	1,499	-25	66
Rate	9.0	9.1	8.6	XXX	XXXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary March 1980	Revised February 1980	March 1979	Change From Revised February 1980	Change From March 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,370,860	2,344,999	2,314,746	25,861	56,114
Employed	2,239,874	2,220,652	2,198,379	19,222	41,495
Unemployed	130,986	124,347	116,367	6,639	14,619
Rate	5.5	5.3	5.0	XXXXX	XXXXXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,378,576	1,371,870	1,358,756	6,706	19,820
Employed	1,306,449	1,302,049	1,291,741	4,400	14,708
Unemployed	72,127	69,821	67,015	2,306	5,112
Rate	5.2	5.1	4.9	XXXXX	XXXXXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	992,284	973,129	955,990	19,155	36,294
Employed	933,425	918,603	906,638	14,822	26,787
Unemployed	58,859	54,526	49,352	4,333	9,507
Rate	5.9	5.6	5.2	XXXXXX	XXXXXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA.

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business. (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

[illegible] 80 S/1905 1 (U)

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR MAY 1980 LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(April Data)

LAYOFFS EXPECTED TO RISE SHARPLY

Georgia and the nation will likely suffer high unemployment if the past few months are any indication of future patterns. Because of recessional activity, layoffs are expected to occur -- and in some cases have already begun -- in the auto industry, construction, trade, and manufacturing.

The auto industry has been severely hurt by inflation, slow sales and high credit. In early April, sales of domestically produced cars dropped 24 percent. By mid-April, sales fell 32 percent. This is the worst yearly sales record since 1961. As a result, auto makers have no alternative except to lay off employees. Blue collar worker layoffs presently register 163,250 nationally in the auto industry. General Motors Corporation is placing an additional 12,000 employees on indefinite layoff by eliminating work shifts. The Ford Motor Company said it is dismissing 9,000 employees for the rest of 1980, and that by 1981, 6,100 salaried employees would be terminated by a combination of layoffs, resignations and retirements (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 16, 1980).

Housing construction dropped 22 percent in March across the nation. That is the largest national drop in 20 years. For the same monthly time period, industrial and commercial contracts were up 3 percent. Georgia's residential construction declined 37 percent, but in sharp contrast to the national figure, nonbuilding construction rose 29 percent. The reason for the drop in housing and the rise in nonresidential construction was high mortgage rates. Individuals are simply unable to afford to buy. Since fewer houses are being bought, fewer houses are being built. This makes layoffs inevitable. Dr. Michael Sumichrast, chief economist of the National Association of Homebuilders, expects construction unemployment to increase from 637,000 as it presently stands, to 1.2 million by September.

Trade and manufacturing employment are beginning to show signs of losses. Because of the Federal Reserve's policy to tighten credit, shoppers are "trading down," or buying lower-priced items in lieu of favored brand-name products. Retail sales declined 1.2 percent in April, with two of the nation's three largest retailers (Sears, Roebuck and Company and J. C. Penney Company) reflecting losses of 4.3 percent and 5 percent, respectively, from last year (*Atlanta Constitution*, May 9, 1980). Since consumers are buying less, production slackens, inventories build, and layoffs in manfacturing begin. Particularly because of the slump in construction, production and employment are falling in household goods industries (appliances, carpeting and furniture) and construction supplies industries (lumber and bricks). In Georgia, layoffs in the lumber mills could reach as high as 50 percent. This could be very detrimental since forestry contributes almost $5 billion to Georgia's economy annually (*Atlanta Constitution*, April 4, 1980).

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

BOEING TO ESTABLISH MACON PLANT

The Boeing Company announced that it will establish a Macon manufacturing operation costing $15 million to $20 million and employing as many as 350 workers within two years.

CHEMICAL PLANT TO BE BUILT IN WINDER

Quaker Chemical Corporation of Conshohocken, Pennsylvania, and Alkaril Chemicals, Limited, of Mississauga, Ontario, have announced plans to build a $5 million office-laboratory-manufacturing facility in Winder. The plant will produce industrial chemicals, will be located on a 44-acre industrial park site, and will employ about 60 people.

GEORGIA MILL TO IDLE 89

ITT Rayonier, Incorporated, is idling 89 workers at its Camak, Georgia, mill due to softening demand for lumber. The shutdown is one of four Southeastern lumber mills to be closed by Rayonier.

AUGUSTA MILL TO CLOSE

Buckeye Cotton Oil Division's Augusta seed crushing mill is closing. The company will try to find jobs in the area for the 50 employees to be laid off.

BATTERY PLANT IN LAGRANGE

LaGrange is the site selected by Duracell International, Incorporated, for a plant to manufacture Duracell batteries. The operation will increase its employment from 200 to 500 by the end of this year.

NATIONAL STEEL TO BUILD IN NORCROSS

New Jersey-based National Steel Service Center, Incorporated, a subsidiary of National Steel Corporation, announced plans to build a metals distribution and processing center in Norcross. Construction will begin this spring in Blue Ridge Industrial Park occupying a 150,000 square-foot building.

MIGHTY MOVES TO GWINNETT

Mighty Distributing Systems of America, Incorporated, has moved its national headquarters from Baltimore, Maryland, to Technology Park in Gwinnett County. Mighty is a national distributing system specializing in the technology and sale of ignition systems for automobiles. The project will cost about $1 million, occupying 3 acres, including a two-story 17,000 square-foot facility.

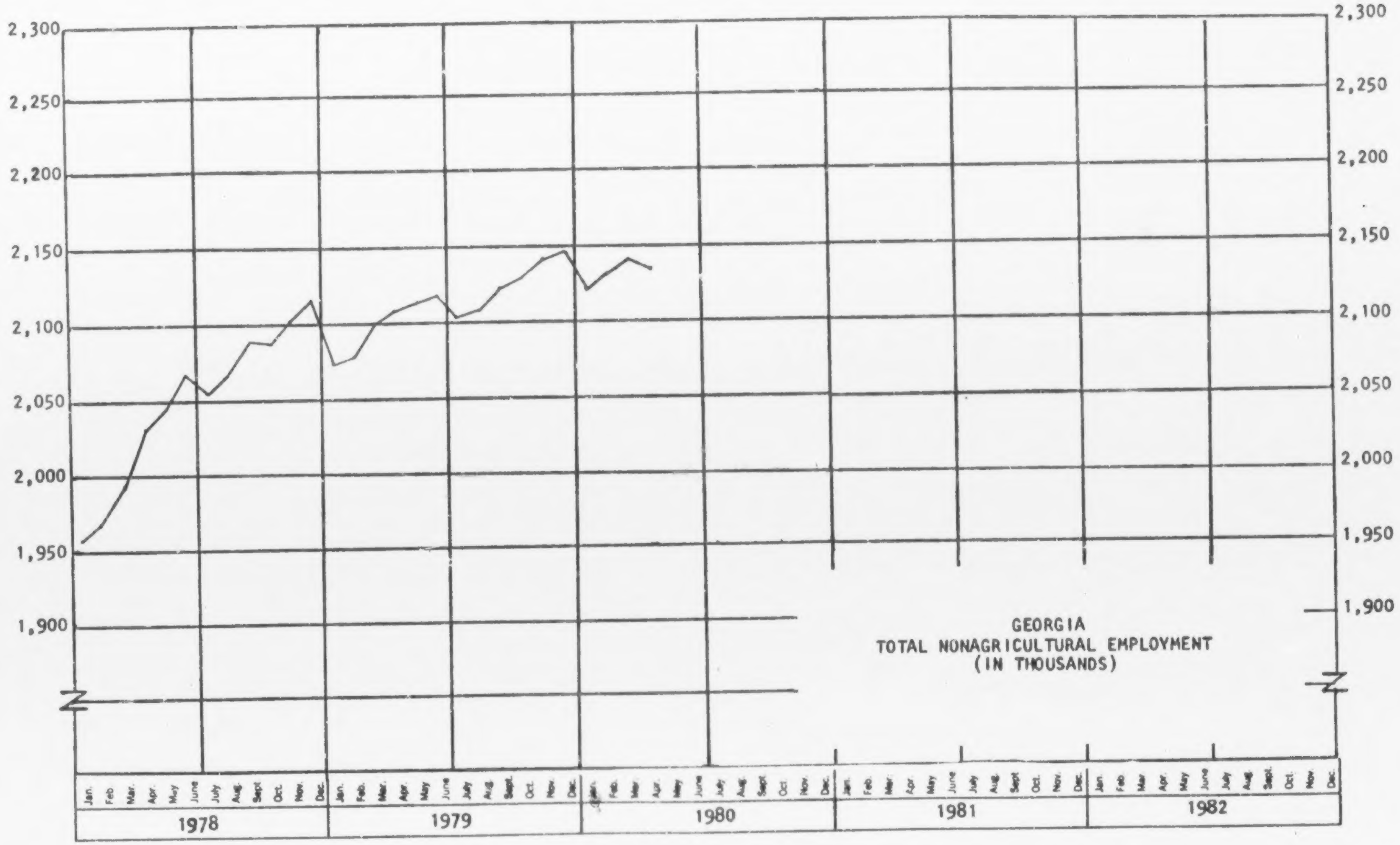
PLANS FOR CONTACT PLANT

A plant has been leased in Gwinnett County by Ciba-Geigy, a Swiss pharmaceutical and chemical company, to manufacture soft contact lenses. Employment at the 84,000 square-foot plant should rise from 135 workers, initially, to about 200 at full production.

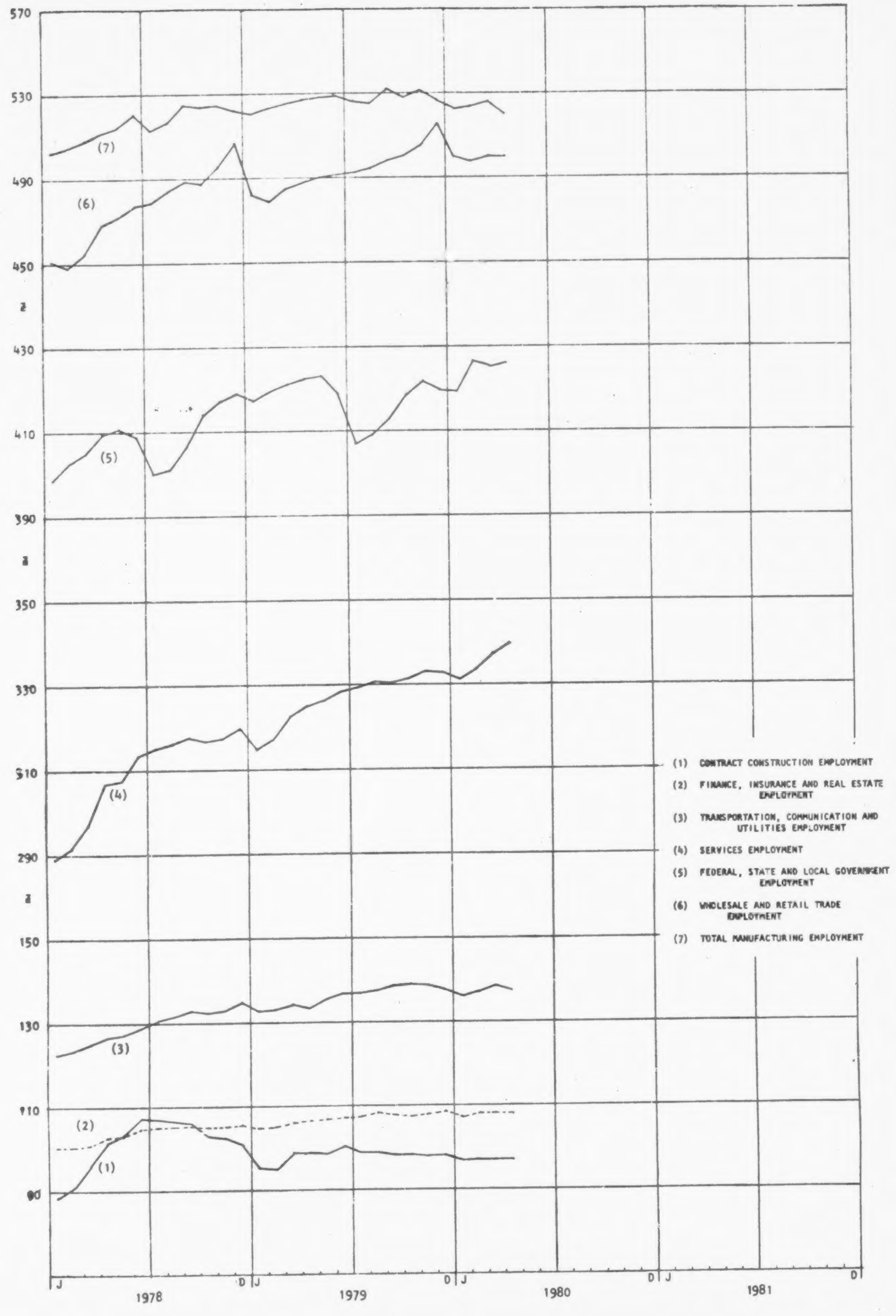
CONSTRUCTION BEGUN ON APARTMENT COMPLEX

Construction was started on a $6.2 million, 308-unit apartment complex on Peachtree Industrial Boulevard just outside of Atlanta. Peachtree Associates, Limited, said the complex is scheduled for completion in 1981, but initial occupancy could begin in August 1980.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,136.8	2,137.9	2,109.3	1.1-	27.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	520.1	525.0	527.2	4.9-	7.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	182.4	185.0	186.1	2.6-	3.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.8	31.1	30.6	1.3-	.8-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	14.9	15.8	15.7	.9-	.8-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.7	10.0	10.1	.3-	.4-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.9	7.1	7.4	.2-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.1	18.4	18.0	.3-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.8	17.1	16.4	.3-	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	21.2	21.2	21.1	.0	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.9	22.9	21.6	.0	1.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.8	19.6	19.4	.2	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.9	33.3	37.2	.4-	4.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.3	11.4	11.6	.1-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	337.7	340.0	341.2	2.3-	3.5-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.8	56.7	56.8	.1	.0
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.0	21.3	20.8	.3-	.2
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.3	15.6	14.9	.3-	.4
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.2	9.0	9.3	.2	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	117.8	120.1	122.3	2.3-	4.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	29.2	29.5	29.6	.3-	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.6	4.5	5.0	.1	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	8.8	9.0	8.5	.2-	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	30.9	31.7	33.2	.8-	2.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	23.8	24.9	25.5	1.1-	1.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.5	75.4	74.3	.1	1.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.7	40.9	40.5	.2-	.2
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.1	22.7	22.9	.4	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.0	27.7	27.6	.3	.4
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.4	13.2	13.3	.2	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.7	6.8	.1	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.6	24.0	22.5	.4-	1.1
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.1	8.4	8.0	.3-	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.8	16.9	16.6	.1-	.2
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.9	2.9	2.7	.0	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	16.8	16.9	18.5	.1-	1.7-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGC APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGD
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,616.7	1,612.8	1,582.1	3.9	34.6
MINING	100005	7.5	7.6	7.7	.1-	.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.2	96.7	98.7	.5	1.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.7	138.5	133.6	.8-	4.1
TRANSPORTATION	500015	82.6	83.4	80.4	.8-	
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.0	35.0	33.7	.0	1.3
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.2	20.1	19.5	.1	.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.1	500.9	488.2	.8-	11.9
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	160.8	161.1	154.8	.3-	6.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	99.4	99.9	94.1	.5-	5.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	61.4	61.2	60.7	.2	.7
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.4	339.8	333.5	.4-	5.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.0	108.2	106.3	.2-	1.7
FINANCE	760025	46.6	46.5	45.3	.1	1.3
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.7	39.0	.0	.7
REAL ESTATE	765075	21.7	22.1	22.0	.4-	.3-
SERVICES	800005	339.9	336.9	325.1	3.0	14.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	426.1	424.1	422.4	2.0	3.7
FEDERAL	998011	82.1	81.2	83.2	.9	1.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	344.0	342.8	339.2	1.2	4.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	403.1	408.2	412.5	5.1-	9.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	138.0	140.9	143.3	2.9-	5.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	265.1	267.4	269.2	2.3-	4.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.5	40.5	40.8	.0	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	100.6	102.3	104.3	1.7-	3.7-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	26.3	26.3	26.7	.0	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.0	3.9	4.3	.1	.3-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.2	7.5	6.9	.3-	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	26.5	27.2	28.2	.7-	1.7-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.8	21.6	22.3	.8-	1.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	64.0	64.0	63.2	.0	.8
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.4	35.3	.1-	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.3	18.7	.3	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	24.4	25.6	25.2	1.2-	.8-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.8	9.2	9.0	.4-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.9	21.6	21.7	.3	.2
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	10.0	10.2	10.1	.2-	.1-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.8	14.4	.3-	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.3	12.5	11.9	.2-	.4
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.8	17.0	17.0	.2-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.9	16.0	15.2	.1-	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.8	12.8	12.7	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	22.9	23.4	27.9	.5-	5.0-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$221.43	$224.87	$194.91	39.4	40.3	37.7	$5.62	$5.58	$5.17
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$249.94	$249.02	$217.25	39.8	40.1	37.2	$6.28	$6.21	$5.84
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$206.58	$211.70	$182.68	39.2	40.4	37.9	$5.27	$5.24	$4.82
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$216.80	$219.78	$180.07	40.0	40.4	36.6	$5.42	$5.44	$4.92
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$188.87	$200.93	$171.55	40.1	42.3	38.9	$4.71	$4.75	$4.41
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$198.50	$217.43	$187.46	40.1	43.4	41.2	$4.95	$5.01	$4.55
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422208	$208.68	$228.99	$193.81	39.9	43.7	41.5	$5.23	$5.24	$4.67
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$156.36	$174.58	$168.35	38.8	43.0	42.3	$4.03	$4.06	$3.98
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$183.31	$184.82	$153.99	41.1	40.8	35.4	$4.46	$4.53	$4.35
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$180.56	$196.99	$162.69	37.0	40.7	37.4	$4.88	$4.84	$4.35
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXT'LE PRODUCTS	423005	$141.69	$146.97	$128.69	34.9	36.2	34.5	$4.06	$4.06	$3.73
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.02	$144.59	$128.14	35.3	35.7	33.9	$4.08	$4.05	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$137.42	$148.47	$122.39	34.1	36.3	32.9	$4.03	$4.09	$3.72
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$158.91	$168.02	$147.46	36.7	38.1	36.5	$4.33	$4.41	$4.04
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$167.16	$163.83	$146.48	33.1	32.7	31.3	$5.05	$5.01	$4.68
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$360.40	$363.35	$300.17	42.4	43.0	39.6	$8.50	$8.45	$7.58
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$433.11	$417.65	$348.68	48.5	46.2	43.1	$8.93	$9.04	$8.09
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$283.61	$281.22	$271.39	43.7	43.6	44.2	$6.49	$6.45	$6.14
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$129.24	$139.87	$161.93	35.8	39.4	46.8	$3.61	$3.55	$3.46
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$263.70	$251.86	$212.27	45.0	43.2	39.9	$5.86	$5.83	$5.32
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$278.08	$287.00	$283.30	39.5	41.0	41.6	$7.04	$7.00	$6.81
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$262.36	$257.83	$214.51	42.8	42.9	37.9	$6.13	$6.01	$5.66
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$272.84	$268.27	$201.26	42.3	41.4	34.7	$6.45	$6.48	$5.80
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$234.23	$248.68	$231.16	39.7	43.4	41.5	$5.90	$5.73	$5.57
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$369.47	$361.28	$300.11	39.6	39.1	35.6	$9.33	$9.24	$8.43

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

APR 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-1CM)

GEORGIA CURR MO= APR 80 PREV MO= MAR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= APR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.9	4.0	2.6	3.1	3.1	.4	.6	.6	3.7	3.4	4.0	2.1	2.2	2.5	.7	.3	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	[illegible]	3.6	3.3	1.7	2.6	2.4	.6	.6	.5	3.0	2.8	2.9	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.2	.4	.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.6	4.1	4.3	2.9	3.3	3.4	.4	.5	.6	3.9	3.7	4.4	2.4	2.6	2.8	.5	.3	.6
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.3	5.9	5.6	2.9	3.5	4.0	.6	1.5	1.3	5.0	4.4	5.6	2.9	3.1	2.8	.8	.2	1.6
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	3.3	3.5	4.6	2.8	3.0	3.9	.2	.2	.3	3.7	3.5	4.6	2.2	2.5	3.2	.4	.2	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.6	4.8	5.8	3.0	3.9	4.4	.1	.2	.4	3.5	4.5	5.7	2.0	3.3	3.7	.0	.0	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.3	3.9	5.2	4.0	3.4	4.8	.1	.1	.1	4.4	4.3	6.1	3.2	2.7	5.0	.2	.8	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.1	4.7	3.7	4.7	4.4	3.0	.5	.2	.8	4.7	4.3	3.4	3.0	3.3	2.4	.0	.1	.1
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	2.0	2.6	3.3	1.7	2.2	3.1	.2	.2	.1	2.9	3.0	4.1	1.9	2.0	3.1	.4	.4	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.3	2.7	5.8	2.9	2.4	5.2	.3	.2	.2	4.4	3.0	4.7	2.5	2.2	3.6	.9	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.8	5.0	4.2	3.9	4.2	3.3	.6	.6	.6	4.5	4.6	4.7	3.3	3.4	3.3	.4	.4	.7
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.6	5.0	4.1	3.9	4.3	3.1	.5	.6	.7	4.1	4.4	4.3	3.3	3.7	3.3	.1	.2	.3
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.1	5.1	3.6	3.6	4.2	2.8	1.1	.8	.7	5.1	4.8	5.2	3.5	3.5	3.6	.7	.6	1.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.8	6.5	6.7	4.6	4.6	6.2	1.1	1.3	.4	11.4	5.8	5.3	3.7	3.3	3.7	5.8	.8	.1
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	1.5	7.3	4.5	1.2	6.8	4.1	.1	.4	.3	6.7	5.3	2.6	2.3	3.9	1.9	3.7	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.5	1.7	2.3	.9	1.2	1.3	.5	.4	.9	2.0	1.7	2.4	.7	.6	1.0	.5	.6	.9
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.7	1.6	1.5	.9	.8	.6	.7	.8	.6	1.8	1.5	1.4	.6	.6	.4	.3	.5	.5
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.1	1.3	4.2	.6	1.2	2.5	.1	.1	1.6	2.3	1.2	3.5	.7	.7	1.8	.9	.1	1.1
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	2.9	6.2	3.9	2.6	5.8	3.1	.3	.4	.7	3.9	4.0	4.3	2.5	2.8	2.4	.9	.7	1.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.8	2.6	1.7	2.2	2.5	.1	.1	.0	2.0	2.7	3.3	.5	1.3	2.2	.2	.2	.1
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	6.6	5.8	8.5	6.4	3.6	5.3	.2	2.1	2.9	12.9	3.7	6.8	4.6	2.0	3.8	4.9	.0	.6
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.3	3.1	5.0	1.3	2.7	4.3	.4	.2	.4	3.5	3.8	3.8	.8	1.9	2.6	1.2	.3	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.7	1.7	.9	1.6	1.5	.7	.1	.1	.0	1.5	1.2	1.2	.7	.5	.6	.1	.2	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.3	2.5	2.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	.3	.7	.4	3.7	2.1	2.4	1.6	1.3	1.6	1.3	.1	.3
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	2.6	2.8	1.8	1.9	2.7	.1	.1	.0	4.6	2.5	2.4	1.4	1.7	1.3	2.3	.3	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.4	4.4	2.4	2.0	3.6	1.7	.2	.4	.2	1.3	3.4	2.0	.6	1.4	.9	.2	1.2	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	2.5	2.7	1.1	1.1	.8	.4	.8	1.6	1.6	.8	2.9	.7	.4	.9	.7	.1	1.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

NONMANUFACTURING IS BRIGHT SPOT IN ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT IN APRIL

The Atlanta SMSA nonfarm employment rose to an estimated level of 940,900 in April. This was 1,800 above the previous month. Nonmanufacturing industries, specifically services, government, and finance, insurance and real estate, accounted for the increase. Manufacturing recorded losses for the current month and over the year.

Manufacturing, at 141,300, declined in both durable and nondurable goods for both reporting periods. Among the durable goods industries, electric and electronic equipment was the only industry registering a gain. The remaining industries in this group either had small losses of 100 or remained unchanged from March. The loss of 100 workers in transportation equipment did not reflect the full extent of the reduction in automobile assembly jobs due to offsetting gains in aircraft assembly. The number of automobile assembly workers for April was more than 4,700 fewer than the same month a year ago. In nondurables, paper and allied products recorded the only gain, primarily due to more orders in folding paperboard boxes.

Nonmanufacturing rose 2,200 during the month and 15,100 over the year to a level of 799,600. Services contributed to most of the current month's gain. Lesser increments occurred in government and finance, insurance and real estate. The 700 increase in government was equally divided between federal and state and local governments. Banking, private credit institutions, and insurance shared the 200 increase in the finance, insurance and real estate division. Fluctuations among the three sectors of contract construction balanced out, accounting for no overall employment change. In the transportation and public utilities group, small increments in air transportation and electric, gas and sanitary services were not great enough to overcome declines in motor freight and warehousing. A drop of 300 in trade was confined to the retail sector, primarily miscellaneous retail stores.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing exhibited substantial gains in services, transportation and trade. Declines occurred in construction, manufacturing and government.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

SHOPPING MALL TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ATLANTA

The Atlanta Housing Authority has unveiled plans to build a $7 million factory outlet shopping mall one block south of the Atlanta Stadium in an urban renewal area. The mall would be restricted to manufacturers' outlet shops and would have 250,000 square feet of leasable space. The mall would be the second in the nation built specifically for such a purpose. The two-story facility would have space for 50 to 60 outlets and create around 430 jobs. If funds are granted, construction could be underway by early 1981.

PLASTICS PLANT TO LOCATE IN MARIETTA

The Tokyo firm of Dai-Ichi Seiko, Limited, will open a $1 million plastics parts company in Marietta later this year. The new firm, which will manufacture high precision plastics parts and molds, will initially manufacture plastic cogs and spools for use in the production of cassette tapes.

NEW MANUFACTURING FIRM FOR FORSYTH COUNTY

Hoover Universal, Incorporated, a Michigan-based firm, will construct an $8 million facility in Forsyth County. The new facility will be built on 45 acres of land and will begin operation by October 1, 1980. The company will make precision metal balls for the bearing industry and will employ about 150 persons locally.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	940.9	939.1	928.8	1.8	12.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.3	141.7	144.3	.4-	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.4	70.5	72.4	.1-	2.0-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.6	3.6	3.3	.0	.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.3	3.4	3.8	.1-	.5-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	2.0	2.0	2.3	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.2	7.2	6.9	.0	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.1	5.2	4.9	.1-	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.5	7.6	8.2	.1-	.7-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	7.0	7.0	6.6	.0	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.2	9.8	9.2	.4	1.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.3	23.4	26.1	.1-	2.8-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.2	3.3	3.4	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.8	71.2	71.9	.4-	1.1-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.8	19.2	19.2	.4-	.4-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.4	5.4	5.1	.0	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.2	3.6	.0	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.3	7.2	.2-	.1-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.0	4.0	3.9	.0	.1
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.7	.0	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.2	.0	.1-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.6	.0	.4-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.7	3.6	3.5	.1	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.7	7.9	.2	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.1	4.3	.1	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	14.9	14.6	.0	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.2	6.1	.1	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.8	6.8	7.0	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.3	5.8	.1-	.6-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	799.6	797.4	784.5	2.2	15.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.4	38.4	39.5	.0	1.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.0	86.1	81.8	.1-	4.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.8	57.1	54.0	.3-	2.8
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.0	259.3	255.8	.3-	3.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	107.1	106.7	98.7	.4	8.4
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	72.8	66.0	.1	6.9
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	34.1	33.9	32.7	.2	1.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.9	152.6	157.1	.7-	5.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	63.6	63.4	62.7	.2	.9
FINANCE	760025	23.9	23.7	23.0	.2	.9
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.3	24.8	.0	.5
SERVICES	800055	194.2	192.2	185.5	2.0	8.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	158.6	157.9	159.3	.7	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	30.9	30.6	32.6	.3	1.7-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	127.6	127.3	126.7	.3	.9

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	98.1	98.7	102.9	.6-	4.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.0	49.6	53.1	.6-	4.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	49.1	49.2	49.9	.1-	.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.4	11.5	11.7	.1-	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.1	6.2	6.2	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.6	8.5	8.4	.1	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	4.0	4.2	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.9	2.7	2.6	.2	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.0	3.0	2.9	.0	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.6	2.8	3.1	.2-	.5-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	5.8	6.0	.2	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	2.8	3.1	.2	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.7	.0	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.0	.0	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.4	3.3	.1-	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.4	5.5	6.5	.1-	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.3	16.5	19.5	.2-	3.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$254.22	$256.74	$223.72	38.0	38.9	36.2	$6.69	$6.60	$6.18
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$289.55	$290.16	$252.74	38.3	39.0	35.9	$7.56	$7.44	$7.04
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$219.04	$224.06	$192.72	37.7	38.9	36.5	$5.81	$5.76	$5.28
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$187.53	$205.13	$159.24	34.6	37.5	32.3	$5.42	$5.47	$4.93
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$162.58	$185.64	$164.87	33.8	39.0	37.3	$4.81	$4.76	$4.42
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$157.98	$160.01	$137.14	33.4	33.9	34.2	$4.73	$4.72	$4.01
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$164.57	$158.59	$115.43	34.5	33.6	28.5	$4.77	$4.72	$4.05
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$151.84	$170.35	$172.21	30.8	33.8	41.1	$4.93	$5.04	$4.19
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$180.80	$189.03	$139.88	40.0	42.1	34.2	$4.52	$4.49	$4.09
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$192.10	$193.44	$162.17	34.8	35.3	30.2	$5.52	$5.48	$5.37
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$306.79	$312.14	$267.08	42.2	42.7	40.9	$7.27	$7.31	$6.53
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$286.75	$287.80	$252.66	41.8	42.7	41.9	$6.86	$6.74	$6.03
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$239.18	$236.39	$226.70	39.6	38.5	40.7	$6.04	$6.14	$5.57
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$249.38	$245.30	$239.21	39.9	39.5	43.1	$6.25	$6.21	$5.55
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$367.16	$375.41	$351.12	42.3	43.3	41.9	$8.68	$8.67	$8.38
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$220.73	$220.45	$206.84	32.7	33.3	33.2	$6.75	$6.62	$6.23
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$247.46	$242.44	$191.73	41.8	41.8	36.8	$5.92	$5.80	$5.21
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$391.61	$382.42	$327.57	37.8	37.2	34.7	$10.36	$10.28	$9.44

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

APR 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MON APR 80   PREV MON MAR 80   CURR MO YR AGO APR 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	2.4	3.2	3.5	1.8	2.4	2.5	.3	.5	.7	2.2	2.4	3.4	1.0	1.5	1.7	.4	.2	1.0
DURABLE GOODS	300075	2.1	3.0	3.0	1.4	1.9	1.6	.4	.7	.9	1.7	1.8	2.7	.8	1.1	1.2	.4	.1	1.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	2.8	3.3	4.1	2.3	2.9	3.4	.2	.3	.5	2.9	3.1	4.2	1.3	1.9	2.2	.5	.4	.9
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.7	2.7	3.6	1.3	1.7	2.5	.1	.8	.7	2.8	2.0	2.9	.8	1.0	.9	1.0	.4	1.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	4.7	4.8	6.3	4.2	4.4	5.8	.5	.2	.5	4.3	4.9	5.9	3.1	3.8	4.4	.0	.2	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	.1	5.9	3.2	.1	5.8	2.0	.0	.1	.3	.1	3.7	6.7	.0	3.2	3.1	.0	.0	2.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	.7	.7	2.2	.5	.6	1.8	.0	.0	.5	1.0	.8	2.1	.8	.4	1.8	.0	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.7	3.3	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.1	.7	2.2	1.8	3.4	.6	1.2	1.8	.5	.2	.9
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	2.5	3.6	3.6	2.2	2.6	3.2	.2	.4	.4	2.5	3.2	3.3	1.6	1.7	1.6	.3	.9	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.4	2.2	3.5	2.0	2.1	3.4	.2	.0	.0	2.5	3.3	3.2	.7	2.0	1.9	.3	.3	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.9	1.4	.7	.7	1.0	.5	.0	.1	.0	.9	.7	1.0	.4	.3	.3	.1	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.2	2.2	3.1	1.3	2.2	3.6	.7	.0	.1	4.4	2.6	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.4	1.6	.1	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	3.0	3.0	.9	.9	.6	.5	1.2	2.0	1.0	.8	2.8	.5	.5	.4	.2	.0	2.1

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

NONDURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING DOWN SLIGHTLY IN ALBANY

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 45,500 in April. This figure was down 100 from the previous month. Annually, employment rose by 1,700 jobs.

Manufacturing, at 11,300, was down 100 from March. Most of the decline occurred in nondurable goods manufacturing. Over the year, manufacturing gained 900 jobs. These were primarily in the food and kindred products and the "other nondurable goods" segments.

Contract construction, at 3,200, was unchanged over the month and down 1,200 over the year. Most of the yearly decline was in heavy construction, although residential construction also appears to be slow. Transportation, communications, and utilities were also unchanged over the month. An increment of 100 was recorded in the division for the year. Trade, at 10,100, gained 100 over the month and 300 over the year. Most of the gains were in wholesale trade, while retail trade was down 200 for the year. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged for the month and up 300 over the year. This category is probably down more than estimated due to high interest rates, but private real estate agents are difficult to count. Services, at 6,500, was unchanged from March and up 800 for the year. Most of the yearly increment was due to increases in health services. A recent expansion at the county hospital is one of the reasons for the increase.

Over the coming month, the largest declines will probably occur in nondurable goods manufacturing, which is already showing signs of slowing. Other industries also probably will be affected by the national economic slowdown. Any industries relating to automobile production and construction, as well as these industries themselves, appear to be the hardest hit at this time.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA REFLECTS GAIN OF 400

Employment in the Augusta area was boosted to 121,800, an increase of 400 resulting from the usual impact of the annual Masters Golf Tournament. Over the year, an increase of 1,400 jobs was reported. The only major industry divisions to record losses were trade and construction. All others shared in the annual increment.

Manufacturing, at 36,400, dropped 100 over the month. Losses were sustained in stone, clay and glass products and food and kindred products, while gains were recorded in textile mill products and "other durable goods." The loss in stone, clay and glass products stemmed from less activity in glass manufacturing, while the loss in food and kindred products was among prepared meat products manufacturers. The gains in textile mill products were in broad woven goods manufacturers, and "other durable goods" increased in electric measuring devices.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Metals and machinery was up 100 as well as "other durable goods." Textile mill products dropped 200 because of consumer reluctance in the market place. "Other nondurable goods" gained 300, with increases in chemicals, paper and plastics.

Construction, at 6,100, dropped 200 over the month and 300 over the year, triggered by less building activity. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month, but rose 200 over the year with scattered increases. Trade, at 22,800, was up 100 because of the annual Masters Golf Tournament, but lost 100 over the year with significantly less activity in retail businesses as consumers exhibited considerable reluctance to purchase goods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged, but rose 100 over the year with gains scattered through the division. Services and mining, at 16,400, was up 500 over the month, directly attributable to the Masters Golf Tournament. This division rose 300 over the year as most consumers decided to seek repair services for many items rather than buy new ones. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month, but rose 900 over the year with increases in both the federal sector and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Locally, employment will decrease during May and will probably continue that trend through the summer. Construction of the new G. D. Searle Pharmaceutical Chemical Plant and the W. F. Hall Printing establishment will stimulate activity in their divisions. Manufacturing will continue to contract moderately and trade will likely follow suit. Housing construction remains almost a thing of the past, especially in regard to new starts. Some easing of interest rates should revive this part of the economy moderately. The recession, already underway, may well be longer than the last

Note Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS IN COLUMBUS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment was up 500 from the March estimate and up 1,000 from April 1979 Manufacturing gained 100 over the month and rose 300 over the year, while nonmanufacturing increased by 400 workers from last month and rose 700 from one year ago.

Metals and machinery employment increased 100 from March to a total of 4,800 and rose 500 from last year Food and kindred products increased by 100 workers over the month and was the same as one year ago Textile mill employment rose 100 from March and one year aog. Apparel and other finished products employment declined by 100 workers from last month and dropped 200 workers from one year ago. Printing and publishing remained constant during March and April with 1,000 employees. One year ago, there were 800 workers in this category "Other durable goods" and "other nondurable goods" remained constant from March and April 1979

Nonmanufacturing employment, at 61,200, was 400 more than the March estimate. A gain of 700 from a year ago was due to increases in services and miscellaneous employment and in state and local government. Contract construction employment remained the same over the month and reflected a loss of 500 over the year Employment in transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services was the same as March and was 100 more than April 1979 Trade employment held steady during April and was 800 less than one year ago Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained the same as last month and a year earlier Services and miscellaneous employment was unchanged from March and recorded a gain of 300 from last year. Government employment increased 200 from March due to increases in state and local government Federal government dropped 200 from one year ago while state and local government increased 1,800

Note Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann (404) 571-7423

MACON EMPLOYMENT DECREASES IN MOST MAJOR SECTORS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,400 in April. The current preliminary estimate was down 500 from March and up 100 from April 1980. During the month, manufacturing declined 300 with losses in durable goods and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing dropped 300, with decreases in construction; transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, and trade Finance, insurance and real estate, services; and government were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing rose 600 with a small decrease in durable goods partially offsetting a gain in nondurable goods Nonmanufacturing fell 500 with abatements in construction; trade; finance, insurance and real estate, and government Services enjoyed an increase and transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services did not change

Manufacturing, at 16,000, was down 300 from last month and up 600 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined with losses in stone, clay and glass products manufacturing. All other segments were unchanged Nondurable goods recorded a loss with declines in textiles, apparel, and "other nondurable goods," while food, paper, and chemicals were unchanged Annually, durable goods was down with losses in lumber and wood products, and stone, clay and glass products being partially offset by a gain in "other durable goods." Most of the increase in nondurable goods was in apparel. Paper also registered a small increase with all other segments remaining stable, except "other nondurable goods" which declined slightly.

Construction, at 3,900, continued to decline, losing 100 from last month and 300 over the year. During the month, general construction and heavy construction increased slightly to partially offset a loss in special trades construction. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction recorded decreases. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,700, was down 100 from March and unchanged from April 1979. Most of the monthly drop was in transportation. Trade, at 19,900, declined 200 from March and 400 from a year ago. Layoffs in retail trade and "fast food" restaurants accounted for most of the loss in all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from April 1979. Most of the annual loss was in real estate. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from March and up 600 from April 1979. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,800, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decline was in the state and local segment and due to cutbacks in federally funded CETA positions.

Note Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT LEVELS OFF TEMPORARILY

After declining an estimated 1,800 in employment over the year, the Savannah SMSA's employment has reached a temporary leveling off. Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment presently stands at 83,800, the lowest it's been in the last 23 months. Almost half of the decline can be related to construction directly or indirectly.

Manufacturing employment declined slightly over the month; however, further declines are expected over the next few months. The declines that are expected will in all probability be related to construction.

Nonmanufacturing employment has remained the same over the month. The various categories in this sector indicated small changes occurring over the month, including restaurants and in other medical services. Changes occurring over the year are a little more dramatic. Contract construction accounted for almost 75 percent of the loss in nonmanufacturing. Wholesale and retail trade declined 400 over the year, which fairly well tells the story of where the economy is at present. The service industries increased primarily in three sectors: business services, auto repair, and medical services. The majority of the loss that occurred in government was in state and local education.

Note Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.5	45.6	43.8	.1-	1.7
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.3	11.4	10.4	.1-	.9
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.2	9.3	8.5	.1-	.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.2	2.3	1.7	.1-	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	34.3	34.2	33.4	.1	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.2	3.2	4.4	.0	1.2-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.0	9.8	.1	.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.4	3.0	.1	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.8	.0	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.5	5.7	.0	.8
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.1	10.1	9.6	.0	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.3	7.3	6.8	.0	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.8	121.4	120.4	.4	1.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.4	36.5	36.2	.1-	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.5	9.6	9.4	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.6	3.7	3.6	.1-	.0
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.7	2.7	.1	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.9	26.8	26.8	.1	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.6	2.5	.1-	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.2	10.5	.1	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.7	10.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.3	84.9	84.2	.4	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.1	6.3	6.4	.2-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.2	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	22.7	22.9	.1	.1-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.5	4.5	4.2	.0	.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.4	18.3	18.7	.1	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	15.9	16.1	.5	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.9	6.5	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.6	.0	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.2	82.7	82.2	.5	1.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	22.0	21.9	21.7	.1	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	6.0	5.9	.1	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.8	4.7	4.3	.1	.5
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.9	15.9	15.8	.0	.1
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.7	3.6	3.7	.1	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.4	9.3	9.3	.1	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.8	.9	.1-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.2	60.8	60.5	.4	.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.6	4.1	.0	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.7	16.7	17.5	.0	.8-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	14.2	14.8	.1-	.7-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.1	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.7	20.5	19.1	.2	1.6
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	14.9	13.3	.2	1.8

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.4	95.9	95.3	.5-	.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.3	15.4	.3-	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.0	5.1	5.1	.1-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.5	1.5	.1-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	11.0	11.1	10.3	.1-	.7
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.8	1.7	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.5	1.8	.1-	.6
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.1	2.0	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.8	1.8	.1-	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.4	79.7	79.9	.3-	.5-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.9	4.0	4.4	.1-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.7	4.8	4.7	.1-	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.9	20.1	20.3	.2-	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	15.8	.0	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	28.8	29.0	.0	.2-
FEDERAL	998011	15.9	15.9	15.9	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.9	12.8	13.1	.1	.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.8	83.8	85.6	.0	1.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.2	16.8	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.8	6.0	6.7	.2-	.9-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.2	1.3	1.3	.1-	.1-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.6	3.1	.0	.5-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.1	2.1	2.2	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.2	10.2	10.2	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.8	1.8	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.9	.0	.1
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.9	.8	.1-	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.7	67.7	68.8	.0	1.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.3	5.2	.1	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.7	9.0	8.6	.3-	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.4	19.8	.0	.4-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.0	15.1	15.5	.1-	.5-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.5	15.3	14.9	.2	.6
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.7	15.6	16.2	.1	.5-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.4	.0	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.1	13.8	.1	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO APR 1980	PREV MO MAR 1980	CUR MO YRGO APR 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.4	11.6	11.9	.2-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.3	4.5	4.9	.2-	.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.1	7.1	.1	.1
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	1.0	1.1	.2-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.5	1.5	1.3	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	1.8	2.3	.1-	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

APRIL

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO APR 80	PRV MO MAR 80	CM YA APR 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	\$316.64	\$299.88	\$265.68	44.1	42.0	40.5	\$7.18	\$7.14	\$6.56
DURABLE GOODS	300025	\$279.22	\$274.58	\$214.67	41.8	40.8	35.6	\$6.68	\$6.73	\$6.03
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	\$338.98	\$315.55	\$300.03	45.5	42.7	43.8	\$7.45	\$7.39	\$6.85
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	\$172.21	\$174.38	\$191.88	38.1	35.3	41.0	\$4.52	\$4.94	\$4.68
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	\$420.39	\$366.77	\$343.54	49.4	43.2	44.1	\$8.51	\$8.49	\$7.79
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	\$268.36	\$271.73	\$234.80	42.8	43.2	40.0	\$6.27	\$6.29	\$5.87
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	\$334.11	\$332.13	\$277.03	43.0	42.8	40.8	\$7.77	\$7.76	\$6.79

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From	
				Revised March 1980	April 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,373,269	2,369,034	2,309,829	4,235	63,440
Employed	2,236,867	2,237,116	2,198,323	-249	38,544
Unemployed	136,402	131,918	111,506	4,484	24,896
Rate	5.7	5.6	4.8	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	50,475	50,451	47,728	24	2,747
Employed	47,248	47,260	45,244	-12	2,004
Unemployed	3,227	3,191	2,484	36	743
Rate	6.4	6.3	5.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	952,822	947,528	928,625	5,294	24,197
Employed	903,885	900,821	887,988	3,064	15,897
Unemployed	48,937	46,707	40,637	2,230	8,300
Rate	5.1	4.9	4.4	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,225	120,251	119,799	-26	426
Employed	113,337	113,307	113,329	30	8
Unemployed	6,888	6,944	6,470	-56	418
Rate	5.7	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,405	85,148	84,041	257	1,364
Employed	79,710	79,177	78,664	533	1,046
Unemployed	5,695	5,971	5,377	-276	318
Rate	6.7	7.0	6.4	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	96,599	97,217	96,031	-618	568
Employed	91,530	91,967	90,824	-437	706
Unemployed	5,069	5,250	5,207	-181	-138
Rate	5.2	5.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,184	85,895	86,675	289	-491
Employed	80,934	80,883	82,088	51	-1,154
Unemployed	5,250	5,012	4,587	238	663
Rate	6.1	5.8	5.3	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From Revised March 1980	Change From April 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,225	120,251	119,799	-26	426
Employed	113,337	113,307	113,329	30	8
Unemployed	6,888	6,944	6,470	-56	418
Rate	5.7	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	80,976	80,577	79,522	399	1,454
Employed	76,463	76,057	75,214	406	1,249
Unemployed	4,513	4,520	4,308	-7	205
Rate	5.6	5.6	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,249	39,674	40,277	-425	-1,028
Employed	36,874	37,250	38,115	-376	-1,241
Unemployed	2,375	2,424	2,162	-49	213
Rate	6.1	6.1	5.4	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From Revised March 1980	Change From April 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,405	85,148	84,041	257	1,364
Employed	79,710	79,177	78,664	533	1,046
Unemployed	5,695	5,971	5,377	-276	318
Rate	6.7	7.0	6.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,007	67,634	66,810	373	1,197
Employed	63,721	63,254	62,734	467	987
Unemployed	4,286	4,380	4,076	-94	210
Rate	6.3	6.5	6.1	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,398	17,514	17,231	-116	167
Employed	15,989	15,923	15,930	66	59
Unemployed	1,409	1,591	1,301	-182	108
Rate	8.1	9.1	7.6	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary April 1980	Revised March 1980	April 1979	Change From Revised March 1980	Change From April 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,373,269	2,369,034	2,309,829	4,235	63,440
Employed	2,236,867	2,237,116	2,198,323	-249	38,544
Unemployed	136,402	131,918	111,506	4,484	24,896
Rate	5.7	5.6	4.8	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,383,102	1,377,180	1,352,923	5,922	30,179
Employed	1,308,144	1,304,619	1,288,399	3,525	19,745
Unemployed	74,958	72,561	64,524	2,397	10,434
Rate	5.4	5.3	4.8	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	990,167	991,854	956,906	-1,687	33,261
Employed	928,723	932,497	909,924	-3,774	18,799
Unemployed	61,444	59,357	46,982	2,087	14,462
Rate	6.2	6.0	4.9	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa. Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County. South Carolina. part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County. Alabama part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business. (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work. (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants. (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause. but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations. some farm workers. some government workers. some domestics. nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers

(Trends:)

Cost *$351.37*
Quantity *3.000*

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July 28.80

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR **JUNE 1980** *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(May Data)

AIRLINES OFFER FIERCE COMPETITION

In recent weeks, airline competition has become very keen. There have been a lot of route shifts, layoffs, and fare changes. The reason for this can be partially attributed to the Civil Aeronautics Board's step toward deregulation of air fares. The move gave carriers the authority to raise (or lower) domestic ticket prices, including removal of all restrictions on short routes of up to 200 miles, freedom to raise fares by up to 50 percent of flights of 201 to 400 miles, and by up to 30 percent on flights of more than 400 miles. The CAB cited their reasons for the action as being: 1) to give them (CAB) a chance to monitor what happens in an open market before the Board is required by law to remove all air fare regulations in 1982, and 2) to offer relief to airlines hard hit by rising fuel costs and other expenses.

One of the major effects of this move was seen when Eastern Airlines, a predominately North-South carrier, opened routes from New York to Los Angeles for $99 one way in an effort to break into the transcontinental market. This caused six other carriers (American Airlines, United Airlines, Trans World Airlines, Pan American Airlines, Capitol Airways, and World Airways) to either lower their fares or drop the route. Other routes are expected to be affected by the price war, such as New York to Florida, another heavy-traffic market.

In an effort to curb costs and because of a drop in the number of passengers carried, United Airlines has decided to lay off 800 flight attendants and 360 pilots and eliminate 122 daily flights. United is not the only airline that will lay off or drop routes. With so many airlines competing for a few "well-traveled" routes, more will be forced to shift to other cities to meet their costs or lay off employees, thereby cutting costs in order to continue fighting for their market share. A third alternative that is now open to airlines because of the CAB's decision is for them to raise fares on other routes where competition is not so stiff. In this way, they pass the cost over to the consumer, and the consumer suffers the effects of a price war by covering the charge of a lowered fare on a route that he may not even use.

PARTIAL CLOSINGS AND LAYOFFS PREDOMINANT IN GEORGIA MANUFACTURING

Many Georgia manufacturing industries reflected decreases in May due to partial closings and layoffs. Sizable declines attributable to layoffs were recorded in mobile home manufacturing, fabricated structural metal manufacturing, broad woven fabric mills, tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing and curtains and draperies manufacturing. Minor drops due to the same reasons were found in metal partitions, shelving, lockers, and office and store fixtures manufacturing, garden tractors and lawn and garden equipment manufacturing, textile machinery manufacturing, and cottonseed oil mills. The only sector showing a definitive increase was automobile assembly because of a recall of laid off employees.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

NONMANUFACTURING DECLINES 1,800 OVERALL

Nonmanufacturing employment in May registered a decrement of 1,800 from April's level. The main cause for the decline was less business activity in trucking, telephone communication, home furnishings sales, commercial machines and equipment sales, department stores and motor vehicle dealerships. The losses in transportation and communication and trade were cushioned by business gains in real estate development, hotels, motels, and lodging places, cleaning and maintenance services, temporary help supply services, repair shops, nursing care facilities, and highway and street construction.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

TV PLANT TO BE BUILT IN GWINNETT

Governor Busbee announced that Sampo Corporation of Taiwan will build a $5 million television set assembly plant in Gwinnett County. The plant is expected to produce 12,000 color television sets per month and will employ about 120 workers.

MANUFACTURING PLANT OPENS IN FULTON INDUSTRIAL PARK

LINPAC Containers, Limited, of England, a manufacturer of corrugated sheets for conversion into shipping boxes, has leased 83,000 square feet in Fulton Industrial Park. The plant will employ 20 people and increase to 80 workers in two or three years.

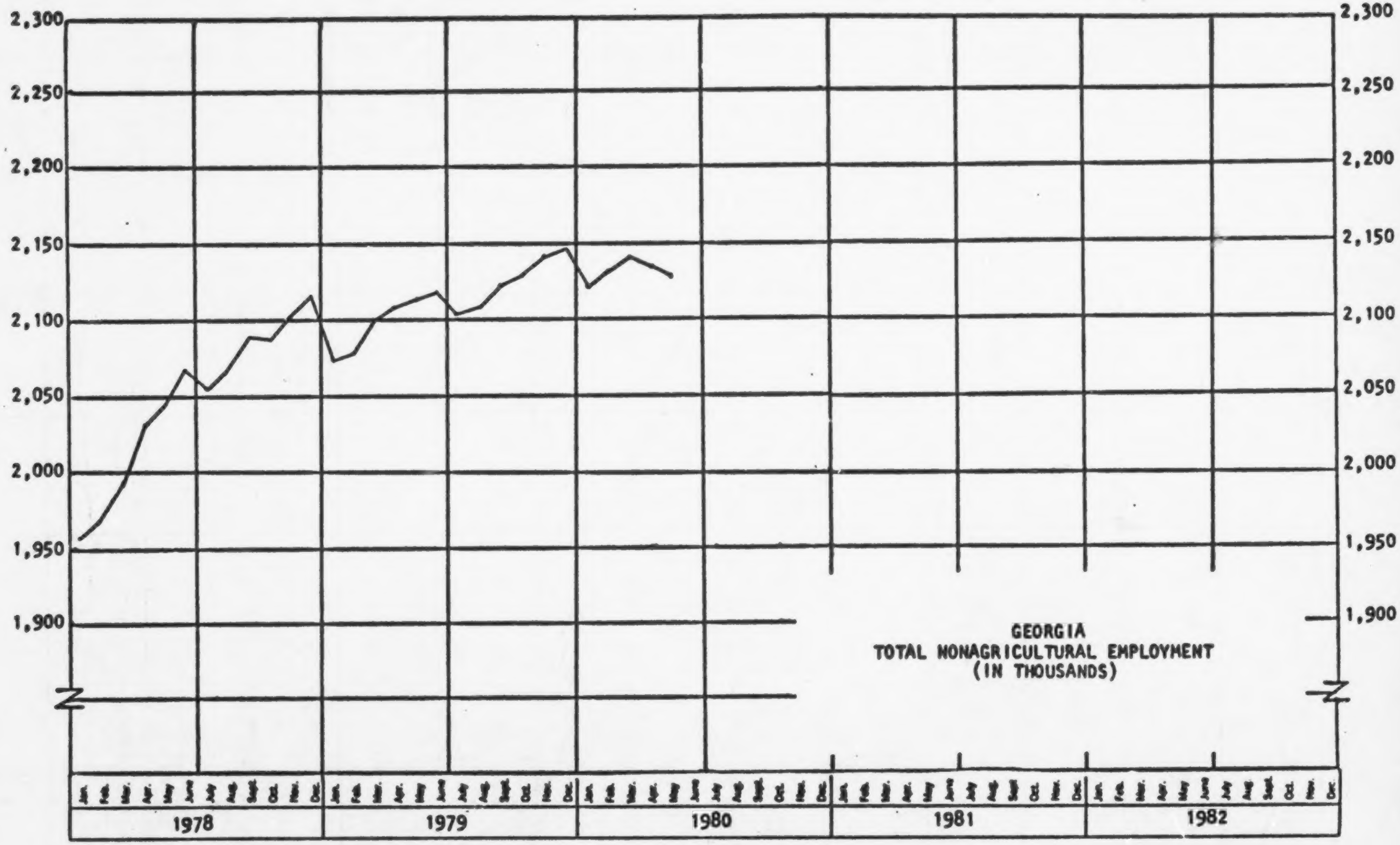
CAMPBELL SOUP BUYS POULTRY PLANT

Flowers Industries of Thomasville has sold its poultry processing plant in Douglas to Joseph Campbell Company, a unit of the Campbell Soup Company. The plant is situated on 28 acres and occupies 168,000 square feet. The facility, which employs 950 people, will continue to be used for poultry processing.

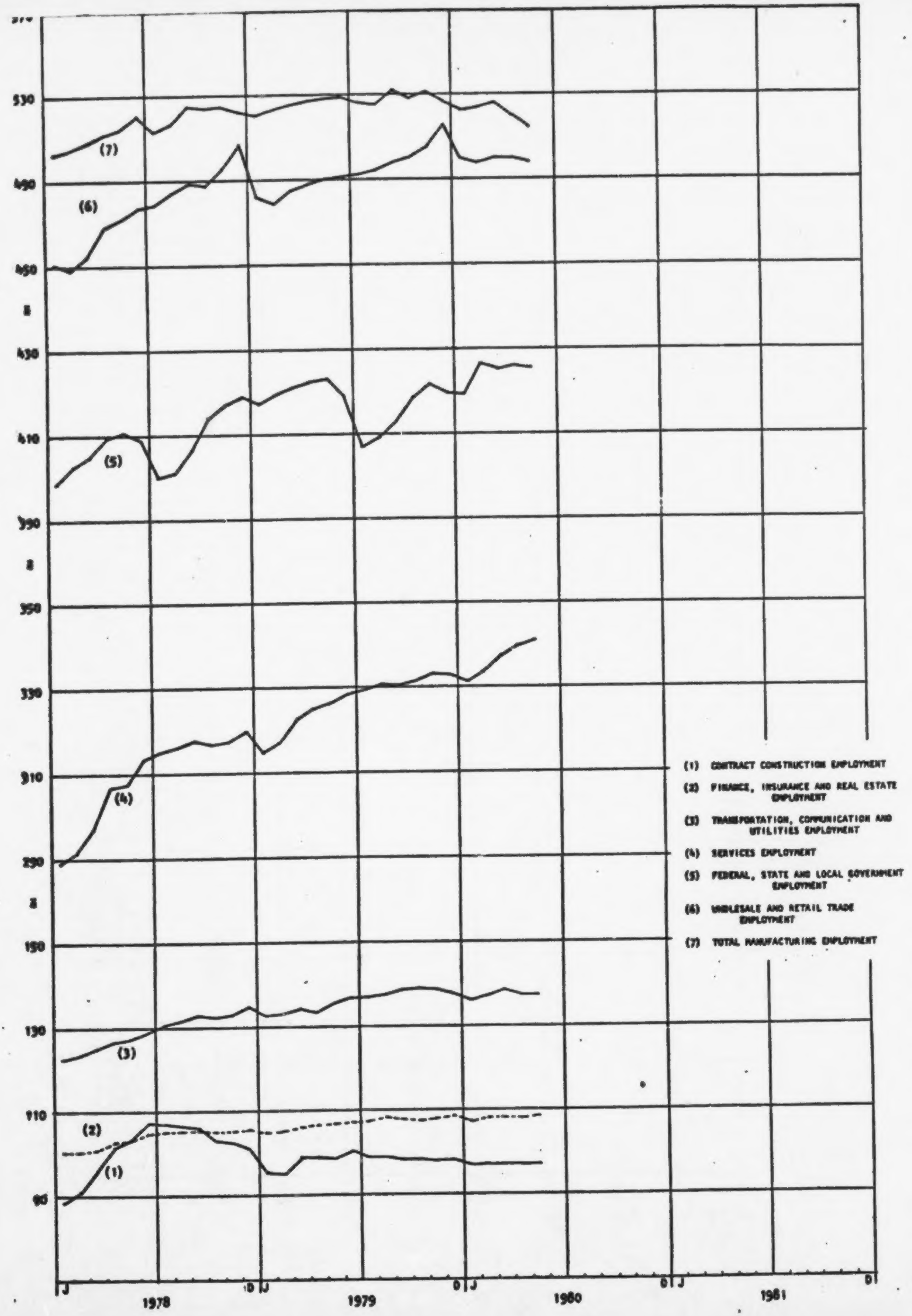
PARTS PLANT OPENS

International Telephone and Telegraph Corporation has opened its Macon automotive parts plant for full production. The 135,000 square-foot facility produces suspension systems which save weight and space and increase fuel efficiency. The plant will employ 200 people at full capacity.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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1978
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1981
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000300	2,130.3	2,137.0	2,116.1	6.7-	14.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	514.5	519.4	528.5	4.9-	14.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	181.1	182.5	185.5	1.4-	4.4-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.1	30.1	30.9	1.0-	1.8-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	14.8	15.2	15.8	.4-	1.0-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.3	9.7	10.0	.4-	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.8	6.9	7.3	.1-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	17.9	18.0	18.1	.1-	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.7	16.4	.2-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.7	21.2	20.8	.5-	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.4	22.8	21.6	.4-	.8
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.6	19.8	19.3	.2-	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	34.6	32.9	36.8	1.7	2.2-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	11.3	11.5	.3-	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	333.4	336.8	343.0	3.4-	9.6-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	56.5	56.7	57.4	.2-	.9-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	20.9	21.0	20.9	.1-	.0
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.2	15.3	15.1	.1-	.1
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.0	9.2	9.2	.2-	.2-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	115.5	117.2	123.0	1.7-	7.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.8	29.3	29.6	.5-	.8-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.6	4.6	5.0	.0	.4-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.1	8.8	8.9	.3	.2
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.1	30.1	33.3	1.0-	4.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	23.3	23.9	25.6	.6-	2.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.1	75.5	74.8	.4-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.8	40.5	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.0	23.0	22.8	.0	.2
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.8	27.9	27.8	.1-	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.2	13.3	13.4	.1-	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.8	6.8	6.9	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.7	23.6	22.6	.1	1.1
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.3	8.1	7.9	.2	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.6	16.8	16.5	.2-	.1
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.8	2.9	2.6	.1-	.2
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.9	16.8	18.4	.9-	2.5-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 · MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TI.LE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,615.8	1,617.6	1,587.6	1.8-	28.2
MINING	100305	7.5	7.5	7.6	.0	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	97.0	96.8	98.4	.2	1.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.5	138.2	135.7	.7-	1.8
TRANSPORTATION	500015	82.3	82.9	82.2	.6-	.1
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	540005	35.0	35.1	33.9	.1-	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.2	20.2	19.6	.0	.6
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.4	501.2	490.0	2.8-	8.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.0	160.9	155.5	1.9-	3.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.0	99.4	94.6	1.4-	3.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.9	61.5	60.9	.6-	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.4	340.3	334.5	.9-	4.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	108.4	107.9	106.7	.5	1.7
FINANCE	760025	46.5	46.6	45.5	.1-	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.9	39.7	39.1	.2	.8
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.0	21.7	22.1	.3	.1-
SERVICES	800005	341.2	339.7	326.2	1.5	15.0
GOVERNMENT	990000	425.8	426.2	422.9	.4-	2.9
FEDERAL	990011	81.6	82.0	83.1	.4-	1.5-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	344.2	344.1	339.8	.1	4.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	398.4	402.8	413.8	4.4-	15.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	136.9	138.1	142.7	1.2-	5.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	261.5	264.7	271.1	3.2-	9.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	40.2	40.4	41.5	.2-	1.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	98.7	100.3	105.0	1.6-	6.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.9	26.3	26.7	.4-	.8-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	4.0	4.0	4.3	.0	.3-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.5	7.2	7.2	.3	.3
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.2	26.1	28.4	.9-	3.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	20.6	20.8	22.4	.2-	1.8-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.5	64.0	63.5	.5-	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.3	35.3	.0	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.6	18.7	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.5	24.6	25.4	1.1-	1.9-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.5	8.8	8.8	.3-	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.8	21.8	21.9	.0	.1-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.2	10.2	10.3	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.9	10.1	9.9	.2-	.0
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.5	14.5	14.6	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	12.0	12.2	11.9	.2-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.4	16.7	16.8	.3-	.4-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.6	15.9	15.2	.3-	.4
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.3	12.8	12.6	.5-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.6	22.9	27.5	1.7	2.9-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79	CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	LM YA MAY 79	CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	LM YA MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$222.39	$221.43	$203.84	39.5	39.4	39.2	$5.63	$5.62	$5.20
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$249.56	$248.06	$227.74	39.3	39.5	38.6	$6.35	$6.28	$5.90
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$207.38	$207.64	$190.30	39.5	39.4	39.4	$5.25	$5.27	$4.83
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$220.64	$216.36	$184.13	40.3	39.7	36.9	$5.48	$5.45	$4.99
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422000	$190.95	$191.02	$184.26	40.2	40.3	41.5	$4.75	$4.74	$4.44
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422100	$205.84	$200.50	$206.30	41.5	40.1	43.8	$4.96	$5.00	$4.71
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$229.51	$209.36	$207.14	43.8	39.8	43.7	$5.24	$5.26	$4.74
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$168.06	$150.36	$170.26	41.6	37.3	43.9	$4.04	$4.03	$3.88
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$171.67	$182.41	$166.10	37.4	40.9	38.9	$4.59	$4.46	$4.27
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$195.86	$188.10	$171.35	40.3	38.0	39.3	$4.86	$4.95	$4.36
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$145.64	$141.95	$135.74	36.5	35.4	36.1	$3.99	$4.01	$3.76
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.23	$144.02	$137.18	35.7	35.3	38.1	$4.04	$4.08	$3.60
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$146.26	$137.39	$124.58	37.6	35.5	33.4	$3.89	$3.87	$3.73
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$161.18	$159.34	$147.50	36.8	36.8	36.6	$4.38	$4.33	$4.03
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$161.54	$166.32	$160.38	32.7	33.0	36.0	$4.94	$5.04	$4.46
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$346.94	$362.10	$314.50	41.7	42.5	41.6	$8.32	$8.52	$7.56
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426125	$400.51	$426.50	$353.76	44.8	47.6	44.0	$8.94	$8.96	$8.04
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$282.74	$282.53	$265.98	43.1	43.6	42.9	$6.56	$6.48	$6.20
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$138.38	$124.74	$146.91	37.3	33.0	40.1	$3.71	$3.78	$3.47
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$258.83	$259.44	$223.69	43.5	44.5	41.5	$5.95	$5.83	$5.39
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$278.52	$287.00	$296.50	38.9	41.0	42.6	$7.16	$7.00	$6.96
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$241.41	$249.60	$217.67	39.0	40.0	38.8	$6.19	$6.24	$5.61
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$268.27	$272.84	$214.84	41.4	42.3	36.6	$6.48	$6.45	$5.87
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$243.53	$234.23	$248.28	41.7	39.7	44.1	$5.84	$5.90	$5.63
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$365.34	$367.35	$319.18	39.2	39.5	37.2	$9.32	$9.30	$8.58

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAY 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= MAY 80 PREV MO= APR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAY 79

		ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	3.4	4.4	2.4	2.7	3.7	.5	.4	.3	3.9	3.9	4.1	2.1	2.2	2.8	1.3	.7	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.1	2.7	2.9	1.6	2.0	2.5	.3	.5	.3	3.2	3.5	3.0	1.4	1.6	2.0	1.0	1.2	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.5	3.8	5.0	2.6	3.0	4.2	.6	.4	.4	4.2	4.0	4.6	2.4	2.5	3.2	.9	.5	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	5.1	5.3	5.6	3.6	4.0	4.7	.3	.5	.2	5.6	5.6	5.8	3.6	3.2	4.2	.5	.8	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.9	3.4	5.7	2.4	2.8	4.8	.2	.2	.3	3.5	4.0	4.9	2.0	2.5	3.5	.6	.4	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	4.1	4.2	5.9	3.1	3.4	4.5	.3	.1	.3	4.4	4.4	5.7	3.0	3.0	4.2	.1	.1	.1
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	3.7	4.3	5.4	3.3	4.0	5.1	.2	.1	.1	3.1	4.4	5.3	2.3	3.3	4.6	.1	.2	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	5.1	5.8	5.6	4.7	4.5	4.2	.3	.5	1.2	3.1	4.4	5.3	2.2	2.8	3.0	.1	.0	1.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	1.3	2.2	6.3	1.0	1.0	5.5	.2	.2	.2	3.4	3.2	4.8	1.2	1.9	3.4	1.0	.6	.3
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.1	3.3	5.8	2.8	2.9	5.1	.1	.3	.2	3.0	4.4	4.5	2.1	2.5	3.3	.1	.9	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.0	4.7	4.9	3.2	3.9	4.2	.7	.6	.5	4.5	4.4	5.0	3.3	3.3	3.5	.5	.4	.8
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.6	4.6	5.0	3.3	4.0	4.2	.5	.5	.6	4.3	4.0	5.0	3.5	3.3	3.9	.2	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.3	5.1	3.5	3.1	3.7	3.0	1.0	1.0	.3	4.7	5.1	5.2	3.2	3.6	2.7	.8	.6	1.6
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.5	5.6	5.6	4.3	4.5	5.1	1.1	1.0	.5	9.5	10.3	5.0	4.1	3.8	4.0	4.3	4.7	.2
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	6.7	4.7	3.7	6.1	3.8	3.5	.5	.7	.2	7.0	7.6	2.5	4.5	4.4	1.8	.4	2.0	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	1.4	2.7	1.3	.9	2.1	.7	.4	.5	2.4	2.0	1.8	.7	.7	.9	1.1	.6	.4
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	2.2	1.5	2.8	1.0	.9	2.0	1.2	.6	.8	2.1	1.9	1.0	.5	.7	.7	.9	.3	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	1.1	2.5	.9	.6	1.9	.4	.1	.1	1.5	2.3	3.1	.8	.7	1.6	.4	.9	.7
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	7.3	3.1	3.8	3.3	2.5	3.1	3.9	.6	.3	4.1	3.2	4.3	1.7	1.9	2.3	1.8	.7	1.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.9	2.0	2.7	1.0	1.7	2.3	.4	.0	.2	2.9	2.0	3.0	1.1	.9	1.7	.9	.1	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	7.2	6.6	10.1	7.0	6.4	6.6	.2	.2	3.4	14.2	12.9	8.0	4.0	4.6	6.0	8.7	4.9	.1
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.0	4.5	2.5	2.4	4.0	.2	.2	.3	5.7	4.1	5.7	2.9	1.8	4.0	1.0	.9	.5
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.2	1.7	1.4	.9	1.6	1.3	.1	.1	.0	2.1	1.6	.9	.7	.7	.5	.7	.1	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	1.8	1.9	2.8	1.4	1.6	1.9	.2	.2	.6	2.4	4.5	3.1	1.1	1.7	2.1	.8	2.2	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.2	2.1	3.3	1.0	1.8	3.2	.1	.1	.1	2.4	4.3	2.8	1.3	1.3	2.0	.5	2.1	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	.8	2.6	2.7	.2	2.2	1.9	.0	.2	.4	2.8	1.6	4.2	.5	.9	1.3	1.4	.2	1.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	1.7	1.2	1.1	1.1	.8	.1	.3	.1	1.7	1.7	1.5	.5	.7	.9	1.1	.7	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT ROSE IN MAY DESPITE REDUCTIONS BY SOME FIRMS

Nonfarm employment in the Atlanta area climbed 1,900 during May to an estimated 942,700. This was 10,100 above the same month a year ago. Of the major industry categories, only manufacturing and transportation, communication and public utilities registered a drop from the previous month. Manufacturing and construction fell below the year-ago level.

From a year ago, manufacturing declined 3,000 to the current month's estimate of 141,000. Both durable and nondurable goods shared almost equally in this decrement. Partial layoffs occurred in bakeries; broad woven cotton mills; furniture, except household; fabricated metal products; nonelectrical machinery; and electric machinery, equipment and supplies during the month of May due to lack of sales.

In May, manufacturing was down only 200 from April. Gains in the transportation equipment sector of durable goods resulting from the return of part of the work force at one automobile assembly plant partially offset a drop of 600 in nondurable goods-producing industries. Besides transportation equipment, other manufacturing industries experiencing increases were primary metals, paper and printing.

Nonmanufacturing employment advanced 2,200 over the month. Service industries, led by business services, rose 1,700. Among the major industry categories, only transportation, communication and public utilities recorded a loss and this was confined to the motor freight sector of transportation. Eating and drinking establishments and miscellaneous retail stores contributed to the 300 advance in trade. Small gains in insurance and real estate boosted finance, insurance and real estate up 400. Contract construction, up 100, experienced a slight drop in the special trades sector which was more than offset by general and heavy building. A rise of 400 in government was attributed to gains in the state and local sectors. The decline in federal employment was due to a seasonal reduction in work force by the U.S. Treasury Department, specifically the Internal Revenue Service. Local government gains were in local education.

From a year ago, nonmanufacturing rose 13,200. The principal gains were in services (up 9,300) and trade (up 4,400). A decline of 1,700 was experienced by the construction industry.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	942.7	940.8	932.6	1.9	10.1
MANUFACTURING	300005	141.0	141.2	144.0	.2-	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	70.8	70.3	72.5	.5	1.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.5	3.6	3.3	.1-	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.0	3.2	3.6	.2-	.6-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	1.9	2.2	.0	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.1	7.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.2	5.1	5.0	.1	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.3	7.6	8.1	.3-	.8-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.7	7.0	6.6	.3-	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	10.2	9.5	.2-	.5
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	24.9	23.3	26.1	1.6	1.2-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.0	3.2	3.3	.2-	.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.2	70.8	71.5	.6-	1.3-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.4	18.8	19.0	.4-	.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.2	5.4	4.9	.2-	.3
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.0	3.2	3.4	.2-	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.9	7.1	7.4	.2-	.5-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.7	4.0	4.0	.3-	.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.5	1.6	1.7	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	9.9	.0	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.5	.0	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.7	3.4	.1	.4
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	8.0	7.9	7.9	.1	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.2	4.2	4.3	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.0	14.9	14.3	.1	.7
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.4	6.3	6.0	.1	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.8	7.0	.2-	.4-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.2	5.2	5.9	.0	.7-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	801.8	799.6	788.6	2.2	13.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	38.1	38.0	39.8	.1	1.7-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.5	86.2	84.9	.7-	.6
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.2	56.9	57.1	.7-	.9-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	259.7	259.4	255.3	.3	4.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	107.0	107.1	99.4	.1-	7.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	72.9	66.5	.0	6.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	34.2	34.1	32.9	.1	1.3
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.6	152.3	155.9	.3	3.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	64.0	63.6	63.8	.4	.2
FINANCE	760025	23.8	23.9	23.0	.1-	.8
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.5	25.3	24.8	.2	.7
SERVICES	800055	195.5	193.8	186.2	1.7	9.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	159.0	158.6	158.7	.4	.3
FEDERAL	998011	30.4	30.9	32.6	.5-	2.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	128.5	127.7	126.1	.8	2.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	97.3	98.0	102.3	.7-	5.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	49.3	49.0	52.9	.3	3.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	48.0	49.0	49.4	1.0-	1.4-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.9	11.4	11.5	.5-	.6-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.8	6.0	6.4	.2-	.6-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.2	8.5	8.2	.3-	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.0	3.9	4.0	.1	.0
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.9	2.6	.1-	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.9	3.0	2.8	.1-	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.6	3.0	.3-	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.1	6.0	6.0	.1	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	3.0	3.0	3.1	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.3	3.3	3.6	.0	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.3	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.3	5.5	6.2	.2-	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.3	4.5	4.4	.2-	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	17.7	16.3	19.5	1.4	1.8-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79	CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79	CUR MO MAY 80	PRV MO APR 80	CM YA MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.91	$256.41	$232.75	38.3	38.5	37.3	$6.76	$6.66	$6.24
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$294.91	$291.46	$268.38	38.4	38.4	37.8	$7.68	$7.59	$7.10
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$222.52	$221.56	$194.67	38.3	38.6	36.8	$5.81	$5.74	$5.29
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$196.82	$187.53	$168.17	35.4	34.6	33.3	$5.56	$5.42	$5.05
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$184.89	$185.55	$166.13	38.6	38.1	37.5	$4.79	$4.87	$4.43
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$152.36	$158.46	$154.71	32.0	33.5	37.1	$4.76	$4.73	$4.17
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$144.88	$164.91	$146.43	30.5	34.5	34.7	$4.75	$4.78	$4.22
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$162.83	$153.45	$175.16	32.5	31.1	39.9	$5.01	$4.93	$4.39
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	424005	$178.87	$181.33	$143.50	38.8	40.2	35.0	$4.61	$4.51	$4.10
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	425005	$197.88	$195.61	$176.47	34.9	35.2	31.4	$5.67	$5.56	$5.62
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$306.46	$303.30	$273.49	45.2	45.0	41.5	$6.78	$6.74	$6.59
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$284.34	$280.57	$271.63	42.0	41.2	43.6	$6.77	$6.81	$6.23
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$234.01	$239.18	$237.16	38.3	39.6	42.2	$6.11	$6.04	$5.62
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$247.78	$238.78	$243.76	39.9	38.7	44.0	$6.21	$6.17	$5.54
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$360.26	$370.55	$377.96	41.6	42.3	44.0	$8.66	$8.76	$8.59
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$244.19	$243.90	$212.25	34.2	34.4	34.4	$7.14	$7.09	$6.17
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$240.79	$247.46	$205.39	39.8	41.8	38.9	$6.05	$5.92	$5.28
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$381.30	$391.61	$349.60	37.2	37.8	36.8	$10.25	$10.36	$9.50

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

MAY 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= MAY 80 PREV MO= APR 80 CURR MO YR AGO= MAY 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	2.8	3.4	2.6	2.2	2.9	.9	.3	.2	3.1	3.0	3.4	1.6	1.5	2.2	.8	.7	.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.0	2.5	2.7	2.4	1.9	2.2	.3	.4	.2	3.1	3.0	2.8	1.7	1.4	1.8	.7	.9	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	490095	4.3	3.1	4.4	2.7	2.6	3.7	1.4	.3	.3	3.2	3.0	4.3	1.4	1.5	2.7	.9	.5	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.0	1.9	2.7	1.2	1.3	2.2	.6	.1	.3	2.4	2.9	2.1	.6	.9	1.0	1.2	1.0	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.1	4.4	6.9	4.3	3.8	6.1	.4	.4	.5	4.4	5.0	6.0	3.1	3.8	4.9	.3	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	1.9	4.2	6.7	.4	4.1	4.9	1.5	.1	.5	2.1	4.8	7.5	.3	3.3	4.5	1.4	.5	1.4
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	19.9	3.8	1.7	18.9	2.0	1.3	.8	1.3	.4	18.5	6.5	1.6	11.9	2.8	1.1	.3	2.9	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	3.2	1.6	1.9	2.9	.2	.1	.2	1.6	1.9	3.4	1.1	.8	1.9	.1	.4	.6
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	9.2	3.1	3.6	4.4	2.4	2.6	4.8	.7	.4	2.9	2.5	3.2	1.6	1.5	1.5	.6	.5	1.2
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.5	3.0	1.7	2.2	2.6	.1	.1	.1	2.3	2.3	3.6	1.0	1.1	2.1	.1	.2	.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.8	.9	1.3	.6	.7	1.2	.0	.0	.0	1.5	.9	.9	.5	.4	.5	.6	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.9	2.2	3.9	1.3	1.3	3.8	.6	.7	.1	2.8	4.4	2.9	1.3	1.6	2.0	.8	1.6	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.2	1.0	.6	.0	.4	.1	.4	1.1	.9	.3	.6	.6	.0	.2	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY EMPLOYMENT DOWN 500 FROM APRIL

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, in the Albany area was estimated at 45,100 in May. This figure was down 500 from the previous month. Annually, employment gained 1,200 jobs.

Manufacturing, at 11,100, continued to decline. The monthly estimate represented a drop in employment of 200 for the division. Declines were divided evenly between durable and nondurable goods. Sporadic layoffs were occurring in many segments of the manufacturing division and will continue until the economic situation improves. Over the year, manufacturing was up 700, largely due to new industry entering the area during the year.

Contract construction, at 3,400, was up 200 over the month. This is the first increase in construction that has occurred in several months. Over the year, a decrement of 900 jobs was recorded. Interest rates are continuing to decline, and together with the dire housing shortage in the area, will possibly cause an improvement in the division during the next months.

All other nonmanufacturing divisions were constant over the month, except government. A decline in state and local government employment was recorded in May. A freeze in CETA hiring is one factor in this decline.

OUTLOOK

Local employment will probably continue to decrease and unemployment will increase during the coming summer months. A reduction in manufacturing will probably continue. Contract construction may recover somewhat due to dramatically declining interest rates.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

SERVICES AND TRADE RESPONSIBLE FOR AUGUSTA DECLINE

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 120,600, a decline of 1,100, resulting partly from the customary layoff of temporary employees after the Masters Golf Tournament. Over the year, an increase of 200 jobs was reported. Losses sustained in manufacturing, construction, and trade were overcome by gains recorded in government, services, finance, insurance and real estate, and transportation and public utilities.

Manufacturing, at 36,200, dropped 200 over the month. Losses were sustained in stone, clay and glass products, and metals and machinery, overcoming a gain reported in food and kindred products. The loss in stone, clay and glass products was in structural clay products, while the decrease in metals and machinery was sustained by farm and garden machinery and fabricated structural metal products. The gains reported in food and kindred products were among soft drink firms.

Annually, manufacturing dropped 100. Stone, clay and glass products lost 100, with less business in structural clay products. Textile mill products was down 200, mostly in broad woven goods. Gains in the durable goods, food and kindred products, and "other nondurable goods" partially offset the losses recorded.

Construction, at 5,900, dropped 200 over the month and 600 over the year as a result of less activity in building construction. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was up 100 over the month resulting from more activity in motor freight transportation. This division was up 200 over the year partly for the same reason. Trade, at 22,400, recorded a loss of 400 over the month because of the customary layoff of temporary workers at the Masters Golf Tournament. This division lost 300 over the year, triggered by the closing of some retail firms and less activity in others. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,600, was unchanged over the month but rose 200 over the year with increments scattered through the division. Services and mining, at 16,100, dropped 300 over the month because of the usual layoff of temporary employees for the Masters Golf Tournament. This division rose 200 over the year because of the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,000, was unchanged over the month but gained 900 over the year. The annual increase was shared by both the federal and the state and local sectors.

OUTLOOK

Employment will decrease in the state and local government sector with the customary layoff of non-teaching personnel in the public school system. The federal sector will experience some change later this year when approximately 1,000 jobs at Fort Gordon are contracted out, resulting in an increase in services and in some other divisions.

Construction should feel some rejuvenation within the next few months as the W. F. Hall facility is erected. Housing construction may experience some improvement later this year.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

NONMANUFACTURING GAINS IN COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, at 83,100, reflected a gain of 100 from the April estimate. Manufacturing lost 100 workers while nonmanufacturing contributed all of the increase. Total employment was 900 more than in May 1979.

Manufacturing employment totaled 21,800 workers in May. The level of employment was down 100 from the April estimate. Durable goods, at 5,900, was 100 less than the previous month due to a loss in the metals and machinery group. Nondurable goods lost 100 employees over the month due to losses in the food and kindred products and the textile mill products group. Other manufacturing groups remained the same as in April.

Nonmanufacturing employment, with 61,400 employed, was 300 above last month's figure, while a gain of 900 was recorded for the year. Contract construction, at 3,800, rose 200 from a month earlier. However, this figure was 200 less than one year ago. Activities in transportation, communication, and public utilities gained 100 from one month ago and one year ago.

Trade, with 16,600 employed, declined by 100 workers from last month and was 100 less than a year earlier. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained steady for both periods of reference. Services and miscellaneous industries remained the same as the previous month and increased 200 from last year.

Government employment, at 20,800, was up 100 from April and was 1,800 more than in May 1979. The annual rise was centered in state and local government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON EMPLOYMENT REFLECTS NO CHANGE FROM 1979

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,200 in May. The current preliminary estimate was down 300 from last month and unchanged from May 1979. During the month, manufacturing dropped 300, with durable goods declining 100 and nondurable goods receding 200. Nonmanufacturing increased 100 with gains in construction, transportation, communicaton, electric, gas and sanitary services, and government being partially offset by a decline in trade. Finance, insurance and real estate and services were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing rose 400 with durable goods remaining unchanged and nondurable goods adding 400. Nonmanufacturing fell 400 with losses in construction, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services increased during the year, with government remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing, at 15,700, was down 300 from April and up 400 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined, with losses in stone, clay and glass and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods dropped 200 with declines in apparel and paper. Annually, durable goods was unchanged, with gains in "other durable goods" being offset by declines in lumber and wood and stone, clay, and glass. Nondurable goods added 400, with an increase in apparel being partially offset by decreases in paper and "other nondurable goods." Food, textiles and chemicals were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was up 100 from last month and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, general construction and special trades construction registered small gains. Annually, decreases were recorded in general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,900, was up 100 from April and up 100 from May 1979. Most of the gain for both periods was in transportation. Trade, at 19,600, was down 300 from April and down 600 from a year ago. Wholesale trade and retail trade declined during all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 100 from May 1979. Most of the annual decrease was in insurance. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from April and up 700 from May 1979. Most of the annual gain was in private education and covered services. Government, at 29,000, was up 200 from April and unchanged from a year ago. During the month, the federal segment added 100 and the state and local segment rose 100. Annually, a gain in the federal segment partially offset a loss in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

CONSTRUCTION-RELATED INDUSTRIES CAUSE SAVANNAH DROP

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA dropped an estimated 200 over the month; however, the rate of decrease appears to be slowing down. Whether this is temporary or not, it is too early to discern. One good indicator is that contract construction has remained level over the month. In the previous recession of 1974-1975, contract construction did not start to decline until the recession was well underway. It reached its low point in March of 1975 and remained level for the balance of the year before picking up again. In contrast this time, construction started declining several months before the official onset of the recession and appears to have hit its trough much earlier. This may signal a leveling off of losses in construction and a gradual pick-up near the end of the year.

A large portion of the employment losses that have occurred in Savannah have been directly related to construction. Millwork, veneer and plywood, roofing products (petroleum), fabricated metals, and retailing of building materials account for an estimated 600 of the loss in employment over the year. Together with construction, this amounts to an estimated 80 percent of the loss in employment.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.1	45.6	43.9	.5-	1.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	11.1	11.3	10.4	.2-	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.0	2.1	2.0	.1-	.0
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	9.1	9.2	8.4	.1-	.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.2	1.7	.1	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.6	4.7	4.5	.1-	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	800060	33.9	34.3	33.5	.4-	.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.4	3.2	4.3	.2	.9-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.1	2.0	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.1	9.9	.0	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.5	3.0	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.6	6.8	.0	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	1.9	.0	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.5	6.5	5.8	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	9.5	10.1	9.6	.6-	.1-
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	6.7	7.3	6.8	.6-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	120.6	121.7	120.4	1.1-	.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.2	36.4	36.3	.2-	.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	9.3	9.5	9.4	.2-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.4	2.5	2.4	.1-	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.6	.0	.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	26.9	26.9	26.9	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.5	2.5	.1	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.3	10.5	.0	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.7	10.7	10.4	.0	.3
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.4	85.3	84.2	.9-	.2
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	5.9	6.1	6.5	.2-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.4	4.3	.1	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.4	22.8	22.7	.4-	.3-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.5	4.2	.2-	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.1	18.4	18.5	.3-	.4-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.6	4.6	4.5	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.1	16.4	15.9	.3-	.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.0	30.1	.0	.9
FEDERAL	998011	7.0	6.9	6.5	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.1	24.1	23.7	.0	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.1	83.0	82.2	.1	.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.8	21.9	21.7	.1-	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	6.0	5.8	.1-	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.6	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.6	4.7	4.3	.1-	.3
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.9	15.9	.1-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.7	3.7	.1-	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.3	9.4	9.3	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.0	1.0	.8	.0	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.4	61.1	60.5	.3	.9
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.8	3.6	4.0	.2	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.6	3.5	3.5	.1	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.6	16.7	17.6	.1-	1.0-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	14.1	14.9	.0	.8-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.4	11.2	.0	.2
GOVERNMENT	998000	20.8	20.7	19.0	.1	1.8
FEDERAL	998011	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	15.1	13.2	.0	1.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.2	95.5	95.2	.3-	.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.7	16.0	15.3	.3-	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.9	5.0	4.9	.1-	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.3	1.4	1.5	.1-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.8	2.5	.1-	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.8	11.0	10.4	.2-	.4
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.5	1.9	.1-	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000040	79.5	79.4	79.9	.1	.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.0	4.4	.1	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.8	4.8	.1	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.6	19.9	20.2	.3-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.7	.0	.1-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	15.7	.0	.7
GOVERNMENT	900000	29.0	28.8	29.0	.2	.0
FEDERAL	900011	16.0	15.9	15.9	.1	.1
STATE AND LOCAL	900509	13.0	12.9	13.2	.1	.2-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 198	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.7	83.9	85.5	.2-	1.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.0	16.0	16.5	.0	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.8	6.4	.1	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.2	1.4	.1-	.3-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.6	.8	.1-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.6	2.9	.2	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.1	2.2	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.1	10.2	10.1	.1-	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.8	1.8	.1	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.6	4.7	4.8	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.0	.9	.9	.1	.1
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.7	67.8	69.0	.1-	1.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.4	5.3	.0	.9-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.6	8.7	8.7	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.4	19.8	.1-	.5-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.9	15.0	15.5	.1-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.7	15.5	14.8	.2	.9
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.7	15.8	16.3	.1-	.6-
FEDERAL	998011	2.4	2.5	2.4	.1-	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.3	13.8	.1-	.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY , 1980 — MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO MAY 1980	PREV MO APR 1980	CUR MO YRGO MAY 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.5	11.4	11.9	.1	.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.3	4.9	.2	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.0	7.2	7.0	.2-	.0
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.5	3.6	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.5	1.2	.1-	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.7	2.0	.2	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1978 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

MAY — MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO APR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CR YA MAY 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO MAY 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO APR 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CR YA MAY 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO MAY 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO APR 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CR YA MAY 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$294.67	$314.32	$270.40	40.7	43.9	40.6	$7.24	$7.16	$6.66
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$276.11	$276.39	$214.79	39.9	41.5	34.7	$6.92	$6.66	$6.19
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$306.53	$337.32	$309.32	41.2	45.4	44.7	$7.44	$7.43	$6.92
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$176.80	$172.21	$177.75	37.3	38.1	37.5	$4.74	$4.52	$4.74
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$366.77	$416.01	$347.53	43.2	49.0	44.9	$8.49	$8.49	$7.74
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$270.76	$270.04	$254.92	41.4	43.0	40.4	$6.54	$6.28	$6.31
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$334.11	$334.11	$287.16	42.4	43.0	41.2	$7.88	$7.77	$6.97

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From	
				Revised April 1980	May 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,398,563	2,376,706	2,328,681	21,857	69,882
Employed	2,248,464	2,237,021	2,218,958	11,443	29,506
Unemployed	150,099	139,685	109,723	10,414	40,376
Rate	6.3	5.9	4.7	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	51,122	50,526	48,362	596	2,760
Employed	47,233	47,284	45,656	-51	1,577
Unemployed	3,889	3,242	2,706	647	1,183
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.6	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	963,264	953,100	936,836	10,164	26,428
Employed	911,970	903,878	895,837	8,092	16,133
Unemployed	51,294	49,222	40,999	2,072	10,295
Rate	5.3	5.2	4.4	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,504	120,276	122,494	228	-1,990
Employed	112,949	113,358	115,823	-409	-2,874
Unemployed	7,555	6,918	6,671	637	884
Rate	6.3	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,953	85,284	84,688	1,669	2,265
Employed	80,292	79,547	79,241	745	1,051
Unemployed	6,661	5,737	5,447	924	1,214
Rate	7.7	6.7	6.4	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	97,682	96,750	96,752	932	930
Employed	92,065	91,630	91,445	435	620
Unemployed	5,617	5,120	5,307	497	310
Rate	5.8	5.3	5.5	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,393	86,327	87,517	1,066	-124
Employed	81,468	81,000	82,482	468	-1,014
Unemployed	5,925	5,327	5,035	598	890
Rate	6.8	6.2	5.8	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From	
Residence and Employment Status				Revised April 1980	May 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	120,504	120,276	122,494	228	-1,990
Employed	112,949	113,358	115,823	-409	-2,874
Unemployed	7,555	6,918	6,671	637	884
Rate	6.3	5.8	5.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	81,159	81,004	80,135	155	1,024
Employed	76,327	76,441	75,626	-114	701
Unemployed	4,832	4,563	4,509	269	323
Rate	6.0	5.6	5.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,345	39,272	42,359	73	-3,014
Employed	36,622	36,917	40,197	-295	-3,575
Unemployed	2,723	2,355	2,162	368	561
Rate	6.9	6.0	5.1	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From	
Residence and Employment Status				Revised April 1980	May 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	86,953	85,284	84,688	1,669	2,265
Employed	80,292	79,547	79,241	745	1,051
Unemployed	6,661	5,737	5,447	924	1,214
Rate	7.7	6.7	6.4	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,384	67,886	67,167	1,498	2,217
Employed	64,241	63,587	63,166	654	1,075
Unemployed	5,143	4,299	4,001	844	1,142
Rate	7.4	6.3	6.0	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,564	17,394	17,521	170	43
Employed	16,046	15,956	16,075	90	-29
Unemployed	1,518	1,438	1,446	80	72
Rate	8.6	8.3	8.3	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary May 1980	Revised April 1980	May 1979	Change From Revised April 1980	Change From May 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,398,563	2,376,706	2,328,681	21,857	69,882
Employed	2,248,464	2,237,021	2,218,958	11,443	29,506
Unemployed	150,099	139,685	109,723	10,414	40,376
Rate	6.3	5.9	4.7	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,399,464	1,383,711	1,363,570	15,753	35,894
Employed	1,317,849	1,308,189	1,298,671	9,660	19,178
Unemployed	81,615	75,522	64,899	6,093	16,716
Rate	5.8	5.5	4.8	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	999,099	992,995	965,111	6,104	33,988
Employed	930,615	928,832	920,287	1,783	10,328
Unemployed	68,484	64,163	44,824	4,321	23,660
Rate	6.9	6.5	4.6	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition, employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3) were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

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ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR JULY 1980 *LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS*

(June Data)

QUARTERLY CHANGES REVEAL SLOWING TREND

	Employment 1979	Employment 1980	Percent Change
1st Quarter	6,257.3	6,393.8	2.18
2nd Quarter	6,344.7	6,395.7	.80
% Change	1.4	.03	—

As June brings Georgia's second quarter to a close, it becomes possible to analyze employment, comparing it to last year and to the first quarter of this year. In 1979, employment increased 87,400, or 1.4 percent. The change for 1980 was significantly less — .03 percent — due to the economic closings and layoffs brought about by the recession and consumer wariness in the market. Employment for the first quarter of 1980 showed a gain of 2.18 percent over 1979, while second quarter's gain was a weak .8 percent. These figures are an indication that the recession obviously began in the second quarter of 1980 — at least, as far as employment is concerned.

SIZABLE LOSSES IN JUNE EMPLOYMENT

June employment reflected a decline of 9,700 from May. The only sectors to show any positive growth were construction, finance, insurance and real estate, to some extent; and services. The other sectors conveyed sizable losses.

The decrement in manufacturing was attributed to a partial shutdown in the automotive industry, cutbacks in textile mill employment, and economic shutdowns in wood products manufacturing and electrical apparatus manufacturing.

The reason for the decline in trade was two-fold. Wholesale trade reflected an expected seasonal drop in farm-product raw materials marketing. Retail trade had a larger decrease due to less business in department and variety stores and motor vehicle dealerships. Consumers continued to keep a tight rein on their spending dollars.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Another anticipated decrease occurred in the state and local sector of government. These were declines in education as employees were let go for the summer. This drop was cushioned somewhat by the hiring of temporary summer help in government agencies.

The gains that were recorded in June indicated general business rises mainly due to the season of the year. This is especially true of the services sector, since travel and recreation increase during the summer months.

HIGHEST UNEMPLOYMENT TO DATE

The unemployment rate for June in Georgia was estimated to be 7.6 percent. This is the highest rate to be recorded this year. The main reason for the increase in unemployment was the fact that a number of manufacturing industries were forced to lay off many of their personnel. These industries included food processing and manufacturing, machinery manufacturing, electrical and electronic equipment manufacturing, transportation equipment manufacturing, and textiles manufacturing. Until the economy begins to pick up again, this trend will likely continue.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

GREEN'S CORNER IN GWINNETT

Lamb and Associates, Incorporated, of Atlanta has begun construction of Green's Corner, an $8 million shopping center. It is located on a 20-acre site in Gwinnett County at the intersection of Jimmy Carter Boulevard and Rockbridge Road. The center will include a K-Mart store, Metro Produce, Morse Shoes, and Radio Shack

DAVISON'S OPENING IN NEW MALL

Davison's, a division of New York-based R. H. Macy Company, will open a new store in Georgia Square which is being constructed in Athens. The new store will be a two-level, 122,000 square-foot building—more than twice the size of the downtown Athens store. The mall itself has 850,000 square feet and is scheduled to open February 11, 1981.

TWO WOOLCO STORES CLOSE IN ATLANTA

Two of the three Woolco discount stores in Atlanta are being closed because their profitability did not reach expectations. The two stores are located at Buford-Clairmont Mall and Town and Country Shopping Center.

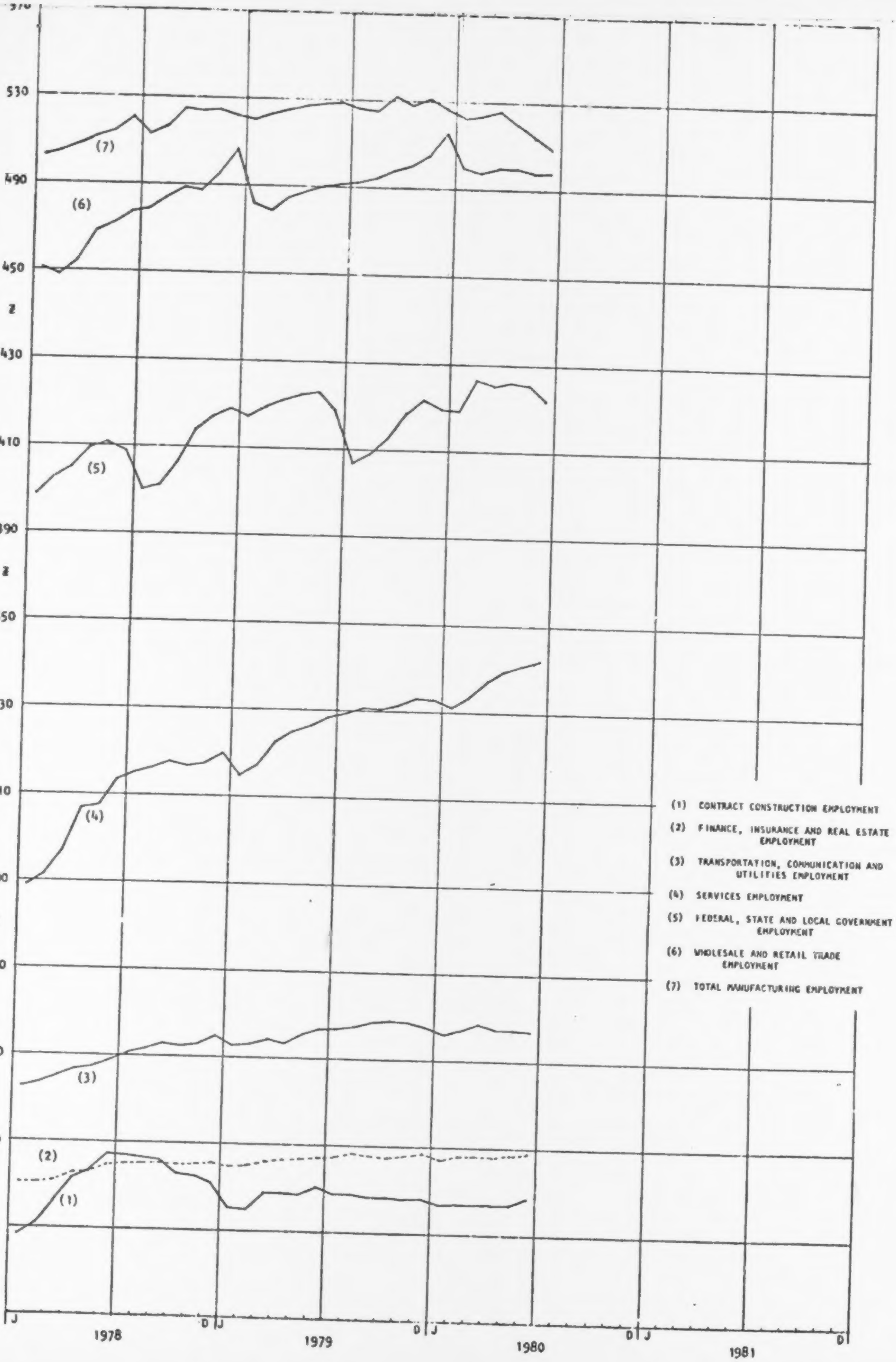
GEORGIA—PACIFIC PLANT RESUMES OPERATIONS

Georgia-Pacific's plywood plant in Monticello reopened after a month-long shutdown for maintenance and improvements. The plant employs 300 persons.

DALTON TO GET SEARS STORE

Sears, Roebuck and Company has announced plans to open a store in Dalton at the intersection of Walnut Avenue and Airport Road. The store will occupy 35,000 square feet of retail sales space and a nine bay auto service center. A catalog sales facility will be replaced by the new store, which will provide 60 new jobs in the area.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.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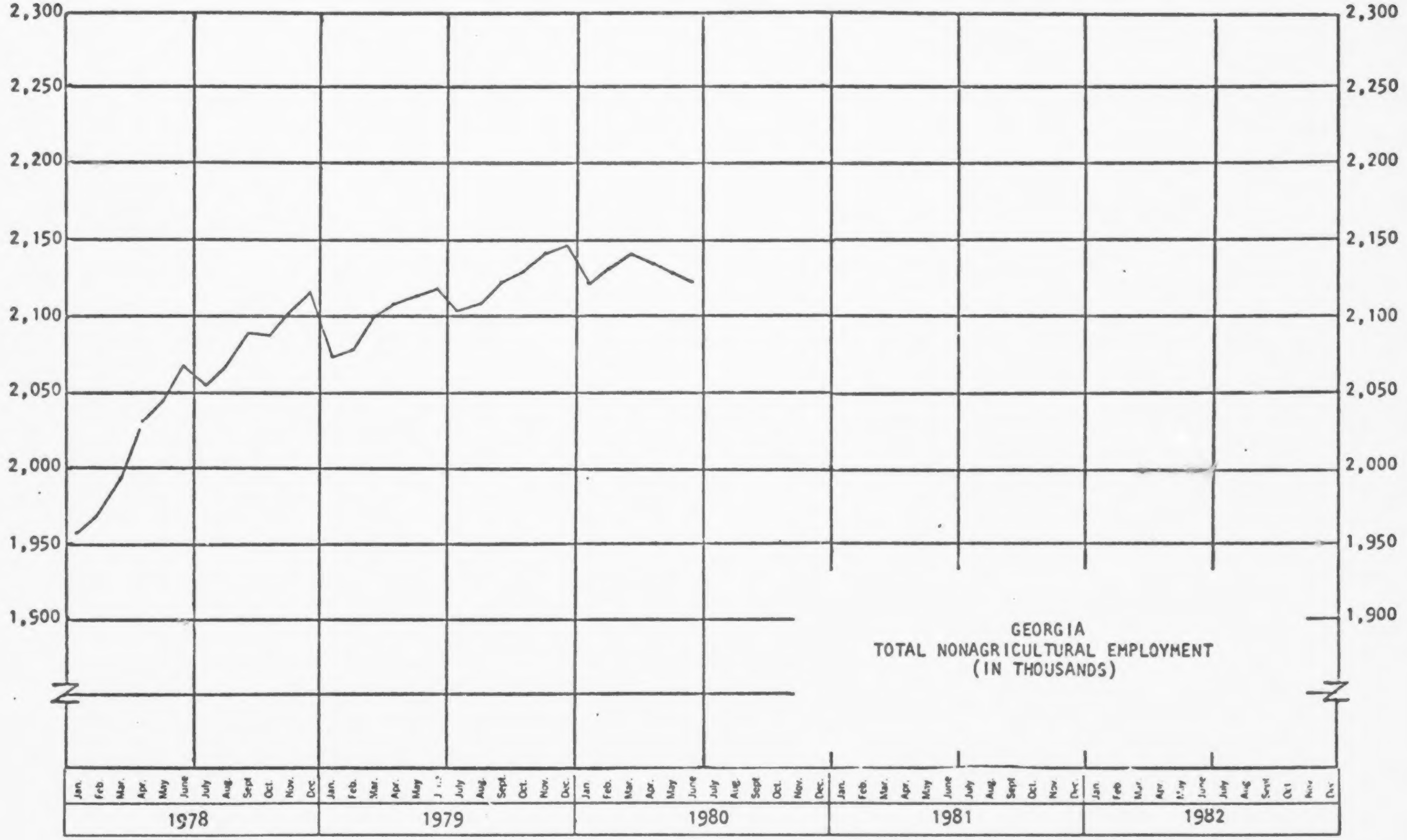
(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,124.5	2,134.2	2,119.3	9.7-	5.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	509.4	515.7	529.0	6.3-	19.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.0	181.2	183.6	6.2-	8.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.7	29.2	31.4	.5-	2.7-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.0	15.0	16.1	.0	1.1-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	9.0	9.1	10.0	.1-	1.0-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.4	6.6	7.3	.2-	.9-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.1	18.1	18.3	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.5	16.5	16.5	.0	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.4	20.7	21.0	.3-	.6-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	22.1	22.4	21.4	.3-	.7
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.1	19.6	19.2	.5-	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	30.0	34.6	34.0	4.6-	4.0-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	11.1	11.8	.1-	.8-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	334.4	334.5	345.3	.1-	10.9-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.1	56.6	58.7	1.5	.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.6	21.0	21.1	.6	.5
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.8	15.3	15.3	.5	.5
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	8.8	9.1	9.3	.3-	.5-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	114.5	116.3	123.3	1.8-	8.8-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.7	28.9	29.7	.2-	1.0-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.2	4.6	5.0	.4-	.8-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.4	9.1	8.6	.3	.8
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.4	29.7	33.6	.3-	4.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	22.8	23.5	25.8	.7-	3.0-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	76.0	75.2	74.9	.8	1.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	41.4	41.1	40.5	.3	.9
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.2	22.9	22.7	.3	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.2	27.9	28.2	.3	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.6	13.2	13.8	.4	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.7	6.8	6.9	.1-	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.5	23.7	22.6	.2-	.9
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.2	8.3	7.8	.1-	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.4	16.6	16.6	.2-	.2-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.7	2.8	2.6	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.6	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.3	15.9	18.5	.6-	3.2-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NCNMANUFACTURING	000060	1,615.2	1,618.5	1,590.4	3.3-	24.8
MINING	100005	7.6	7.5	7.8	.1	.2-
CONTRACT CCNSTRUCTION	200005	98.7	97.6	100.2	1.1	1.5-
TRANSPORTATICN & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	137.4	137.8	136.7	.4-	.7
TRANSPORTATION	500015	81.8	82.4	82.6	.6-	.8-
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.2	35.2	34.3	.0	.9
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.3	20.2	19.8	.1	.5
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	498.2	499.7	491.6	1.5-	6.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.2	159.7	156.5	.5-	2.7
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.6	98.4	95.6	.2	3.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.6	61.3	60.9	.7-	.3-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	339.0	340.0	335.1	1.0-	3.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	109.2	108.7	107.2	.5	2.0
FINANCE	760025	46.8	46.5	45.8	.3	1.0
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.5	39.9	39.2	.4-	.3
REAL ESTATE	765075	22.9	22.4	22.1	.5	.8
SERVICES	800005	342.0	341.2	328.3	.8	13.7
GOVERNMENT	998008	422.0	426.0	418.8	4.0-	3.2
FEDERAL	998011	81.8	81.8	83.0	.0	1.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	340.2	344.2	335.8	4.0-	4.4

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	392.3	399.7	412.3	7.4-	20.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	130.7	137.1	140.0	6.4-	9.3-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	261.6	262.6	272.3	1.0-	10.7-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.2	40.3	42.1	.9	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	98.1	99.4	105.4	1.3-	7.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.9	25.9	26.8	.0	.9-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.6	4.0	4.3	.4-	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.5	7.1	.2	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.7	25.8	28.7	.1-	3.0-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	19.9	20.7	22.6	.8-	2.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	64.5	63.7	63.1	.8	1.4
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.8	35.5	35.1	.3	.7
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.8	18.5	18.5	.3	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.4	23.8	25.6	.4-	2.2-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.6	8.5	8.9	.1	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	22.1	21.8	22.1	.3	.0
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.4	10.2	10.6	.2	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.8	9.9	10.0	.1-	.2-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.6	14.6	.1	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.9	12.0	12.0	.1-	.1-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.0	16.4	17.1	.4-	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	15.0	15.5	14.7	.5-	.3
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	11.9	12.3	12.5	.4-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.0	24.5	24.6	4.5-	4.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$223.04	$221.60	$205.52	39.9	39.5	39.6	$5.59	$5.61	$5.19
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$252.05	$251.30	$228.54	40.2	39.7	39.2	$6.27	$6.33	$5.83
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$208.95	$206.98	$193.83	39.8	39.5	39.8	$5.25	$5.24	$4.87
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$221.75	$220.04	$190.01	40.1	40.3	37.7	$5.53	$5.46	$5.04
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$190.28	$188.40	$186.92	40.4	40.0	42.1	$4.71	$4.71	$4.44
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$199.17	$201.23	$158.98	40.4	40.9	42.7	$4.93	$4.92	$4.66
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$231.97	$229.51	$209.15	44.1	43.8	44.5	$5.26	$5.24	$4.70
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$165.15	$168.06	$184.99	41.6	41.6	48.3	$3.97	$4.04	$3.83
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$177.18	$173.36	$176.61	39.2	38.1	40.6	$4.52	$4.55	$4.35
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$193.91	$186.90	$180.71	39.9	39.1	40.7	$4.86	$4.78	$4.44
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$148.43	$146.00	$136.50	37.2	36.5	36.4	$3.99	$4.00	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$147.50	$145.75	$136.82	36.6	35.9	36.1	$4.03	$4.06	$3.79
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$146.67	$145.11	$126.34	37.9	37.4	33.6	$3.87	$3.88	$3.76
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$159.84	$160.95	$148.56	37.0	37.0	36.5	$4.32	$4.35	$4.07
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$181.76	$184.77	$162.96	35.5	36.3	33.6	$5.12	$5.09	$4.85
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$349.43	$347.78	$323.18	41.5	41.8	41.7	$8.42	$8.32	$7.75
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$407.25	$400.51	$371.96	45.2	44.8	44.6	$9.01	$8.94	$8.34
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$286.45	$282.51	$261.66	43.6	43.0	42.0	$6.57	$6.57	$6.23
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$141.37	$138.38	$165.39	37.9	37.3	47.8	$3.73	$3.71	$3.46
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$261.60	$258.39	$236.72	44.0	43.5	44.0	$5.95	$5.94	$5.38
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$281.64	$278.52	$292.45	39.5	38.9	42.2	$7.13	$7.16	$6.93
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$251.43	$243.04	$226.37	40.1	39.2	39.3	$6.27	$6.20	$5.76
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$279.93	$273.65	$218.48	43.0	42.1	37.8	$6.51	$6.50	$5.78
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$250.62	$245.78	$247.70	41.7	41.8	45.2	$6.01	$5.88	$5.48
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$371.87	$364.56	$314.27	39.9	39.2	36.8	$9.32	$9.30	$8.54

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUN 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= JUN 80 PREV MO= MAY 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUN 79

		ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.1	4.4	2.6	2.4	3.6	.4	.4	.4	3.4	4.0	3.8	1.8	2.1	2.5	.8	1.0	.4
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.5	2.2	3.5	1.9	1.7	2.7	.4	.3	.5	2.3	3.5	3.1	1.0	1.4	1.8	.7	1.3	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.6	3.5	4.8	2.9	2.7	4.1	.4	.5	.4	3.8	4.1	4.1	2.1	2.4	2.9	.8	.9	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	7.5	5.5	6.3	5.8	4.0	3.4	.3	.6	.3	6.2	5.8	5.1	3.6	3.7	3.3	1.2	.7	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.6	2.9	4.7	2.3	2.4	4.1	.1	.2	.2	3.4	3.5	4.1	1.8	2.0	3.1	.7	.6	.1
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	2.6	3.7	4.6	2.2	2.8	3.9	.1	.3	.2	3.6	4.2	4.9	2.4	2.9	3.5	.1	.1	.0
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.9	3.5	5.9	2.5	3.0	5.5	.1	.2	.1	3.6	2.9	4.8	2.1	2.2	3.6	.3	.1	.1
KNITTING MILL	422505	6.7	6.3	4.2	6.4	5.9	3.3	.3	.2	.7	4.5	4.2	4.6	2.6	2.7	3.5	.2	.1	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	.6	1.3	5.2	.4	1.0	4.9	.1	.3	.2	2.6	3.3	3.6	.9	1.2	3.1	1.0	1.7	.0
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	3.1	3.0	4.3	2.8	2.7	3.5	.1	.1	.1	3.0	3.0	3.3	1.8	2.0	2.3	.4	.1	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	3.6	4.5	4.9	3.0	3.6	4.1	.5	.8	.6	4.0	4.3	5.1	2.7	3.2	3.6	.8	.4	.5
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.3	4.1	5.1	2.8	3.5	4.1	.4	.6	.8	3.5	4.2	5.3	2.9	3.3	4.0	.1	.2	.2
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	4.0	5.0	4.3	3.1	4.0	3.4	.8	.8	.6	4.8	4.8	4.8	2.5	3.5	3.1	1.9	.7	1.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.5	4.8	4.4	3.4	3.7	3.9	1.1	1.0	.5	5.1	8.7	5.4	2.9	3.6	3.4	1.3	4.0	.9
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.3	2.7	3.8	3.3	2.5	3.6	1.0	.2	.1	6.3	6.4	3.4	3.9	2.2	2.3	1.3	.2	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.8	1.8	3.3	2.3	1.1	2.3	1.3	.6	.8	2.1	1.9	1.6	.6	.6	.7	.8	.7	.3
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	4.1	2.0	3.5	1.6	1.0	1.7	2.5	1.0	1.4	1.3	1.9	.7	.4	.5	.3	.7	.7	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.8	1.5	3.2	1.5	.9	2.8	.2	.5	.2	3.5	1.4	2.8	.8	.7	1.2	1.9	.4	.9
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	1.5	3.5	5.4	1.4	2.1	4.4	.1	1.3	.9	3.2	4.1	3.6	1.9	1.8	2.2	1.0	1.8	.6
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.3	2.0	2.8	1.9	1.2	2.3	.1	.4	.1	2.6	3.0	2.3	1.0	1.3	1.4	.7	.9	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	4.8	7.2	9.9	4.7	7.0	9.0	.2	.2	.8	6.6	14.2	7.2	3.9	4.0	4.4	.7	8.7	.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.6	3.2	6.3	2.4	2.5	5.4	1.5	.2	.6	2.2	6.1	6.1	.7	2.8	3.7	.2	1.6	.8
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.2	2.0	.9	.9	1.7	.1	.1	.1	1.3	2.2	1.1	.6	.7	.6	.1	.7	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	2.2	2.4	3.6	1.9	1.9	3.1	.2	.4	.3	2.5	3.1	3.6	1.4	1.5	1.9	.5	.9	1.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.8	1.2	3.9	1.6	1.0	3.2	.2	.1	.6	3.7	2.7	3.0	.8	1.3	1.7	2.6	.7	.2
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.6	2.6	3.5	2.3	2.4	2.0	.1	.0	1.3	2.4	2.5	3.0	1.2	1.1	1.6	.7	.7	.4
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.4	1.2	1.8	1.4	.8	.9	.6	.2	.4	.7	3.3	1.4	.3	.6	.6	.1	2.5	.4

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

JUNE NONFARM EMPLOYMENT DOWN 14,300 IN THE ATLANTA AREA

Nonfarm employment for June in the Atlanta area declined 14,300 from May and 3,400 over the year to an estimated 929,500. The monthly drop was shared equally by the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries. Among the major industry divisions, only construction and finance, insurance and real estate exhibited gains over the month. Over the year, trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and service industries increased employment.

During the month, durable and nondurable goods manufacturing industries experienced losses. Transportation equipment in the durable goods sector accounted for 65 percent of the decline with the shutdown of one automobile assembly plant and a partial layoff in another plant.

In nonmanufacturing during June, trade, services, and government recorded sizable losses. Declines in wholesale nondurable goods and in retail department stores, food stores and miscellaneous retail stores contributed to the loss in trade. Reduced employment in membership organizations lowered services, and the seasonal layoffs in state and local education lowered government employment.

DEKALB COUNTY LOOKS AHEAD TO THE 1980'S

Despite the mid-70's recession, DeKalb County has experienced heavy development of all types in the past ten years. The changes were not as dramatic, particularly in the residential areas, as those during the "boom" years of the 60's. However, the 70's brought strong new growth in industrial, commercial and office areas.

Mr. Ridley Howard, Director of Economic Development for the DeKalb Chamber of Commerce, says heavy industrial and other growth will occur in the south and east portions of the county, not the north, as has been the case in the past twenty to thirty years. He said the county is already well into the trend by pointing to the recent plant locations in the southeast portion of DeKalb by Pet Milk, Davison's, Marshall's, Gates Rubber Company and others.

"The northern portion of the county is predominantly developed," Howard said. "Some land there is available, but there are few large tracts suitable for industrial development. . . In south DeKalb, particularly in the I-20 corridor, the county has the land, and the services are available." He said, "Companies are finding the south portion of the county attractive because of the land costs, the labor supply and the transportation advantages."

Howard sees a good development decade ahead for DeKalb, largely because the southeast U.S. is the fastest-growing area of the country and Atlanta is the hub of this activity. DeKalb can always compete for distribution facilities because of the excellent transportation situation in the Atlanta area. It will continue to compete for the light manufacturing and high technology industry because those types of companies are attracted to a metro area like Atlanta and to institutions like Georgia Tech.

DeKalb has been a leader in suburban office parks, and Howard expects that trend to continue over the next decade. DeKalb will get its share of national and regional headquarters, he said. The expansion of Hartsfield Airport will help because it provides such good air transportation to almost any place in the U.S. and to Europe *(DeKalb News/Sun*, July 23, 1980.)

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	929.5	943.8	932.9	14.3-	3.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	133.8	141.2	141.0	7.4-	7.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	64.8	70.8	69.4	6.0-	4.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.5	3.3	.1-	.1
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.7	3.0	3.6	.3-	.9-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.5	1.8	2.2	.3-	.7-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.1	7.1	7.2	.0	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.1	5.2	4.9	.1-	.2
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.3	7.3	8.3	.0	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.3	6.7	6.7	.4-	.4-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	10.0	9.0	.2-	.8
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.1	24.9	23.2	4.8-	3.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.1	3.0	3.3	.1	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	69.0	70.4	71.5	1.4-	2.5-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	17.6	18.5	19.2	.9-	1.6-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.3	5.1	.3-	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	2.8	3.0	3.5	.2-	.7-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.1	7.1	7.5	.0	.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.8	3.8	4.1	.0	.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.8	.0	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.0	10.1	10.2	.1-	.2-
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.1	4.2	4.6	.1-	.5-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.3	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	8.0	7.8	.1-	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.2	4.2	.1-	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.9	15.0	14.1	.1-	.8
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.4	5.8	.1-	.5
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.6	6.9	.0	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.9	5.2	5.8	.3-	.9-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	795.6	802.6	792.0	7.0-	3.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.3	38.5	41.9	.8	2.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.4	85.5	85.8	.1-	.4-
TRANSPORTATION	500015	55.9	56.0	57.4	.1-	1.5-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	257.9	260.1	256.2	2.2-	1.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	106.1	107.1	100.6	1.0-	5.5
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	73.0	72.9	67.6	.1	5.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	33.1	34.3	32.9	1.2-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.7	153.0	155.6	1.3-	3.9-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	64.4	64.3	64.3	.1	.1
FINANCE	760025	23.9	23.8	23.2	.1	.7
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.2	25.5	24.9	.3-	.3
SERVICES	800055	192.8	194.8	187.9	2.0-	4.9
GOVERNMENT	998008	155.9	159.4	156.0	3.5-	.1-
FEDERAL	998011	30.4	30.6	32.0	.2-	1.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	125.5	128.9	124.0	3.4-	1.5

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	90.9	97.7	99.2	6.8-	8.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	43.3	49.2	49.8	5.9-	6.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.6	48.4	49.4	.8-	1.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.7	11.2	11.6	.5-	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.0	5.9	6.5	.1	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.2	8.3	.1	.0
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.9	3.9	4.1	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.5	.0	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.9	2.8	.1-	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.3	3.0	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.1	5.9	.1-	.1
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	3.0	3.0	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.2	3.3	3.6	.1-	.4-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.1	5.1	5.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.3	3.3	3.2	.0	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.3	6.4	.1-	1.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.8	4.3	4.4	.5-	.6-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	12.8	17.7	16.6	4.9-	3.8-

Note. These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note. Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79	CUR MO JUN 80	PRV MO MAY 80	CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$258.45	$259.39	$234.22	39.1	38.6	37.9	$6.61	$6.72	$6.18
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$291.69	$296.06	$269.35	39.1	38.6	38.7	$7.46	$7.67	$6.96
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$227.95	$221.76	$199.39	39.1	38.5	37.2	$5.83	$5.76	$5.36
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$190.62	$198.72	$174.06	34.1	36.8	34.4	$5.59	$5.40	$5.06
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$207.10	$176.15	$168.28	42.7	37.4	37.9	$4.85	$4.71	$4.44
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.59	$154.22	$147.62	33.6	32.4	35.4	$4.72	$4.76	$4.17
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$153.40	$149.94	$135.79	32.5	31.5	33.2	$4.72	$4.76	$4.09
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$167.50	$162.83	$162.87	33.5	32.5	36.6	$5.00	$5.01	$4.45
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$155.35	$178.87	$144.42	36.9	38.8	34.8	$4.21	$4.61	$4.15
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$231.73	$235.99	$177.67	40.3	40.9	32.6	$5.75	$5.77	$5.45
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$294.80	$307.58	$276.05	43.1	45.5	41.7	$6.84	$6.76	$6.62
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$275.01	$284.76	$271.30	39.4	42.0	43.2	$6.98	$6.78	$6.28
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$240.12	$233.63	$227.77	39.3	38.3	40.6	$6.11	$6.10	$5.61
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.74	$243.82	$254.44	39.7	39.2	46.6	$6.19	$6.22	$5.46
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$357.28	$359.84	$372.24	41.4	41.6	44.0	$8.63	$8.65	$8.46
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$242.54	$244.19	$220.80	35.1	34.2	34.5	$6.91	$7.14	$6.40
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$250.51	$243.79	$212.91	41.0	39.8	39.5	$6.11	$6.05	$5.39
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$394.16	$382.33	$344.99	37.9	37.3	36.2	$10.40	$10.25	$9.53

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUN 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JUN 80 PREV MO= MAY 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUN 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.2	2.9	4.0	2.6	2.4	3.5	.4	.4	.3	3.0	3.3	3.6	1.6	1.6	2.1	.6	1.0	.7
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.0	2.6	3.3	2.3	2.1	2.7	.3	.2	.3	2.7	3.2	3.2	1.6	1.5	1.6	.3	1.1	.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.6	3.4	4.9	2.9	2.6	4.4	.5	.6	.3	3.5	3.4	4.2	1.6	1.8	2.7	.9	.9	.5
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.2	2.0	3.4	3.1	1.2	2.9	.9	.6	.4	4.2	2.5	3.2	1.2	.6	1.3	2.4	1.2	.8
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.8	4.3	5.9	2.4	3.7	5.0	.3	.3	.2	3.4	4.2	6.5	2.6	3.0	5.1	.1	.3	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.8	6.1	4.9	5.5	5.1	4.2	.3	1.0	.2	8.1	5.9	4.5	4.4	4.1	2.4	3.3	1.0	.9
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	12.7	19.9	3.1	9.3	18.9	2.9	3.4	.8	.2	20.8	18.0	2.5	12.2	11.9	1.7	3.8	.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.8	2.3	3.4	2.4	1.9	3.1	.1	.3	.2	2.6	1.7	3.0	1.3	1.0	1.6	.1	.0	.8
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.8	4.0	4.3	1.6	2.7	3.8	.1	1.2	.5	1.7	2.9	3.1	1.3	1.6	1.7	.1	.6	.4
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.7	2.7	3.8	3.1	2.4	3.3	.2	.1	.1	3.3	3.1	3.7	1.4	1.8	2.8	.8	.2	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.9	.8	1.9	.8	.6	1.8	.0	.0	.0	1.0	1.5	.9	.3	.5	.4	.1	.6	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.0	1.9	3.5	1.5	1.3	3.4	.1	.5	.0	1.7	2.7	3.9	.9	1.4	2.5	.2	.6	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.2	1.1	1.6	1.5	.7	1.0	.0	.1	.1	.3	2.3	.9	.2	.6	.4	.0	1.5	.3

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees

ALBANY REFLECTS SCATTERED GAINS

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 45,900 in June. This estimate was up 300 from the previous month and up 1,800 from one year ago. Scattered gains were recorded in the nonmanufacturing division over the month, with some losses in manufacturing.

Manufacturing, at 10,800, was down 300 over the month and up 300 for the year. Losses were recorded in nondurable goods as well as in metals and machinery for the month. Yearly gains were primarily in the nondurable goods segment.

Contract construction, at 3,600, was up 200 for the month and showed a decline of 800 over the year. More gains are expected during the remaining summer months. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged over the month and up 200 for the year. Trade, at 10,100, was also unchanged over the month wile showing an increment of 600 for the year. The finance, insurance and real estate division, at 2,400, gained 100 over the month and was up 500 annually. Services, at 6,600 was up 100 for the month and 400 annually. A gain of 100 was also recorded in the state and local government segment for the month.

Note Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W David Wilson, (912) 439-4176

DECREASE IN AUGUSTA DUE TO CUTBACKS

Employment in the Augusta area dropped to 120,700, a decrease of 700 jobs. Losses in manufacturing, construction, government, and services and mining accounted for the decline. Gains were recorded in finance, insurance and real estate. Over the year, no change was recorded as usual growth was stagnated by the current recession. Losses sustained in manufacturing and construction were nullified by gains in government, trade, services and mining, and finance, insurance and real estate.

Manufacturing, at 36,000, declined 200 over the month. A loss of 300 in stone, clay and glass was attributable to less business in refractories and glass manufacturing. Metals and machinery dropped 100, resulting mostly from less activity in lawn and garden equipment. "Other durable goods" was down 100, with less activity in transportation equipment, primarily. Textile mill products was up 200, with more activity in broad woven goods, while "other nondurable goods" rose 200, resulting from increased activity in chemicals manufacturing.

Annually, manufacturing lost 600 jobs. Stone, clay and glass dropped 500, triggered by decreased activity in refractories and glass. Metals and machinery declined 100, with less business through most of the division. "Other durable goods" slid downward 100, precipitated by less activity in transportation equipment. Food dropped 100 with scattered declines. Apparel followed suit.

Construction, estimated at 5,700, declined 200 over the month, triggered by less business in heavy building construction, primarily. This division dropped 800 over the year as several projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,400, was unchanged over the month and over the year. Trade, at 22,800, recorded no change over the month but rose 300 over the year, precipitated by the opening of new firms. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, climbed 100 over the month and over the year, primarily because of increased activity among banks. Services and mining, at 16,100, declined 200 over the month, mostly due to less business in hospitals and protective services. This division recorded an increment of 200 over the year resulting from the opening of new firms. Government, at 31,100, was down 100 over the month, with less activity in public education, local government and state colleges. This division rose 800 over the year, with increases in both the federal sector and the state and local subdivisions.

OUTLOOK

Employment will likely increase moderately in construction as new projects are started during the remainder of this year. Manufacturing will decrease slightly as further contractions are effected. Government will decrease as technical services drop employees from the payroll, and services will increase due to a contractual agreement to supply supportive services to the military installation. These include automotive repair, electronic and electrical repair, and several other support-type services which previously have been provided by personnel on the federal government payroll. Overall, no real growth is anticipated prior to the second quarter of 1981..

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131

NONMANUFACTURING UPS COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT 200

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Columbus totaled 83,300 in June, an increase of 200 from the previous month's estimate. Nonmanufacturing employment was responsible for the net gain. The level was up 800 from last June primarily due to gains in nonmanufacturing employment.

Manufacturing employment remained constant over the month, with losses in textile mill products and in the "other durable goods" group overtaking gains made in metals and machinery, in lumber and wood products, and in printing, publishing and allied industries.

Nonmanufacturing employment totaled 61,400 in June, an increase of 100 from May and a gain of 600 from one year ago. Gains in service and miscellaneous industries and in state and local government were credited with the increase.

Contract construction, at 4,000, increased 200 from May and declined by 200 from June 1979. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remained constant for both periods of reference. Trade employment dropped 200 from last month due to less business in the retail sector and dropped 1,200 from one year ago primarily in the retail sector due to cuts in employment throughout the industry. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant from last month and a year earlier. Services and miscellaneous employment increased 100 workers for both periods of reference. Government employment remained the same from May and revealed a gain of 1,900 from one year ago due to an increase in state and local government.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

NO CHANGE IN MACON FROM LAST MONTH

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,300 in June. The current preliminary estimate is unchanged from May and down 1,600 from June 1979. During the month, manufacturing was unchanged, with durable goods and nondurable goods remaining stable. A seasonal increase in food products was offset by a decline in textiles. Nonmanufacturing rose 100, with a gain in trade being partially offset by a decrease in government. Construction; transportation, communications, electric and sanitary services; finance, insurance and real estate; and services were unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing dropped 300, with losses in durable goods and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing recorded a loss of 1,200, with decreases in construction; transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and government.

Manufacturing, at 15,700, was unchanged from last month and down 300 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods was stable, with small fluctuations in all segments. Nondurable goods registered a loss of 100, with a gain in food being partially offset by a drop in textiles. Apparel, paper, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged. Annually, durable goods fell 100, with decreases in lumber and wood and stone, clay and glass. "Other durable goods" advanced, with nonelectrical machinery remaining unchanged. Nondurable goods declined 300, with losses in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by an increase in apparel. Food and chemicals were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,100, was unchanged from May and down 600 from a year ago. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction suffered declines. High interest rates on homes and apartments greatly reduced the number of new starts in residential building. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,800, was unchanged during the month and down 100 from 1979. Most of the annual decline was in transportation. Trade, at 20,000, was up 300 from May and down 300 from June 1979. Most of the changes in all reporting periods occurred in retail businesses. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from last month and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the annual decrease was in finance. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from May and up 400 from a year ago. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,800, was down 200 from last month and down 500 from June 1979. During the month, the federal segment was unchanged, and the state and local segment declined 200. Annually, the federal segment advanced 300, and the state and local segment fell 800. Most of the decline in the state and local segment was due to a cutback in federally funded CETA positions.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Thomas G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DECLINE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA continued to gradually decline. Over the month, estimated employment declined about 200; however, all of the loss appears to have occurred in the nonmanufacturing sector. The year-ago figures reflected fairly well the national trends. The loss estimated in the Savannah SMSA over the year was approximately 3,000. With the exception of chemicals, wholesale trade, and services, all sectors experienced losses over the year.

The economic outlook for the Savannah SMSA does not appear to be favorable. Continued employment losses can be expected, at least until October. Several large projects are in the works (hotel, gasoline refinery); however, these projects appear to be keeping things from getting worse. Although the interest rate has come down somewhat, construction continues to lag behind. Retail sales is falling behind as inflation continues to push ahead. About the only favorable thing that can be said about the figures is that the rate of decline has slowed down.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	45.9	45.6	44.1	.3	1.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.8	11.1	10.5	.3-	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.0	2.0	2.0	.0	.0
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.9	1.0	.9	.1-	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.8	9.1	8.5	.3-	.3
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.8	.0	.5
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.5	.5	.5	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.3	4.6	4.5	.3-	.2-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	35.1	34.5	33.6	.6	1.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.6	3.4	4.4	.2	.8-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.1	9.5	.0	.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.4	3.5	3.0	.1-	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.7	6.6	6.6	.1	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.4	2.3	1.9	.1	.5
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.6	6.5	6.2	.1	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.2	10.1	9.7	.1	.5
FEDERAL	998011	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.4	7.3	6.9	.1	.5

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	120.7	121.4	120.7	.7-	.0
MANUFACTURING	300005	36.0	36.2	36.6	.2-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.7	9.3	9.6	.6-	.9-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.2	3.5	3.7	.3-	.5-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.3	2.4	2.4	.1-	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.6	2.7	2.7	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.3	26.9	27.0	.4	.3
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.5	10.3	10.5	.2	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.8	.0	.1-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.7	.7	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.9	10.7	10.4	.2	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	84.7	85.2	84.2	.5-	.5
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	5.7	5.9	6.5	.2-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.4	4.4	4.4	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.8	22.8	22.5	.0	.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.5	4.2	.1-	.2
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.4	18.3	.1-	.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.6	4.6	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.1	16.3	15.9	.2-	.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.1	31.2	30.3	.1-	.8
FEDERAL	998011	7.1	7.0	6.6	.1	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	24.0	24.1	23.8	.1-	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

- - Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.3	83.1	82.5	.2	.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.8	21.8	21.7	.0	.1
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	5.9	6.0	.2	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.6	.7	.1	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.6	4.5	.1	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.2	.3	.3	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.8	15.9	15.8	.1-	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.6	3.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.2	9.3	9.2	.1-	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.2	1.1	.8	.1	.4
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.4	61.3	60.8	.1	.6
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.0	3.8	4.2	.2	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.5	3.5	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.4	16.6	17.6	.2-	1.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	13.9	14.1	15.0	.2-	1.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.2	5.2	5.2	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.5	11.4	11.4	.1	.1
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.8	20.8	18.9	.0	1.9
FEDERAL	998011	5.7	5.6	5.8	.1	.1-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	15.1	15.1	13.1	.0	2.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.3	95.3	96.9	.0	1.6-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.7	15.7	16.0	.0	.3-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.9	4.9	5.0	.0	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.3	1.5	.1	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.7	10.8	11.0	.1-	.3-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.8	2.7	2.8	.1	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	1.7	1.7	.2-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.4	2.4	2.3	.0	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.7	79.6	80.9	.1	1.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.1	4.7	.0	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.8	4.9	.0	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	20.0	19.7	20.3	.3	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.8	.0	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	16.0	.0	.4
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.8	29.0	29.3	.2-	.5-
FEDERAL	998011	16.0	16.0	15.7	.0	.3
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	13.0	13.6	.2-	.8-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note Totals may not add due to rounding

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.7	86.5	.2-	3.0-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.0	16.9	.1	.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.9	5.9	6.5	.0	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	.2-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.8	2.8	2.9	.0	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	2.2	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.3	10.1	10.4	.2	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.6	5.0	.2	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.7	.8	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	1.0	.9	.1-	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.4	67.7	69.6	.3-	2.2-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.4	5.3	.1-	1.0-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.4	8.6	8.8	.2-	.4-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.3	19.3	19.9	.0	.6-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.9	14.9	15.5	.0	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.7	15.7	15.2	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	15.6	15.7	16.3	.1-	.7-
FEDERAL	998011	2.5	2.5	2.5	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.2	13.2	13.8	.0	.6-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUN 1980	PREV MO MAY 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUN 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.5	12.4	.1	.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.5	4.5	5.1	.0	.6-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.1	7.0	7.3	.1	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.1	.0	.3-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.5	3.8	.1	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.2	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.9	2.1	.0	.2-

Note These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JUNE

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JUN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING PRV MO MAY 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CM YA JUN 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JUN 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS PRV MO MAY 80	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CM YA JUN 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JUN 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING PRV MO MAY 80	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CM YA JUN 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$301.08	$294.67	$277.95	41.3	40.7	40.4	$7.29	$7.24	$6.88
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$282.29	$276.11	$212.38	40.5	39.9	34.2	$6.97	$6.92	$6.21
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$313.08	$306.53	$323.63	41.8	41.2	44.7	$7.49	$7.44	$7.24
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$181.34	$176.80	$182.91	37.7	37.3	39.0	$4.81	$4.74	$4.69
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$368.07	$366.77	$381.51	43.1	43.2	45.8	$8.54	$8.49	$9.33
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$292.81	$270.76	$256.03	43.9	41.4	40.9	$6.67	$6.54	$6.26
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$347.42	$334.11	$290.63	43.7	42.4	41.4	$7.95	$7.88	$7.02

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Change From Revised May 1980	Change From June 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,428,348	2,406,231	2,350,596	22,117	77,752
Employed	2,243,773	2,251,894	2,223,763	-8,121	20,010
Unemployed	184,575	154,337	126,833	30,238	57,742
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,606	51,724	49,087	882	3,519
Employed	48,054	47,784	45,949	270	2,105
Unemployed	4,552	3,940	3,138	612	1,414
Rate	8.7	7.6	6.4	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	963,958	965,355	942,942	-1,397	21,016
Employed	900,042	912,861	895,756	-12,819	4,286
Unemployed	63,916	52,494	47,186	11,422	16,730
Rate	6.6	5.4	5.0	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	122,082	121,341	122,168	741	-86
Employed	113,368	113,723	114,610	-355	-1,242
Unemployed	8,714	7,618	7,558	1,096	1,156
Rate	7.1	6.3	6.2	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,422	86,936	85,815	486	1,607
Employed	80,314	80,274	79,558	40	756
Unemployed	7,108	6,662	6,257	446	851
Rate	8.1	7.7	7.3	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,707	99,440	98,971	-733	-264
Employed	92,274	93,753	93,238	-1,479	-964
Unemployed	6,433	5,687	5,733	746	700
Rate	6.5	5.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,950	87,530	88,892	420	-942
Employed	81,349	81,469	83,571	-120	-2,222
Unemployed	6,601	6,061	5,321	540	1,280
Rate	7.5	6.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates , not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Change From Revised May 1980	Change From June 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	122,082	121,341	122,168	741	-86
Employed	113,368	113,723	114,610	-355	-1,242
Unemployed	8,714	7,618	7,558	1,096	1,156
Rate	7.1	6.3	6.2	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	82,083	81,679	81,079	404	1,004
Employed	76,542	76,802	75,975	-260	567
Unemployed	5,541	4,877	5,104	664	437
Rate	6.8	6.0	6.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	39,999	39,662	41,089	337	-1,090
Employed	36,826	36,921	38,635	-95	-1,809
Unemployed	3,173	2,741	2,454	432	719
Rate	7.9	6.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Change From Revised May 1980	Change From June 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,422	86,936	85,815	486	1,607
Employed	80,314	80,274	79,558	40	756
Unemployed	7,108	6,662	6,257	446	851
Rate	8.1	7.7	7.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,747	69,354	68,109	393	1,638
Employed	64,317	64,240	63,396	77	921
Unemployed	5,430	5,114	4,713	316	717
Rate	7.8	7.4	6.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,675	17,582	17,706	93	-31
Employed	15,997	16,034	16,162	-37	-165
Unemployed	1,678	1,548	1,544	130	134
Rate	9.5	8.8	8.7	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary June 1980	Revised May 1980	June 1979	Change From Revised May 1980	Change From June 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,428,348	2,406,231	2,350,596	22,117	77,752
Employed	2,243,773	2,251,894	2,223,763	-8,121	20,010
Unemployed	184,575	154,337	126,833	30,238	57,742
Rate	7.6	6.4	5.4	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,405,159	1,404,833	1,376,398	326	28,761
Employed	1,307,191	1,321,404	1,302,604	-14,213	4,587
Unemployed	97,968	83,429	73,794	14,539	24,174
Rate	7.0	5.9	5.4	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,023,189	1,001,398	974,198	21,791	48,991
Employed	936,582	930,490	921,159	6,092	15,423
Unemployed	86,607	70,908	53,039	15,699	33,568
Rate	8.5	7.1	5.4	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

(Trends:)

Cost $351.37
Quantity 3,000

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ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

AUGUST 1980

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(July Data)

EFFECTS OF THE RECESSION ON THE GEORGIA ECONOMY

According to Michael K. Evans of Evans Economics, Incorporated, the Midwest and Southeast will be hardest hit by the recession. Ordinarily, the Southeast is not seriously affected by a recession; however, this time is worse because of sharp declines in housing starts and lagging purchases of furniture and clothing. In Georgia, the business sectors reacted differently to the present economy.

Construction on a national scale has been relatively slow. In contrast, Atlanta's construction activity has been strong. Based upon statistics from F. W. Dodge Division of McGraw-Hill Company, "metro Atlanta's six-month non-residential building contracts were 41 percent ahead of the same period last year, while Georgia's non-residential building contracts were 27 precent above last year's level" (*Atlanta Constitution*, August 3, 1980). Residential construction reflected an 11 percent gain over last July in permits for single-family houses in metro Atlanta. The most active areas for residential construction are Gwinnett and Cobb Counties, accounting for more than half of all permits issued this year.

Two sectors of Georgia business that have helped curb recessionary effects are high-technology businesses and conventions. They both offer ways to improve productivity. High-technology firms provide products such as computers that improve efficiency and productivity and conventions provide a place for a salesman to make sales without travelling to many different areas, so his company saves on travel expenses. Many conventions are booked as much as seven years in advance.

Even the ailing auto industry is getting a boost in Georgia. General Motor's Doraville and Lakewood plants are under expansion to change production to smaller cars. The 230,000 square-foot addition to the Doraville plant is expected to be completed in early 1981. At its Hapeville plant, Ford Motor Company is retooling for production of a smaller Granada and Cougar, which will replace the Monarch.

Some of Georgia's traditionally strong industries have not fared so well. Carpeting manufacturers have been forced to lay off a total of 4,200 since the first of the year and textile mills have laid off a total of 8,800. Carpeting was assisted by sales to 48 foreign countries. The sales were attributed to the International Carpet Mart held at the Atlanta Merchandise Mart.

Soft drink companies also suffered some losses. This was due to the increased price of sugar. Sugar was up as much as 50 percent from last year, causing bottlers to pass on the increment to retail sales. This incurred some consumer resistance to buying despite the unusually hot weather.

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

Even though the nation and the Southeast continue to feel the effects of the recession, Georgia seems to hold its business economy at a relatively stable level. As long as inventories do not build and housing is not overproduced, Georgia should not suffer any permanently damaging setbacks.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

SAVANNAH HARBOR TO BE ENLARGED

Kings Island Turning Basin in Savannah will be enlarged, allowing ships to turn around in Savannah River Harbor. Federal funds totaling $9.8 million have been allocated for this project. Presently, about 30 ships per month are hindered in their harbor movements. The plans include lengthening the basin from 1,000 to 1,600 feet, widening it from 950 to 1,500 feet, and deepening the channel to 38 feet.

HOTEL - OFFICE COMPLEX FOR DOWNTOWN ATLANTA

Construction of the $250 million hotel-office complex designed by John Portman is scheduled to begin next year with completion projected to be mid 1983. The complex will include a 1,500-room, 47-story convention hotel and two 27-story office towers on the block bounded by Ivy, Baker, Courtland, and Harris Streets -- the previous site of St. Joseph's Hospital.

ATLANTA GALLERIA TO BE BUILT BESIDE CUMBERLAND MALL

Construction for the $150 million Atlanta Galleria is slated to start in the fall. The hotel-office-mall complex will be built adjacent to Cumberland Mall and will include three office buildings containing two million square feet of space, a shopping mall with 250,000 square feet of space, and a 13-story, 531-room hotel.

MACON PLANT TO DISCONTINUE PORTION OF MANUFACTURING

Macon-based Bibb Company has closed sections of the Osprey Plant in Porterdale. The plant will no longer manufacture spun yarn. The shutdown affects about 500 employees.

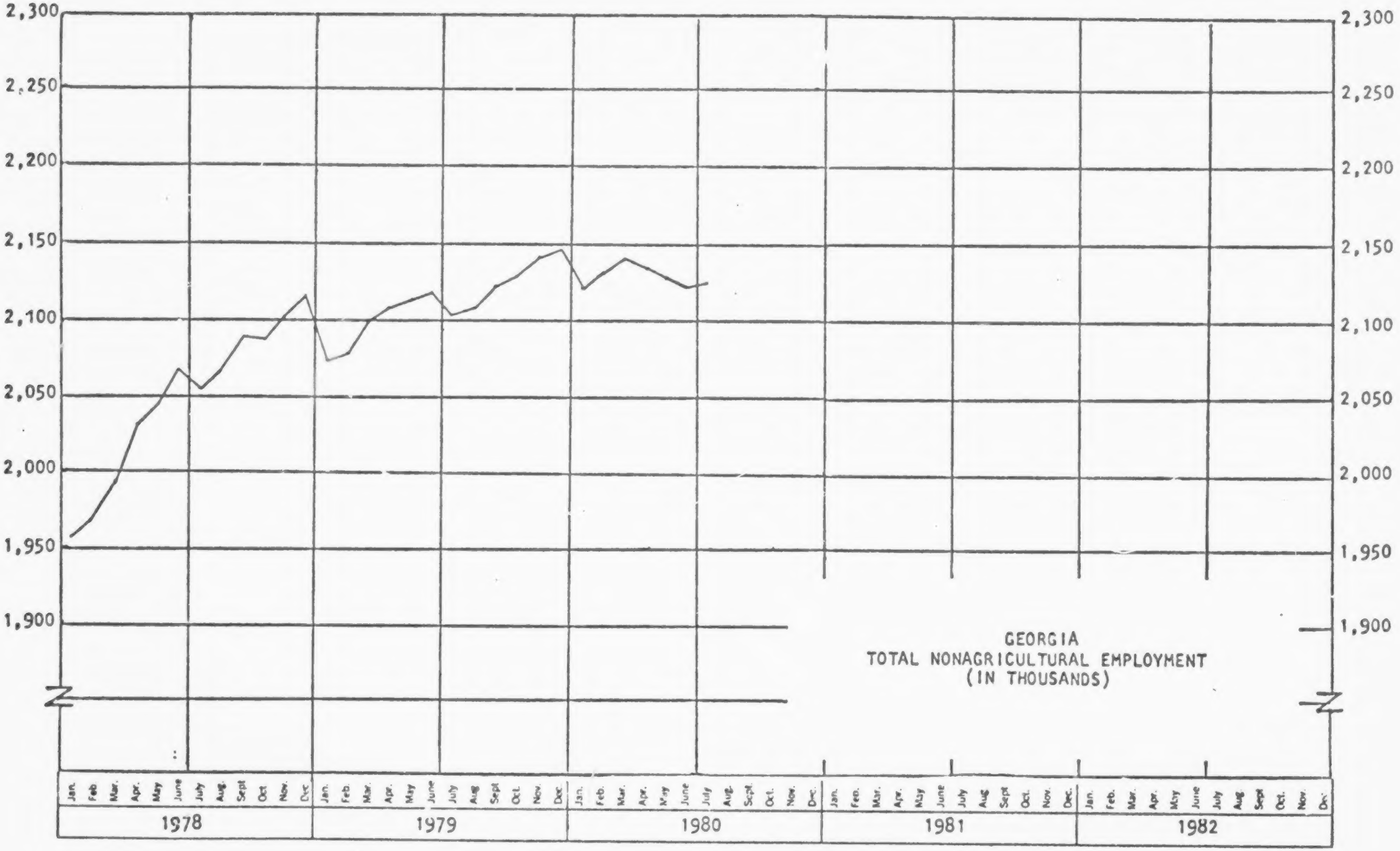
PLANS ANNOUNCED FOR HOTEL AT LENOX SQUARE

Corporate Properties Investors of New York, owners of Lenox Square, announced plans to build a $30 million, 20-30 story, 500-room hotel. It will be located beside the shopping center's Plaza Court section. Completion is estimated to be in 1983.

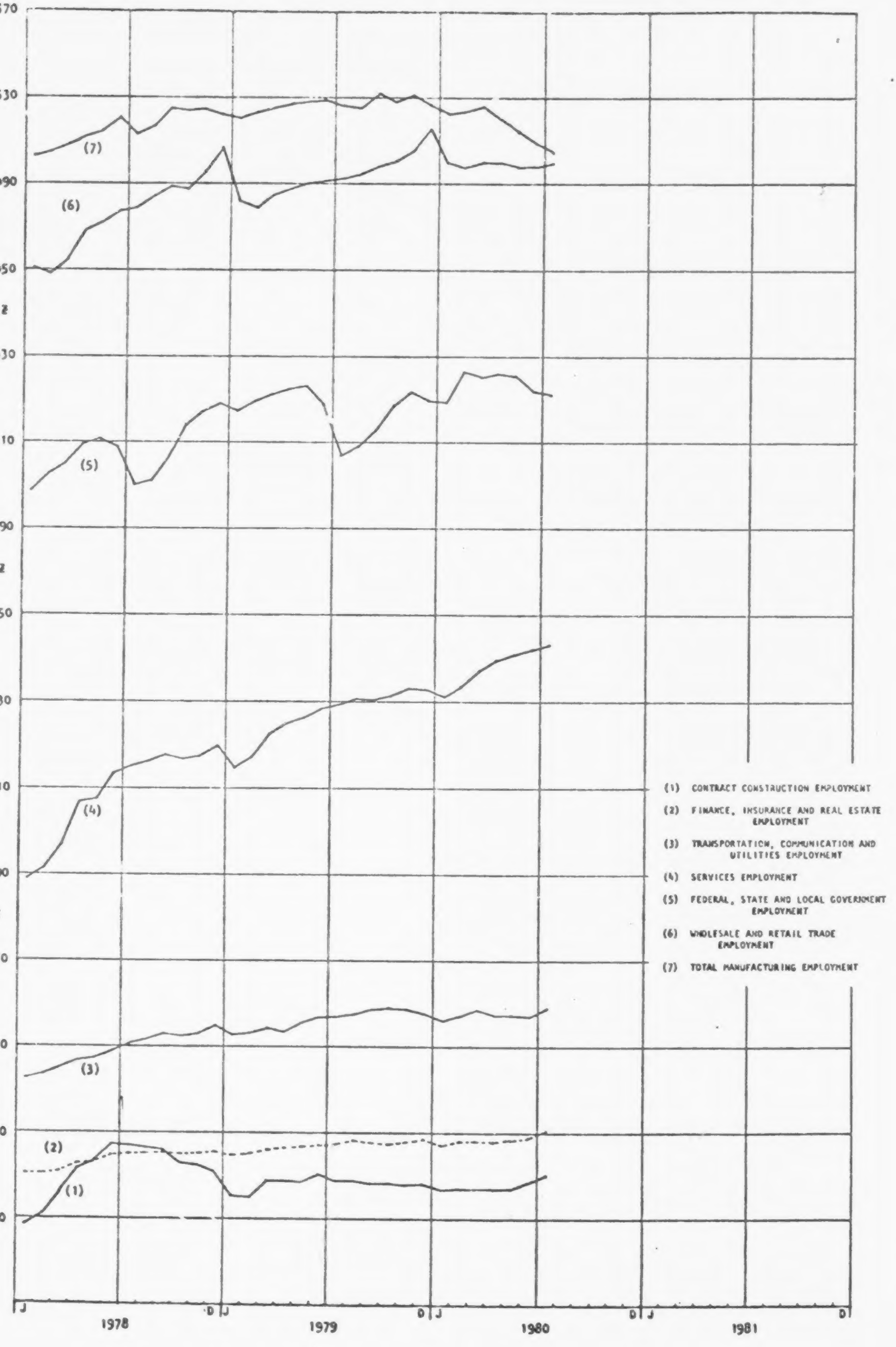
TAIWANESE COMPANY TO BUILD PLANT IN COBB

Tatung Company, a Taiwan-based manufacturer of consumer electronics, appliances and heavy electrical equipment, will build a color television plant and open an electric fan facility in Cobb County. The fans will be manufactured in a leased facility. The site for the television factory has not been determined, but once opened, will employ 200-250 people. The move is the result of a government limit on color television imports.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,125.8	2,127.1	2,106.0	1.3-	19.8
MANUFACTURING	300005	503.7	509.1	526.4	5.4-	22.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.7	175.3	183.3	.4	7.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	28.9	28.9	31.2	.0	2.3-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.1	15.2	16.0	.1-	.9-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.7	8.8	10.0	.1-	1.3-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.3	6.3	7.3	.0	1.0-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.0	18.2	18.3	.2-	.3-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	16.1	16.4	16.5	.3-	.4-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.0	20.4	21.0	.4-	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	21.4	22.1	21.4	.7-	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.3	19.5	19.0	.2-	.3
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	32.6	30.0	33.9	2.6	1.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	10.7	10.9	11.9	.2-	1.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	328.0	333.8	343.2	5.8-	15.2-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	58.5	58.0	58.8	.5	.3-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.7	21.6	21.0	.1	.7
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.9	15.8	15.2	.1	.7
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.2	8.8	9.1	.4	.1
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	111.4	114.4	122.8	3.0-	11.4-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	28.1	28.7	29.3	.6-	1.2-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.3	4.2	5.0	.1	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.3	8.6	.0	.7
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.0	29.4	33.7	.4-	4.7-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	21.3	22.7	25.6	1.4-	4.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	74.3	75.8	74.0	1.5-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.6	41.2	40.0	.6-	.6
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	22.8	23.1	22.7	.3-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	27.9	28.1	28.1	.2-	.2-
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.7	13.6	13.9	.1	.2-
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.6	6.6	6.6	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.0	23.5	22.8	.5-	.2
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.1	8.2	7.9	.1-	.2
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.1	16.4	16.4	.3-	.3-
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.6	2.7	2.5	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	14.5	15.2	17.8	.7-	3.3-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,622.1	1,618.0	1,579.6	4.1	42.5
MINING	100005	7.6	7.6	7.6	.0	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	100.2	99.2	98.9	1.0	1.3
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	139.0	137.7	136.7	1.3	2.3
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.1	82.0	82.6	1.1	.5
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.5	35.4	34.4	.1	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.4	20.3	19.7	.1	.7
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	500.2	498.7	492.2	1.5	8.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	159.7	159.2	157.1	.5	2.6
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.8	98.6	96.5	.2	2.3
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	60.9	60.6	60.5	.3	.4
RETAIL TRADE	652005	340.5	339.5	335.1	1.0	5.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	110.3	109.3	107.6	1.0	2.7
FINANCE	760025	47.5	46.9	46.3	.6	1.2
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.7	39.6	39.2	.1	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	23.1	22.9	22.0	.2	1.1
SERVICES	800005	343.6	341.8	329.6	1.8	14.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	421.2	423.6	407.1	2.4-	14.1
FEDERAL	998011	85.2	84.5	82.8	.7	2.4
STATE AND LOCAL	998009	336.0	339.2	324.3	3.2-	11.7

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	386.6	393.1	409.3	6.5-	22.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	130.4	131.0	139.3	.6-	8.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	256.2	262.1	269.9	5.9-	13.7-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.5	41.4	41.9	.1	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	95.5	98.1	105.1	2.6-	9.6-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	25.1	25.9	26.4	.8-	1.3-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.6	3.6	4.2	.0	.6-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.8	7.1	.1-	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	25.6	25.6	28.7	.0	3.1-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	18.9	19.9	22.6	1.0-	3.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	62.9	64.3	62.6	1.4-	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	34.9	35.6	34.5	.7-	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423325	18.4	18.8	18.5	.4-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.3	23.4	25.3	.1-	2.0-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.0	8.1	8.9	.1-	.9-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.6	22.0	22.0	.4-	.4-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.5	10.4	10.6	.1	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.3	9.8	9.8	.5-	.5-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	1.9	2.0	2.2	.1-	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.6	14.7	14.6	.1-	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.5	11.9	11.9	.4-	.4-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.0	16.0	17.1	.0	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.3	15.3	14.8	1.0-	.5-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	11.8	12.3	12.3	.5-	.5-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	22.0	19.9	24.4	2.1	2.4-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	330005	$225.79	$223.44	$206.19	39.2	39.9	39.2	$5.76	$5.60	$5.26
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$257.15	$252.46	$229.32	39.2	40.2	39.0	$6.56	$6.28	$5.88
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$210.11	$209.35	$194.14	39.2	39.8	39.3	$5.36	$5.26	$4.94
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$221.35	$221.35	$196.10	40.1	40.1	38.3	$5.52	$5.52	$5.12
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$198.46	$190.22	$182.25	39.1	40.3	40.5	$4.82	$4.72	$4.50
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$195.53	$200.65	$198.66	39.5	40.7	42.0	$4.95	$4.93	$4.73
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$236.07	$231.97	$222.64	43.0	44.1	46.0	$5.49	$5.26	$4.84
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$143.81	$159.58	$165.50	36.5	40.4	43.9	$3.94	$3.96	$3.77
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$183.74	$177.38	$168.28	38.6	38.9	37.9	$4.76	$4.56	$4.44
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$193.22	$193.60	$175.50	38.8	40.0	39.0	$4.98	$4.84	$4.50
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$141.73	$148.00	$134.25	35.7	37.0	35.8	$3.97	$4.00	$3.75
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$141.55	$147.06	$135.70	35.3	36.4	35.9	$4.01	$4.04	$3.78
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$139.29	$147.42	$125.54	35.9	37.8	33.3	$3.88	$3.90	$3.77
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$165.99	$161.39	$149.45	37.3	37.1	36.1	$4.45	$4.35	$4.14
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$178.61	$189.15	$150.09	33.7	36.1	31.4	$5.30	$5.24	$4.78
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$368.07	$353.63	$326.76	43.1	41.8	42.0	$8.54	$8.46	$7.78
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$439.47	$407.25	$371.52	48.4	45.2	44.6	$9.08	$9.01	$8.33
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$301.50	$286.45	$276.86	44.8	43.6	43.6	$6.73	$6.57	$6.35
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$140.98	$141.75	$174.90	38.0	37.9	49.8	$3.71	$3.74	$3.51
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$272.85	$261.22	$231.63	45.4	44.2	42.5	$6.01	$5.91	$5.45
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$274.14	$291.64	$298.35	37.4	39.5	42.2	$7.33	$7.13	$7.07
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$242.30	$249.71	$217.33	37.8	39.7	37.6	$6.41	$6.29	$5.78
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$273.36	$279.84	$215.21	40.8	42.4	36.6	$6.70	$6.60	$5.88
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$237.29	$251.03	$237.44	38.9	41.7	45.4	$6.10	$6.02	$5.23
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$394.95	$369.72	$337.08	40.1	40.1	38.7	$9.85	$9.22	$8.71

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUL 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= JUL 80 PREV MO= JUN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUL 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA	CURR	PREV	CHYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.3	3.3	4.2	2.4	2.6	3.4	.6	.4	.4	3.4	3.4	3.9	2.0	1.8	2.7	.6	.8	.3
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.3	2.6	3.2	1.6	2.0	2.5	.4	.5	.5	2.6	2.5	3.1	1.2	1.1	1.8	.7	.7	.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	3.7	3.6	4.6	2.8	2.9	3.9	.7	.4	.4	3.8	3.8	4.3	2.3	2.1	3.1	.6	.8	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	6.0	6.4	6.5	4.6	5.4	5.2	1.1	.3	.2	5.6	5.3	5.1	3.5	2.9	4.1	.4	1.1	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.7	2.6	4.4	2.1	2.2	3.8	.5	.1	.3	2.9	3.5	4.2	1.8	1.8	3.1	.3	.7	.2
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	2.2	2.8	4.1	1.7	2.4	3.2	.1	.1	.3	3.1	3.8	4.9	1.8	2.5	3.4	.3	.1	.4
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	2.0	2.9	5.0	1.5	2.5	4.7	.3	.1	.2	3.1	3.6	4.6	1.8	2.1	3.7	.4	.3	.3
KNITTING MILL	422505	3.0	5.1	5.0	2.5	4.0	4.0	.3	.6	.6	3.2	3.9	4.4	1.5	2.5	3.3	.7	.2	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	3.8	1.3	4.6	2.7	1.1	4.3	1.0	.1	.2	2.2	3.3	4.4	1.7	1.2	3.5	.1	1.3	.2
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422605	2.9	2.9	4.0	2.5	2.7	3.7	.2	.1	.1	3.3	3.0	3.4	2.1	1.6	2.6	.1	.5	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	4.8	4.2	5.1	3.7	3.4	4.3	.8	.7	.7	4.6	4.2	4.9	3.2	2.8	3.7	.8	.7	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.8	5.2	3.2	3.0	4.3	.5	.6	.6	3.2	3.7	4.9	2.6	3.0	3.8	.1	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.8	5.3	4.8	4.1	4.2	3.7	1.6	1.0	.9	7.0	4.9	4.8	3.9	2.7	3.6	2.5	1.9	.5
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	4.1	4.4	4.1	2.9	3.3	3.7	1.1	1.0	.4	4.2	5.1	4.8	2.9	3.0	3.5	.1	1.2	.3
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	2.2	2.6	3.7	1.9	1.8	3.3	.2	.7	.3	9.0	3.9	3.7	2.1	2.3	2.3	5.5	1.0	.3
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	1.5	3.2	1.8	1.1	1.9	1.3	.3	1.0	.3	2.5	1.9	2.3	.8	.5	.9	1.1	.8	.5
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.3	3.6	1.2	1.0	1.2	.6	.3	1.8	.5	1.8	1.0	1.1	.5	.3	.6	.9	.5	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	1.4	2.3	3.1	1.1	2.0	2.4	.1	.3	.0	2.2	3.4	5.1	.6	.8	1.4	.8	1.7	.5
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	1.6	1.9	6.4	1.2	1.6	6.1	.3	.1	.2	6.3	3.3	5.6	2.4	2.0	4.5	3.5	1.0	.5
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.7	2.4	2.1	1.3	2.1	1.0	.1	.1	.2	1.7	2.6	2.1	.4	1.0	1.0	.1	.8	.3
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	4.1	4.3	10.8	3.7	4.1	9.8	.4	.1	1.0	7.5	6.0	5.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	.3	.5	.6
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	2.8	4.5	7.5	1.6	2.9	5.0	.4	1.0	2.0	3.2	2.4	5.9	1.5	1.2	3.5	.2	.3	1.2
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.1	1.2	.8	.9	1.0	.1	.1	.1	4.2	1.3	1.2	.8	.6	.6	2.9	.2	.0
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	4.0	3.0	3.8	3.0	2.1	3.1	.8	.7	.6	3.0	3.8	3.0	1.9	1.6	1.7	.2	1.5	.6
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	1.7	2.1	3.6	1.5	1.7	3.3	.1	.4	.3	2.1	2.5	2.2	1.6	.7	1.5	.0	1.2	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	2.3	2.6	2.7	1.1	2.3	1.8	.9	.1	.4	1.3	2.4	2.4	.7	1.2	1.1	.0	.7	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.5	2.2	1.1	1.2	1.3	.8	.2	.4	.1	.7	.9	2.2	.4	.4	.9	.0	.2	.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA'S EMPLOYMENT ROSE IN JULY DESPITE SEASONAL LOSSES

Total nonfarm wage and salary employment rose 1,600 over the month to a July estimate of 932,900. Increases were recorded by all major industry divisions except government. Manufacturing registered the largest gain and was confined to the transportation equipment industry. This increase was due to the recall of most of the work force at one automobile assembly plant. There were insignificant employment fluctuations among the other manufacturing industries in both durable and nondurable goods. The decline in government was due to summer furloughs for nonteaching personnel in state and local education.

Over the year, total nonfarm employment rose 5,400. All the gain was attributed to the nonmanufacturing industries. Manufacturing, both durable and nondurable goods, registered declines. Furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, and nonelectrical machinery in the durable goods industries and food and "other nondurables" in the nondurable goods category experienced the major decreases.

In the nonmanufacturing industries, services accounted for 60 percent of the annual increment. Business, medical and health, social, and automobile repair services recorded substantial growth during the year. Trade, primarily wholesale durable goods, advanced 2,300 although the retail sector experienced a decline. Banking contributed all the gain in the finance, insurance and real estate industries. Losses in contract construction and transportation, communication and public utilities were negligible.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

RECORDING TAPE FACTORY OPENS IN CONYERS

Japanese-owned Maxell American, Incorporated, opened its first U.S. manufacturing facility in Conyers in July. The Conyers plant, whose cost was not disclosed, is located on a 40-acre site and currently employs about 70 people. The company announced it had already made plans to double the size of the 55,000 square foot facility.

The company is a subsidiary of Osaka-based Hitachi Maxell Limited. Hitachi is a leading manufacturer and worldwide distributor of audio and video magnetic recording tape, floppy discs and data cassettes, and silver-oxide, micro alkaline and dry cell batteries.

TECHNOLOGY PARK PLANS EXPANSION

Technology Park/Atlanta plans to expand its existing 250-acre research and technically-oriented business park by almost 50 percent. The first project on the 118-acre addition will be a three million dollar, 50,000 square-foot facility for Tektronix, Incorporated, an Oregon-based manufacturer and distributor of measurement equipment and computer peripherals. Construction of this phase is to begin this fall.

SUN BELT STILL ATTRACTS MANUFACTURING PLANTS OF FOREIGN INVESTORS

During the second quarter of 1980, Georgia gained eight new foreign manufacturing plants. Along with North Carolina, Georgia led the nation in attracting foreign manufacturing companies. Based on Industry and Trade reports, there are more than 600 foreign investments in Georgia, including 168 manufacturing plants. In addition, foreign firms operate 183 sales offices, 81 regional sales headquarters and 68 warehouse and distribution facilities. Georgia is also the location of 73 foreign headquarters offices.

The United Kingdom accounts for the largest number of investments, 118; followed by Japan, 106; Canada, 100; Germany, 92; France, 44; and the Netherlands, 37. The rest are scattered among 16 other foreign countries.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	932.9	931.3	927.5	1.6	5.4
MANUFACTURING	300005	137.8	134.9	140.8	2.9	3.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	68.4	65.3	69.5	3.1	1.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.9	3.0	3.6	.1-	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.9	1.7	2.2	.2	.3-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.3	7.1	7.4	.2	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	5.0	5.1	4.9	.1-	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.4	7.3	8.4	.1	1.0-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.1	6.3	6.7	.2-	.6-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	9.8	9.8	8.9	.0	.9
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	23.5	20.3	23.1	3.2	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	359915	3.1	3.1	3.3	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	69.4	69.6	71.3	.2-	1.9-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.3	18.2	19.3	.1	1.0-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.0	5.0	5.2	.0	.2-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.3	2.8	3.4	.5	.1-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	7.0	7.0	7.3	.0	.3-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.8	3.8	4.0	.0	.2-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.6	1.6	1.6	.0	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.1	10.1	10.0	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.1	4.5	.1	.3-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.4	.0	.4
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.9	7.7	.0	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	14.7	14.9	14.4	.2-	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.3	6.3	5.9	.0	.4
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.4	6.6	6.7	.2-	.3-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	459915	5.1	4.9	5.9	.2	.8-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	795.1	796.5	786.7	1.4-	8.4
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	35.8	35.3	40.4	.5	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	85.6	85.4	85.7	.2	.1-
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.2	55.8	57.2	.4	1.0-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	258.0	257.9	255.7	.1	2.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.9	106.2	100.7	.3-	5.2
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	72.9	73.0	68.3	.1-	4.6
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	32.9	33.2	32.3	.3-	.6
RETAIL TRADE	652005	152.2	151.7	155.0	.5	2.8-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	65.4	64.5	64.6	.9	.8
FINANCE	760025	24.6	24.0	23.5	.6	1.1
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.2	25.3	24.9	.0	.4
SERVICES	800055	193.5	192.6	188.4	.9	5.1
GOVERNMENT	900008	152.8	156.7	151.9	3.9-	.9
FEDERAL	990011	30.5	31.1	31.7	.6-	1.2-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	122.2	125.6	120.2	3.4-	2.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	93.6	91.2	98.8	2.4	5.2-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	46.4	43.6	49.6	2.8	3.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.2	47.5	49.2	.3-	2.0-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	10.8	10.7	11.7	.1	.9-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.9	5.9	6.4	.0	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	4.0	.1-	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.8	2.8	2.6	.0	.2
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.3	3.0	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.0	5.8	.0	.2
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.9	3.2	3.4	.3-	.5-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.3	5.1	5.2	.2	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.1	3.3	3.2	.2-	.1-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.2	6.4	.0	1.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	3.6	3.8	4.3	.2-	.7-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	16.2	13.0	16.5	3.2	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$268.71	$257.24	$238.95	39.0	38.8	38.4	$6.89	$6.63	$6.22
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$308.03	$292.08	$273.08	38.7	39.1	38.9	$7.98	$7.47	$7.02
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$225.70	$225.23	$203.50	39.4	38.5	37.9	$5.83	$5.85	$5.38
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$200.01	$191.18	$173.89	36.3	34.2	35.2	$5.51	$5.59	$4.94
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$195.05	$187.88	$171.44	40.3	38.5	38.7	$4.84	$4.88	$4.43
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$150.87	$157.65	$152.95	32.1	33.4	36.6	$4.70	$4.72	$4.18
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$145.65	$152.78	$144.50	30.8	32.3	35.0	$4.73	$4.73	$4.14
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$157.93	$165.83	$168.07	32.1	33.3	37.6	$4.92	$4.98	$4.47
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$167.69	$155.35	$140.55	40.8	36.9	33.8	$4.11	$4.21	$4.17
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$258.34	$239.61	$158.42	41.6	41.1	29.5	$6.21	$5.83	$5.37
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$312.09	$294.37	$280.81	45.1	43.1	42.1	$6.92	$6.83	$6.67
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$289.22	$275.01	$282.48	41.2	39.4	44.0	$7.02	$6.98	$6.42
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$252.57	$240.12	$252.78	39.9	39.3	42.7	$6.33	$6.11	$5.92
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$254.64	$245.74	$253.00	40.1	39.7	46.0	$6.35	$6.19	$5.50
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$362.79	$357.28	$387.57	40.4	41.4	44.6	$8.98	$8.63	$8.69
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$264.75	$247.00	$208.23	35.3	35.0	33.0	$7.50	$7.08	$6.31
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$236.48	$249.49	$203.46	37.3	40.9	37.4	$6.34	$6.10	$5.44
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$411.95	$390.26	$373.84	38.5	38.0	38.5	$10.70	$10.27	$9.71

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

JUL 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= JUL 80 PREV MO= JUN 80 CURR MO YR AGO= JUL 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	NEW HIRE CURR	PREV	CMYA	RECALLS CURR	PREV	CMYA	SEPARATION RATES TOTAL CURR	PREV	CMYA	QUITS CURR	PREV	CMYA	LAYOFFS CURR	PREV	CMYA
L MANUFACTURING	300005	3.1	3.3	4.1	2.3	2.7	3.3	.6	.4	.5	3.1	3.0	3.6	1.7	1.7	2.0	.8	.5	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300075	2.7	2.6	3.7	1.9	2.2	2.8	.5	.3	.7	2.6	2.5	3.0	1.3	1.6	1.7	.8	.3	.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	3.8	4.1	4.6	3.0	3.4	3.9	.8	.5	.4	4.0	3.6	4.2	2.4	1.9	2.3	.6	.8	.7
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.1	4.1	3.0	2.3	3.0	2.2	1.7	.9	.5	2.1	4.2	2.1	.6	1.1	1.1	.7	2.4	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.5	4.0	4.7	2.4	3.7	4.1	.0	.2	.6	4.4	4.5	5.3	2.6	3.5	2.9	.5	.1	1.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	8.9	5.7	6.6	7.3	5.6	5.1	1.6	.1	.6	9.7	4.8	6.2	8.9	3.7	3.8	.3	.8	1.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	3.7	6.5	2.8	2.8	4.4	2.5	.8	1.9	.3	13.1	10.7	1.9	4.5	6.0	1.4	7.2	2.3	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.2	3.4	2.7	1.9	2.9	2.5	.2	.3	.1	2.5	2.6	5.1	1.6	1.2	2.0	.1	.1	.5
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.6	2.3	4.6	1.6	2.1	4.3	.0	.1	.2	5.7	1.9	4.6	1.3	1.4	2.8	3.9	.1	.9
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.2	4.0	3.2	.9	3.4	3.1	.0	.2	.0	1.5	3.1	3.4	.5	1.4	2.1	.1	.6	.1
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.7	.9	1.1	.6	.8	1.0	.0	.0	.0	5.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	.3	.5	3.7	.1	.0
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.3	1.8	3.8	2.1	1.7	3.7	.2	.1	.1	1.6	1.6	2.3	1.3	.9	1.6	.0	.1	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.9	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.2	.9	.3	.2	.1	.6	.6	2.0	.4	.4	.0	.0	.0	1.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

SMALL GAINS IN ALBANY NONMANUFACTURING

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area totaled 46,300 in July. The current esimate was up 200 from June and 2,200 from July 1979. Over the month, manufacturing declined 200 due to scattered losses within the division. Nonmanufacturing increased 300 due to gains in the construction industry.

Annually, manufacturing rose 200. Gains in the food and kindred products segment were partially offset by losses in "other nondurable goods". Nonmanufacturing was up 2,000 over the year with scattered gains in every nonmanufacturing segment except construction. Manufacturing, at 10,600, was down 200 over the month. Losses were recorded in both durable and nondurable goods.

Construction, at 3,900, was up 300 from June and down 400 from a year ago. Much of the increase was due to declining interest rates for home mortgages, but housing starts were still down from the previous year. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200 was unchanged over the month and up 200 from July 1979. Trade, at 10,200, was unchanged from June and up 700 from a year ago. The yearly increase was primarily in wholesale trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,300, was unchanged over the month and up 300 for the year. Services, at 6,600, was unchanged from the June estimate and up 300 from July 1979. Government, at 10,400, was unchanged over the month.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT CONTINUES DOWNWARD TREND

The downturn in employment continued its trend during the July reference week reflecting a total of 121,100 jobs, 200 less than the previous month. The most detrimental factor, however, was a growth of only 300 jobs over the year representing less than three-tenths of one percent increase. Economic uncertainties, lack of definitive direction among national leaders, consumer wariness - all were contributing factors in this relatively sluggish growth of jobs.

Losses in manufacturing, trade, and government outdistanced gains in construction, and services and mining, as well as transportation and public utilities. The annual increment of 300 jobs was recorded due to gains in government, services and mining, trade, and transportation and public utlities. These increases were somewhat offset by losses in manufacturing and construction.

Manufacturing, at 35,900, dropped 100 over the month. Losses were sustained by metals and machinery, "other durable goods," and textile mill products. The decrement in metals and machinery stemmed from less activity in lawn and garden equipment. The decline in "other durable goods" was precipitated by less business in electric and electronic measuring devices. The loss in textile mill products was confined mostly to broad woven goods as consumer wariness took its toll. Stone, clay and glass products rose 200, triggered in some measure by the recall of some workers laid off recently in glass manufacturing. "Other nondurable goods" climbed upward by 100 over the month with growth primarily in chemicals.

Over the year, manufacturing lost 600 jobs. Hard hit was stone, clay and glass, down 300 as building, which customarily uses those products, slowed. Metals and machinery declined 300 as most segments took a beating. "Other durable goods" dropped 200 due in part to limited activity in transportation manufacturing. Textile mill products slid downward 200 as consumers delayed purchases and high inventories coupled with unrestricted imports took their toll. Printing and publishing reported a loss of 100 as retailers limited their orders for commercial printing. "Other nondurable goods" ascended 500 with the increment distributed in chemicals, paper, and plastics.

Construction, at 600, rose 100 over the month because of more activity in road building. This division dropped 600 over the year because of completion of projects, spiraling interest rates, tight money, and other mitigating factors. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged over the month but rose 100 over the year with some increased activity in freight transportation. Trade, at 22,700, declined 100 resulting from less retail activity. This division was up 200 over the year with both retail and wholesale sharing equally in the rise. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, rose 100 over the month with more activity among financial institutions and developers. This division was unchanged over the year. Services and mining, at 16,500, escalated 200 over the month, triggered by more activity in hospitals, protective services, social services, and vehicle renting and leasing. This division was 700 over the year resulting from the opening of new establishments. Government, at 30,900, dropped 200 over the month as the public school system dropped nonteaching personnel from the payroll for the summer. Gains recorded in local government, government hospitals, state colleges and universities were nullified by the customary reduction aforementioned. Over the year this division rose 600 due in part to the expansion of the labor force of the Veterans Administration Medical Center.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington, (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS EMPLOYMENT DECLINES 600

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined from the June estimate by 600 workers leaving a total of 82,800. Over the year, employment dropped 400.

Manufacturing employment in July totaled 21,700, a decline of 200 from the June estimate. Losses in food and kindred products, in textile mill products, and in printing, publishing and allied industries contributed to the decline. Over the year, manufacturing had a net loss of 100 due to less business in stone, clay and glass products, "other durable goods," food and kindred products, textile mill products, and apparel. Metals and machinery and printing, publishing and allied industries had annual increases of 200 each.

Nonmanufacturing employment totaled 61,100 in July, a decline of 400 from June and one year ago. Losses were noted in all divisions except finance, insurance and real estate and state and local government. Contract construction employment, at 4,100, was 100 above last month's figure and 100 below last year's estimate. Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment diminished by 100 workers from each period of reference. Trade employment increased 100 from last month due to more business in the retail sector, while wholesale trade remained constant. Over the year, trade employment dropped by 1,200 workers due to widespread cut-backs caused by the state of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate, with 5,300 employed, gained 100 from the previous month and one year ago. The service industries, with employment of 11,600, was the same as the previous year and revealed an increase of 100 from last month. Government employment declined by 600 from June and currently stands at 20,200. The federal sector remained constant from last month and a year ago, while state and local government lost 600 workers due to vacationing nonprofessional school workers. Over the year, state and local government augmented employment by 1,000.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

MACON EMPLOYMENT RISES OVER THE MONTH AND YEAR

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,500 in July. The current preliminary estimate was up 200 from last month and down 500 from July 1979. During the month, manufacturing dropped 200 with small losses in durable and nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing rose 400 with gains in construction, finance, insurance, and real estate, and government being partially offset by a decline in trade.

Annually, manufacturing fell 500 with durable goods losing 200 and nondurable goods decreasing 300. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged with losses in construction, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate. Services and government advanced with transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services remaining unchanged.

Manufacturing at 15,500 was down 200 from June and down 500 from a year ago. During the month, durable goods declined 100 with a loss in lumber and wood products and a gain in stone, clay and glass products. Nonelectrical machinery and "other durable goods," were unchanged. Nondurable goods fell 100 with losses in textiles, apparel, and paper being partially offset by a seasonal gain in food. Chemicals and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged. Annually, durable goods declined 200 with losses in lumber and wood products and stone, clay and glass products being partially offset by a gain in "other durable goods." Nondurable goods registered a loss of 300 with declines in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods." Food and apparel recorded increases and chemicals remained unchanged.

Construction, at 4,200, was up 100 from last month and down 300 from a year ago. Most of the monthly gain was in general construction. Annually, general construction, heavy construction and special trades construction declined. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,900, was unchanged during the reporting periods. Trade, at 19,700, was down 300 from June and down 600 from July 1979. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in retail trade. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was up 100 from June and down 200 from a year ago. Most of the changes in all reporting periods was in real estate. Services, at 16,400, was unchanged from last month and up 500 from July 1979. Most of the annual increase was in private education and covered services. Government, at 16,400, was up 600 from June and up 600 from July 1979. During the month, federal government was unchanged and the state and local segment added 600. Summer youth programs accounted for most of the monthly gain. Annually, the federal segment rose 500 with part of the increase coming from temporary Census employees. The state and local segment advanced 100 during the year.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912)744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT UNCHANGED FROM JUNE

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA recorded no changes over the month. Total employment over the year was down 800.

Contract construction was down 800 from what it was in July 1979. General building construction showed some improvement over the past several months, though the total figures were still below year-ago figures. If the trend continues for several more months, this sector will be at about last year's figures. Heavy construction has shown a loss for every month this year, however, the losses have been small on a month to month basis. At the present time, this sector has approximately 200 employees less than it had last year. Special trade contractors have also shown losses accruing almost monthly. At the present time, this sector is approximately 500 less than it was a year ago. Prospects for construction in general appear to be improving. If the present trend continues it will be some time in 1981 before employment levels in this sector return to historical norms.

Manufacturing employment experienced some small changes over the month; however, the greater portion of the decline in this sector occurred over the year. Plywood and veneer products was down 200 over the year. This sector is closely allied to new construction, so no improvement is expected until construction picks up. Pulp and paper products was down slightly over the year. Improvement in this sector is expected to occur in line with the general economy. Transportation equipment assembly was down approximately 300 over the year. No improvement is expected for the balance of 1980. Until the general economy improves and interest rates decline, this sector will remain at its present level.

Nonmanufacturing employment is presently at its year-ago levels. Transportation picked up due to activity at the Port of Savannah. Retail trade was up with the new school year approaching.

Nonmanufacturing employment appears to be leveling off at last year's levels. This sector will probably continue to improve in line with the general economy.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart, (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	46.3	46.1	44.1	.2	2.2
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.6	10.8	10.4	.2-	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	1.9	2.0	2.0	.1-	.1-
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399515	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.7	8.8	8.4	.1-	.3
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.4	.5	.4	.1-	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	455515	4.3	4.3	4.6	.0	.3-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	35.7	35.4	33.7	.3	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	3.9	3.6	4.3	.3	.4-
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.0	.0	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.2	10.2	9.5	.0	.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.5	3.5	3.0	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.6	6.7	6.5	.1-	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.3	2.3	2.0	.0	.3
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.6	6.6	6.3	.0	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.4	10.4	9.6	.0	.8
FEDERAL	998011	3.0	3.1	2.8	.1-	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	993509	7.4	7.4	6.8	.0	.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LAICS STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.1	121.3	120.8	.2-	.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	35.9	36.0	36.5	.1-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.7	8.8	9.5	.1-	.8-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.4	3.2	3.6	.2	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.1	2.3	2.4	.2-	.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.6	2.7	.1-	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.2	27.3	27.0	.1-	.2
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.3	10.5	10.5	.2-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.7	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	11.0	10.9	10.5	.1	.5
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.3	85.2	84.3	.1	1.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.0	5.9	6.6	.1	.6-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.7	22.8	22.5	.1-	.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.4	4.4	4.3	.0	.1
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.3	18.3	18.2	.0	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.6	4.7	.1	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.5	16.3	15.8	.2	.7
GOVERNMENT	995008	30.9	31.1	30.3	.2-	.6
FEDERAL	998011	7.2	7.2	6.6	.0	.6
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	23.7	24.0	23.7	.3-	.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U S Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.8	83.4	83.2	.6-	.4-
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.7	21.9	21.8	.2-	.1-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.1	6.1	6.1	.0	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.7	4.5	.0	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399515	.2	.2	.3	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.6	15.8	15.7	.2-	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	9.1	9.2	9.2	.1-	.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.1	1.2	.9	.1-	.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499515	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.1	61.5	61.5	.4-	.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	4.0	4.2	.1	.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.5	3.6	3.6	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.5	16.4	17.7	.1	1.2-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.0	13.9	15.1	.1	1.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.2	5.2	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.6	11.5	11.6	.1	.0
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.2	20.8	19.1	.6-	1.1
FEDERAL	998011	5.8	5.8	5.8	.0	.0
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.4	15.0	13.4	.6-	1.0

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.5	95.3	96.0	.2	.5-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.5	15.7	16.0	.2-	.5-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.8	4.9	5.0	.1-	.2-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.7	.8	.1-	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.4	1.3	1.5	.1	.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.7	10.8	11.0	.1-	.3-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.1	2.8	2.8	.3	.3
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.3	1.5	1.8	.2-	.5-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.3	2.4	2.2	.1-	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.0	2.1	2.1	.1-	.1-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.7	1.7	1.8	.0	.1-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	80.0	79.6	80.0	.4	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.1	4.5	.1	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.9	4.9	4.9	.0	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	20.0	20.3	.3-	.6-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.5	5.8	.1	.2-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.4	16.4	15.9	.0	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	29.2	28.6	28.6	.6	.6
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.1	15.6	.0	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	13.1	12.5	13.0	.6	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YAGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.5	84.3	.0	.8-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.1	16.2	16.8	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	5.7	5.9	6.3	.2-	.6-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.0	1.1	1.3	.1-	.3-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.6	2.8	3.0	.2-	.4-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	2.1	.0	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.4	10.3	10.5	.1	.1-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.9	1.9	1.9	.0	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.8	4.8	5.0	.0	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.8	.7	.8	.1	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	455915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.4	67.3	67.5	.1	.1-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.2	4.3	5.0	.1-	.8-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	9.0	8.3	8.8	.7	.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	19.2	19.7	.5	.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.3	4.3	.0	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.3	14.9	15.4	.4	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.1	4.1	4.1	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.4	15.7	14.8	.3-	.6
GOVERNMENT	598008	15.0	15.7	15.1	.7-	.1-
FEDERAL	599011	2.7	2.6	2.5	.1	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	598509	12.3	13.1	12.6	.8-	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO JUL 1980	PREV MO JUN 1980	CUR MO YRGO JUL 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.7	12.2	.1-	.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.4	4.5	4.9	.1-	.5-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.2	7.1	7.3	.1	.1-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.9	1.0	.1-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.6	3.6	3.8	.0	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.2	.0	.2
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.8	1.9	2.1	.1-	.3-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

JULY

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO JUL 80	PRV MO JUN 80	CM YA JUL 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$312.57	$303.78	$288.40	41.4	41.5	41.2	$7.55	$7.32	$7.00
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$284.40	$289.05	$223.17	40.0	41.0	35.2	$7.11	$7.05	$6.34
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$329.94	$313.08	$332.50	42.3	41.8	45.3	$7.80	$7.49	$7.34
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$193.42	$181.74	$159.35	38.3	38.1	40.6	$5.05	$4.77	$4.91
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$393.71	$368.07	$386.23	43.6	43.1	46.2	$9.03	$8.54	$8.36
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$300.14	$292.81	$255.20	44.4	43.9	40.0	$6.76	$6.67	$6.38
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$354.04	$347.42	$296.10	44.2	43.7	42.3	$8.01	$7.95	$7.00

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Area and Employment	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Revised June 1980	July 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,434,292	2,431,828	2,346,534	2,464	87,758
Employed	2,248,267	2,246,277	2,222,126	1,990	26,141
Unemployed	186,025	185,551	124,408	474	61,617
Rate	7.6	7.6	5.3	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,970	52,890	49,335	80	3,635
Employed	48,643	48,326	46,256	317	2,387
Unemployed	4,327	4,564	3,079	-237	1,248
Rate	8.2	8.6	6.2	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	962,323	966,235	937,725	-3,912	24,598
Employed	904,455	901,975	895,127	2,480	9,328
Unemployed	57,868	64,260	42,598	-6,392	15,270
Rate	6.0	6.7	4.5	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,853	122,727	122,502	1,126	1,351
Employed	114,420	113,959	115,235	461	-815
Unemployed	9,433	8,768	7,267	665	2,166
Rate	7.6	7.1	5.9	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,455	87,582	86,622	-127	833
Employed	80,126	80,431	80,662	-305	-536
Unemployed	7,329	7,151	5,960	178	1,369
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.9	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	99,258	98,665	98,504	593	754
Employed	92,550	92,220	92,699	330	-149
Unemployed	6,708	6,445	5,805	263	903
Rate	6.8	6.5	5.9	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	88,026	87,972	87,063	54	963
Employed	81,626	81,350	81,977	276	-351
Unemployed	6,400	6,622	5,086	-222	1,314
Rate	7.3	7.5	5.8	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include: self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category. The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Change From Revised June 1980	Change From July 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,853	122,727	122,502	1,126	1,351
Employed	114,420	113,959	115,235	461	-815
Unemployed	9,433	8,768	7,267	665	2,166
Rate	7.6	7.1	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	83,298	82,467	81,320	831	1,978
Employed	77,063	76,893	76,509	170	554
Unemployed	6,235	5,574	4,811	661	1,424
Rate	7.5	6.8	5.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	40,555	40,260	41,182	295	-627
Employed	37,357	37,066	38,726	291	-1,369
Unemployed	3,198	3,194	2,456	4	742
Rate	7.9	7.9	6.0	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Change From Revised June 1980	Change From July 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,455	87,582	86,622	-127	833
Employed	80,126	80,431	80,662	-305	-536
Unemployed	7,329	7,151	5,960	178	1,369
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.9	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	69,127	69,862	68,848	-735	279
Employed	64,130	64,408	64,293	-278	-163
Unemployed	4,997	5,454	4,555	-457	442
Rate	7.2	7.8	6.6	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	18,328	17,720	17,774	608	554
Employed	15,996	16,023	16,369	-27	-373
Unemployed	2,332	1,697	1,405	635	927
Rate	12.7	9.6	7.9	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary July 1980	Revised June 1980	July 1979	Revised June 1980	July 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,434,292	2,431,828	2,346,534	2,464	87,758
Employed	2,248,267	2,246,277	2,222,126	1,990	26,141
Unemployed	186,025	185,551	124,408	474	61,617
Rate	7.6	7.6	5.3	xxx	xxx
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,404,228	1,408,201	1,370,530	-3,973	33,698
Employed	1,311,982	1,309,782	1,301,154	2,200	10,828
Unemployed	92,246	98,419	69,376	-6,173	22,870
Rate	6.6	7.0	5.1	xxx	xxx
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,030,064	1,023,627	976,004	6,437	54,060
Employed	936,285	936,495	920,972	-210	15,313
Unemployed	93,779	87,132	55,032	6,647	38,747
Rate	9.1	8.5	5.6	xxx	xxx

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business; (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted; (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost $287.02
Quantity 2,600

S 1905-1

ATLANTA
AUGUSTA
MACON
SAVANNAH
COLUMBUS
ALBANY

GEORGIA LABOR MARKET TRENDS

STATE AND STANDARD METROPOLITAN AREAS

SAM CALDWELL, COMMISSIONER OF LABOR

SEPTEMBER 1980

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT of LABOR

LABOR INFORMATION SYSTEMS

(August Data)

GEORGIA EMPLOYMENT IMPROVES IN AUGUST

Georgia employment rose to 2,127,700 in August. This total reflects a gain of 6,400 over July 1980 and an increase of 15,900 since August of 1979. Inspection of Georgia industries reveals that the majority of the employment rise was centered in the manufacturing sector.

Manufacturing divisions registered positive growth, with the exception of primary metals industries, which declined due to partial layoffs in nonferrous wire manufacturing and automobile manufacturing, and due to less business in steel works, rolling mills, and gum and wood chemicals manufacturing. Those divisions with sizable gains were nonelectrical machinery manufacturing, electric and electronic equipment manufacturing, food and kindred products manufacturing, textile mill products, and apparel and other textile products manufacturing.

It appears that some manufacturing industries are beginning to recover from the losses incurred by the recession. This is evident in the reopenings after partial shutdowns of industries such as farm machinery and equipment manufacturing, hoist, industrial cranes, and monorail systems manufacturing, switchgear and switchboard apparatus manufacturing, freezers and cold-packers of food specialties, broad woven fabric mills, tufted carpets and rugs manufacturing, and curtains and draperies manufacturing. There were also seasonal increments in canned fruits, vegetables, preserves, jams and jellies production, and rises attributed to more business in garden tractors and lawn and garden equipment manufacturing, construction machinery and equipment manufacturing, cookie and cracker manufacturing, candy manufacturing, knit underwear mills, tire cord and fabric manufacturing, cordage and twine manufacturing, men's, youths', and boys' clothing manufacturing, and women's, children's, and infants' underwear and nightwear manufacturing. Except for Savannah, the Georgia SMSA's employment dropped in August. These decreases were focused in manufacturing; therefore, the statewide gains in this sector are in the smaller industrialized areas that are not service-oriented.

Nonmanufacturing in Georgia also showed some improvement in August due to gains in trade and government. These increments were of a seasonal nature. Trade increased because of back-to-school sales anticipation in general merchandise stores and more business in auto parts wholesaling, grocery stores, restaurants, and construction materials wholesaling. The upswing in government employment was attributed to educational hiring in the local sector. Even with the increase, Georgia is still short 586 teachers, with 295 of these openings centered in special education. The shortage should not affect DeKalb, Fulton, Gwinnett, Fayette or Newton counties.

OCT 24 1980

In Cooperation With the U.S. Department of Labor – Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration

There were some declines in nonmanufacturing employment. Construction fell 500 because of less business in nonresidential construction and a strike by plumbing, heating, and air conditioning contractors. There was a slight downturn in services despite the business rises in cleaning and maintenance services, temporary help supply services, and hospitals. The decrease was caused by temporary layoffs in labor unions and similar labor organizations, and by less business in motion picture theaters, legal services, and engineering, architectural and surveying services.

The recession seems to be waning, but its effects are still felt, and it will take some recuperative time for Georgia's manufacturing industries to get back to full production. There will be some seasonal drops in employment for September in the trade and services sectors. This will occur as a result of students returning to school and leaving their summer jobs, but these sectors should begin to show an improvement as the holiday season approaches. The other sectors should reflect modest gains as recovery takes its course.

DUAL-MAKE DEALERSHIP FORMED

Neal Pope Ford Incorporated has acquired a franchise from the American Motors Corporation, enabling the dealership to offer both Ford and AMC products and service. It is the first dual dealership of its kind in Atlanta.

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT BEGUN

Hooker/Barnes has begun development of 140 acres near Stone Mountain. The development, to be known Bellingrath Estates, will have 5 to 10-acre home sites with prices ranging from $35,000 to 165,000.

CRIME KILLS MALL PLANS

Plans to build a $7 million factory outlet shopping mall near the Atlanta stadium were shelved by the Wilson & Savage Development Company of Memphis, Tennessee. The mall was to have been located on the property bounded by Capitol Avenue, Georgia Avenue, Washington Street and Love Street. The main reasons for the cancellation were the high crime reputation in the area, limited investment funds, and conceptual novelty.

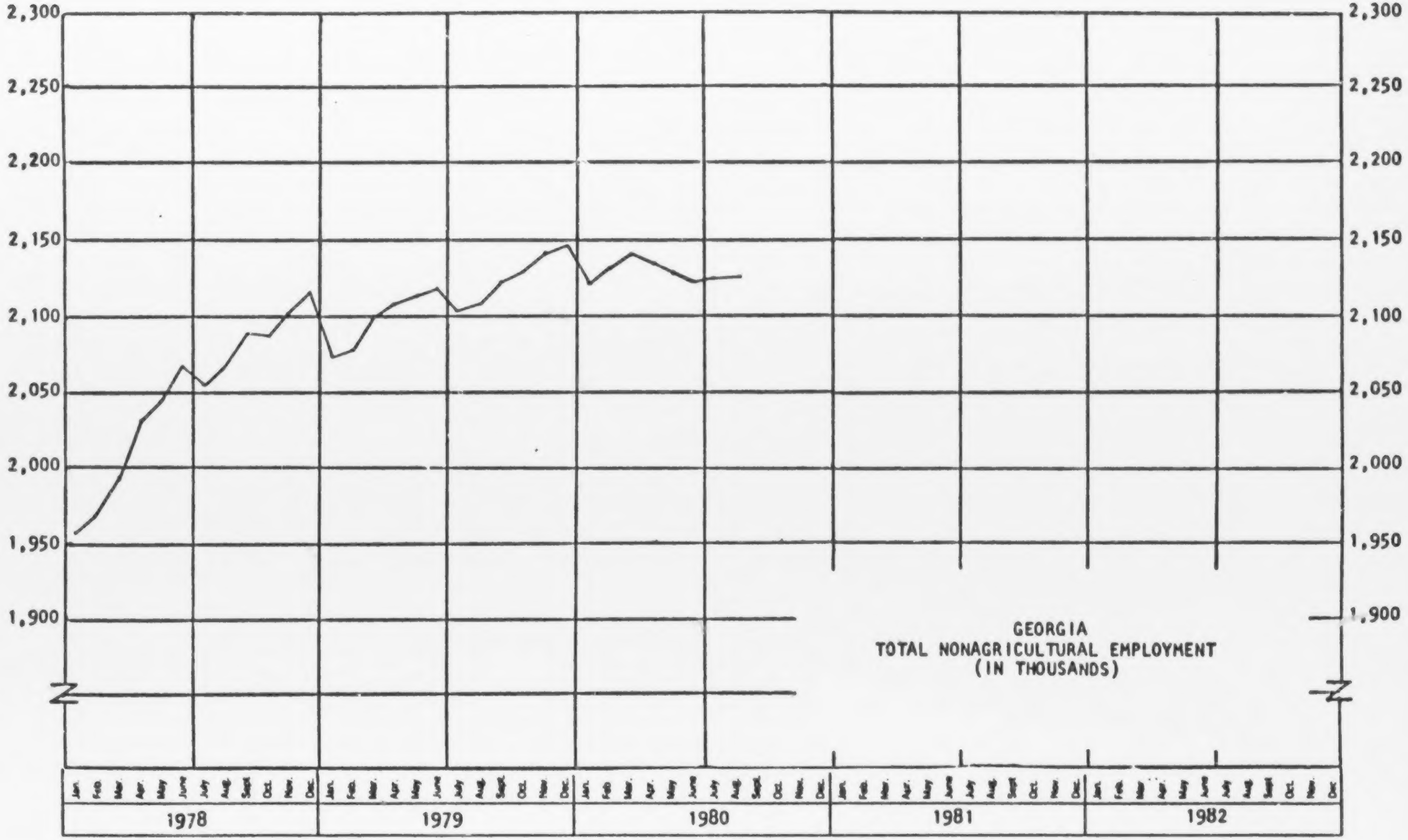
PLANT TO SHUT DOWN IN TOCCOA

American Standards Incorporated will close its WABCO earth-moving equipment manufacturing facility in Toccoa. The New York-based company said it will shut down the plant over the next six months, idling more than 200 people. The layoff will increase the already-high area unemployment rate.

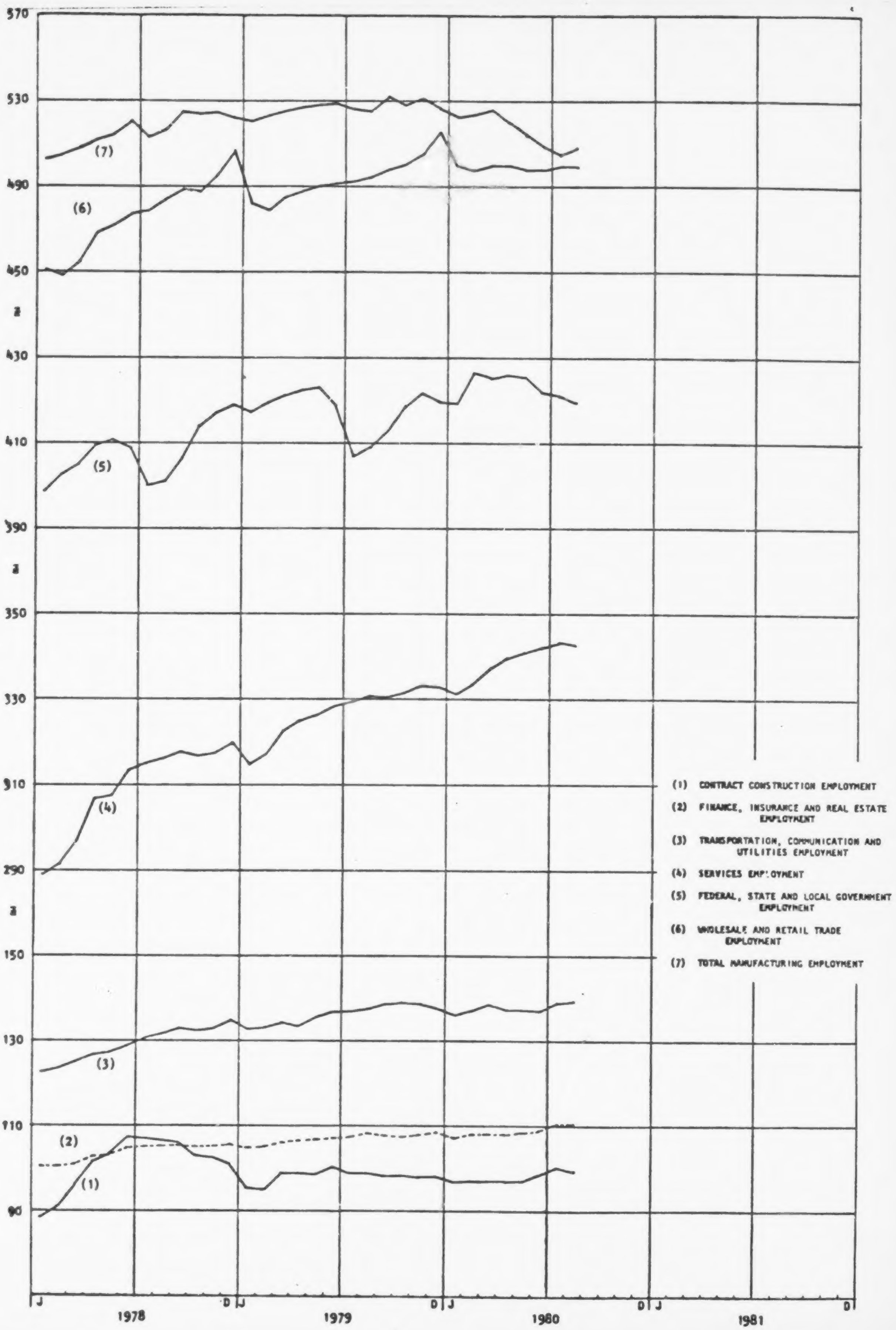
PROCESSING MACHINES PLANT TO OPEN

Cologne, West Germany-based, Humboldt-Wedag AG will open a $4.2 million plant in Shenandoah, Georgia, in October. The plant will manufacture processing machines, such as crushers and vibrating mills, for the chemical, pharmaceutical, cosmetic, and foodstuff industries. The factory occupies 42,000 square feet, is located 50 miles southwest of Atlanta, and will employ 50 people.

Note: Georgia narrative written by Ron Vaughn, Statistical Analyst, (404) 656-3146.



GEORGIA
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT
(IN THOUSANDS)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(1) CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT
(2) FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE EMPLOYMENT
(3) TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION AND UTILITIES EMPLOYMENT
(4) SERVICES EMPLOYMENT
(5) FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT
(6) WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE EMPLOYMENT
(7) TOTAL MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT
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GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS	
					PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	2,127.7	2,121.3	2,111.8	6.4	15.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	508.0	503.0	525.6	5.0	17.6-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	175.6	175.4	179.3	.2	3.7-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	29.5	29.2	31.1	.3	1.6-
LOGGING CAMPS, SAWMILLS AND PLANING MILLS	324195	15.3	15.3	16.0	.0	.7-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.9	8.7	9.9	.2	1.0-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	6.4	6.3	7.3	.1	.9-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	18.2	18.0	18.7	.2	.5-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	15.8	16.1	16.6	.3-	.8-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	20.3	20.0	20.9	.3	.6-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	21.7	21.2	21.6	.5	.1
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	19.5	19.0	18.4	.5	1.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	30.7	32.5	30.3	1.8-	.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	11.0	10.7	11.9	.3	.9-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	332.5	327.6	346.3	4.9	13.8-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	59.1	58.1	59.9	1.0	.8-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	21.4	21.7	21.4	.3-	.0
POULTRY DRESSING AND POULTRY PROCESSING	420185	15.5	15.8	15.5	.3-	.0
DAIRY PRODUCTS	420205	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	9.4	9.1	9.2	.3	.2
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	113.2	111.3	123.3	1.9	10.1-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	27.8	27.9	29.5	.1-	1.7-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	4.4	4.3	5.1	.1	.7-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	9.3	9.2	8.7	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	29.6	29.0	33.9	.6	4.3-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	22.6	21.4	25.7	1.2	3.1-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	75.3	74.4	75.0	.9	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	40.9	40.6	40.5	.3	.4
WOMENS AND CHOLDRENS CLOTHING	423335	23.0	22.8	22.9	.2	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	28.0	27.9	28.0	.1	.0
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	13.7	13.7	13.7	.0	.0
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	6.5	6.5	6.7	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	23.3	23.0	23.0	.3	.3
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	8.2	8.0	7.9	.2	.3
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	16.1	16.2	16.1	.1-	.0
AGRICULTURAL CHEMICALS	428705	2.5	2.6	2.4	.1-	.1
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.3	2.3	2.5	.0	.2-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	15.2	14.5	18.6	.7	3.4-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	1,619.7	1,618.3	1,586.2	1.4	33.5
MINING	100005	7.5	7.6	7.8	.1-	.3-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	99.8	100.3	98.9	.5-	.9
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	139.7	139.5	137.5	.2	2.2
TRANSPORTATION	500015	83.5	83.5	82.9	.0	.6
COMMUNICATION (EXCL U S POSTAL SERVICE)	548005	35.7	35.6	34.6	.1	1.1
ELECTRIC, GAS AND SANITARY SERVICE	549005	20.4	20.4	20.0	.0	.4
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	499.7	499.3	494.1	.4	5.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	158.8	158.6	157.8	.2	1.0
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	98.9	98.3	96.9	.6	2.0
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	59.8	60.3	60.9	.5-	1.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	341.0	340.7	336.3	.3	4.7
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	110.5	110.5	108.2	.0	2.3
FINANCE	760025	47.6	47.5	46.4	.1	1.2
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	39.9	39.9	39.4	.0	.5
REAL ESTATE	765075	23.0	23.1	22.4	.1-	.6
SERVICES	800005	342.6	342.8	330.4	.2-	12.2
GOVERNMENT	998008	419.8	418.4	409.3	1.4	10.5
FEDERAL	998011	85.1	85.3	82.2	.2-	2.9
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	334.7	333.1	327.1	1.6	7.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	388.7	385.4	407.6	3.4	18.9-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	129.6	130.0	135.7	.4-	6.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	259.1	255.3	271.9	3.8	12.8-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	41.9	40.9	42.7	.9-	.8-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	96.9	95.1	105.2	1.9	8.2-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	24.9	24.9	26.5	.0	1.6-
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	3.8	3.6	4.3	.2	.5-
KNITTING MILLS	422505	7.7	7.6	7.1	.1	.6
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	26.0	25.4	29.0	.6	3.0-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	19.8	18.8	22.5	1.0	2.7-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	63.6	63.0	63.4	.6	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	35.3	35.0	34.9	.3	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	18.6	18.5	18.6	.1	.0
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	23.6	23.5	25.3	.1	1.7-
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	8.0	8.0	8.7	.0	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	21.4	21.6	21.8	.2-	.4-
PULP, PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	10.3	10.5	10.5	.2-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	9.2	9.6	9.5	.4-	.3-
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	1.9	2.2	.1	.2-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	14.7	14.6	15.0	.1	.3-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	11.2	11.5	12.1	.3-	.9-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	16.2	15.7	17.1	.5	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	14.4	14.2	14.7	.2	.3-
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	12.0	11.5	11.9	.5	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.3	22.0	20.8	1.7-	.5-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$230.26	$225.01	$208.30	39.7	39.2	39.6	$5.80	$5.74	$5.26
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$259.43	$254.63	$222.91	40.6	39.6	38.7	$6.39	$6.43	$5.76
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$215.76	$209.82	$201.70	39.3	39.0	40.1	$5.49	$5.38	$5.03
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$223.91	$226.24	$192.61	39.7	40.4	37.4	$5.64	$5.60	$5.15
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$200.09	$185.96	$198.52	39.7	38.5	42.6	$5.04	$4.83	$4.66
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	$211.04	$192.38	$219.73	39.3	38.4	44.3	$5.37	$5.01	$4.96
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETICS	422205	$229.34	$236.07	$230.40	41.1	43.0	45.0	$5.58	$5.49	$5.12
KNITTING MILLS	422505	$161.60	$145.33	$189.91	39.9	36.7	48.2	$4.05	$3.96	$3.94
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	$187.86	$178.70	$184.61	39.8	37.7	41.3	$4.72	$4.74	$4.47
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	$211.34	$192.38	$189.27	39.8	38.4	40.1	$5.31	$5.01	$4.72
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$144.59	$142.09	$137.96	35.7	35.7	36.4	$4.05	$3.98	$3.79
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$141.75	$141.91	$135.34	35.0	35.3	35.9	$4.05	$4.02	$3.77
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$143.75	$138.90	$131.83	36.3	35.8	34.6	$3.96	$3.88	$3.81
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$169.40	$165.00	$153.82	38.5	37.5	36.8	$4.40	$4.40	$4.18
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	$193.04	$174.90	$172.13	36.7	33.7	35.2	$5.26	$5.19	$4.89
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$364.59	$365.94	$328.97	42.1	42.9	41.8	$8.66	$8.53	$7.87
PULP,PAPER AND PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	$428.73	$439.47	$379.50	46.1	48.4	44.7	$9.30	$9.08	$8.49
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$320.60	$304.18	$289.72	45.8	45.4	44.3	$7.00	$6.70	$6.54
LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	$142.50	$143.25	$177.99	37.6	38.2	51.0	$3.79	$3.75	$3.49
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$278.61	$271.04	$234.35	45.9	45.4	43.0	$6.07	$5.97	$5.45
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$288.36	$285.02	$297.77	40.5	40.2	41.3	$7.12	$7.09	$7.21
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$243.39	$236.46	$218.01	40.7	38.7	39.0	$5.98	$6.11	$5.59
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$277.12	$271.67	$217.34	41.3	41.1	36.9	$6.71	$6.61	$5.89
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	$248.82	$240.69	$235.52	39.0	39.2	46.0	$6.38	$6.14	$5.12
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$396.20	$393.78	$297,90	41.1	40.1	34.4	$9.64	$9.82	$8.66

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

AUG 80 MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-10M)

GEORGIA CURR MO= AUG 80 PREV MO= JUL 80 CURR MO YR AGO= AUG 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.7	3.4	5.0	2.8	2.5	4.3	.5	.6	.4	3.7	3.6	5.3	2.4	2.1	3.7	.4	.7	.6
DURABLE GOODS	300025	2.8	2.4	4.1	1.9	1.6	3.5	.6	.6	.4	2.5	2.9	4.6	1.4	1.4	2.4	.2	.9	1.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	4.0	3.8	5.3	3.1	2.9	4.6	.5	.7	.4	4.1	3.8	5.6	2.7	2.3	4.2	.4	.6	.3
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	7.0	5.7	6.6	4.7	4.3	5.8	.9	.8	.1	5.8	5.0	6.0	4.0	3.2	4.3	.3	.3	.3
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	2.8	2.9	5.4	2.4	2.2	4.7	.3	.5	.3	3.5	3.1	5.7	2.2	2.0	4.3	.5	.3	.3
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.1	3.0	5.9	2.7	2.5	4.7	.3	.1	.3	3.9	3.8	5.9	2.3	2.6	4.0	.4	.2	.3
WEAVING MILLS, SYNTHETIC	422205	1.5	1.8	5.9	1.2	1.4	5.4	.2	.3	.3	3.1	3.0	5.6	1.9	1.7	4.6	.7	.4	.2
KNITTING MILL	422505	4.1	3.1	5.0	3.9	2.7	4.3	.1	.3	.5	4.1	3.4	5.5	2.8	1.6	4.3	.6	.7	.0
FLOOR COVERING MILLS	422705	2.9	3.4	5.7	2.4	2.2	5.5	.4	1.1	.1	2.7	2.4	7.6	1.9	1.7	6.3	.3	.2	.4
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	2.8	3.1	4.6	2.7	2.7	4.0	.1	.2	.2	4.1	3.4	4.6	2.9	2.4	3.4	.4	.1	.0
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	5.0	5.0	6.3	4.0	4.1	5.1	.8	.8	.8	4.7	4.8	6.4	3.6	3.3	5.1	.2	.8	.3
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.8	4.2	6.1	3.9	3.6	4.9	.6	.5	.8	4.5	3.7	6.6	3.9	3.1	5.4	.1	.1	.4
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	5.3	5.9	6.1	3.9	4.3	4.7	1.3	1.4	1.0	5.2	7.1	6.0	3.4	3.8	4.7	.5	2.3	.4
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	5.1	4.4	4.3	3.9	3.3	4.0	.8	1.0	.2	7.3	6.2	5.7	4.8	3.3	3.8	1.0	1.8	.8
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	4.7	2.4	4.3	4.1	2.0	3.8	.6	.3	.2	5.1	8.6	5.3	2.7	2.7	4.3	1.9	4.6	.1
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.5	.4	.3	.2	2.5	2.3	2.9	1.3	.8	1.7	.3	1.1	.3
PULP, PAPER & PAPERBOARD MILLS	426135	1.9	1.2	1.2	1.2	.9	.9	.7	.3	.3	1.5	1.6	2.6	.9	.5	1.7	.4	.8	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXE	426505	2.2	1.3	3.1	2.0	1.0	2.9	.0	.1	.1	2.4	2.0	3.8	1.6	.6	1.9	.3	.7	.5
PRINTING, PUBLISHING & ALLIED IN	427005	5.5	2.7	7.4	4.1	1.5	6.9	1.2	1.1	.2	3.5	5.2	7.4	1.9	1.8	5.9	.3	2.9	.8
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.2	1.3	1.8	.1	.0	.1	2.5	1.8	3.0	.8	.7	1.5	.5	.1	.4
LEATHER & LEATHER PRODUCTS	431005	2.0	5.4	7.5	1.7	4.3	6.3	.3	1.0	1.2	5.8	7.4	8.7	2.8	3.5	6.5	.0	.2	1.2
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	4.8	3.1	8.3	2.7	2.6	5.6	.4	.1	1.9	5.5	4.2	6.7	2.1	2.3	5.0	.5	.4	.3
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	1.1	1.1	2.1	.8	.8	1.9	.1	.1	.0	1.6	4.5	1.1	.8	.8	.5	.2	3.2	.1
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	3.7	3.8	3.9	2.4	2.8	3.4	1.1	.8	.3	3.1	3.0	4.1	2.2	1.8	2.4	.3	.4	.7
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	1.6	4.4	1.3	1.5	4.0	.7	.1	.4	3.6	2.2	3.3	1.8	1.6	2.4	.4	.1	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMEN	336005	3.6	2.2	5.1	2.7	.8	4.5	.6	1.2	.2	1.7	1.6	3.1	.8	.8	2.1	.0	.2	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.3	1.1	1.9	.2	.6	.2	.8	.6	6.5	.5	.4	1.2	.1	.0	4.6

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by reports submitted by selected employers throughout Georgia. Turnover rates represent number per 100 employees.

ATLANTA AREA EMPLOYMENT DIPS 1,700 IN AUGUST

Nonfarm employment estimated at 927,600 for the Atlanta area was 1,700 less than the previous month but was 2,300 above the same month last year. Manufacturing and service industries declined 1,500 each over the month, partially offset by an increase of 1,300 in government.

Transportation equipment production in the durable goods sector of manufacturing accounted for the major portion of the employment decline. The loss was due to a temporary partial shutdown of one large automobile assembly plant. Nonelectrical machinery rose 500 with the return to normal operation by firms making farm and garden tractors and machinery, following temporary partial layoffs. Primary metal industries declined 300, caused by partial layoffs by companies engaged in drawing and insulating nonferrous wire.

Nondurable goods manufacturing rose 1,000 during the month. Food and kindred products and printing and publishing industries contributed to most of the gain. The 500 increase in food products industries was due to the return to normal operation by a firm engaged in freezing and cold packing food specialties. More business in sausages and other prepared meat products, bakeries (cookies and crackers) and bottled and canned soft drinks caused small gains in the food industry.

Nonmanufacturing was down only 200 for the month. However, a substantial decline in services, 1,500, was almost equaled by a gain of 1,300 in government. Contract construction continued the minor up and down monthly fluctuation. Transportation, trade and finance, insurance and real estate experienced little change for the month. Almost one-half (48%) of the decline in services was in private education, while government gains were confined to state education and local government.

From one year ago, nonfarm employment rose 2,300. Manufacturing declined 2,400, while nonmanufacturing rose 4,700. Among the manufacturing industries, the larger losses occurred in furniture and fixtures, fabricated metal products, food, textile and "other nondurables." Transportation equipment and printing and publishing recorded substantial increases for the year.

From a year ago contract construction (down 2,100) was the only major industry division in the nonmanufacturing category to experience a decline. Services (up 3,500) recorded the largest gain over the same period.

Note: Narrative written by Atlanta Area Analyst, Wendell N. Moss, (404) 656-5856.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980 MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	927.6	929.3	925.3	1.7-	2.3
MANUFACTURING	300005	136.0	137.5	138.4	1.5-	2.4-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	66.0	68.5	66.5	2.5-	.5-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	3.4	3.4	3.2	.0	.2
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.9	2.9	3.6	.0	.7-
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE	325105	1.7	1.8	2.2	.1-	.5-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	7.4	7.3	7.6	.1	.2-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	4.7	5.0	5.0	.3-	.3-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	7.4	7.4	8.3	.0	.9-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	6.6	6.1	6.6	.5	.0
ELECTRIC AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	336005	10.0	9.9	9.4	.1	.6
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	20.7	23.5	19.6	2.8-	1.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	3.0	3.1	3.4	.1-	.4-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	70.0	69.0	71.9	1.0	1.9-
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	18.6	18.1	19.5	.5	.9-
MEAT PRODUCTS	420105	5.1	4.9	5.2	.2	.1-
BAKERY PRODUCTS	420505	3.2	3.1	3.5	.1	.3-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	6.8	7.0	7.7	.2-	.9-
WEAVING MILLS, COTTON	422105	3.7	3.8	4.1	.1-	.4-
YARN AND THREAD MILLS	422805	1.5	1.6	1.7	.1-	.2-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	10.2	10.1	10.0	.1	.2
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	4.2	4.2	4.4	.0	.2-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	3.8	3.8	3.3	.0	.5
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	7.9	7.9	7.6	.0	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	4.1	4.1	4.0	.0	.1
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	15.0	14.6	14.5	.4	.5
COMMERCIAL PRINTING	427505	6.4	6.2	5.8	.2	.6
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	6.6	6.4	6.7	.2	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	5.0	4.9	5.9	.1	.9-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	791.6	791.8	786.9	.2-	4.7
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	39.6	39.9	41.7	.3-	2.1-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	86.4	86.0	85.5	.4	.9
TRANSPORTATION	500015	56.6	56.2	56.8	.4	.2-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	257.4	257.3	255.8	.1	1.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	105.6	105.4	100.8	.2	4.8
WHOLESALE TRADE DURABLE GOODS	650015	73.0	72.6	68.6	.4	4.4
WHOLESALE TRADE NONDURABLE GOODS	651005	32.7	32.7	32.2	.0	.5
RETAIL TRADE	652005	151.7	152.0	155.1	.3-	3.4-

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	700005	65.2	65.5	64.8	.3-	.4
FINANCE	760025	24.6	24.5	23.5	.1	1.1
INSURANCE CARRIERS, AGENTS AND BROKERS	763045	25.3	25.5	25.1	.2-	.2
SERVICES	800055	191.2	192.7	187.7	1.5-	3.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	151.7	150.4	151.3	1.3	.4
FEDERAL	998011	30.5	30.6	31.1	.1-	.6-
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	121.2	119.9	120.3	1.3	.9

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	92.0	93.3	95.8	1.3-	3.8-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	44.3	46.4	46.5	2.1-	2.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	47.7	46.8	49.3	.9	1.6-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	11.3	10.7	11.7	.6	.4-
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	5.7	5.8	6.5	.1-	.8-
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	8.3	8.3	8.2	.0	.1
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	3.8	3.9	3.9	.1-	.1-
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	2.9	2.8	2.6	.1	.3
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	2.8	2.8	2.8	.0	.0
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	2.3	2.2	3.0	.1	.7-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	6.0	6.0	5.7	.0	.3
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS AND BOXES	426505	2.9	2.9	2.8	.0	.1
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	3.0	2.9	3.3	.1	.3-
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	5.4	5.3	5.5	.1	.1-
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	3.0	3.1	3.3	.1-	.3-
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	5.2	5.2	6.3	.0	1.1-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	4.1	3.6	4.2	.5	.1-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	13.3	16.2	12.9	2.9-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING		
		CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$267.03	$266.56	$232.64	38.7	38.8	38.2	$6.90	$6.87	$6.09
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$303.02	$305.33	$257.09	39.2	38.6	38.2	$7.73	$7.91	$6.73
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$231.27	$228.15	$209.17	38.1	39.0	38.1	$6.07	$5.85	$5.49
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	$201.00	$207.20	$184.40	33.5	37.0	36.3	$6.00	$5.60	$5.08
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	$170.69	$185.96	$176.24	33.8	38.5	37.9	$5.05	$4.83	$4.65
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	$158.93	$148.68	$152.64	33.6	31.5	36.0	$4.73	$4.72	$4.24
MENS AND BOYS CLOTHING	423175	$155.35	$145.68	$150.50	32.5	30.8	35.0	$4.78	$4.73	$4.30
WOMENS AND CHILDRENS CLOTHING	423335	$163.18	$150.89	$158.42	33.1	30.3	35.6	$4.93	$4.98	$4.45
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$178.70	$167.69	$157.68	39.6	40.8	36.5	$4.49	$4.11	$4.32
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	325005	$235.01	$225.59	$187.96	40.8	38.3	34.3	$5.76	$5.89	$5.48
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$321.09	$312.09	$286.90	46.2	45.1	41.7	$6.95	$6.92	$6.88
PAPERBOARD CONTAINERS & BOXES	426505	$318.62	$289.22	$265.82	44.5	41.2	41.6	$7.16	$7.02	$6.39
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$260.95	$252.57	$250.84	39.3	39.9	42.3	$6.64	$6.33	$5.93
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	$245.12	$241.74	$241.29	39.6	39.7	4[illegible].6	$6.19	$6.19	$5.41
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	$364.56	$357.21	$423.56	42.0	40.5	45.3	$8.68	$8.82	$9.35
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	334005	$266.85	$264.75	$208.55	34.3	35.3	33.8	$7.78	$7.50	$6.17
MACHINERY,EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	$252.96	$236.37	$211.80	40.8	37.4	38.3	$6.20	$6.32	$5.53
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$421.40	$411.95	$322.85	39.2	38.5	33.7	$10.75	$10.70	$9.58

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTICS SYSTEM

AUG 80

MONTHLY REPORT ON LABOR TURNOVER RATES(LT-109)

GEORGIA
ATLANTA

CURR MO= AUG 80 PREV MO= JUL 80 CURR MO YR AGO= AUG 79

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	ACCESSION RATES									SEPARATION RATES								
		TOTAL			NEW HIRE			RECALLS			TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
		CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA	CURR	PREV	CMYA
ALL MANUFACTURING	300005	3.6	3.4	4.9	2.7	2.4	4.1	.6	.8	.4	3.2	3.4	5.4	2.0	1.8	2.9	.4	.9	1.5
DURABLE GOODS	300075	3.2	2.8	4.8	2.2	1.8	4.0	.5	.7	.4	2.3	2.7	6.1	1.4	1.3	2.6	.3	.9	2.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	400095	4.1	4.0	4.9	3.1	3.1	4.2	.7	.9	.4	4.2	4.2	4.7	2.6	2.3	3.2	.4	.9	.4
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:																			
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	4.5	4.5	2.8	1.7	2.7	2.5	2.4	1.7	.0	3.1	2.4	2.0	2.0	.9	.9	.3	.6	.5
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	4.0	7.1	1.4	3.8	6.6	.0	.2	.5	5.1	4.6	6.2	2.5	3.4	4.6	1.6	.2	.1
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUC	423005	6.3	8.3	9.2	6.0	6.7	6.3	.3	1.6	2.0	7.9	8.8	8.4	7.3	8.1	6.4	.3	.3	.3
FURNITURE AND FIXTURES	325005	5.8	3.7	10.4	4.6	2.8	8.7	1.2	.8	1.7	7.9	13.1	7.7	3.0	4.6	7.3	4.6	7.2	.0
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.4	2.1	3.3	2.2	1.8	3.2	.0	.2	.1	3.8	2.3	4.1	2.3	1.5	2.4	.2	.1	.5
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	5.2	2.3	3.6	4.0	1.7	2.6	1.0	.6	.4	3.5	5.5	4.3	1.9	1.4	2.3	.3	3.3	1.0
CHEMICALS & ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.6	2.5	3.9	2.5	2.4	3.8	.0	.0	.0	3.1	2.7	5.2	1.1	1.3	2.8	.1	.0	.0
PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES	333005	.6	.7	2.3	.5	.6	2.2	.0	.0	.0	1.0	5.7	1.3	.5	1.0	.8	.0	4.4	.1
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	2.1	2.2	3.9	1.6	2.0	3.9	.4	.2	.0	3.2	1.6	3.6	2.1	1.2	2.4	.0	.0	.0
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	1.6	2.3	1.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	.1	.8	.2	.4	.5	11.6	.3	.3	.5	.0	.0	10.8

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Atlanta area, which includes Butts, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry, Newton, Paulding, Rockdale and Walton Counties. Turnover rates represent estimated number per 100 employees.

ALBANY EMPLOYMENT UP 1,900 FROM 1979

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Albany area was estimated at 46,000 in August. This was a decline of 300 from July and represented an increase of 1,900 from a year ago. Monthly losses were recorded in both the manufacturing and nonmanufacturing divisions.

Manufacturing, at 10,500, was down 100 over the month and unchanged for the year. Monthly declines were recorded in metals and machinery, as well as in chemicals. Over the year, losses in metals and machinery and "other nondurable goods" were offset by gains in the food products industry.

Contract construction, at 4,100, was up 200 for the month and unchanged over the year. Most of the gains in the industry over the past several months have been seasonal in nature. Transportation, communications and utilities, at 2,200, was unchanged for the month and up 100 from the previous year. Trade, at 10,100, declined slightly over the month while increasing 600 for the year. The yearly increment was primarily in the wholesale trade segment. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 2,400, was up 100 for the month and 400 over the year. Services, at 6,800, was also up over the month and year. Government, at 7,000, declined by 300 over the month while increasing 400 from a year ago. Most of the fluctuation was in the state and local sector.

Note: Narrative written by Albany Area Analyst, W. David Wilson, (912) 439-4176.

AUGUSTA EMPLOYMENT DROPS 300

The employment for the Augusta area dropped to 121,000, a decline of 300 from the preceding month. Only 500 jobs were gained over the year, leaving the economic situation precarious.

Losses sustained in manufacturing, trade, government, and services and mining wiped out a moderate increase in construction. The annual rise of 500 jobs was attributable to gains recorded in trade, services and mining, government, and transportation and public utilities, which outdistanced the losses reported in manufacturing and construction.

Manufacturing, at 35,700, dropped 100 over the month. A loss recorded in stone, clay and glass manufacturing, triggered by decreased business in structural clay products and glass fiber, overcame a moderate gain in textiles precipitated by an increase in broad woven goods.

Annually, manufacturing declined 700. Losers were stone, clay and glass products, metals and machinery, "other durable goods," and printing and publishing. The loss in stone, clay and glass products apparently stems from a lack of construction activity. "Other durable goods" declined partly because of less activity in transportation equipment. The increment in "other nondurable goods" was triggered by more activity in chemicals, while textiles was stimulated moderately resulting from more broad woven goods.

Construction, at 6,200, rose 100 over the month with more activity in building and special trades. This division dropped 400 annually as projects were completed. Transportation and public utilities, at 4,500, was unchanged but rose 100 over the year with scattered increments. Trade, at 22,500, droped 200 because of high inventories and consumer wariness. This division rose 100 over the year with slightly more activity in wholesale business. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 4,700, remained stagnated over the month and over the year. Services and mining, at 16,300, droppped 100 over the month due to less activity among hotels and motels, and cleaning and maintenance services. This division was up 500 from a year ago, resulting from the opening of new establishments. Government, at 31,000, declined 100 over the month because of less activity among state colleges, public health, and education and local government. This division rose 700 over the year because of more business in the federal sector.

OUTLOOK

A mixed bag awaits the public during the remainder of the year. Soaring interest rates could plunge the economy into an extremely deep recession. Much hinges on the November elections. Once the elections are over, two quarters into the new year (1981) should see some improvement. With the advent of spring, some recovery will take place and, should interest rates be lowered, a marked change will appear. Over the next few months, construction will pick up steam as construction of the W. F. Hall product gets underway. Trade will improve moderately from back to school sales; however, the main season will be November 1 through January 15. Manufacturing will begin its turnaround later this year and make significant progress after the inauguration in January. Government will decline in the federal sector as supportive services gain through contractual arrangements that have been executed. A positive approach with a chartered and clearly marked path will bring about stabilization and more economic certainty, barring an unforeseen energy problem.

Note: Narrative written by Augusta Area Analyst, Jack Herrington (404) 828-3131.

COLUMBUS MANUFACTURING REFLECTS MONTHLY SLOWDOWN

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment declined to 82,200 during mid-August. This was a loss of 300 from last month and a decline of 1,500 from August, 1979. The monthly slowdown was in the manufacturing sector while the annual loss was shared by manufacturing and nonmanufacturing groups.

Employment in the manufacturing industries, at 21,100, was 300 less than last month's estimate as the metals and machinery group and the textile mill products group revealed dips in employment. These losses were greater than the gains accomplished in other manufacturing areas. Over the year, declines amounted to 1,500 workers and were almost equally divided between manufacturing and nonmanufacturing. In the manufacturing sector, losses were noted in all groups except lumber and wood products, metals and machinery, "other durable goods," printing, publishing and allied industries, and "other nondurable goods." Nonmanufacturing revealed a decline of 300 workers caused by losses in contract construction, trade, and service and miscellaneous categories.

Contract construction, with 4,000 employed, was 200 less than in July and 300 below August 1979. The monthly loss was centered in general building construction, which overbalanced the gain in special trade construction. Heavy construction remained constant from last month. The loss over the year was due to less business in special trades construction and heavy construction, while general building construction indicated a gain in employment.

Transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services employment rose by 100 workers from July and remained the same as one year ago.

Trade employment gained 100 from July and was 1,000 less than August 1979. The annual decline was due to cuts in employment throughout the area caused by the state of the economy. Finance, insurance and real estate employment remained constant over the month and increased 100 from last year. Services and miscellaneous employment dropped seasonally by 100 workers from July and revealed a loss of 300 from one year ago. Federal government increased 200 during both periods of reference, while state and local government declined 100 from one month ago and increased 400 from one year ago.

Note: Narrative written by Columbus Area Analyst, Richard Mann, (404) 571-7423.

ANNUAL DECLINE FOR MACON TOTALS 900

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment, except domestics, totaled 95,200 in August. The current preliminary estimate is down 200 from last month and down 900 from August 1979. During the month, manufacturing declined 100 with a loss in durable goods being offset by a gain in nondurable goods. Nonmanufacturing fell 200, with losses in transportation, communication, electric, gas and sanitary services and government. Construction and trade advanced with finance, insurance and real estate remaining unchanged.

Annually, manufacturing decreased 1,000 with durable goods dropping 400 and nondurable goods declining 600. Nonmanufacturing was unchanged, with gains in services and government being offset by losses in construction, transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, trade, and finance, insurance and real estate.

Manufacturing, at 15,500, was down 100 from July and down 1,000 from August 1979. During the month, durable goods declined 100, with losses in stone, clay and glass and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods increased 100, with gains in textiles, paper, and "other nondurable goods" being partially offset by a decline in apparel. Most of the decrease in apparel was due to a labor dispute during the reporting week. Annually, durable goods dropped 400 with losses in lumber and wood, stone, clay and glass, and "other durable goods." Nondurable goods fell 600 due to declines in textiles and apparel. Food, paper, chemicals, and "other nondurable goods" were unchanged.

Construction, at 4,300, rose 100 from last month and was down 200 from a year ago. Most of the monthly increase was in special trades construction. Annually, general construction was unchanged, with heavy construction and special trades construction recording losses. Transportation, communications, electric, gas and sanitary services, at 4,800, was down 100 from July and down 100 from a year ago. Most of the decline in all reporting periods was in transportation. Trade, at 19,700, was up 100 from last month and was down 200 from August 1979. Retail trade accounted for most of the changes in all reporting periods. Finance, insurance and real estate, at 5,600, was unchanged from July and down 300 from August 1979. Most of the annual decline was in real estate. Services, at 16,300, was down 100 from last month and up 300 from a year ago. Most of the monthly decline was in covered services. Annually, advances were recorded in private education and covered services. Government, at 28,900, was down 300 from July and up 400 from August 1979. All of the monthly increase was in the state and local segment. Annually, a gain in the federal segment was partially offset by a small loss in the state and local segment.

Note: Narrative written by Macon Area Analyst, Tom G. Matthews, (912) 744-6170.

SAVANNAH EMPLOYMENT LAGS

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in the Savannah SMSA increased very slightly over the month, recording a gain of 100. However, a comparison with year-ago figures indicates that the Savannah SMSA continues to lag behind the previous year's level by approximately 2,300 jobs. Although a comparison with national and state figures cannot be made at this time using August 1980 figures, a comparison can be made using June 1980 figures.

In June of 1980, the Savannah SMSA lagged behind the June 1979 level of employment by approximately 3,000 jobs. This indicates a drop of 3.5 percent from the June 1979 level. Or, to put this relationship in present terms, the Savannah SMSA employment level in June 1980 was approximately 96.5 percent of what it was in June 1979. This is in comparison to the national situation where the employment level in June 1980 was approximately 100.2 percent of the June 1979 level, and the state situation where the June 1980 level is approximately 100.2 percent of the June 1979 level. Both the state and national levels of employment have increased, whereas the employment levels in the Savannah SMSA have declined.

The largest single factor contributing to the decline in the Savannah SMSA has been the peculiar experience in the contract construction area. The Savannah SMSA experienced an 18.9 percent decline in contract construction, whereas the national decline was 2.1 percent and the state decline was 1.5 percent for the reference period June 1979 to June 1980. Had the Savannah SMSA had the same experience as the nation or the state, its loss would have been reduced by almost 900 jobs. Another contributing factor was the situation the Savannah SMSA experienced in the wholesale and retail sector. Both the nation and the state experienced positive growth in this sector — 1.0 percent and 1.3 percent, respectively; whereas the Savannah SMSA experienced a decline of 3.0 percent. Again, had the Savannah SMSA had the same experience with this sector as the nation and state, its loss would have been reduced by 800 jobs. Similar situations exist in the transportation and public utilities sector, the finance, insurance and real estate sector, and the government sector. Just why the Savannah SMSA is experiencing these variations is not clear at this time.

Note: Narrative written by Savannah Area Analyst, James W. Taggart (912) 944-2131.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
ALBANY

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	46.0	46.3	44.1	.3-	1.9
MANUFACTURING	300005	10.5	10.6	10.5	.1-	.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	1.8	1.9	2.1	.1-	.3-
PRIMARY & FAB METALS, MACH	333055	.8	.9	.9	.1-	.1-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	8.6	8.7	8.5	.1-	.1
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.3	2.3	1.7	.0	.6
TEXTILES & APPAREL	422015	1.7	1.7	1.7	.0	.0
CHEMICALS	428005	.4	.4	.4	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	4.2	4.3	4.6	.1-	.4-
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	35.6	35.7	33.6	.1-	2.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.1	3.9	4.1	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION, COMM & UTILITIES	500005	2.2	2.2	2.1	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	10.1	10.2	9.5	.1-	.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	3.6	3.6	3.0	.0	.6
RETAIL TRADE	652005	6.5	6.6	6.4	.1-	.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	2.4	2.3	2.0	.1	.4
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	6.8	6.7	6.3	.1	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	10.0	10.3	9.6	.3-	.4
FEDERAL	998011	3.0	3.0	2.8	.0	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	7.0	7.3	6.8	.3-	.2

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Albany area, which includes Dougherty and Lee Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
AUGUSTA

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YAGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YAGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	121.0	121.3	120.5	.5-	.5
MANUFACTURING	300005	35.7	35.8	36.4	.1-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	8.5	8.7	9.5	.2-	1.0-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	3.3	3.4	3.7	.1-	.4-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	2.1	2.1	2.4	.0	.3-
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.5	2.7	.0	.2-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	27.3	27.1	26.9	.2	.4
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	2.6	2.6	2.6	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS	422005	10.5	10.3	10.3	.2	.2
APPAREL AND OTHER TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.7	2.7	2.7	.0	.0
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	.6	.6	.7	.0	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	10.9	10.9	10.5	.0	.4
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	85.2	85.5	84.1	.3-	1.1
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	6.2	6.1	6.6	.1	.4-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.5	4.5	4.4	.0	.1
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	22.5	22.7	22.4	.2-	.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.4	4.3	.1-	.0
RETAIL TRADE	652005	18.1	18.3	18.2	.2-	.1-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.7	4.7	4.7	.0	.0
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.3	16.4	15.8	.1-	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	31.0	31.1	30.3	.1-	.7
FEDERAL	998011	7.5	7.5	6.6	.0	.9
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	23.5	23.6	23.6	.1-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Augusta area, which includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
COLUMBUS

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	82.2	82.5	83.7	.3-	1.5-
MANUFACTURING	300005	21.1	21.4	21.8	.3-	.7-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	6.1	6.1	.1-	.1-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.7	.7	.7	.0	.0
STONE, CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	.4	.4	.6	.0	.2-
PRIMARY METALS, FABRICATED METALS, AND MACHINERY	333055	4.7	4.8	4.5	.1-	.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	.3	.2	.3	.1	.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	15.1	15.3	15.8	.2-	.7-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.6	3.5	3.7	.1	.1-
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	8.6	8.8	9.2	.2-	.6-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	.7	.7	.9	.0	.2-
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING	427005	1.2	1.1	.9	.1	.3
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.1	1.1	1.1	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	61.1	61.1	61.9	.0	.8-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.0	4.2	4.3	.2-	.3-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	3.6	3.5	3.6	.1	.0
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	16.5	16.4	17.5	.1	1.0-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	2.5	2.5	2.6	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	14.1	13.9	14.9	.2	.8-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.3	5.3	5.2	.0	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	11.4	11.5	11.7	.1-	.3-
GOVERNMENT	998008	20.2	20.2	19.6	.0	.6
FEDERAL	998011	6.0	5.8	5.8	.2	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	14.3	14.4	13.9	.1-	.4

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Columbus area, which includes Chattahoochee and Muscogee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
MACON

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	95.2	95.4	96.1	.2-	.9-
MANUFACTURING	300005	15.5	15.6	16.5	.1-	1.0-
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.7	4.8	5.1	.1-	.4-
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.6	.6	.8	.0	.2-
STONE,CLAY AND GLASS PRODUCTS	332005	1.3	1.4	1.5	.1-	.2-
MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL	335005	.2	.2	.2	.0	.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.5	2.6	2.6	.1-	.1-
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.8	10.7	11.4	.1	.6-
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	3.1	3.1	3.1	.0	.0
TEXTILE MILLS PRODUCTS	422005	1.5	1.3	1.8	.2	.3-
APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED TEXTILE PRODUCTS	423005	2.1	2.3	2.3	.2-	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	2.1	2.0	2.1	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	.3	.3	.3	.0	.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	1.8	1.7	1.8	.1	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	79.7	79.9	79.7	.2-	.0
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.3	4.2	4.5	.1	.2-
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	4.8	4.9	4.9	.1-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.7	19.6	19.9	.1	.2-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	5.6	5.6	5.9	.0	.3-
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	16.3	16.4	16.0	.1-	.3
GOVERNMENT	998008	28.9	29.2	28.5	.3-	.4
FEDERAL	998011	16.1	16.1	15.6	.0	.5
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.8	13.1	12.9	.3-	.1-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Macon area, which includes Bibb, Houston, Jones and Twiggs Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON ALL EMPLOYMENT

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	NET CHANGE IN JOBS CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT	000000	83.5	83.4	85.8	.1	2.3-
MANUFACTURING	300005	16.4	16.1	16.2	.3	.2
DURABLE GOODS	300025	6.0	5.7	5.9	.3	.1
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS EXCEPT FURNITURE	324005	1.1	1.1	1.3	.0	.2-
MILLWORK, PLYWOOD, & PREFAB STRUCTURAL PRODUCTS	324305	.5	.5	.7	.0	.2-
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.9	2.6	2.8	.3	.1
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	399915	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	10.4	10.4	10.4	.0	.0
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	420005	1.8	1.9	1.9	.1-	.1-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	4.9	4.8	4.9	.1	.0
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	2.0	2.0	1.8	.0	.2
PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS	429005	.7	.8	.8	.1-	.1-
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	499915	.9	.9	.9	.0	.0
NONMANUFACTURING	000060	67.1	67.3	69.5	.2-	2.4-
CONTRACT CONSTRUCTION	200005	4.4	4.2	4.4	.2	.0
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTIL EXC U S POSTAL SVC	500005	8.7	9.1	8.8	.4-	.1-
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	600005	19.4	19.7	19.9	.3-	.5-
WHOLESALE TRADE	650005	4.3	4.3	4.4	.0	.1-
RETAIL TRADE	652005	15.2	15.4	15.5	.2-	.3-
FINANCE, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE	700005	4.2	4.1	4.1	.1	.1
SERVICES AND MINING	800055	15.6	15.2	15.1	.4	.5
GOVERNMENT	998008	14.8	15.0	17.2	.2-	2.4-
FEDERAL	998011	2.7	2.7	2.5	.0	.2
STATE AND LOCAL	998509	12.0	12.3	14.6	.3-	2.6-

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST , 1980

MONTHLY REPORT ON PRODUCTION WORKERS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	CURR MO AUG 1980	PREV MO JUL 1980	CUR MO YRGO AUG 1979	NET CHANGE IN JOBS PREV MO	CURR MO YRGO
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	11.6	11.6	11.6	.0	.0
DURABLE GOODS	300025	4.6	4.4	4.3	.2	.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	7.0	7.2	7.2	.2-	.2-
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:						
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	.8	.8	1.0	.0	.2-
PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	3.5	3.6	3.7	.1-	.2-
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	1.4	1.4	1.3	.0	.1
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	2.0	1.8	1.9	.2	.1

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Employment and Training Administration, based upon monthly reports submitted by selected employers in the Savannah area, which includes Bryan, Chatham and Effingham Counties. The estimates include all full and part-time wage and salary workers who were employed during or received pay for any part of the pay period including the twelfth of the month. Proprietors, domestic servants, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and personnel of the Armed Forces are excluded. Estimates based on 1979 benchmark.

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
LABOR STATISTIC SYSTEM

AUGUST

MONTHLY REPORT ON HOURS AND EARNINGS

GEORGIA
SAVANNAH

PUBLISHED INDUSTRY TITLE	SERIES CODE	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNING CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79	AVERAGE HOURLY EARNING CUR MO AUG 80	PRV MO JUL 80	CM YA AUG 79
TOTAL MANUFACTURING	300005	$334.61	$315.00	$288.97	43.4	42.0	41.4	$7.71	$7.50	$6.98
DURABLE GOODS	300025	$310.46	$290.17	$222.67	43.0	41.1	35.4	$7.22	$7.06	$6.29
NONDURABLE GOODS	400015	$350.47	$329.80	$328.22	43.7	42.5	44.9	$8.02	$7.76	$7.31
SELECTED INDUSTRIES:										
LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS	324005	$202.91	$192.27	$186.24	40.5	38.3	38.8	$5.01	$5.02	$4.80
PAPER & ALLIED PRODUCTS	426005	$423.94	$393.71	$393.21	45.1	43.6	46.7	$9.40	$9.03	$8.42
CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS	428005	$303.41	$300.09	$254.34	44.1	45.4	40.5	$6.88	$6.61	$6.28
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT	337005	$355.15	$354.04	$296.42	43.9	44.2	41.4	$8.09	$8.01	$7.16

Note: These preliminary estimates were prepared in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data exclude supervisory, sales, clerical and other office personnel. Average earnings are computed on a "gross" basis, reflecting changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates as well as any premium pay for overtime and late shift work.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Area and Employment	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Change From Revised July 1980	Change From August 1979
GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	2,422,683	2,432,723	2,356,346	-10,040	66,337
Employed	2,251,951	2,244,536	2,232,819	7,415	19,132
Unemployed	170,732	188,187	123,527	-17,455	47,205
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.2	XXX	XXX
ALBANY SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	52,655	53,007	49,048	-352	3,607
Employed	48,217	48,657	46,090	-440	2,127
Unemployed	4,438	4,350	2,958	88	1,480
Rate	8.4	8.2	6.0	XXX	XXX
ATLANTA SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	956,732	959,677	938,332	-2,945	18,400
Employed	895,395	901,048	890,302	-5,653	5,093
Unemployed	61,337	58,629	48,030	2,708	13,307
Rate	6.4	6.1	5.1	XXX	XXX
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,413	124,337	121,547	-924	1,866
Employed	114,751	114,820	114,527	-69	224
Unemployed	8,662	9,517	7,020	-855	1,642
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
COLUMBUS, GA.-ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,901	87,188	86,337	-1,287	-436
Employed	79,139	79,830	80,726	-691	-1,587
Unemployed	6,762	7,358	5,611	-596	1,151
Rate	7.9	8.4	6.5	XXX	XXX
MACON SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	98,329	99,195	98,135	-866	194
Employed	92,117	92,464	92,623	-347	-506
Unemployed	6,212	6,731	5,512	-519	700
Rate	6.3	6.8	5.6	XXX	XXX
SAVANNAH SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	87,359	88,016	87,909	-657	-550
Employed	81,198	81,517	83,047	-319	-1,849
Unemployed	6,161	6,499	4,862	-338	1,299
Rate	7.1	7.4	5.5	XXX	XXX

In accordance with U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics instructions, totals are on a place-of-residence basis rather than a place-of-work basis. To the nonagricultural wage and salary employment are added estimates of the "all other" groups which include self-employed, unpaid family and private household workers and agricultural workers. **Persons in labor disputes are now counted as employed rather than being placed in a separate category.** The use of unrounded data does not imply that the numbers are exact. These data are estimates, not absolutes. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

Published in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Georgia Department of Labor, Labor Information Systems.

AUGUSTA SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Revised July 1980	August 1979
AUGUSTA, GA.-S.C. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	123,413	124,337	121,547	-924	1,866
Employed	114,751	114,820	114,527	-69	224
Unemployed	8,662	9,517	7,020	-855	1,642
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	82,001	83,443	80,710	-1,442	1,291
Employed	76,493	77,141	76,002	-648	491
Unemployed	5,508	6,302	4,708	-794	800
Rate	6.7	7.6	5.8	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN SOUTH CAROLINA					
Civilian Labor Force	41,412	40,894	40,837	518	575
Employed	38,258	37,679	38,525	579	-267
Unemployed	3,154	3,215	2,312	-61	842
Rate	7.6	7.9	5.7	XXX	XXX

COLUMBUS SMSA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Place of Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

				Change From	
Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Revised July 1980	August 1979
COLUMBUS, GA.—ALA. SMSA					
Civilian Labor Force	85,901	87,188	86,337	-1,287	-436
Employed	79,139	79,830	80,726	-691	-1,587
Unemployed	6,762	7,358	5,611	-596	1,151
Rate	7.9	8.4	6.5	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN GEORGIA					
Civilian Labor Force	68,463	68,931	68,665	-468	-202
Employed	63,305	63,914	64,371	-609	-1,066
Unemployed	5,158	5,017	4,294	141	864
Rate	7.5	7.3	6.3	XXX	XXX
RESIDING IN ALABAMA					
Civilian Labor Force	17,438	18,257	17,672	-819	-234
Employed	15,834	15,916	16,355	-82	-521
Unemployed	1,604	2,341	1,317	-737	287
Rate	9.2	12.8	7.5	XXX	XXX

The Augusta Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Richmond and Columbia Counties, Georgia, and Aiken County, South Carolina. The Columbus Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Muscogee and Chattahoochee Counties, Georgia, and Russell County, Alabama. Data have not been seasonally adjusted.

GEORGIA CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE
By Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Residence
Persons 16 Years Old and Over

Residence and Employment Status	Preliminary August 1980	Revised July 1980	August 1979	Change From Revised July 1980	Change From August 1979
GEORGIA TOTAL					
Civilian Labor Force	2,422,683	2,432,723	2,356,346	-10,040	66,337
Employed	2,251,951	2,244,536	2,232,819	7,415	19,132
Unemployed	170,732	188,187	123,527	-17,455	47,205
Rate	7.0	7.7	5.2	XXX	XXX
METROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,393,309	1,401,321	1,370,004	-8,012	23,305
Employed	1,300,028	1,308,256	1,296,762	-8,228	3,266
Unemployed	93,281	93,065	73,242	216	20,039
Rate	6.7	6.6	5.3	XXX	XXX
NONMETROPOLITAN RESIDENCE					
Civilian Labor Force	1,029,374	1,031,402	986,342	-2,028	43,032
Employed	951,923	936,280	936,057	15,643	15,866
Unemployed	77,451	95,122	50,285	-17,671	27,166
Rate	7.5	9.2	5.1	XXX	XXX

The sum of the Georgia part of Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA's) includes the Catoosa, Dade and Walker County part of the Chattanooga SMSA but excludes the Aiken County, South Carolina, part of the Augusta SMSA and the Russell County, Alabama, part of the Columbus SMSA

According to BLS definition,employed persons consist of individuals 16 years of age or older who: (1) did any work for pay or profit during the survey week. (2) did at least 15 hours of unpaid work in a family operated business. (3)were temporarily absent from their regular jobs because of illness, vacation, bad weather, industrial dispute or various personal reasons.

According to BLS definition, unemployed persons consist of individuals 16 years old or older who: (1) did not have a job during the survey week but were available to work and actively seeking work; (2) were not working and who were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off. (3) were not working and who were waiting to report to a new job within 30 days.

By definition, those persons previously employed in industries covered under state unemployment insurance laws consist of: (1) current unemployment insurance claimants; (2) persons disqualified from receiving benefits for nonmonetary reasons because they quit or were discharged for cause, but otherwise would have been eligible; (3) claimants whose benefits have been exhausted. (4) persons who either filed claims late or did not file.

Those major industrial/occupational groups not required under law to be covered by unemployment insurance consist of some nonprofit organizations, some farm workers, some government workers, some domestics, nonagricultural self-employed and unpaid family workers.

Cost	*$287.02*
Quantity	*2,600*